

Instruction Manual HITACHI Inverter L300P Series - ... HFE

Three phase input 200/400V class NB601EX

SAFETY

For the Best Results with **L300P** Series inverter, read this manual and all of the warning sign attached to the inverter carefully before installing and operating it, and follow the instructions exactly. Keep this manual handy for your quick reference.

Definitions and Symbols

A safety instruction (message) is given with a hazard alert symbol and a signal word;

WARNING or **CAUTION**. Each signal word has the following meaning throughout this manual.



This symbol means hazardous high voltage. It used to call your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to you or other persons operating this equipment.

Read these message and follow these instructions carefully.



This is the "Safety Alert Symbol" This symbol is used to call your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to you or other persons operating this equipment.

Read these messages and follow these instructions carefully.



WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION

CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in minor to moderate injury, or serious damage of product.

The matters described under <u>ACAUTION</u> may, if not avoided, lead to serious results depending on the situation. Important matters are described in **CAUTION** (as well as **WARNING**), so be sure to observe them.

NOTE

NOTE

Notes indicate an area or subject of special merit, emphasizing either the product's capabilities or common errors in operation or maintenance.

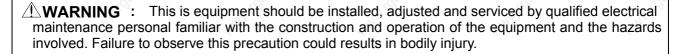


HAZARDOUS HIGH VOLTAGE

Motor control equipment and electronic controllers are connected to hazardous line voltages. When servicing drives and electronic controllers, there might be exposed components with cases or protrusions at or above line potential. Extreme care should be taken to product against shock.

Stand on an insulating pad and make it a habit to use only one hand when checking components. Always work with another person in case an emergency occurs. Disconnect power before checking controllers or performing maintenance. Be sure equipment is properly grounded. Wear safety glasses whenever working on an electronic controllers or rotating electrical equipment.

PRECAUTION



⚠WARNING: The user is responsible for ensuring that all driven machinery, drive train mechanism not supplied by Hitachi, Ltd., and process line material are capable of safe operation at an applied frequency of 150% of the maximum selected frequency range to the AC motor. Failure to do so can result in destruction of equipment and injury to personnel should a single point failure occur.

⚠ WARNING: For protection, install an earth leakage breaker with a high frequency circuit capable of large currents to avoid an unnecessary operation. The ground faults protection circuit is not designed to protect personal injury.

WARNING: HAZARD OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK. DISCONNECT INCOMING POWER BEFORE WORKING ON THIS CONTROL.

⚠ WARNING: SEPARATE MOTOR OVERCURRENT, OVERLOAD AND OVERHEATING PROTECTION IS REQUIRED TO BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SAFETY CODES REQUIRED BY JURISDICTIONAL AUTHORITIES.

⚠ **CAUTION**: These instructions should be read and clearly understood before working on L300P series equipment.

CAUTION: Proper grounds, disconnecting devices and other safety devices and their location are the responsibility of the user and are not provided by Hitachi, Ltd.

⚠ CAUTION: Be sure to connect a motor thermal switch or overload devices to the L300P series controller to assure that inverter will shut down in the event of an overload or an overheated motor.

CAUTION: DANGEROUS VOLTAGE EXISTS UNTIL CHARGE LAMP IS OFF.

⚠ **CAUTION**: Rotating shafts and above ground electrical potentials can be hazardous. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that all electrical work conform to the National Electrical Codes and local regulations. Installation, alignment and maintenance should be performed only by qualified personnel. Factory recommended test procedures, included in the instruction manual, should be followed. Always disconnect electrical power before working on the unit.

NOTE: POLLUTION DEGREE 2

The inverter must be used environment of the degree 2.

Typical constructions that reduce the possibility of conductive pollution are;

- 1) The use of an un-ventilated enclosure
- 2) The use of a filtered ventilated enclosure when the ventilation is fan forced that is, ventilation is accomplished by one or more blowers within the enclosure that provide a positive intake and exhaust.

Cautions for EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility)

You are required to safety the EMC directive (89/336/EEC) when using the L300P inverter in a European country. To safety the EMC directive and to comply with standard, follows the checklist below.

WARNING: This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified personal familiar with construction and operation of the equipment and the hazards involved. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.

- 1. The power supply to L300P inverter must meet these specifications:
 - a. Voltage fluctuation +/-10% or less.
 - b. Voltage imbalance +/-3% or less.
 - c. Frequency variation +/-4% or less.
 - d. Voltage distortion THD = 10% or less.

2.Installation measure:

a. Use a filter designed for L300P inverter.

3.Wiring

- a. Shielded wire (screened cable) is required for motor wiring, and the length must be less than 20 meters.
- b. The carrier frequency setting must be less than 3 kHz to satisfy EMC requirements.
- c. Separate the main circuit from the signal/process circuit wiring.
- d. In case of remote operating with connector cable, the inverter does not conform to EMC.
- 4. Environmental conditions when using a filter, follow these guidelines:
 - a. Ambient air temperature: -10 +40 °C.
 - b. Humidity: 20 to 90% RH (non-condensing)
 - c. Vibration: 5.9 m/sec² (0.6 G) 10 55Hz. (L300P-110-300LF/110-300HF)

2.94 m/sec² (0.3 G) 10 – 55Hz. (L300P-370-750LF/370-1320HF)

d. Location: 1000meters or less altitude, indoors (no corrosive gas or dust)

Conformity to the Low Voltage Directive (LVD)

The protective enclosure must conform to the Low Voltage Directive.

The inverter can conform to the LVD by mounting into a cabinet or by adding covers as follows.

1.Cabinet and Cover

The inverter must be installed into a cabinet which has the protection degree of Type IP2X. In addition the top surfaces of cabinet that are easily accessible shall meet at least the requirements of the Protective Type IP4X, or which is constructed to prevent small objects from entering inverter.

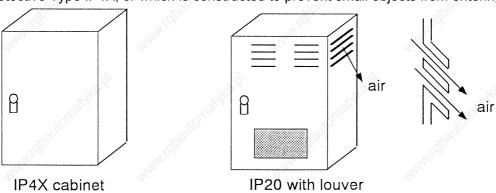


Fig. Inverter cabinet

UL Warnings and Cautions Manual for L300P series

This auxiliary instruction manual should be delivered to the end user.

1. Wiring Warnings for Electrical Practices and Wire Specifications

(1) **WARNING**: "Use 60/75 °C CU wire only" or equivalent.

(2) **WARNING**: "Open Type Equipment."

For models with L300P 900-1320H.

(3) VARNING: "Suitable for use on a circuit capable or delivering not more than 10,000 rms

symmetrical amperes, 240 V maximum." For models with suffix L.

(4) **WARNING**: "Suitable for use on a circuit capable or delivering not more than 10,000 rms

symmetrical amperes, 480 V maximum." For models with suffix H.

2. Tightening Torque and Wire Range

(1) **WARNING**: Tightening torque and wire range for field wiring terminals are marked adjacent to the terminal or on the wiring diagram.

Model Name	Tightening Torque [N•m]	Wire Range (AWG)
L300P-110L	4.9	4
L300P-150L	4.9	2
L300P-185L	4.9	1.619 S. 184 E.
L300P-220L	8.8	1/0
L300P-300L	8.8	2/0
L300P-370L	8.8	3/0 or 2 parallel of 1 AWG
L300P-450L	13.7	250kcmil or 2 parallel of 1 AWG (75°C)
L300P-550L	13.7	350kcmil or 2 parallel of 1/0 AWG
L300P-750L	13.7	350kcmil or 2 parallel of 1/0 AWG
L300P-110H	4.9	8 %
L300P-150H	4.9	6
L300P-185H	4.9	6
L300P-220H	4.9	4 600
L300P-300H	4.9	3 6 7
L300P-370H	4.9	¹⁵ 1 50 ¹⁵

L300P-450H	8.8		1, 354		
L300P-550H	8.8		1/0		
L300P-750H	8.8		250kcmil or 2 p	parallel of 1 AWG (7	75ºC)
L300P-900H	13.7		250kcmil or 2 p	parallel of 1 AWG (75°C)
L300P-1100H	13.7		350kcmil or 2 p	arallel of 1/0 AWG	
L300P-1320H	13.7		350kcmil or 2 p	arallel of 1/0 AWG	

3. Circuit Breaker / Fuse Size

(1) **! WARNING** :

Distribution fuse/circuit breaker size marking is included in the manual to indicate that the unit shall be connected with an UL Listed inverse time circuit breaker, rated 600 V with the current ratings or an UL Listed fuse as shown in the table below.

Model Name	Tightening Torque [N•m]	Wire Range (AWG)
L300P-110L	60	60
L300P-150L	70	70
L300P-185L	90	90
L300P-220L	100	100
L300P-300L	150	150
L300P-370L	175	175
L300P-450L	200	200
L300P-550L	250	250
L300P-750L	300	300
L300P-110H	30	30
L300P-150H	35	35
L300P-185H	50	50
L300P-220H	50	50
L300P-300H	70	70
L300P-370H	80	80
L300P-450H	100	100
L300P-550H	125	125
L300P-750H	150	150
L300P-900H	-1200 1200	200
L300P-1100H	Hy. Hay.	225
L300P-1320H	-	300

4.Others

(1) **! WARNING** :

"Field wiring connection must be made by an UL Listed and CSA Certified closed-loop terminal connector sized for the wire gauge involved. Connector must be fixed using the crimp tool specified by the connector manufacturer.", or equivalent wording included in the manual.

Revision History Table

No.	Rev	ision Contents	ranig,	The Date of Issue	Operation Manual No.
1	Initial Release of Manual NI	3601AX	11/40 til	Sep. 1999	NB601AX
2	The data 02 of the comman The carrier frequency of the		nore was added.	Oct. 1999	NB601BX
3	The specification of the cap	acity 75kW and more	was added.	Jun. 2000	NB601CX
4	A skipped number.	"OLIGHE'S.	"OUGHAGO	, office	NB601DX
5	The specification of the capa	city 90-132kW and mo	ore was added	Feb. 2001	NB601EX
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1.Installation

\triangle CAUTION

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	Be sure to install the unit on flame resistant material such as metal. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	95	p.2-2
	Be sure not to place anything inflammable in the vicinity. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.		p.2-2
	 Do not carry unit by top cover, always carry by supporting base of unit. There is a risk of falling and injury. 	·····rolighe	p.2-2
	 Be sure not to let the foreign matter enter such as cut wire refuse, spatter from welding, iron refuse, wire, dust, etc. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire. 	'Illianic	p.2-5
	Be sure to install it in a place which can bear the weight according to the specifications in the text. (Chapter 6. Specifications) Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury.	gh	p.2-1
	 Be sure to install the unit on a perpendicular wall which is not subject to vibration. Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury. 	 B ₀₀	p.2-3
	Be sure not to install and operate an inverter which is damaged or parts of which are missing. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.	"TOWNSHIP	p.2-2
	 Be sure to install it in a room which is not exposed to direct sunlight and is well ventilated. Avoid environments which tend to be high in temperature, high in humidity or to have dew condensation, as well as places with dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, inflammable gas, grinding-fluid mist, salt damage, etc. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire. 	 .g _{gz}	p.2-2
	Sold and the second		

2.Wiring

WARNING

 Be sure to ground the unit. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire. 	(2) <u></u>	p.2-9
Wiring work shall be carried out by electrical experts. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.		p.2-6
 Implement wiring after checking that the power supply is off. It might incur electric shock and/or fire. 	⁸⁰ / _{F0}	p.2-8
 After installing the main body, carry out wiring. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury. 	¹⁶ 31100.	p.2-5
• Do not remove the rubber bush. (11 to 75kW) Due to the possibility that a wire may be damaged, shorted or may have a ground fault with the edge of the wiring cover.		p.2-4

⚠ CAUTION

 Make sure that the input voltage is: Three phase 200 to 240V 50/60Hz (for models with suffix L) Three phase 380 to 480V 50/60Hz (for models with suffix H) 		p.2-6
Be sure not to input a single phase. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	'Illogica	p.2-8
 Be sure not to connect AC power supply to the output terminals(U, V, W). Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or fire. 	·····	p.2-5
 Be sure not to connect the resistor to DC terminals (PD,P and N) directly. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire. 	42	p.2-5
Be sure to set the earth leakage breaker or the fuse(s) (the same phase as the main power supply) in the operation circuit. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.	; ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	p.2-12
 As for motor leads, earth leakage breakers and electromagnetic contactors be sure to use the equivalent ones with the specified capacity (rated). Otherwise, there is a danger of fire. 	, 	p.2-12
 Do not stop operation by switching off the electromagnetic contactors on the primary or secondary sides of the inverter. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage.)	p.2-6
 Fasten the screws with the specified fastening torque. Check so that there is no loosening of screws. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire. 		p.2-12

3.Control and operation

\triangle WARNING

 While the inverter is energized, be sure not to touch the main termin check the signal or put on/off wire and/or connector. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock. 	nal or to	p.3-1
 Be sure to turn on the input power supply after closing the front case. While being energized, be sure not to open the front case. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock. 	э.	p.3-1
Be sure not to operate the switches with wet hands. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.		p.3-1
 While the inverter is energized, be sure not to touch the inverter te even during stoppage. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock. 	erminals	p.3-1
 If the retry mode is selected, it may suddenly restart during the trip s sure not to approach the machine. (Be sure to design the machine personnel safety will be secured even if it restarts.) Otherwise, there is a danger of injury. 		p.3-1
 Be sure not to select retry mode for up and down equipment or trequipment, because there is output free-running mode in term of ret Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage. 		p.3-1
 Even if the power supply is cut for a short period of time, it may operation after the power supply is recovered if the operation comr given. If it may incur danger to personnel, be sure to make a circuit s will not restart after power recovery. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury. 	mand is	p.3-1
 The Stop Key is effective only when the function is set. Be sure to perfect the Key separately from the emergency stop. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury. 	prepare	p.3-1
 After the operation command is given, if the alarm reset is conducte restart suddenly. Be sure to set the alarm reset after checking the op- command is off. Otherwise, there is a danger of injury. 		p.3-1
 Be sure not to touch the inside of the energized inverter or to put a it. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire. 	bar into	p.3-1

A CAUTION

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er checking the tolera	ance of the motor an	•	re to	p.3-2
650				p.3-2
60Hz),be sure to ch n each manufacturer	neck the speeds of , and after getting the	f the motor and heir consent, ope	the	p.3-2
e, there is a danger on the direction of the mo the inverter tripped du the rpm and frequence	f machine breakage. stor correct? ring acceleration or c by meter correct?	deceleration?	www.tdbattomats	p.3-2
	e, there is a danger of speed operation of ser checking the toleral, there is a danger of all break system if new, there is a danger of is operated at a soHz), be sure to chan each manufactureral, there is a danger of the more direction of the more inverter tripped during the rpm and frequency.	e, there is a danger of getting burned. speed operation of the inverter can be der checking the tolerance of the motor and a, there is a danger of injury. all break system if needed. a, there is a danger of injury. is operated at a frequency higher the soHz), be sure to check the speeds of an each manufacturer, and after getting the each manufacturer, and after getting the system is a danger of machine breakage. Illowing before and during the test run. a, there is a danger of machine breakage. It is a danger of machine breakage.	speed operation of the inverter can be easily set. Be surer checking the tolerance of the motor and machine. e, there is a danger of injury. al break system if needed. e, there is a danger of injury. is operated at a frequency higher than standard set (50Hz), be sure to check the speeds of the motor and in each manufacturer, and after getting their consent, opens, there is a danger of machine breakage. Illowing before and during the test run. e, there is a danger of machine breakage. It is a danger of machine breakage.	speed operation of the inverter can be easily set. Be sure to er checking the tolerance of the motor and machine. a, there is a danger of injury. al break system if needed. b, there is a danger of injury. is operated at a frequency higher than standard setting 60Hz), be sure to check the speeds of the motor and the each manufacturer, and after getting their consent, operate b, there is a danger of machine breakage. c, there is a danger of machine breakage.

4. Maintenance, inspection and part replacement

WARNING

After a lapse of more than 10 minutes after turning off the input power supply, perform the maintenance and inspection.
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.

