



The MiCS-VZ-89TE is an integrated sensor board for Indoor Air Quality monitoring.

The MiCS-VZ-89TE combines state-of-the-art MOS sensor technology with intelligent detection algorithms to monitor tVOCs and CO₂ equivalent variations in confined spaces, e.g. meeting rooms or vehicle cabins. The dual signal output can be used to control ventilation on-demand, saving energy and reducing cost-of-ownership.

Features

- Calibration-free
- Low power
- Wide VOCs detection range
- High sensitivity
- High resistance to shocks and vibrations

Detectable gases

- Volatile Organic Compounds VOCs
- Equivalent Carbon Dioxide CO₂(equiv)

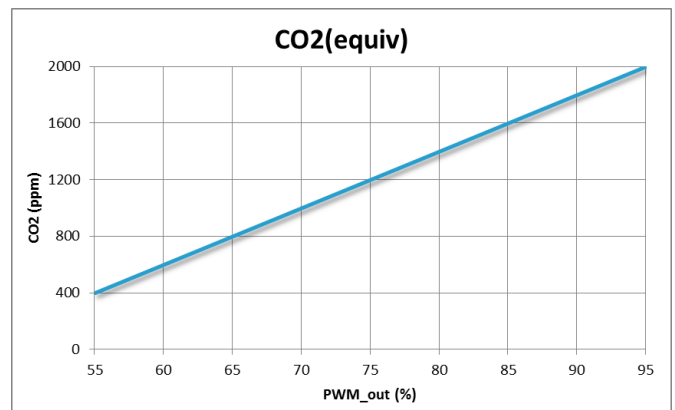


For more information please contact:

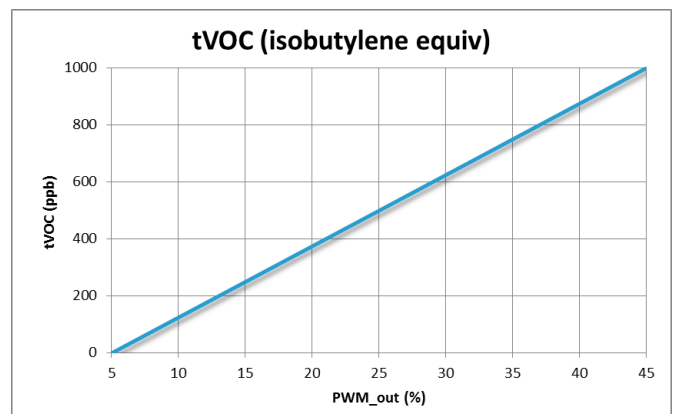
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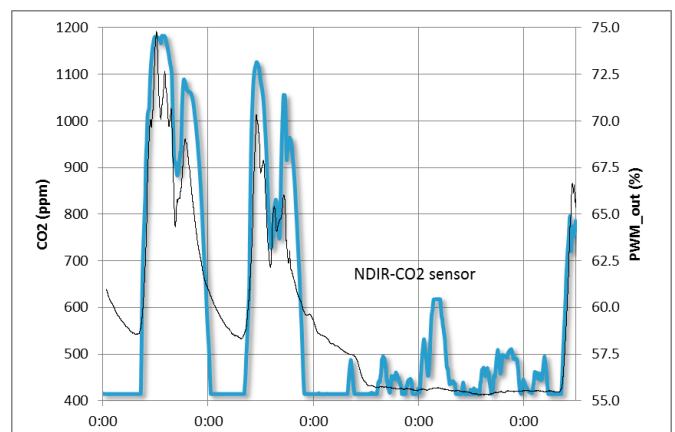
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Conversion from PWM output signal of MICS-VZ-89TE to equivalent Carbon Dioxide concentration in ppm



Conversion from PWM output signal of MICS-VZ-89TE to equivalent tVOC concentration in ppb



Comparison between MICS-VZ-89TE output signal and NDIR CO₂ sensor signal over a duration of 4 consecutive days (Thu – Sun)

Performance

Detection Method	Semiconductor gas sensor, detecting a wide range of VOCs
Monitoring Range	400-2000 ppm equivalent CO2 0-1000 ppb isobutylene equivalent tVOCs
PWM Output	Pin 1 : TTL output 30Hz +/-1%, Range 5...95%, duty cycle 3.3V Use a pull-up resistance between Pin 1 and Pin 6 Pull-up value: typ. 10kOhms for 3.3V operation
I2C Output	Pin 2 and 4 : Pull-up of 4.7 kOhms on master SDA and SCL
Response Time	Equivalent to conventional NDIR-CO2 sensors < 5 seconds for tVOC
Refresh Output Frequency	1 Hz

Operation

Supply Voltage	3.3V DC regulated +/- 5%
Operating Power	125 mW
Warm-up Time	15 min
Operating Temperature	0°C to 50°C
Operating Humidity	0%RH to 95%RH (non condensing)
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 80°C
Storage Humidity	0%RH to 95%RH (non condensing)

IMPORTANT PRECAUTIONS

Read the following instructions carefully before using the indoor air quality sensor described in this document to avoid erroneous readings and to prevent the device from permanent damage.

- The sensor must not be exposed to **high concentrations** of organic solvents, ammonia, silicone vapour or cigarette-smoke in order to avoid poisoning the sensitive layer.
- The sensor should be protected against water and dust projections.
- SGX strongly recommends using ESD protection equipment to handle the sensor.
- For any additional questions, contact SGX Sensortech