Make sure that only qualified persons will perform maintenance, inspection and part replacement. (Before starting the work, remove metallic objects from your person (wristwatch, bracelet, etc.)
(Be sure to use tools protected with insulation.)
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

5.Others

WARNING

Never modify the unit.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter 1 General Description	IS A		
1.1 Inspection upon Unpacking	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		7-1-1
1.1.1 Inspection of the unit	(),	70°.	1-1
1.1.2 Instruction manual			1-1
1.2 Question and Warranty of the L	Jnit		1-2
1.2.1 Request upon asking			1-2
1.2.2 Warranty for the unit			1-2
1.3 Appearance			1-3
1.3.1 Appearance and Names of Parts.			1-3
Chapter 2 Installation and Wir	ing		
2.1 Installation			2-1
2.1.1 Installation			2-2
2.1.2 Blind cover of wiring parts	<u> </u>	20	2-4
2.2 Wiring			
2.2.1 Terminal Connection Diagram			
2.2.2 Main circuit wiring			2-8
2.2.3 Terminal Connection Diagram			2-13
2.2.4 Digital operator wiring	Q _L	<u> </u>	2-15
Chapter 3 Operation			
3.1 Operation			. 3-3
3.2 Test Run			
Chapter 4 Explanation of Fund	ction		
4.1 About Digital Operator (OPE-S			. 4-1
4.2 Code list			4-5
4.3 Explanation of function			4-10
4.3.1 Monitor mode			
Output frequency monitor, Output	current monitor, Opera	ation direction monitor	
PID feedback monitor	W	······································	4-10
Intelligent input monitor, Intelligen	t output monitor	41,	4-11
Frequency conversion monitor, Ou			
Accumulated time monitor on Run, Po	ower ON time monitor, Tr	ip time monitor, Trip monitor	or4-13

4.3.2 Function mode

Setting of the output frequency, Operation direction, Se	election with limits of operation direction,	
Frequency command selection		4-14
Operation command selection, Selection on stop	, Selection of the stop key	4-15
Adjustable time		4-16
Base frequency		4-17
Maximum frequency, Carrier frequency	4	4-18
External analog input		4-19
Input frequency Start/End		4-20
Setting analog input filter, Output voltage gain		4-21
Control system (V/f Characteristic)	<u> </u>	4-22
Torque boost	A	4-24
Direct current braking (DB)		4-25
Frequency limiter		4-28
Frequency jump function, Acceleration stop funct	tion	4-29
PID function		4-30
Automatic energy-saving operation function		4-31
Two-stage acceleration and deceleration function	n (2CH)	4-32
Acceleration and deceleration pattern		4-33
Instantaneous power failure / under-voltage		4-34
Open phase protection function selection, Electro	onic thermal function	4-36
Overload restriction / Overload advance notice	" G	4-38
Start frequency, Reduced voltage start selection	24	4-40
BRD (dynamic braking) function, Cooling fan ope	erating selection	4-41
Intelligent input terminal setting, Input terminal a/	b (NO/NC) selection	4-42
Multi-speed operation function		4-43
Jogging operation (JG)		4-44
Second control function (SET), Software lock mo	de selection (SFT)	4-45
Free-run stop (FRS)		4-46
Commercial power source switching (CS)		4-47
Reset (RS)		4-48
Unattended start protection (USP), UP / DOWN s	selection (UP/DWN)	4-49
External trip (EXT), 3 Wire input function (STA, S	TP, F/R)	4-50
Intelligent output terminal setting	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4-51
Intelligent output terminal a/b (NO/NC) selection		4-52
Signal during run (RUN), Frequency arrival signa	ıl (FA1, FA2, FA3)	4-53
RUN time/power ON time over (RNT/ONT), Force	e operation ope function	4-55
EM terminal		1 56

Table of Contents

	10g),	70,972	10 ₂₀	1000
	AM terminal, AMI termina	al, External thermist	or (TH)	4-
	Initialization setting			4-
130	Display selection			4-
Cajeth.	Stabilized factor, Operation	on selection on opti	on error, Motor constai	nt4-
2.	Communication function			4-
4.4 Pro	otection function list			4-
	Protection function			
4.4.2	Trip monitor display			4-
4.4.3	Warning Monitor display.			4-
Chapte	r 5 Maintenance	, Inspection		
5.1 Pre	ecaution for Maintena	nce/Inspection		5-
5.1.1	Daily inspection			5-
	Cleaning			
	Regular inspection			
	ily inspection and reg			
	egger test	107		
	thstand Voltage test			
	e method to check In			
	pacitor Life Curve			
Section 1				
Chapte	r 6 Specification			
6.1 Sta	andard specification li	st	Thu.	6-
	nension			

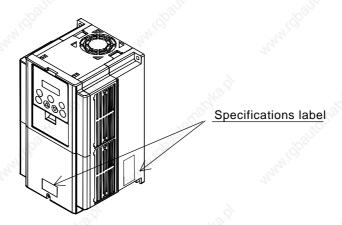
1.1 Inspection upon Unpacking

1.1.1 Inspection of the unit

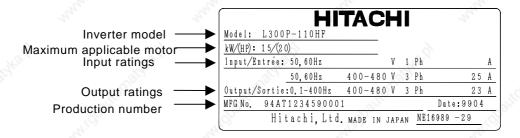
Open the package and pick out the inverter, please check the following item.

If you discover any unknown parts or the unit is in bad condition, please contact your supplier or the local Hitachi Distributor.

- (1) Make sure that there was no damage (injury, falling or dents in the body) during transportation of the unit.
- (2) After unpacking the unit, make sure that the package contains one operation manual for the Inverter.
- (3) Make sure that the product is the one you ordered by checking the specification label.



Picture 1-1 Position of specification label



Picture 1-2 Contents of specifications label

1.1.2 Instruction manual

This instruction manual is the manual for the HITACHI Inverter L300P Series.

Before operation of the Inverter, read the manual carefully. After Reading this manual, keep it to hand for future reference.

When using optional units for this inverter; please refer to the instruction manuals packed with the optional units

This instruction manual should be delivered to the end user.

1.2 Question and Warranty of the Unit

1.2.1 Request upon asking

If you have any questions regarding damage to the unit, unknown parts or for general inquiries please contact your supplier or the local Hitachi Distributor with the following information.

- (1) Inverter Model
- (2) Production Number (MFG No.)
- (3) Date of Purchase
- (4) Reason for Calling

Damaged part and its condition etc.

Unknown parts and their contents etc.

1.2.2 Warranty for the unit

The warranty period of the unit is one year after the purchase date.

However within the warranty period, the warranty will be void if the fault is due to;

- (1) Incorrect use as directed in this manual, or attempted repair by unauthorized personnel
- (2) Any damage sustained, other than from transportation (Which should be reported immediately)
- (3) Using the unit beyond the limits of the specification.
- (4) Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Lightning, etc

The warranty is for the inverter only, any damage caused to other equipment by malfunction of the inverter is not covered by the warranty.

Any examination or repair after the warranty period (one year) is not covered. And within the warranty period any repair and examination which results in information showing the fault was caused by any of the items mentioned above,. the repair and examination cost are not covered.

If you have any questions regarding the warranty please contact either your supplier or the local Hitachi Distributor.

Please refer to the back cover for a list of the local Hitachi Distributors.

1.3 Appearance

1.3.1 Appearance and Names of Parts

Power lamp Alarm lamp Digital operator Spacer cover Front cover Terminals cover Label Appearance from the front Front cover removed Connector Installation point of self-contained option Control circuit terminals Wiring blind cover

(Note)When you use cable for remote operation, please remove connector.

2.1 Installation

A CAUTION

- Be sure to install the unit on flame resistant material such as metal.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Be sure not to place anything inflammable in the vicinity.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Do not carry unit by top cover, always carry by supporting base of unit.
 There is a risk of falling and injury.
- Be sure not to let the foreign matter enter such as cut wire refuse, spatter from welding, iron refuse, wire, dust, etc.

Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

• Be sure to install it in a place which can bear the weight according to the specifications in the text. (Chapter 6. Specifications)

Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury.

- Be sure to install the unit on a perpendicular wall which is not subject to vibration. Otherwise, it may fall and there is a danger of injury.
- Be sure not to install and operate an inverter which is damaged or parts of which are missing.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.
- Be sure to install it in a room which is not exposed to direct sunlight and is well ventilated. Avoid environments which tend to be high in temperature, high in humidity or to have dew condensation, as well as places with dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, inflammable gas, grinding-fluid mist, salt damage, etc.

Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

2.1.1 Installation

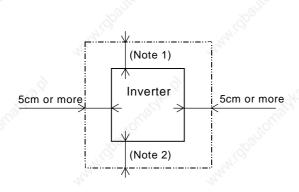
1. Transportation

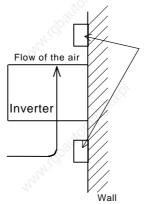
This inverter has plastic parts. So handle with care.

Do not over tighten the wall mounting fixings as the mountings may crack, causing is a risk of falling. Do not install or operate the inverter if there appears to be damage or parts missing.

2. Surface for Mounting of Inverter

The temperature of the Inverter heatsink can become very high (the highest being about 150°C). The surface, which you are mounting the Inverter onto, must be made of a non-flammable material (i.e. steel) due to the possible risk of fire. Attention should also be made to the air gap surrounding the Inverter. Especially when there is a heat source such as a breaking resistor or a reactor.





Keep the space enough not to be prevented the ventilation of cooling by up and down of wiring duct.

(Note 1) 10cm or more for 11 to 75kW 30cm or more for 90 to 132kW

(Note 2) 10cm or more for 11 to 75kW
30cm or more for 90 to 132kW
But for exchanging the DC bus
capacitor, take a distance.
10cm or more for 11 to 15kW
22cm or more for 18.5 to 75kW
30cm or more for 90 to 132kW

3. Operating Environment - Ambient Temperature

The ambient temperature surrounding the Inverter should not exceed the allowable temperature range (-10 to 40°C). When using at 50°C of ambient air temperature, the rated output current will be reduced. (P.4-18)

The temperature should be measured in the air gap surrounding the Inverter, shown in the diagram above. If the temperature exceeds the allowable temperature, the component life will become shortened especially in the case of the Capacitors.

4. Operating Environment - Humidity

The humidity surrounding the Inverter should be within the limit of the allowable percentage range (20% to 90%). Under no circumstances should the Inverter be in an environment where there is the possibility of moisture entering the Inverter.

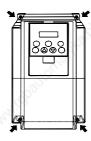
Also avoid having the Inverter mounted in a place that is exposed to the direct sunlight.

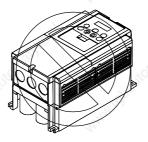
5. Operating Environment - Air

Install the Inverter avoiding any place that has dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, combustible gas, mist of coolant and sea damage.

6. Mounting Position

Mount the Inverter in a vertical position using screws or bolts. The surface you mount onto should also be free from vibration and can easily hold the weight of the Inverter.

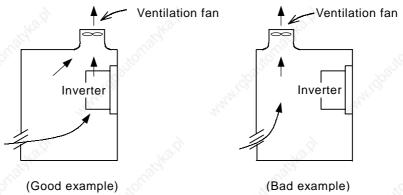






7. Ventilation within an Enclosure

If you are installing one or more Inverters in an enclosure a ventilation fan should be installed. Below is a guide to the positioning of the fan to take the airflow into consideration. The positioning of Inverter, cooling fans and air intake is very important. If these positions are wrong, airflow around the Inverter decreases and the temperature surrounding the Inverter will rise. So please make sure that the temperature around is within the limit of the allowable range.



8.External cooling of Inverter

It is possible to install the inverter so that the heatsink is out of the back of the enclosure. This method has two advantages, cooling of the inverter is greatly increased and the size of the enclosure will be smaller.

To install it with the heatsink out of the enclosure, a metal fitting option is required to ensure heat transfer.

Do not install in a place where water, oil mist, flour and dust etc can come in contact with the inverter as there are cooling fans fitted to the heatsink.

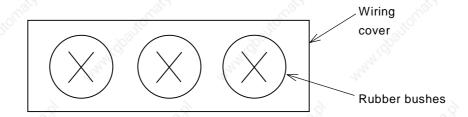
9. Approximate loss for each capacity

Inverter capacity (kW)	(21)	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132
70% of rated output (W)	435	575	698	820	1100	1345	1625	1975	2675	3375	3900	4670
100% of rated output (W)	600	800	975	1150	1550	1900	2300	2800	3800	4800	5550	6650
100% of rated efficiency(%)	94.8	94.9	95	95	95	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2

2.1.2 Blind cover of wiring parts (11 to 75kW)

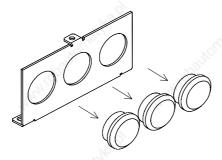
(1) Cable entry through Rubber Bushes

The wiring should be done after making a cut in the rubber bushes with nippers or cutters.



(2) Cable entry through Conduit

After taking out the rubber bushes, connect the conduit.



(Note) Except for when connecting conduit, Do not take out the rubber bushes. It is possible that the wiring insulation is broken and a possible earth fault is caused.

2.2 Wiring

WARNING

• Be sure to ground the unit.

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.

- Wiring work shall be carried out by electrical experts.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.
- Implement wiring after checking that the power supply is off.
 It might incur electric shock and/or fire.
- After installing the main body, carry out wiring.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.
- Do not remove the rubber bush. (11 to 75kW)
 Due to the possibility that a wire may be damaged, shorted or may have a ground fault with the edge of the wiring cover.

A CAUTION

· Make sure that the input voltage is:

Three phase 200 to 240V 50/60Hz (for models with suffix L) Three phase 380 to 480V 50/60Hz (for models with suffix H)

Be sure not to input a single phase.

Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

- Be sure not to connect AC power supply to the output terminals(U, V, W).
 Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or fire.
- Be sure not to connect the resistor to DC terminals (PD,P and N) directly.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Be sure to set the earth leakage breaker or the fuse(s) (the same phase as the main power supply) in the operation circuit.

Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

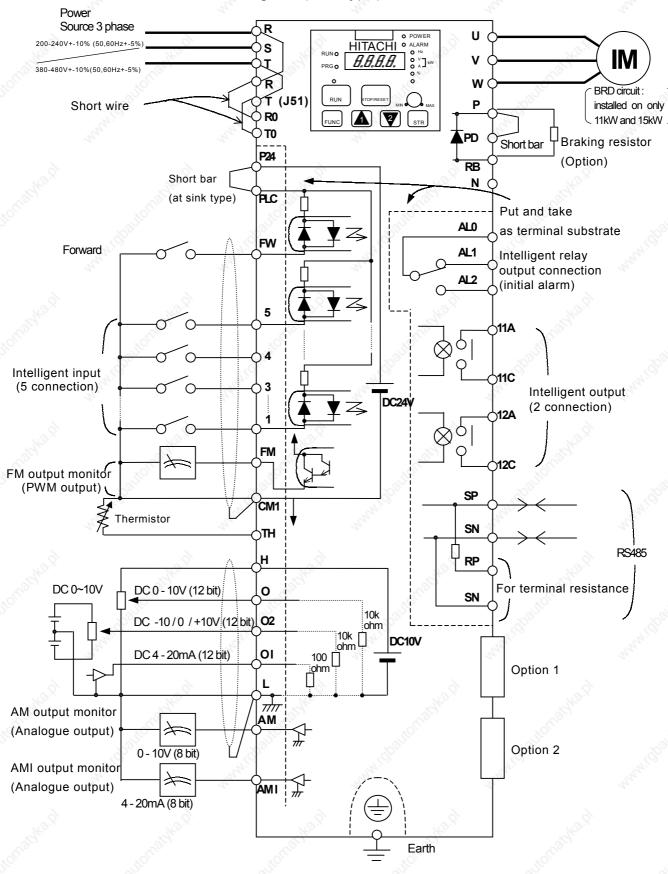
- As for motor leads, earth leakage breakers and electromagnetic contactors, be sure to use the
 equivalent ones with the specified capacity (rated).

 Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.
- Do not stop operation by switching off the electromagnetic contactors on the primary or secondary sides
 of the inverter.

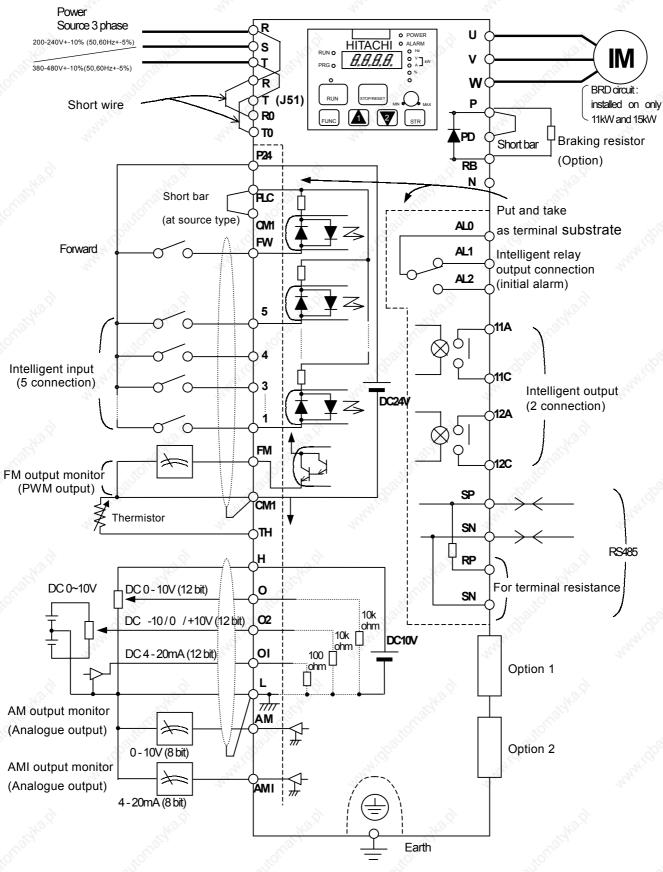
Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage.

• Fasten the screws with the specified fastening torque. Check so that there is no loosening of screws. Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

2.2.1 Terminal Connection Diagram (sink type)



2.2.1 Terminal Connection Diagram (source type)



(1) Explanation of main circuit terminals

Symbol	Terminal Name	Explanation of contents
R, S, T (L1,L2,L3)	Main power	Connect alternating power supply. When using regenerative converter and HS900 series, don't connect.
U, V, W (T1,T2,T3)	Inverter output	Connect three-phase motor.
PD, P (+1,+)	D.C.reactor	Remove the short bar between PD and P, connect optional Power factor reactor (DCL-XX).
P, RB (+,RB)	External braking resistor	Connect optional External braking resistor. (Installed on 11kW and 15kW)
P, N (+,-)	External Regenerative unit	Connect optional Regenerative braking unit (BRD-XX).
G (=)	Inverter earth terminals	It is earth terminals of inverter case.

(2) Explanation of control circuit terminal

. ,			Symbol	Terminal Name	Explanation of contents	720		
	L	е	.600	Analogue power common	It is common terminal of frequency command signal (O, O2, C	I) and analogue output		
	Power	Source	Н	Frequency power	AM, AMI. Don't earth. It is the DC+10V power for terminals.	Allowable load current 20mA		
		ng	0	Frequency command power terminal (voltage)	When inputting DC 0 - 10V, it is maximum frequency on 10V. When maximum frequency is expected to be on being less than 10V, set with A014.	Input Impedance 10k ohm Allowable maximum voltage 12V		
anbo	1	Frequency setting	O2	Frequency command support (voltage)	When inputting DC 0 - +-10V, this signal is added to frequency command of O or OI terminal.	Input Impedance 10k ohm Allowable maximum load voltage +-12V		
Analogue	3	rredn	OI Frequency command Terminal (current)		When inputting DC 4 - 20mA, 20mA is maximum frequency. When only At terminal is ON, this input signal is effective.	Input Impedance 100 ohm Allowable maximum current 24mA		
	Q		AM	Digital monitor (voltage)	Output one selected from monitor item output frequency,	Allowable maximum current 2mA		
	Monitor		Analogue monitor		output current, LAD frequency output voltage, input electric power, and electric thermal rate.	Allowable output les than Impedance 25 ohm		
	M		FM	Digital monitor (voltage)	Output the output frequency with digital besides above monitor.	Allowable maximu current 1.2mA Maximum frequen 3.6kHz		
			P24	Interface power	It is DC24V power for connection input signal. When selecting source logic, it's for connection input common.	Allowable maximum output current 100mA		
	Power	Source	CM1	Interface power common	The common terminal is FW terminal, 1 - 5 terminal, TH terr Don't earth.	ninal, FM terminal,		
<u>_</u>			PLC	Intelligent input common	Change sink type and source type by short bar on control tell P24-PLC: Sink type CM1-PLC: Source type	minals.		
nectio		Setting	FW	Forward command	About FW signal, ON is Forward and OFF is stop command.	Allowable maximum voltage 27V Input ON condition of		
Digital (connection)	Input Signal	Operation/function /Selection etc.	1 2 3 4 5	Intelligent input	Select 5 functions from 33 functions, and divide between 1 terminal and 5 terminals.	terminal voltage Over 18V Input OFF condition of terminal voltage Under 3V Input impedance 4.7k ohm		
			11A	Intelligent output terminal 11	Select output function and assign it output terminal 11	Contact specification Maximum		
			11C	Common terminal	It is common terminal of intelligent output terminal 11.	AC250V,5A (R load) 1A (L load)		
		E	12A	Intelligent output terminal 12	Select output function and assign it output terminal 12	DC30V,5A,(R load) 1A (L load)		
	ınal	Ala	12C	Common terminal	It is common terminal of intelligent output terminal 12	minimum DC1V,1mA		
	Output Signal	Condition/Alarm	AL1 AL2	Alarm output terminal	Assign output function. Output is c contact.	Contact specification Maximum AL1-AL0 AC250V,2A (R load) 0.2A (L load)		
Ko	Ø,		AL0 Common terminal		It is common terminal of alarm output terminal.	AL2-AL0 AC250V,1A,(R load) 0.2A (L load) minimum AC100V,10mA		
Analogue	Sensor		тн	Thermistor input terminal	When a Thermistor signal is inputted to terminals TH and CM1, the Inverter checks for over-temperature and will cause trip event and turn off output motor	Allowable maximum resistance 10k ohm ,minimum power 100mW		

2.2.2 Main circuit wiring

(1) Warning on wiring

When carrying out work on the Inverter wiring make sure to wait for at least ten minutes before you remove the cover. Making sure to check that the charge lamp is not illuminated. A final check should always be made with a voltage meter. After removing the power supply, there is a time delay before the capacitors will dissipate their charge.

- 1. Main power terminals(R, S, T)
 - Connect the main power terminals (R, S, and T) to the power supply through a electromagnetic contactor or an earth-leakage breaker.
 - We recommend connecting the electromagnetic contactor to the main power terminals. Because when the protective function of inverter operates, it isolates the powers supply and prevent the spread of damages and accidents.
 - This unit is for the three-phase power supply. It isn't for the single-phase power supply. If you require a single-phase power supply unit, please contact us.
 - Don't operate with on/off of the switch set up in the converter side and the inverter side. Do an operation stop by the operation order (FW/RV) terminals
 - This inverter becomes the following condition at the time of open phase because open phase protection is being made ineffective by the early data.

R phase or T phase, open phase condition: The power isn't turned on, and it doesn't operate.

S phase, open phase condition: It becomes single-phase operation condition. Trip operation such as a deficiency voltage or over current may be done.

Don't use it under open phase condition.

• A converter module may be damaged in the case shown below. Be careful.

When an unbalance of the power supply voltage is more than 3%.

Power supply capacity, 10 times of the capacity of inverter and a case beyond 500kVA.

When a change in the rapid power supply voltage occur.

(Example) When inverter of the plural is installed with the common electric wire whose it is short by each other.

When there is insertion of the condenser or a removal.

- On/off of the power supply isn't to do it more than three times in one minute. It has the possibility that inverter is damaged.
- 2. Inverter output terminals (U, V, and W)
 - Wire with thicker wire than the applicable wire to control the voltage drop. Particularly when outputting low frequencies, the torque of the motor will reduce by the voltage drop of the wire.
 - Do not install power factor correction capacitors or a surge absorber to the output. The inverter will trip or sustain damage to the capacitors or the surge absorber.
 - In the case of the cable length being more than 20 meters, it is possible that a surge voltage will be generated and damage to the motor is caused by the floating capacity or the inductance in the wire (400V especially). An EMC Mains Filter is available, please contact us.
 - In the case of two or more motors, install a thermal relay to each motor.
 - Make the RC value of the thermal relay the value of 1.1 times of motor rated electric current. Install output ACL when a life becomes short by the length of wiring.
- 3. Direct current reactor (DCL) connection terminals (PD, P)
 - These are the terminals to connect the current reactor DCL (Option) to help improve the power factor.
 - The short bar is connected to the terminals when shipped from the factory, if you are to connect a DCL you

will need to disconnect the short bar first.

- When you don't use a DCL, don't disconnect the short bar.
- 4. External braking resistor connection terminals (P, RB)
 - The regenerative braking circuit (BRD) is built-in as standard up to the 15kW Inverter. When braking is required, install an external-braking resistor to these terminals.
 - The cable length should be less than 5 meters, and twist the two connecting wires to reduce inductance.
 - Don't connect any other device other than the external braking resistor to these terminals.
 - When installing an external braking resistor make sure that the resistance is correctly rated to limit the current drawn through the BRD.
- 5. Regenerative breaking unit connection terminals (P, N)
 - The Inverters rated more than 18.5kW don't contain a BRD circuit. If regenerative braking is required an external BRD circuit (Option) is required along with the resistor (Option).
 - Connect external regenerative braking unit terminals (P, N) to terminals (P,N) on the inverter. The braking resistor is then wired into the External Braking unit and not directly to the Inverter.
 - The cable length should be less than 5 meters, and twist the two connecting wires to reduce inductance.

6. Earth (G (=))

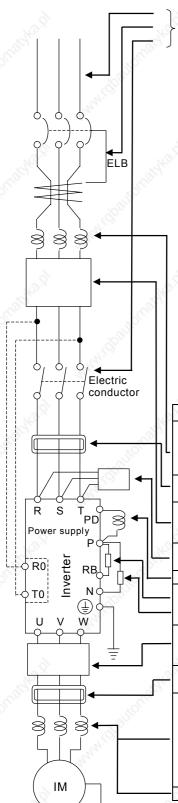
- Make sure that you securely ground the Inverter and motor for prevention of electric shock.
- The inverter and motor must be connected to an appropriate safety earth and follow the local standard. Failure to do so constitutes an electrical shock hazard.

(2) Wiring of main circuit terminals

The wiring of main circuit terminals for inverter is the following picture.

			25	Wiring	of termi	inals					Corresponding type
ig _{ter}	_	1/20			Pis			-8	g _{to}		L300P-110,150LF/HF
	R (L1)	S (L2)	T (L3)	U (T1)	V (T2)) (T3	100	R0	ТО		R0-T0: M4 Other: M6
	PD (+1)	P (+)	N (-)	RB	G (G €					18 d
Short bar			<u>`</u> `)O(Charg	e lamp		.8				lought.
3	Name .		,	Mary.			Mah			n _n ,	L300P-185LF L300P-185-370HF
								R0	T0)	R0-T0: M4 Other: M6
	- 0	20100		0	2010 -			Charge		, O (Koles,
G 😩	R (L1)	S (L2)	T (L3)	PD (+1)	P (+)	N (-)	U (T1)	V (T2)	(T3)	G 🖶	L300P-370LF L300P-450,550,750HF
140.0j	S	Short ba	ar			a.Q1			140 G		R0-T0: M4 Other: M8
		* O[(<u>15)</u>			"O[Ligh]			.000	30		L300P-220,300LF
							R0	T0			R0-T0: M4 Earth terminal: M6 Other: M8
			2			_	rge lan	,) <u> </u>		
(L1)	S (L2)	T (L3)	PD (+1)	P (+)	N (-)	(T1)	(T2)	(T3)) _y		R0-T0: M4 Earth terminal: M6
	Short b	ar		Id)		Other : M10
3.9	4-		a.g)	7.		a.?\	R0	ТО	25	4-	L300P-750LF L300P-900-1320HF
						Cha	irge lan	np)			R0-T0: M4 Earth terminal: M8 Other: M10
R (L1)	S (L2)	T (L3)	PD (+1)	P (+)	N (-)	U (T1)	V (T2)	W (T3			HHHI (DO
	Short b	ar			, K. Y.	3.01	1		4.0 (g)		1191 ¹² 131

(3) Wiring Equipment



Motor

Refer to "(4) Common applicable tools"

(Note 1) The applicable tools indicate for Hitachi standard four-pole squirrel-cage Motor.

(Note 2) Select applicable tools for breakers examining the capacity of breakers.(Use Inverter type.)

(Note 3) Use earth-leakage breakers (ELB) for safety.

(Note 4) Use 60/75°C copper electric wire.

(Note 5) It needs bigger wires for power lines, if the distance exceeds 20m.

(Note 6) 0.75mm² for Alarm output contact.

(Note 7) Separate by the sum wiring distance from Inverter to power supply, from inverter to motor for the sensitive current of leak breaker (ELB).

(Note 8) When using CV wire and wiring by rigid metal conduit, leak flows.

(Note 9) IV wire is high dielectric constant. So the current increase 8 times.

Therefore, use the sensitive current 8 times as large as that of the left list. And if the distance of wire is over 100m, use CV wire.

Wiring	Sensitive
distance	Current(mA)
100m and less	50
300m and less	100

ı k	Name	Function
	Input reactor (harmonic control, electrical coordination, power-factor improvement) (ALI-***)	This part is used when the unbalance voltage rate is 3% or more and power supply is 500 kVA or more, and there is a rapid change in the power supply. It also improves the power factor.
L	Radio noise filter (zero-phase reactor) (ZCL-***)(FC-**)	Using the inverter may cause noise on the peripheral radio through the power lines. This part reduces noise.
_	Noise filter for Inverter (NF-***)	This part reduces common noise generated between the power supply and the ground, as well as normal noise. Put it in the primary side of inverter.
F	Input radio noise filter (capacitor filter) (CFI-*)	This part reduces radiation noise emitted from wire at the input.
	Direct reactor (DCL-*-**)	This part control harmonic from inverter.
	Breaking resistor Regenerative breaking unit	This part is used for applications that need to increase the brake torque of the inverter or to frequently turn on and off and to run high inertia load.
	Output noise filter (ACF-C*)	This part reduces radiation noise emitted from wire by setting between inverter and motor. And it reduces wave fault to radio and TV, it is used for preventing malfunction of sensor and measuring instruments.
12	Radio noise filter(zero-phase reactor) (ZCL-***)	This part reduces noise generated at the output of the inverter. (It is possible to use for both input and output.)
	Output alternation reactor Reducing vibration, Thermal relay, preventing misapplication (ACL-*-**)	Running motors with the inverter generates vibration greater than that with commercial power supply. This part installed between the inverter and motor reduces torque ripple. When the cable length between the inverter and motor is long (10m or more), a countermeasure for a malfunction of the thermal relay by harmonic due to switching on inverter is taken by inserting reactor. There is the way to use current sensor in stead of thermal relay.
	LOD CIL	

(4) Common applicable tools

	Motor	Applicable	Power lines R,S,T,U,V, W,P,PD,N		Earth line G			resi	ernal ster veen d RB	Screw	Torminal	Tightning Torque	Applicable tools		
001	Output (kW)	Inverter model	mm² or more	AWG or more	mm² or more	AWG or more	AWG or more (#5)	mm²	AWG	size of terminal	Terminal	max (N•m)	Leak breaker (ELB)	Circuit breaker or fuse	Electro- magnetic controller (Mg)
9	11	L300P-110LF	14	4	14	4	10	5.5	8	M6	14-6	4.9	RX100(75A)	60A	H50
	15	L300P-150LF	22 (Note 1)	2	22	3	8	5.5	8	M6	22-6	4.9	RX100(100A)	70A	H65
	18.5	L300P-185LF	30	13	22	3	8	-8	-	M6	38-6	4.9	RX100(100A)	90A	H80
	22	L300P-220LF	38	1/0	30	2	8	Far.	-	M8	38-8	8.8	RX225B(150A)	100A	H100
S	30	L300P-300LF	60 (Note 1)	2/0	30	2	6	-	-	M8	60-8	8.8	RX225B(200A)	150A	H125
200V class	37	L300P-370LF	100 (38 × 2) (Note 1)	(#1)	50	1/0	6	-	-	M8	100-8 (38-8)	8.8	RX225B(225A)	175A	H150
20	45	L300P-450LF	100 (38 × 2)	(#2)	80	3/0	6	-	-	M10	100-10 (38-10)	13.7	RX225B(225A)	200A	H200
	55	L300P-550LF	150 (60 × 2) (Note 1)	(#3)	80	3/0	4	160.01	-	M10	150-10 (60-10)	13.7	RX400B(350A)	250A	H250
	75	L300P-750LF	150 (60 × 2) (Note 1)	(#3)	100	4/0	4	-	-	M10	150-10 (60-10)	13.7	RX400B(350A)	300A	H300
	11	L300P-110HF	5.5	8	5.5	8	10	5.5	8	M6	5.5-6	4.9	EX50C(50A)	30A	H25
	15	L300P-150HF	8	6	6 8 8		10	5.5	8	M6	8-6	4.9	EX60B(60A)	35A	H35
	18.5	L300P-185HF	14	6	14	4	10	-	-	M6	14-6	4.9	EX60B(60A)	50A	H50
	22	L300P-220HF	14	4	14	4	10	. <u>~</u> .?`	-	M6	14-6	4.9	RX100(75A)	50A	H50
	30	L300P-300HF	22	3	22	3	10	Ÿ-	-	M6	22-6	4.9	RX100(100A)	70A	H65
388	37	L300P-370HF	38	1	22	3	8	-	-	M6	38-6	4.9	RX100(100A)	80A	H80
400V class	45	L300P-450HF	38	1	22	1,0	8	-	-	M8	38-8	8.8	RX225B(150A)	100A	H100
00	55	L300P-550HF		1/0	30	49	6	-	-	M8	60-8	8.8	RX225B(175A)	125A	H125
4	75	L300P-750HF	100 (38 × 2)	1 1 50 1 1/0 1 6 1 - 1 - 1 M8		100-8 (38-8)	8.8	RX225B(225A)	150A	H150					
	90	L300P-900HF	38 × 2	(#2)	50	3/0	6	-	-	M10	38-10	13.7	RX225B(225A)	200A	H200
	110	L300P- 1100HF	60 × 2	(#3)	80	3/0	4	160 S.	-	M10	60-10	13.7	RX400B(350A)	250A	H250
	132	L300P- 1320HF	80 × 2	(#3)	100	4/0	4	-	-	M10	80-10	13.7	RX400B(350A)	300A	H300

#1 3/0 or 2 parallel of 1 AWG **#2** 250kcmil or 2 parallel of 1 AWG(75° C) **#3** 350kcmil or 2 parallel of 1/0 AWG

#4 Use suitable fuse with an UL-listed for UL. #5 Conformity to the UL

(Note) Field wiring must be made by an UL-listed and CSA-certified closed-loop terminal connector sized for the wire gauge involved. Connector must be fixed by using the crimping tool specified by the connector manufacture or equivalent wording included in the manual.

(Note 1) If wires are shorter than 10m and are located within an enclosure, it is possible to use following power lines.

5	1.16	24/07		
Inverter Model	mm² or more	AWG or more	Heat resistant	Terminal
150LF	14	4	110°C	14-6
300LF	38	1/0	110°C	38-8
370LF	60	2/0	110°C	60-8
550LF,750LF	100	(#2)	110°C	100-10

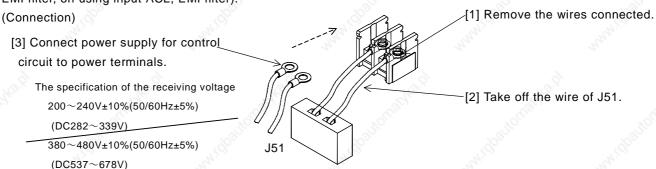
WARNING

Use suitable circuit breaker or fuse listed in this manual for UL's listing purpose.

Otherwise, there is a danger of fire.

5) Connecting power to the control circuit, separating from main power

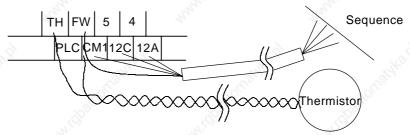
When the protection circuit of inverter is activated and the electromagnetic contactor on the input supply to the inverter isolates the power supply, the control circuit power supply from the inverter will also switch off and the alarm output signal will not be hold. The power terminals R0 and T0 are designed to allow a supply to go direct to the control circuit and therefore keep the alarm output signal on. In this case, please connect power terminals R0 and T0, to the primary side of the electromagnetic contactor. (inverter unit side of ACL, EMI filter, on using input ACL, EMI filter).



2.2.3 Terminal Connection Diagram

(1) Wiring

- 1. Both the CM1 and L terminal is insulated to both the common terminal of the input and output signals. Do not short or earth these common terminals.
- 2. Use twisted screened cable, for the input and output wires of the control circuit terminals. Connect the screen to the common terminal.
- 3. Limit connection wires to 20m. When it is necessary to wire over 20m, use a VX applied controller RCD-A (Remoter operation bar) or a CVD-E (Insulated signal transducer).
- 4. Separate the control circuit wiring from the main power and relay control wiring.
- 5. If control and power wires must cross make sure they cross at 90 degrees to each other.
- 6. When connecting a thermistor to the TH and CM1 terminal, twist the thermistor cables separate from the rests.



- 7. When using relays for the FW terminal or an intelligent input terminal uses a control relay as they are designed to work with 24Vdc.
- 8. When the relay is used as an intelligent output, connect a diode for surge protection parallel to the coil.
- Do not short the analogue voltage terminals H and L or the internal power terminals PV24 and CM1. There is risk of Inverter damage.

(2) Layout of control circuit terminals

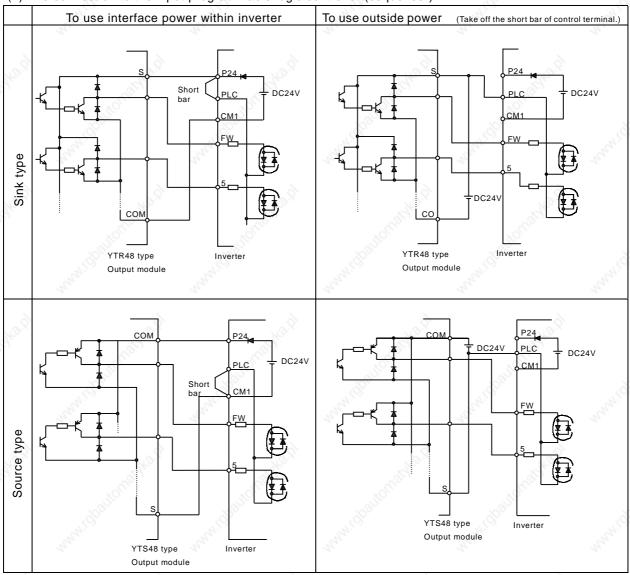
	H	1	0	2	Α	М	F	М	T	Н	F۱	N _a	5	5	4	ļ	3	3	2	2	1	I	Αl	_1	
L		C)	0	ľ	A۱	ΛI	P2	24	PL	C	CN	11	12	C.	12	Α	11	С	11/	Α	AL	.0	ΑL	2

The terminal screw size; M3

(3)Change of input logic type

The logic type of intelligent input terminals is sink type (Factory Default). To change the input logic type into source type, take off the short bar between P24 and PLC on the control terminal and connect it between PLC and CM1.

(4) The connection to the input programmable logic controller (sequencer)



2.2.4 Digital operator wiring

For operating this inverter, it can use digital operator OPE-SR, OPE-SRE, OPE-S, SRW-0J and SRW-0EX. For remote operating, put off digital operator from inverter and use connector cable ICS-1(1m) or ICS-3(3m).

(Note 1) When using connector cable, be sure to use less than 3m length. Otherwise, there is a danger of malfunction.

(Note 2) In case of remote operating with connector cable, the inverter does not conform to EMC.

WARNING

- Be sure not to touch the main terminal or to check the signal or put on/off wire and/or connector. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- Be sure to turn on the input power supply after closing the front cover.
 While being energized, be sure not to open the front cover.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- Be sure not to operate the switches with wet hands. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- While the inverter is energized, be sure not to touch the inverter terminals even during stoppage.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- If the retry mode is selected, it may suddenly restart during the trip stop. Be sure not to approach the machine. (Be sure to design the machine so that personnel safety will be secured even if it restarts.)

 Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.
- Be sure not to select retry mode for up and down equipment or traveling equipment, because there is output free-running mode in term of retry.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury and/or machine breakage.

• Even if the power supply is cut for a short period of time, it may restart operation after the power supply is recovered if the operation command is given. If it may incur danger to personnel, be sure to make a circuit so that it will not restart after power recovery.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

• The Stop Key is effective only when the function is set. Be sure to prepare the Key separately from the emergency stop.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

 After the operation command is given, if the alarm reset is conducted, it will restart suddenly. Be sure to set the alarm reset after checking the operation command is off.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

Be sure not to touch the inside of the energized inverter or to put a bar into it.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.

A CAUTION

- Cooling fin will have high temperature. Be sure not to touch them. Otherwise, there is a danger of getting burned.
- Low to high speed operation of the inverter can be easily set. Be sure to operate it after checking the tolerance of the motor and machine.

Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.

- Install external break system if needed.
 Otherwise, there is a danger of injury.
- If a motor is operated at a frequency higher than standard setting value(50Hz/60Hz), be sure to check the speeds of the motor and the machine with each manufacturer, and after getting their consent, operate them. Otherwise, there is a danger of machine breakage.
- Check the following before and during the test run.

Otherwise, there is a danger of machine breakage.

Was the direction of the motor correct?

Was the inverter tripped during acceleration or deceleration?

Were the rpm and frequency meter correct?

Were there any abnormal motor vibrations or noise?

3.1 Operation

This inverter requires two different signals in order for the Inverter to operate correctly. The Inverter requires both an operation setting and a frequency setting.

The following indicates the details of each method of operation and the necessary instructions for operation.

(1) Operation setting and a frequency setting by the terminal control.

This is the method by connecting signals from the outside (the frequency setting, the starting switch etc.) with the control circuit terminals.

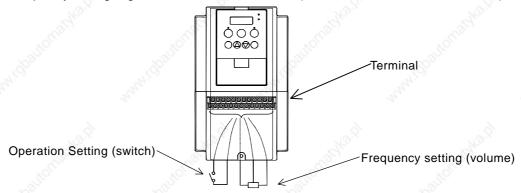
The operation is started when the operation setting (FW, RV) is turned ON while the input power is turned ON

(Note) The methods of the setting frequency with terminal are the voltage setting and the electric setting.

And they are selective by each system. The control circuit terminal list shows this in detail.

(Necessary things for operation)

- [1] The operation setting: switch, relay etc.
- [2] The frequency setting: signals from volume or external (DC0-10V, DC-10-10V, 4-20mA etc.)



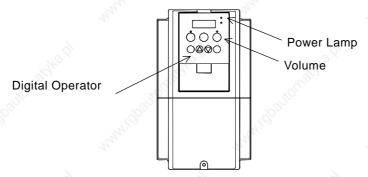
(2) Operation setting and frequency setting with the digital operator.

This is the method for operation from the digital operator, which comes equipped with the inverter as standard, or the remote operator (SRW) keypad.

When the digital operator sets the operation, the terminals (FW, RV) don't need to be linked.

And it is possible to select frequency from the digital operator as a method of the frequency setting too. (Necessary things for operation)

[1] Remote Operator (SRW) (It's unnecessary in case of digital operator operation)

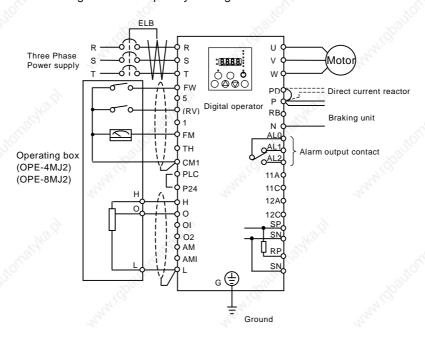


(3) Operation setting and frequency setting from both digital operator and terminal operator This is the method of inverter operating from both of the above two operating methods It is possible that the operation setting and the frequency setting can be selected for both the digital operator and the terminal operator each separately.

3.2 Test Run

This is the common connection example. Please refer to 4.1 Digital Operator, for the detailed use of the digital operator (OPE-SR).

(1) To input the operation setting and the frequency setting from terminal control.



(Arrangements)

- [1] Please make sure that the connections are correctly secure.
- [2] Turn the ELB ON to supply power to the inverter.

(The red LED "POWER" on the digital operator should illuminate.)

[3] Set terminal with the frequency setting selection.

Set A001 as indication code, press the Func key once. (Two figures are shown.)

Set 01 with the key or the key or the key, press the str key once to set the frequency setting for terminal. (Indication code turns back to A001.)

[4] Set terminal with the operation setting selection.

Set A002 as indication code, press the (FUNC) key once. (Two figures are shown.)

Set 01 with the key or the key; press the strew key once to set the operation setting for terminal.

(Indication code turns back to A002.)

[5] Set monitor mode.

When monitoring the output frequency, set indication code to d001, and press the key once. Or when monitoring the operating direction, set indication code to d003, press the key once.

[6] Input starting operation setting.

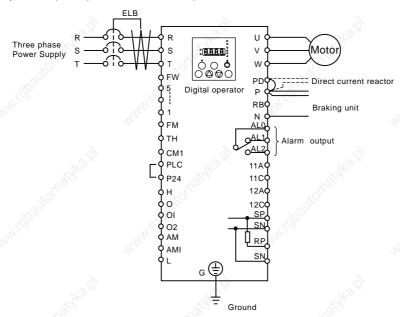
Turn ON between [FW] and [CM1] of terminal.

Impress voltage between [O] and [L] of terminal to start operation.

[7] Input ending operation setting.

Turn OFF between [FW] and [CM1] to stop slowly down.

(2) Operation setting and the frequency setting from the digital operator (Remote Operator (SRW) is also same use.)



(Arrangements)

- [1] Please make sure that there isn't matter about the connection.
- [2] Turn the ELB on to supply power to the inverter.

 (The red LED "POWER" on the digital operator should illuminate.)
- [3] Set operator with the frequency setting selection.

 Set A001 as indication code, press the (FUNC) key once.

 (Two figures are shown.)

Set 02 with the (1) key or the (2) key, press the (str) key once to set the frequency setting for the operator.

(Indication code turns back to A001.)

[4] Set operator with the operation setting selection.

Set A002 as indication code, press the (FUNC) key once.

(Two figures are shown.)

Set 02 with the 1 key or the 2 key, press the str key once to set the operation setting for the operator.

(Indication code turns back to A002.)

[5]	Set the output frequency			
	Set F001 as indication code, as press the	he (FUNC) key once.		
	(Indication code of four figures is shown	1.)		
		⁹ 5, ⁷⁹ 5		
	Set to the desired output frequency with	n the ሰ key or the 🕏	key, press the STR	key once to
	store it.	Jilon -	, Jidi	
	(Indication code turns back to F001.)			
[6]	Set the operation direction.			
	Set F004 as indication code, press the	FUNC key once.		
	(00 or 01 is shown.)	y. C		
	Set operation direction to 00 in case of	forward, or to 01 in case of	of reverse with the	
	key or the key. Press the	key once to establish i	r arigh	
	(Indication code turns back to F004.)			
[7	Set monitor mode.			
	When monitoring the output frequency,	set indication code to d00	1, and press the	key once.
	Or when monitoring the operation direct	tion, set indication code to	d003, press the	key once.
		a a	ADOUGH CO.	9
	(Indication code are forward,	reverse or sto	p.)	
[8]	Press the (RUN) key to start operating.			
	(The green LED "RUN" turns on a light,	and the indication change	s in response to the	monitor mode
	set.)			
	16. 140t.			
[9]] Press the (STOP) key to decelerate to a sto	p. 👋		
	(When the frequency turn back to 0, the		rill switch off.)	

\triangle CAUTION

Make sure that the direction of the motor is correct. It is in danger of injury or machine damage. Make sure there is no abnormal noise and vibration. It is in danger of injury or machine damage.

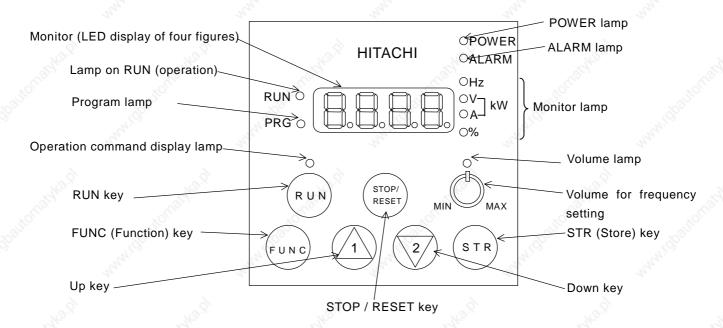
Make sure that there is no tripping during the acceleration and deceleration and check that the revolution per minute and the frequency meter are correct.

When overcurrent tripping or overvoltage tripping occurs during the test run, increase the acceleration time or the deceleration time.

4.1 About Digital Operator (OPE-SR)

Explanation of operating the digital operator (OPE-SR)
L300P series operates by using the digital operator, which is fitted as standard.

1. Name and contents of each part of the digital operator



Name	Contents				
Monitor	Display of frequency, output current and set value				
Lamp on RUN (Operation)	Light on when the inverter is running				
Program lamp	Light on when displaying set value of each function in monitor section Light will flash On and Off as a warning (when set value is incorrect)				
POWER lamp	Power lamp of control circuit				
ALARM lamp	Light on when the Inverter trips				
Monitor lamp	Lamp display state of monitor section. Hz: Frequency V: Voltage A: Current kW: Electric power %: Rate				
Volume lamp	Light on when the frequency can be set by the volume for frequency setting				
Operation command Display lamp	Light on only when operating command (RUN/STOP) is set in operator				
RUN key	Run command to start the motor. But this is only valid when operation command is from the operator. (Be sure that the operation command display lamp is illuminated.)				
STOP (STOP/RESET) key	This key is used to stop motor, or reset an alarm.				
Volume for frequency setting	This can be used to set the output frequency. But this is only valid when the frequency command part is set in volume.				
FUNC (Function) key	The key containing monitor mode, basic setting mode, extension functions mode.				
STR (Store) key	The key to store the data set. (On changing set value, must be pushed or value is lost.)				
UP/DOWN key	The keys to change extension function mode, function mode and set value.				

2. Operating method

(1) Method to display monitor mode, basic setting mode, extension function mode



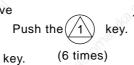
[1] Display of monitor contents set (Display 0.00 in initial state)



When power is turned off while the basic setting mode or the extension setting mode is displayed.

The display will be different from the one above when the power is restored.

Push the





Return to the state of [2].

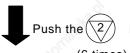
[5] Display monitor code No.

HITACHI

(Display d001)

PRG O

(FUNG



[2] Display monitor code No. (Display d001)



Monitor mode is displayed by pushing FUNC (Function) key once when display of Monitor mode No.

[4] Display extension function mode



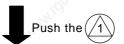


Extension function mode Display in the order of



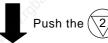






Push the





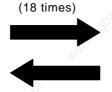


[3] Display code No. of basic setting mode. (Note 1) (Display F001)

(Display d002) HITACHI



Push the (/1) (18 times)



HITACHI



Push the (2)key.

(Note) Refer to setting (3)method of function (18 times) code.

(2) Setting method of function

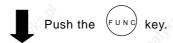
Change operation command part. (Operator → Control terminal)

[1] Display extension function mode



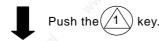
Make monitor display "A - - -" by referring to (1) displaying method.

Now operating command part is by the operator, so operating command display lamp should illuminate.



[2] Display code No. of function mode.





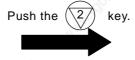
(Display A002)



Push the (FUNC) key

[3] Display contents of function mode





Operation command part displays 02(operator).

Program (PRG) light on by displaying contents of function mode

[5] Display extension function mode (Display A - - -)



It is possible to shift to other extension function modes, monitor modes and basic modes in this state.



[4] Display code No. of monitor mode.(Display A002)



The changed set value is confirmed by pushing the STR key.

Operation command display lamplight will switch off so that operation command is now changed to the control terminal.





Change operation command part to control terminal 01.

(Decide "9")

(3) Setting method of function code

Code No. of monitor modes, basic setting modes and extension function codes can be set easily. Indicate the method to change code No.d001 of monitor mode to function code No. A029 simply.

[1] Display code No. of monitor mode. (Display d001)



(Display A029)



[6] Finish setting function code No.



"9" of first figure blinks.

function code No.



[5] Change first figure of

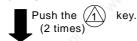


Finish setting A029

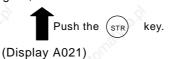
(Note) When you input code No. there isn't in the code list, "A" of left end blinks again. Confirm code No. and input it again.

[2] Change extension function mode





First figure, "1" blinks.



(Display A001)



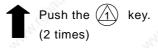
"A" blinks.

The figure lighting is decided by pushing STR key.



Second figures, "2" blinks.

HITACHI O ALA



[3] Change third figure of function code No.



(Confirm "0")

[4] Change second figure of function code No.



Third figure "0" blinks.

Don't change third figure and push the STR key and confirm 0.

Second figure, "0" blinks.

4.2 Code list

Monitor code (Note 1)

					-	
Dis- play code	Function name	L300P monitor or data range (digital operator)	Initial data	Setting on running	Change mode during running	Page
d001	Output frequency monitor	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	- _M ,Ö	-	-	4-10
d002	Output current monitor	0.0-999.9(A)	20%	-	- 272,	4-10
d003	Operation direction monitor	F(forward)/o(stop)/r(reverse)	-	0	ģ -	4-10
d004	PID feedback monitor	0.00-99.99/100.0-999.9/10009999. / 1000-9999/「100-「999 (10000-99900)	-	- City	-	4-10
d005	Intelligent input terminal monitor	(Example) FW, terminal2, and 1: ON Terminal 5, 4, 3 : OFF ON ON OFF 5 4 3 2 1	www.cj	- -	- W	4-11
d006	Intelligent output terminal monitor	(Example) Terminal2, 1:ON	-	10 Light	À -	4-11
d007	Frequency conversion monitor	0.00-99.99/100.0-999.9/1000. —9999. / 1000-3996	- (8)	50 -	-	4-12
d013	Output voltage monitor	0.0-600.0 V	m.	-	- 44	4-12
d014	Electric power monitor	0.0-999.9 kW	-	-	ð -	4-12
d016	Accumulated time monitor during RUN	09999./1000-9999/ ⁻ 100- ⁻ 999 h	-	-sight	-	4-13
d017	Power ON time monitor	09999./1000-9999/ ⁻ 100- ⁻ 999 h	-	Olice.	-	4-13
d080	Number of trip time monitor	09999./1000-6553(10000-65530) (time)	- 141.0	-	- 3	4-13
d081	Trip monitor 1	Trip Code, frequency(Hz), current(A), voltage(V),RUN time(h) power ON time(h)	14	-	- 1/1	4-13
d082	Trip monitor 2	Trip Code, frequency(Hz), current(A), voltage(V),RUN time(h) power ON time(h)	-	- 3	<u> </u>	4-13
d083	Trip monitor 3	Trip Code, frequency(Hz), current(A), voltage(V),RUN time(h) power ON time(h)	-	1817 1817	-	4-13
d084	Trip monitor 4	Trip Code, frequency(Hz), current(A), voltage(V),RUN time(h) power ON time(h)	- 3	2011 -	-	4-13
d085	Trip monitor 5	Trip Code, frequency(Hz), current(A), voltage(V),RUN time(h) power ON time(h)	May .	-	- 111	4-13
d086	Trip monitor 6	Trip Code, frequency(Hz), current(A), voltage(V),RUN time(h) power ON time(h)	-	-	<u>-</u>	4-13
d090	Warning monitor	Warning code	-	- 12	, N	4-78
F001	Output frequency setting	0.0, starting frequency-Max. frequency (2 nd max. frequency)(Hz)	0.00	* Age	✓	4-14
F002	1 st acceleration time	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600.(s)	30.00	~~~	✓	4-16
F202	2 nd acceleration time	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600. (s)	30.00	√	✓	4-16
F003	1 st deceleration time	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600. (s)	30.00	✓	√	4-16
F203	2 nd deceleration time	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600. (s)	30.00	✓	1 32	4-16
F004	Operation direction selection	00(forward)/01(reverse)	00		<u> </u>	4-15

(Note 1) Change mode during run by selection of b031 (software lock selection).

(Note) Do not forget to press "STR" key when you change the display.

Function Mode

	i unc	CHOIT Mode	74,	77.		2	1.
,	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial data -FE/-FU/-FR	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	A001	Frequency setting selection	00(VR)/01(terminal)/02(operator)/03(RS485)/ 04(option1)/05(option2)	01/01/00	J. S. S.		4-14
setting	A002	Operation setting selection	01(terminal)/02(operator)/03(RS485)/04(option1)/05(option2)	01/01/02	100 m		4-15
set	A003	Base frequency	30 Maximum. frequency(Hz)	50./60./60.))		4-17
Base	A203	Base frequency, 2nd motor	30 2 nd Maximum. frequency (Hz)	50./60./60.	 		4-17
Ва	A004	Maximum frequency Maximum frequency, 2nd	30 400. (Hz)	50./60./60.			4-18
	A204	motor	30 400. (Hz)	50./60./60.		122	4-18
6	A005	AT terminal selection	00(Changing of O and OI with AT terminal)/01(Changing of O and O2 with AT terminal)	00			4-19
setting	A006	02 selection	00(single)/01(auxiliary speed of O, OI) [no reversible] /02(auxiliary speed of O, OI [reversible]	00	9		4-19
ont	A011	0 start	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0 (Hz)	0.00	901	✓	4-20
Analog input	A012	0 end	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0 (Hz)	0.00	The same	✓	4-20
log	A013	0 start rate	0100.0 (%)	0.	P	✓	4-20
۸na	A014	0 end rate	0100.0(%)	100.		✓	4-20
	A015	0 start selection	00 (external starting frequency)/01(0Hz)	01		✓	4-20
	A016	O, OI, O2 sampling	130.(times)	8.		V€	4-21
	A019	Multi-speed selection	00(binary : range is to 16 stage speed with 4 terminals)/01(bit : range is to 6 stage speed with 5 terminals)	00		3	4-43
	A020	Multi-speed 0	0.00, starting frequency-maximum. frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	✓	4-43
	A220	Multi-speed 0, 2 nd motor	0.00, starting frequency-2 nd maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓ 0	✓	4-43
	A021	Multi-speed1	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	✓	4-43
ng	A022	Multi-speed2	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	Z0√	✓	4-43
etti	A023	Multi-speed3	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00). ✓	✓	4-43
S	A024	Multi-speed4	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	✓	4-43
enc	A025	Multi-speed5	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	✓	4-43
Multistage speed • jogging frequency setting	A026	Multi-speed6	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	√	4-43
Ę,	A027	Multi-speed7	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	134	4-43
ging	A028	Multi-speed8	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	✓	4-43
jog	A029	Multi-speed9	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	√	√	4-43
• Б	A030	Multi-speed10	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	✓	✓ ✓	4-43
bee	A031	Multi-speed11	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	· /	✓	4-43
e S	A032	Multi-speed12	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	V /	✓	4-43
tag	A033	Multi-speed13 Multi-speed14	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	· /	→	4-43 4-43
ıltis	A034 A035	Multi-speed15	0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz) 0.00, starting frequency-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00	· ·	· ·	4-43
ž	A038	Jogging frequency	0.00, starting frequency-9.99(Hz)	1.00	· ·	· ·	4-44
	A039	Jogging selection	00(free-run on JG stop / invalid on running) / 01(stop decelerating on JG stop / invalid on running) / 02(DC braking on JG stop/invalid on running) / 03(free-run on JG stop/valid on running[JG after stop decelerating]) / 04 (stop decelerating on JG stop/valid on running) / 05 (DC braking on JG stop/valid on operating)	00	10.5	1	4-44
	A041	Torque boost selection	00 (manual torque boost) / 01 (automatic torque boost)	00	201		4-24
6	A241	Torque boost selection, 2 nd motor	00 (manual torque boost) / 01 (automatic torque boost)	00	P. C.		4-24
istic	A042	Manual torque boost	0.0-20.0(%)	1.0	✓	✓	4-24
ter	A242	Manual torque boost, 2 nd motor	0.0-20.0(%)	1.0	✓	✓	4-24
arac	A043	Manual torque boost point	0.0-50.0(%)	5.0	✓	1 3	4-24
V/f characteristic	A243	Manual torque boost point, 2 nd motor	0.0-50.0(%)	5.0	✓	✓	4-24
	A044	1 st control	00/(VC)/01(VP1.7power)/02(free V/f setting)	00	2		4-22
	A244	2 nd control	00/(VC)/01(VP1.7power)/02(free V/f setting)	00	13.	1	4-22
	A045	Output voltage gain	20 100. (%)	100.	✓	✓	4-21
	A051	DC braking selection	00(invalid)/01(valid)	00	E.	✓	4-25
	A052	DC braking frequency	0.00-60.00(Hz)	0.50		✓	4-25
	A053	DC braking wait time	0.0 - 5.0(s)	0.0	 	√	4-25
ing		DC braking power	0 70. (%)	0.	 	√	4-25
raking	A054		0.0.00.0(-)	0.0	i	✓ S	4-25
rent braking	A055	DC braking time DC braking edge/level	0.0 - 60.0(s) 00(edge action)/01(level action)	24		1	4-25
ect current braking		DC braking edge/level selection DC braking power	0.0 - 60.0(s) 00(edge action)/01(level action) 0 70. (%)	01	ò	✓ 3311 ✓	4-25 4-25
Direct current braking	A055 A056	DC braking edge/level selection	00(edge action)/01(level action)	01	ige S		

(Note)<>indicate the setting range of 90 to 132kW

Function Mode

	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial data -FE/-FU/-FR	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
۵.	A061	1st frequency upper limiter	0.00, 1st frequency lower limiter-maximum frequency(Hz)	0.00		√ /	4-28
Opper and lower minter of jump frequency	A261	2 nd frequency upper limiter	0.00, 2 nd frequency lower limiter-2 nd setting maximum	0.00		✓	4-28
-	A062	1st frequency lower limiter	frequency(Hz) 0.00, start frequency-1 st frequency maximum limiter(Hz)	0.00	- 0	√	4-28
	A262	2 nd frequency lower limiter	0.00, start frequency-2 nd frequency maximum limiter(Hz)	0.00	160.,	√	4-28
Š	A063	Jump frequency1	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00	-071	✓	4-29
	A064	Jump frequency Width 1	0.00-10.00(Hz)	0.50	20,	✓	4-29
۔ کج 2	A065 A066	Jump frequency2 Jump frequency Width 2	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00		✓ ✓	4-29
enc	A066	Jump frequency3	0.00-10.00(Hz) 0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.50		∨	4-29 4-29
edu	A068	Jump frequency Width 3	0.00-10.00(Hz)	0.50		1	4-29
±	A069	Acceleration stop frequency	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00		✓	4-29
	A070	Acceleration stop time	0.00-60.0(s)	0.0		✓	4-29
trol	A071 A072	PID selection PID-P gain	00(invalid)/01(valid) 0.2-5.0	1.0	/ A	✓ ✓	4-30 4-30
control	A073	PID-I gain	0.0-3600.(s)	1.0	10	√ ·	4-30
PID	A074	PID-D gain	0.00-100.0(s)	0.00	V	√	4-30
4	A075 A076	PID scale PID feedback selection	0.01-99.99 00(feedback : OI)/01(feedback : O)	1.00	C.	✓ ✓	4-30 4-30
	A081	AVR selection	00(ON always)/01(OFF always)/02(OFF on decelerating)	00		-	4-17
AVR	A082	Motor voltage selection	200/215/220/230/240, 380/400/415/440/460/480	(230/400) (230/460) (200/400)		-	4-17
uc	A085	Operation mode selection	00(normal operation)/01(energy-saving operation)	00		- 25	4-31
ctic	A086	Energy-saving response-	0.0-100.0	50.0	✓	~	4-31
Operation mode • adjustable function	A092	accuracy adjustment Acceleration time2	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600.(s)	15.00	√	✓	4-32
ple	A292	2 nd acceleration time2	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600.(s)	15.00	V	✓	4-32
ısta	A093 A293	Deceleration time2 2 nd deceleration time2	0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600.(s) 0.01-99.99/100.0-999.9/10003600.(s)	15.00 15.00	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	4-32 4-32
adju	A293 A094	2 nd stage adjustable selection	00(change with 2CH terminal)/01(change with setting)	00	20	-	4-32
•	A294	2 nd stage adjustable	00(change with 2CH terminal)/01(change with setting)	00	U.	_	4-32
ode	A095	selection(2 nd motor) 2 nd acceleration frequency	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00	0,		4-32
Ε		2 nd acceleration	700	700		-	100
tioi	A295	frequency(2 nd motor)	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00			4-32
era	A096	2 nd deceleration frequency 2 nd deceleration frequency	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00		- 40	4-32
ŏ	A296	(2 nd motor)	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00		-27	4-32
	A097	Acceleration pattern selection	00(straight line)/01(S-curve)/02(U-curve)/03(reverse U-curve)	00		-	4-33
	A098 A101	Deceleration pattern selection OI start	00(straight line)/01(S-curve)/02(U-curve)/03(reverse U-curve) 0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00	- >	- ✓	4-33 4-20
2	A101	OI start	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00	750	<i>'</i>	4-20
adjustment	A103	OI start rate	0100. (%)	20.	102	✓	4-20
+	A104 A105	Ol end rate	0100. (%) 00(external start frequency)/01(0Hz)	100. 01	500	✓ ✓	4-20 4-20
a e	A105	OI start selection O2 start	-400100./-99.9-0.00-99.9/100400.(Hz)	0.00	0.	√	4-20
ust	A112	O2 end	-400100./-99.9-0.00-99.9/100400.(Hz)	0.00		✓	4-20
adi	A113	O2 start rate	-100 100. (%)	-100.		✓	4-20
<u> </u>	A114 A131	O2 end rate Acceleration curve constant	-100 100. (%) 01(small swelling)-10(large swelling)	100. 02		✓	4-20 4-33
Decel	A132	Deceleration curve constant	01(small swelling-10(large swelling)	02		✓	4-33
			00(trip)/01(0Hz start)/02(start after equal frequency)/				
ם מ	b001 b002	Retry selection Allowable under-voltage	03(trip after equaling frequency and deceleration stop) 0.3-1.0(s)	1.0	200	✓ ✓	4-34
		power failure time Retry wait time	0.3-1.0(s)	1.0	- APE	· ·	4-34
3	b003	Instantaneous power- failure/under-voltage trip	0.3-100.(s) 00(invalid/01(valid)/ 02(invalid during stop and deceleration by stop command)	00	O. C.	·	4-34
instantaneous power restart	b005	during stop Instantaneous power- failure/under-voltage	00(16 times)/01(free)	00		·	4-34
este	b006	retry time selection Open-phase selection	00(invalid)/01(valid)	00	 	1	4-36
. <u> </u>	b000	Frequency setting to match	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00		<i>'</i>	4-34
	b012	Electronic thermal level	0.2*constant current-1.20*constant current(A)	Rated Current of inverter	9	✓	4-36
	b212	Electronic thermal level (2 nd motor)	0.2*constant current-1.20*constant current(A)	Rated Current of inverter	" Sights.	√	4-36
	b013	Electronic thermal characteristic selection	00/(reduced characteristic)01(constant torque characteristic)/ 02(free setting)	01/01/00	96	✓	4-36
Electronic thermal	b213	Electronic thermal characteristic selection (2 nd motor)	00/(reduced characteristic)01(constant torque characteristic)/ 02(free setting)	01/01/00		✓	4-36
onic	b015	Free electronic thermal	0400.(Hz)	0.		✓	4-37
ectro	b016	frequency 1 Free electronic thermal current 1	0.0-1000.(A)	0.0		✓	4-37
ш	b017	Free electronic thermal	0400.(Hz)	0.	9	✓	4-37
	b018	frequency 2 Free electronic thermal current 2	0.0-1000. (A)	0.0	"The "	✓	4-37
	b019	Free electronic thermal frequency 3	0400.(Hz)	0.	OLI CO	✓	4-37
		Free electronic thermal		-		 	1

Function Mode

				40.0		40.0	
(Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial data -FE/-FU/-FR	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	b021	Overload restriction selection	00(invalid)/01(enabled on acceleration / constant speed)/02(enabled on constant speed)	01	à	· ·	4-38
Carlo	b022	Overload restriction level	0.50* rated current-1.50* rated current(A)	Rated current of inverter x 1.20	Mighto	√	4-38
limit	b023	Overload restriction limit constant	0.10-30.00(s)	1.00		✓	4-38
Overload limit	b024	Overload restriction 2 selection	00(invalid)/01(valid on acceleration / constant speed)/02(valid on constant speed)	01		V 3	4-38
Ove	b025	Overload restriction level 2	0.50*rated current-1.50*rated current(A)	Rated current of inverter x1.20		*	4-38
	b026	Overload restriction constant 2	0.10-30.00(s)	1.00		· ✓	4-38
Lock	b031	Software lock mode selection	00(impossible to change the data except this item when SFT terminal is ON)/01(impossible to change the data except setting frequency item when SFT terminal is ON)/02(impossible to change the data except this item)/03(impossible to change the data except setting frequency item)/10(possible to change data on operating)	01	olugidho.	*	4-45
	b100 b101	Free V/f frequency 1 Free V/f voltage 1	0 Free V/f frequency2(Hz) 0800.0(V)	0.0			4-23 4-23
	b102	Free V/f frequency 2	0 Free V/f frequency3(Hz)	0.		- 21	4-23
	b103	Free V/f voltage 2	0800.0(V)	0.0		11/4	4-23
g.	b104	Free V/f frequency 3	0 Free V/f frequency4(Hz)	0.	1	4	4-23
V/f setting	b105 b106	Free V/f voltage 3 Free V/f frequency 4	0800.0(V) 0 Free V/f frequency5(Hz)	0.0		1	4-23 4-23
se	b107	Free V/f voltage 4	0800.0(V)	0.0	3		4-23
\ \	b108	Free V/f frequency 5	0 Free V/f frequency6(Hz)	0.	7.9.		4-23
Free	b109	Free V/f voltage 5	0800.0(V)	0.0	14		4-23
Ē.	b110 b111	Free V/f frequency 6 Free V/f voltage 6	0 Free V/f frequency7(Hz) 0800.0(V)	0.0	600		4-23 4-23
	b112	Free V/f frequency 7	0800.0(V) 0400.(Hz)	0.0	-		4-23
ŀ	b113	Free V/f voltage 7	0800.0(V)	0.0			4-23
etting	C001	Intelligent input 1 setting	01/(RV:Reverse is valid)/02(CF1:Multi-speed1)/ 03(CF2:Multi-speed2)/ 04(CF3:Multi-speed3)/ 06(CF4:Multi-speed4)/ 06(JG:Jogging)/ 07(DB:External DC braking)/08(SET:2"d control)/	18		100	4-42
Intelligent input terminal setting	C002	Intelligent input 2 setting	09(2CH:two-stage adjustable speed)/11(FRS:Free-run)/ 12(EXT:External trip)/13(USP:Unattended start protection)/ 14(CS:commercial change)/15(ST:software lock)/ 16(AT:Analog input voltage/current select)/18(RS:Reset inverter)/	16		1	4-42
put teri	C003	Intelligent input 3 setting	20(STA:3wire run)/ 21(STP:3wire keep)/22(F/R:3wire forward/reverse)/ 23(PID:PID selection valid/invalid)/24(PIDC:PID integrating reset)/ 27(UP:Remote control UP function)/	03/13/03	No.	√	4-42
igent in	C004	Intelligent input 4 setting	28(DWN:Remote control DOWN function)/ 29(UDC:Remote control data clear)/31(OPE:Force operate ope)/ 32(SF1:Multi-speed bit1)/	02	OLIGIES.	√	4-42
Intell	C005	Intelligent input 5 setting	33(SF2:Multi-speed bit2)/34(SF3:Multi-speed bit3)/ 35(SF4:Multi-speed bit4)/36(SF5:Multi speed bit5)/ 37(SF6:Multi-speed bit6)/38(SF7:Multi-speed bit7)/ 39(OLR:Overload restriction change)/no(NO:No assign)	01		√	4-42
g	C011	Intelligent input1 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00		100	4-42
ettin	C012	Intelligent input2 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00		✓	4-42
ut terminal setting elligent	C013	Intelligent input3 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00/01/00	- 3	· ·	4-42
termi yent	C014	Intelligent input4 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	2 dho	✓	4-42
Input termi intelligent	C015	Intelligent input5 a/b (NO/NC) selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	U.O.	✓	4-42
=[C019	Input FW a/b (NO/NC) Selection	00(NO)/01(NC)	00		✓	4-42
_ [C021	Intelligent output 11 setting	00(RUN:running)/01(FA1:Frequency arrivaltype1 signal)/	01		✓	4-51
ina	C022	Intelligent output 12 setting	02(FA2:frequency arrival type2 signal)/03(OL:Overload advance notice signal)/04(OD:Output deviation for PID control)/05(AL:Alarm	00		✓	4-51
ut termi	C026	Alarm relay output	signal)/06(FA3:Only setting frequency)/08(IP:On instantaneous stop/ 09(UV:Under voltage)/11(RNT:RUN time over)/12(ONT:ON time over)/13(THM:thermal caution)	05		✓	4-51
Intelligent output terminal setting	C027	FM selection	00(Output frequency)/01(Output current) / 03(Digital output frequency)/04(Output voltage)/ 05(Input electric power)/06(thermal load rate)/07(LAD frequency)	00	100	✓	4-56
lliger	C028	AM selection	00(Output frequency)/01(Output current)/04(Output voltage)/ 05(Input electric power)/06(thermal load rate)/07(LAD frequency)	00	Nath.	√	4-57
Inte	C029	AMI selection	00(Output frequency)/01(Output current)/04(Output voltage)/ 05(Input electric power)/06(Thermal load rate)/07(LAD frequency)	00	0.	✓	4-57
ng	C031	Intelligent output 11 a/b	00(NO)/01(NC)	00		√	4-52
etti	C032	Intelligent output 12 a/b	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	ļ	✓	4-52
e e	C036	Alarm relay output a/b Overload advance notice	00(NO)/01(NC)	01		1	4-52
stat	C040	signal output mode	00(On accel. And decel, constant speed)/01(Only constant speed)	01		✓	4-39
terminal state setting level setting	C041	Overload advance notice level	0.0-2.0*rated current(A)	Inverter rated current	,	✓	4-38
it terr it leve	C042	Frequency arrival setting for acceleration. Arrival frequency setting for	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00	10)	✓	4-53
Output Output	C043	deceleration.	0.00-99.99/100.0-400.0(Hz)	0.00	The state of the s	√	4-53
00	C044	PID deviation setting level	0.0-100.0(%)	3.0	0	✓	4-31

Function Mode

	Code	Function name	Setting range	Initial data -FE/-FU/-FR	Setting on run	Change mode on run	Page
	C070	Data command	02(operator)/03(RS485)/04(option1)/05(option2)	02		Tull Tull	4-61
Communication	C071	Communicating	02(loop-back test)/03(2400bps)/04(4800bps)/	04		✓	4-61
ä	0071	transmission speed	05(9600bps)/06(19200bps)				
≝ _	C072	Communication code	132.	1.	- 3	✓	4-61
₽. j	C073	Communication bit	7(7bit)/8(8bit)	7	49.5	✓	4-61
nc pu	C074	Communication parity	00(no parity name)/01(even parity)/02(odd parity)	00	The same	✓ ✓	4-61
ĭ ⊋	C075	Communication stop bit	1(bit)/2(bit)	1	-0°''	✓ ✓	4-61
	C078	Communication waiting time	01000.(ms)	0.	· /	✓ ✓	4-61
ō	C081 C082	O adjustment OI adjustment	09999./1000-6553(10000-65530) 09999./1000-6553(10000-65530)	Set on forwarding Set on forwarding	√	√	- 20
Analog meter setting	C082	O2 adjustment	09999./1000-6553(10000-65530)	Set on forwarding	√	∨	200
se i	C085	Thermistor adjustment	0.9333./1000-0333(10000-03330)	105.0	· ·	·	4-57
ĕ ĕ	C086	AM offset adjustment	0.0 - 10.0(V)	0.0	· /	1	4-57
ina Jet	C087	AMI adjustment	0 255.	80	√ ·	✓	4-57
ユ ⊏	C088	AMI offset adjustment	0 20.0(mA)	Set on forwarding	✓	✓	4-57
	b034	RUN time/Power ON time level	09999./1000-6553(10000-65530)hr	0.		✓	4-55
	b035	Operation direction restrict	00(Reverse is valid)/01(Only forward)/02(Only reverse)	00			4-14
	b036	_ V	00(Start reduced voltage time small)	06	- A.Y	√	4.40
	0036	Start reduced voltage	-06(Start reduced voltage time large)	06	1/2	v	4-40
	b037	Display selection	00(all display)/01(each function display)/	00	200	✓	4-59
			02(User setting / main setting)		800		
	b080	AM adjustment	0 255.	180)` ✓	✓	4-57
	b081	FM adjustment	0 255.	60	✓	✓	4-56
	b082	Start frequency adjustment	0.10-9.99(Hz)	0.50		✓	4-40
	b083	Carrier frequency setting	0.5-12.0(kHz) Derating enable<0.5 - 8> (Note 1)	3.0	 		4-18
	b084	Initialize mode	00(Trip history clear)/01(Data initialization)/	00		777	4-58
		Country code for initialization	02(Trip history clear + data initialization) 00(Interior)/01(EC)/02(USA)	01/02/00		27.0	
	b085	Frequency scalar			 		4-58
	b086	conversion factor	0.1-99.9	1.0	✓	✓	4-12
	b087	STOP key enable	00(valid)/01(invalid)	00	0	√	4-15
	- 1'0'	Resume on FRS	510		11.0		
	b088	cancellation mode	00(0Hz start)/01(Start f-equaling)	00	de	✓	4-46
	b090	BRD usage ratio	0.0-100.0(%)	0.0	10	✓	4-41
	b091	Stop mode selection	00(deceleration stop)/01(Free-run stop)	00	100		4-15
	b092	Cooling fan control	00(Always ON)/01(ON during run, After power ON, then for 5 minutes on stop is implied.)	00			4-41
	b095	BRD selection	00(invalid)/01(valid <invalid during="" stop="">)/</invalid>	00		√	4-41
		177	02(valid <valid during="" stop="">)</valid>	100		100	2.
	b096	BRD ON level	330-380/660-760(V)	360/720		✓	4-41
	b098	Thermistor selection	00(invalid)/01(Positive temperature coefficient enable)/	00		1	4-57
	b099	Thermistor error level	02 (NTC enable) 0 9999. (ohm)	3000.		√	4-57
	C061	Thermal warning level	0. – 100. (%)	80		· ·	4-36
	C001	Debug mode selection	00(No display)/01(Display)	00	28	· ·	-
	C101	UP/DWN selection	00(No frequency data)/01(Keep frequency data)	00	140	·	4-49
		557	00(Trip cancel during ON)/01(Trip cancel during OFF)/		-00		
	C102	Reset selection	02(Valid only during trip <cancel during="" on="">)</cancel>	00	C10 1	✓	4-48
	C103	Reset f frequency matching	00(0Hz start)/01(Start f-equaling)	00	~	√	4-48
S		selection					T-10
others	C121	O zero adjustment	09999./1000-6553(10000-65530)	Set on forwarding	✓	✓	W-
ō	C122	OI zero adjustment	09999./1000-6553(10000-65530)	Set on forwarding	✓	✓	V -
The	C123	O2 zero adjustment	09999./1000-6553(10000-65530)	Set on forwarding	✓	1	
\vdash	H003	1 st allowable motor selection	0.20-90.0(kW) <0.2-160 kW> (Note 1)	Set on forwarding		11,	4-60
	H203	2 nd allowable motor selection	0.20-90.0(kW) <0.2-160 kW> (Note 1)	Set on forwarding			4-60
	H004	1st motor pole selection	2/4/6/8(pole)	4			4-60
	H204	2 nd motor pole selection	2/4/6/8(pole)	4			4-60
	H006	1st stabilized factor	0 255.	100.	✓.	✓	4-60
	H206	2 nd stabilized factor	0 255.	100.	✓	✓	4-60
	P001	Option1 operation selection	00(TRP)/01(RUN)	00	200	✓	4-60
		on error	,,		3.		-
	P002	Option2 operation selection on error	00(TRP)/01(RUN)	00		✓	4-60
		Digital input option input	70°	. 200			120,0
	P031	mode selection(Acc/Dec)	00(operation)/01(option1)/02(option2)	00		✓	19:-
	D0.44	DeviceNet running order of	74,	2200		24	41
	<p044></p044>	monitoring timer setting	0.00-99.99s	1.00		The same	(Note 2
	<p045></p045>	Setting in action of abnormal	00(trip)/01(trip after deceleration stop)/02(invalid)/	01			(Note 2
	-	communication Output assemble instance	03(free-run)/04(deceleration stop)	+		-	<u> </u>
	<p046></p046>	Number setting	20, 21, 100	21	0)	1	(Note 2
	<p047></p047>	Input assemble instance	70 74 404	74	15.		/Ninta C
		Number setting Detect of idol mode for	70, 71, 101 00(trip)/01(trip after deceleration stop)/02(invalid)/	71	- 15g		(Note 2
	<p048></p048>	motion setting	03(free-run)/04(deceleration stop)	01	14.		(Note 2
	<p049></p049>	Pole setting of rotation speed	0-38(even only)	0			(Note 2
	U001	User1 selection	no/d001-P031	no		√	4-59
	U002	User2 selection	no/d001-P031	no		· /	4-59
	U003	User3 selection	no/d001-P031	no		1 3	4-59
	U004	User4 selection	no/d001-P031	no		1	4-59
	U005	User5 selection	no/d001-P031	no		✓	4-59
	U006	User6 selection	no/d001-P031	no		V	4-59
	U007	User7 selection	no/d001-P031	no		V	4-59
	U008	User8 selection	no/d001-P031	no	- 0	√	4-59
	U009	User9 selection	no/d001-P031	no	NO.	· ·	4-59
	U010	User10 selection	no/d001-P031	no	100	· /	4-59
	U011	User11 selection	no/d001-P031	no	V60	· /	4-59
			no/d001-P031	no 🚽		✓ ·	4-59

(Note 1)<>indicate the setting range of 90 to 132kW (Note 2)<>indicate the setting range of 11 to 75kW

4.3 Explanation of function

4.3.1 Monitor mode

Output frequency monitor

Indication code d001 displays the frequency the inveter outputs.

The data is displayed as follows.

When d001 is displayed, the monitor lamp "Hz" is illuminated.

(Display)

0.00 - 99.99 : Display is in 0.01Hz unit. 100.0 - 400.0 : Display is in 0.1Hz unit.

(Note) When with digital operator, setting frequency output frequency is adjustable by changing this mode.

Output current monitor

Indication code d002 displays the output current value.

The data is displayed as follows.

In case of displaying d002, the monitor lamp "A" is illuminated.

(Display)

0.0 - 999.9 : Display is in 0.1A unit.

Relation code

Relation code

d001: Output frequency

monitor

d002: Output current

monitor

Operation direction monitor

Indication code d003 displays the direction that the Inverter output is rotating. Forward, reverse or stop.

On operating the inverter (in case of forward or reverse), the RUN lamp will illuminate.

(Display)

F : Forward o : Stop r : Reverse

Relation code d003: Operation direction

monitor

PID feedback monitor

When you select PID function (01) in A071, the inverter displays the feedback value changed by A075 (PID scale).

" Display of monitor part " = " Feedback quantity " x " PID scale "

(Frequency command value) (A075)

(Setting)

A071: 0.1(PID is effective)

A075 : 0.01-99.99(Display is 0.01-99.99(Set with the 0.01 unit)

(Display)

Relation code

d004: PID feedback monitor

A071: PID selection A075: PID scale

Intelligent input monitor

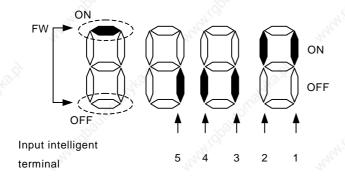
The LED display will monitor the state of the intelligent inputs.

Relation code

d005: Intelligent input monitor

(Example)

FW; input intelligent terminal 2,1:ON Input intelligent terminal 5, 4, 3:OFF







Intelligent output monitor

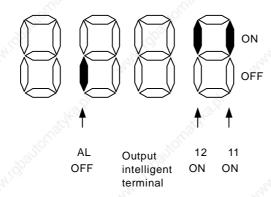
The LED display will monitor the state of the intelligent outputs.

Relation code
d006: Intelligent output monitor

(Example)

Output intelligent terminal 12, 11: ON

Output alarm AL: OFF



Display



Relation code

monitor

factor

d007: Frequency conversion

b086: Frequency conversion

Frequency conversion monitor

This inverter displays the value changed by the Inverter output frequency and the value set in b086 on the monitor part.

"Monitor part of display" = " output frequency(d001)" x " output frequency factor(b086)"

(Display) Display of d007

0.00 - 99.99: Display is in 0.01 unit. 100.0 - 999.9: Display is in 0.1 unit.

100. - 9999.: Display is in 1 unit.

1000 - 3996 :Display is in 10 unit.

(Range of setting) The setting range of b086

0.1 - 99.9 :Set it with the 0.1 unit.

(Example)Output frequency (d001):50.00Hz

When the frequency conversion factor (b086) is 1.1,

the frequency conversion monitor (d007) displays "55.00" as "50 x 1.1 = 55.00".

(Note)Output frequency of FM terminal becomes same as d007 at the time of setting u the digital output frequency to the FM terminal.

Output voltage monitor

This inverter displays the output voltage of the inverter converted into the alternating Voltage.

The monitor lamp "V" should illuminate while the contents of d013 are displayed.

Relation code d013: Output voltage

monitor

(Display)

0.0 - 600.0:Display is in 0.1V unit.

Input electric power monitor

Display input electric power from inverter.

The monitor lamp "kW" ("V" and "A") should illuminate while the contents of d014 is displayed.

Relation code

d014: Input electric

power monitor

(Display)

0.0 - 999.9:Display is in 0.1kW unit.

Accumulated time monitor on RUN

The operation time of inverter is accumulated and the value is displayed. (Display)

0. - 9999. : Display is in 1 hour units. 1000 - 9999 : Display is in 10 hour units. ¹100 - ¹999 : Display is in 1000 hour units.

Relation code d016: Accumulated time monitor on RUN

Power ON time monitor

This accumulates the time running to the inverter and displays the value.

0. - 9999. : Display is in 1 hour units. 1000 - 9999 : Display is in 10 hour units. ¹100 - ¹999 : Display is in 1000 hour units.

Relation code d017: Power ON time monitor

Trip time monitor

This displays the number of inverter trips. (Display)

> 0. - 9999. : Display is in 1 times unit. 1000 - 6553 : Display is in 10 times unit.

Relation code d080: Trip time monitor

Relation code

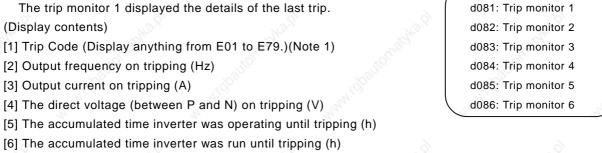
Trip monitor 1-6

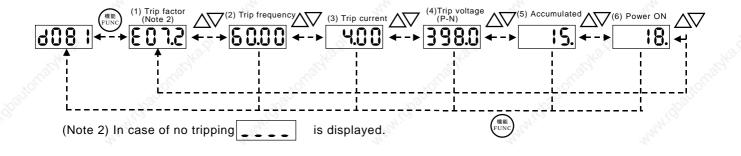
This displays the details for the last six protective trips.

The trip monitor 1 displayed the details of the last trip.

(Note 1) Please refer to the pages 4.4 Protection function list (2) Trip monitor display.

The methods of trip monitor





F001

A001

Relation code

A020/A220: 1st /2nd multistage speed

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

:Output frequency setting

:Frequency command select

4.3.2 Function mode

Setting of the output frequency

Setting the output frequency of the motor.

The output frequency is set by F001, when the frequency command select (A001) is set to 02.

Please refer to the frequency command select (A001) about other methods of frequency setting.

When a frequency is set in F001, the same value is automatically set in both Multispeed 0 (A020) and the second set of motor data multispeed 0 (A220) when the SET terminal is ON.

In the case of using SET, you will need to assign 08(SET) to an intelligent input terminal.

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
Output frequency setting	F001	0.0, start frequency-First/Second	Unit : Hz "F001" = "A020"
Multistage speed zero	A020/A220	maximum frequency	Second control setting of "F001" = "A220"

Operation direction

This is effective when the operating command is set by the digital operator.

Function code	Data	Contents
F00.4	00	Forward
F004	01	Reverse

Selection with limits of operation direction

The direction of the motor can be restricted.

Function code	Data	Contents
74/10	00	Forward/reverse is effective.
b035	01	Only forward
	02	Only reverse

Relation code

Relation code

F004: Operation direction select

b035: Selection with limits of operation direction

Frequency command selection

Select the method of frequency command.

When 0-10Vdc is inputted to the frequency command by 02-L terminal, operation direction of motor reverses.

Relation code

A001:Frequency command selection

On output frequency monitor d001, you can't get information about forward/reverse. So be sure with operation direction monitor d002.

Function code	Data	Contents
3	00	Setting frequency with the potentiometer the digital operator has.
	01	Setting frequency with control terminals (Terminals: O-L, OI-L, O2-L)
A001	02	Setting frequency with digital operator(F001), remote operator.
AUUT	03	Setting frequency with RS485 terminals for communication.
The state of	04	Setting frequency with option board 1.
	05	Setting frequency with option board 2.

Relation code

C001-C005: Input intelligent terminal

:Operation command selection

:Inputting FW a/b (NO/NC) selection

:Operation direction select

A002

C019

F004

Operation command selection

Select the control of RUN/STOP commands.

Operation command from the control terminals (Terminal) tart/Stop by ON/OFF of control terminals.

Forward : FW-CM1 terminal Reverse : RV-CM1 terminal

Put 01(RV) to an intelligent Input terminal.

When using the FW terminal, it is possible to change the contact from NO to NCby settin a or b (respectively) in C019. When operating from the digital operator, set operation direction in F004. Or operate Start/Stop with RUN key/STOP key on the digital operator. It becomes stop command when proper forward command and reverse command are inputted at the same time.

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
	Sillie.	01	Start/Stop with control terminals(Terminal).(FW, RV)
Operation		02	Start/Stop with digital operator, remote operator.
command	A002	03	Start/Stop with RS485 terminals for communications.
selection		04	Start/Stop with option board 1.
.a.g)		05	Start/Stop with option board 2.
Input FW a/b	C019	00	a contact (NO)
(NO/NC) selection	C011-C015	01	b contact (NC)

Selection on stop

When stop is commanded from the digital operator or the control terminals (Terminal), select the stop after slowing-down according to slowing-down time or the free run stop.

When the second cycle is started while in free run stop, the inverter follows the free-run stop selection b088 and restarts.

(Refer to the item of free-run stop.)

Relation code

b091 :Selection on stop

F003/F203: 1^{st} / 2^{nd} deceleration time

b003 :Waiting time for retrying

b007 :Frequency setting to match

b088 :Select for free-run stop

-64	C. 1	100	- 19
Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
Onlanting on Other Man	b 004	00	Normal stop (Decelerated stop)
Selection on Stop	b091	01	Free-run stop
Colootion of free way ston	1 000	00	0Hz start
Selection of free-run stop	b088	01	Start frequency matching
Frequency setting to match	b007	0.00-400.0	Unit : Hz
Waiting time for retrying	b003	0.3-100.	Unit: second

Selection of Stop key

Even though the control terminals are selected for the operation command, you can still set whether the stop key of operator (digital operator etc) is effective or not. Trip reset functions by the stop key follows this establishment, too.

Function code	Data	Contents
b087	00	The stop key is effective.
	01	The stop key is ineffective.

Relation code

b087: Selection of stop key

Adjustable time

The acceleration and deceleration time can be set.

Set a long time to accelerate or decelerate slowly or set a short time to accelerate or decelerate quickly.

The time setting is the time it takes to accelerate from zero to the maximum frequency and to decelerate from the maximum frequency to zero.

Relation code

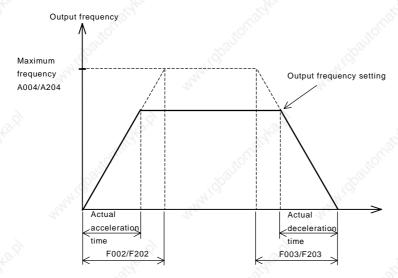
F002/F202: 1st /2nd acceleration time

F003/F203: 1^{st} / 2^{nd} deceleration time

A004/A204: 1st /2nd maximum frequency

Switching of the $1st/2^{nd}/3^{nd}$ acceleration time and the $1st/2^{nd}/3^{nd}$ deceleration time can be controlled with intelliginet input terminal assigned to 08 (SET)/17(SET3).

Set item	Function code	Limit of setting	Contents
Acceleration time	F002/F202	0.01-3600.	Unit: second Setting acceleration time from zero to maximum frequency.
Deceleration time	F003/F203	0.01-3600.	Unit: second Setting deceleration time from maximum frequency to zero.



However short you set the adjustable time, the adjustable time of the actual motor can't be shorter than the shortest adjustable time determined by the inertial Effect J of the mechanical system and motor torque.

If you set the time shorter than the shortest adjustable time, a protection trip of OC or OV may occur.

Acceleration time ts

$$ts = \frac{(JL + JM) \times NM}{9.55 \times (Ts - TL)}$$

JL: J of the load converted into motor shaft (kg•m²)

Jм: J of the motor (kg•m²)

Nm: Motor revolving (r/min)

Deceleration time tB

Ts: The maximum motor acceleration torque on inverter driving (N - m)

TB: The maximum motor deceleration torque on inverter driving (N•m)

TL: Needed transit torque (N•m)

 $t_{B=} \frac{(J_L + J_M) \times N_M}{9.55 \times (T_B + T_L)}$

Base frequency

Base frequency and motor voltage

AVR function

(1) Base frequency and motor voltage

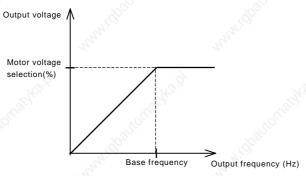
Relation code

A003/A203: 1st /2nd base frequency

A081: AVR selection

A082: Motor voltage selection

On selection of base frequency and motor voltage, set the output of the inverter (frequency voltage) to the motor rating.



The Base frequency is the nominal frequency of the motor, this value can be found on the nameplate of the motor. It is important to match the Base frequency (A003) to this nominal value or there is risk of damage to the motor.

If a motor has a base frequency higher than 60Hz, it is considered to be a special motor. In this situation, it is important to make sure the maximum output current of the inverter is higher than the FLC of the motor.

The Motor Voltage Selection is the nominal voltage of the motor, this value can be found on the nameplate of the motor. It is important to match the Motor Voltage (A082) to this nominal value or there is risk of damage to the motor.

When changing second base frequency (A203) an intelligent input terminal must be set to 08(SET) and switched on.

Set item	Function code	Setting limit	Contents
Base frequency	A003/A203	301 st /2 nd maximum frequency	Unit:Hz
Motor voltage	A082	200/215/220/230/240	Unit:V When inverter is 200V class, selection is possible.
selection			

(2) AVR function

Even if the incoming voltage changes, this function will keep the output voltage and a constant voltage level. The output voltage to the motor in this function references to the voltage selected on motor voltage selection. Select Yes/No of this function on A081 AVR selection.

Function code	Data	Contents	Description
	00	Always ON	This function is effective on acceleration, constant speed, deceleration.
01 Always OFF		Always OFF	This function is ineffective on acceleration, constant speed, deceleration.
A081	02	On decelerating OFF	This increases a loss of motor and reduces the energy regenerated to inverter on decelerating.

Maximum frequency

Set the maximum frequency value of the inverter.

This set value is the maximum frequncey that the inverter will achieve when

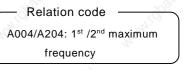
It receives top speed reference from the control terminalsor the digital operator.

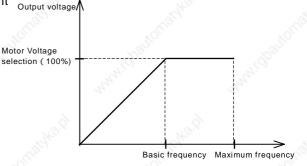
To the change the 1st/2nd maximum frequency, set an intelligent

input terminal to 08(SET) and switch the input ON.

The Inverter output voltage from the base frequencey to the maximum frequency is the same level as the voltage selected on the motor voltage selection.

Function code	Limit of setting	Contents
A004/A204	30400.	Unit : Hz





Carrier frequency

The carrier frequency of the PWM wave-form output from the inverter is adjustable by changing b083.

Relation code b083: Carrier frequency

If the carrier frequency is set higher, the audible noise from motor will be reduced

but the RFI noise and the leakage current may be increased. F This function may help to avoid the resonant frequency of the motor or the mechanical system.

Function code	Limit of setting	Contents
b083	0.5-12.0(Note 1)	Unit: kHz (11 to 75kW)
5000	0.5-8.0(Note 1)	Unit: kHz (90 to 132kW)

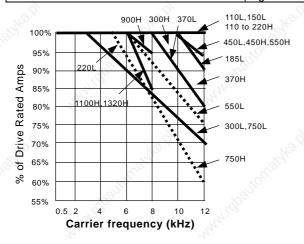
(Note 1) The maximum value of the carrier frequency in order to achieve full output current is different depending on the capacity. When raising the carrier frequency, the rated output current will be reduced.

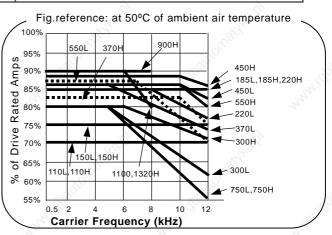
Voltage class	200	V class	400V class		
Contents (kW)	Maximum carrier frequency (kHz)	Derating on carrier frequency = 12kHz	Maximum carrier frequency (kHz)	Derating on carrier frequency = 12kHz (8kHz 90kW to 132kW)	
711	12	100%	12	100%	
15	12	100%	12	100%	
18.5	10	90%	12	100%	
22	<i>⊗</i> ′ 4	80%	12	100%	
30	3	70%	8	90%	
37	8	80%	10	80%	
45	10	95%	10	95%	
55	6	75%	10	95%	
75	3	70%	5	60%	
90	-4F	- 25	6	95%	
110	₹ <u>~</u>	- %	6	85%	
132	10,-	, 4 0,	6 (0)	85%	

 $oldsymbol{\perp}$ CAUTION

Be sure to keep the above-mentioned table. Otherwise, there is a danger of inverter unit breakage.

When using at 50°C of ambient air temperature, the rated output current will be reduced as below (Fig.reference).





External analog input

This inverter has three kinds of external analog input terminals.

O-L terminal : 0 - 10Vdc OI-L termminal : 4 - 20mA

O2-L terminal : -10 / 0 / +10V

The setting contents of this function is as follows.

Relation code

A005: AT terminal selection

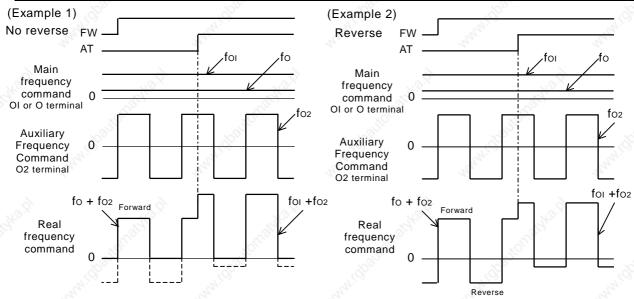
A006: 02 Selection

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
AT terminal selection A005	4005	00	Change of O/OI (AT terminal ON : OI-L valid) with AT terminal OFF : O-L valid
	A005	01	Change of O/O2
		00	Single
02 selection	A006	01 8	Auxiliary frequency command of O, OI(No reverse)
		02	Auxiliary frequency command of O, OI(Reverse)

Assign 16(AT) to intelligent input terminal. The frequency setting is the values from terminals O, OI and O2 when 16(AT) isn't assigned. The frequency set up when A006 is "00" becomes the value of O2. And, the frequency set up when A006 is "01" or "02" becomes the value which OI and O2 were added to. The following frequency command methods are available by combining A005, A006 with the intelligent input AT terminal. In the case that reverse and FW(forward) terminals are ON, the inverter operates reversely when (main frequency command + auxiliarly frequency command) < 0.

	A006	A005	AT terminal	Main frequency command	Existence of Auxiliarly frequency command(02-L)	Existence Of Reverse
1900		00	OFF	O-L	No	.00
The.	00	00	ON	OI-L	No	No
27	00	0.4	OFF	O-L	No	27
		01	ON	02-L	No	Yes
Intelligent input		00 (Example 1)	OFF	0-L	Yes	No
terminal	o stell		ON	OI-L	Yes	
on assigning	01	01	OFF	O-L	Yes	
AT	5		ON	O2-L	No	1/90
710		00	OFF	O-L	Yes	
Mar	(Example 2)	ON	ol-L	Yes	Yes	
	02	02 01	OFF	O-L	Yes	
9			ON	O2-L	No	
Intelligent input	00	<i>-</i>	- 363	02-L	No	Yes
Terminal when	01	-	-200	Adding O-L and OI-L	Yes	No
Don't assign AT	02	1	110,	Adding O-L and OI-L	Yes	Yes



A105: OI start selection

Input frequency Start/End

External analog signal from the control terminals

(frequency command)

O-L terminal: 0 - 10V OI-L terminal: 4 - 20mA O2-L terminal: -10 / 0 / +10V

Set output frequency for one of the above

(1)Start, End of O-L terminal, OI-L terminal

Relation code

A013: O start rate

A011: O start A103: OI start rate A012: O end A104: OI end rate

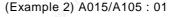
A014: O end rate A111: O2 start A015: O start selection A112: O2 end

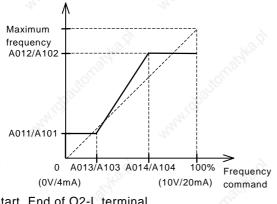
A101: OI start A113: O2 start rate A102: OI end A114: O2 end rate

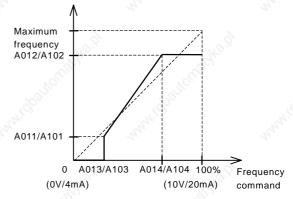
Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
O/OI start	A011/A101	0.00-400.0	Unit: Hz Set starting frequency
O/OI end	A012/A102	0.00-400.0	Unit: Hz Set ending frequency
O/OI start rate	A013/A103	0100.	Unit: % Set start rate for external frequency command 0-10V, 4-20mA
O/OI end rate	A014/A104	0100.	Unit: % Set end rate for external frequency command 0-10V, 4-20mA
O/OI start	A045/A405	00	External start frequency Output frequency from 0 to A013/A103 outputs the value of A011/A101
Selection	A015/A105	01	0Hz Output frequency from 0 to A013/A103 outputs the value of 0Hz

When the input is from 0 to 5V with O-L terminal, set A014 to 50%.

(Example 1) A015/A105:00







(2) Start, End of O2-L terminal

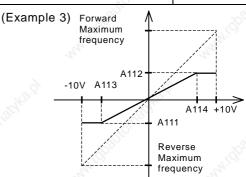
Set item	Function code	Data	Contents	Notes
O2 start	A111	-400 400.	Unit: Hz Set starting frequency	all.
O2 end	A112	-400 400.	Unit : Hz Set ending frequency	1,
O2 start rate	A113	-100 100.	Unit: % Set starting rate for external frequency command -10-10V (Note 1)	(Example 3)
O2 end rate	A114	-100 100.	Unit: % Set ending rate for external frequency command -10-10V (Note 1)	

(Note 1) The rates of -10V-10V is following.

-10V- 0V:-100-0%

0V-10V:0-100%

For example, in case of use with O2-L terminal, set -50% to A113, 50% to A114.



Setting analog input filter

Set the internal filter of the frequency setting signal of voltage or current from the control terminals

Relation code
A016: O, OI, O2 filter

It is important to first remove the source of the noise to the system.

When stable operation can not be achieved due to the effect of electrcal noise, set a larger value.

The response will be slower by setting a larger value. The limit of setting is about 2ms-60ms(set value : 1-30)

Function code	nction code Limit to set Contents	
A016	130.	Can set with the 1 unit.

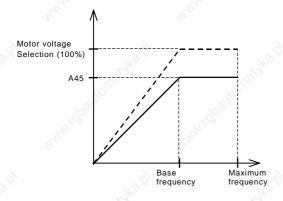
Output voltage gain

Regarding the voltage selected on A082 motor voltage selection as 100 %, set the rate of the voltage which the inverter outputs for the voltage selected.

Relation code	
)45: Output voltage o	nain

A082: Motor voltage selection

Function code	Limit to set	Contents
A045	20100.	Unit:%



Control system (V/f Characteristic)

Set V/f (output voltage/output frequency) characteristic.

To change 1st /2nd control system (V/f characteristic), set 08(SET) to an intelligent input terminal and switch it ON.

Relation code

A044/A244:1st/2nd control system b100/b102/b104/b106/b108/b110/b112

: Free setting V/f frequency 1/2/3/4/5/6/7

b101/b103/b105/b107/b109/b111/b113

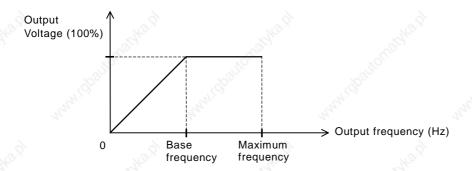
: Free setting V/f voltage 1/2/3/4/5/6/7

Function code	Data	V/f characteristic	
They.	00	Constant torque characteristic(VC)	
		Reduced torque characteristic(VP1.7power)	
		Free setting V/f characteristic	

(1) Constant torque characteristic (VC)

Output voltage outputs proportionally to the output frequency.

Output voltage outputs proportionally from 0 to the base frequency, but the output voltage from the base frequency to the maximum frequency is constant regardless of frequency.

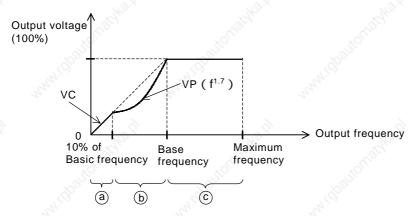


(2) Reduced torque characteristic (VP1.7 power)

This characteristic can be used when a large starting torque isn't required.

At low speeds, it can cause improvement of efficiency, low noise and low vibration because of lowering the output voltage.

V/f characteristic is as follows.



Period (a) The limit from 0 to 10% of base frequency is the constant characteristic.

(Example) If the base frequency is 60Hz, the limit from 0 to 6Hz is constant characteristic.

Period (b) :The limit from 10% of base frequency to base frequency is reduced torque characteristic.

The voltage is output in the curve of 1.7 power for frequency.

Period © :The voltage is constant from the base frequency to the maximum frequency.

(3) Free V/f setting

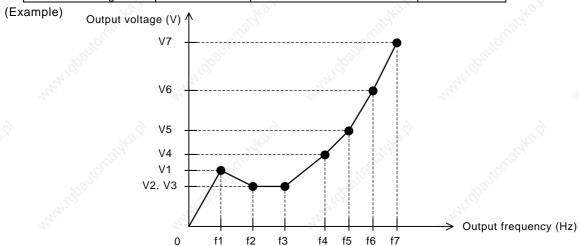
The free V/f setting sets optional V/f characteristics by setting the voltage and frequency in seven parts.(b100-b113)

The setting of free V/f setting operates always to be $1 \le 2 \le 3 \le 4 \le 5 \le 6 \le 7$.

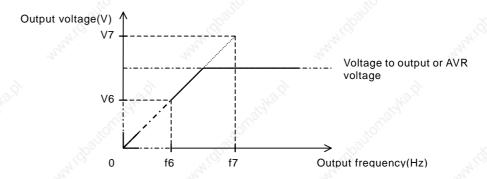
Please set first free V/f setting 7 because the initial value is all 0Hz.

When the free V/f setting is valid, the function of torque boost(A041/A241), base frequency(A003/A203), maximum frequency(A004/A204) is invalid. (Free V/f frequency7 is treated as maximum frequency.)

		4.3	
Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
Free V/f frequency7	b112	0 400.	
Free V/f frequency6	b110	0 Free V/f frequency7	
Free V/f frequency5	b108	0 Free V/f frequency6	
Free V/f frequency4	b106	0 Free V/f frequency5	Unit : Hz
Free V/f frequency3	b104	0 Free V/f frequency4	
Free V/f frequency2	b102	0 Free V/f frequency3	
Free V/f frequency1	b100	0 Free V/f frequency2	
Free V/f voltage7	b113	79°5,	
Free V/f voltage6	b111 🔏	3.	
Free V/f voltage5	b109	100	11.11.11.15
Free V/f voltage4	b107	0.0 - 800.0	Unit: V
Free V/f voltage3	b105	My.	(Note 1)
Free V/f voltage2	b103	20	
Free V/f voltage1	b101	9	



(Note 1) Even if you set 800V for free V/f voltage1-7, output of inverter can't be more than the input voltage or the AVR setting voltage.



Torque boost

A correctly installed motor and careful attention to voltage drop in the wiring will improve the motor torque at low speed. Setting of A041/A241 will select between manual torque boost and automatic torque boost, the level of torque boost corresponds to the set motor capacity selection (H003/H203) and the motor pole selection (H004/H204).

Relation code

A041/A241: 1st/2nd torque boost selection
A042/A242:1st/2nd manual operation torque boost
A043/A243:1st /2nd manual operation torque boost
break point

H003/H203:1st/2nd motor capacity selection H004/H204:1st/2nd motor pole selection

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
8		00	Manual torque boost
Torque boost	A041/A241	01	Automatic torque boost
Manual torque boost	A042/A242	0.0-20.0	Unit:% Level corresponding to output Voltage (100%)
Manual torque boost break point	A043/A243	0.0-50.0	Unit:% Level corresponding to base frequency

(1) Manual torque boost

The values set up with A042/A242 and A043/A243 is outputted.

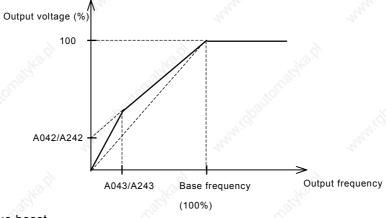
A042/A242 sets a percentage level where the base frequency voltage is 100%.

The level set is the value of torque boost output voltage at 0 Hz.

When using the manual torque boost, it should be noted that overuse will cause saturation of the motor and may cause damage.

The manual torque boost break point is the frequency at which the voltage torque boost is switched off and normal operation resumes.

To change from A041and A042 to A241and A242 an intelligent input needs to be set to 08(SET) and switched on.



(2) Automatic torque boost

The output voltage is adjusted automatically by the condition of the load.

When using automatic torque boost it is important that the following two parameters are set correctly.

Set item Function code		Setting limit	Contents	
Matanasitas	11000/11000	0.20-75.0(11 to 75kW)	11.24 1347	
Motor capacity selection	H003/H203	0.20-160.0(90 to 132kW)	Unit : kW	
Motor pole selection	H004/H204	2/4/6/8	Unit : pole	

Direct current braking(DB)

A dc voltage can be applied to the motor windings in order to lock the motor shaft and avoid overun at low speeds.

There are two methods of activating the dc braking,

Outside which is through the intelligent input terminals and Inside which is automatically started at a specific frequency.

Relation code

A051: DC braking selection

A052: DC braking frequency

A053: DC braking late time

A054: DC braking power

A055: DC braking time

A056: DC braking edge/level selection

A057: Starting DC braking power

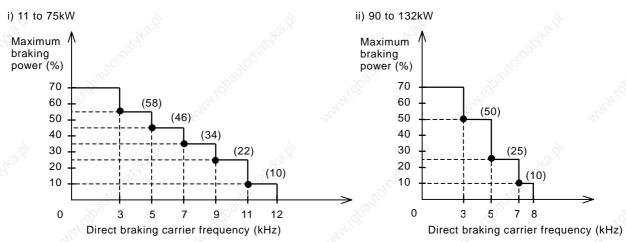
A058: Starting DC braking time

A059: DC braking carrier frequency

0			2
Set item	Functin code	Data	Contents
DC harding colorties	A054 X	00	Inside DC braking : invalid
DC braking selection	A051	01	Inside DC braking : valid
DC braking frequency	A052	0.00-60.00	Unit: Hz When the output reaches the set frequency and Inside DC braking is valid, DC braking is started.
DC braking late time	A053	0.0-5.0	Unit: second After DC braking time is reached, or DB terminal is ON, the late time is a delay before DC braking is started.
DC braking power/ Starting DC braking power	A054/A057	070.	Unt: % Weak (Zero current) – Strong (Inverter rating fairly 70% the DC current)
DC braking time	A055	0.0-60.0	Unit: second The DC braking is stopped after this time delay has elapsed. The time is tarted when the late time has elapsed.
DC braking edge/level	A056	00	Edge movement (Example 1-6-a)
selection	AUSO	01	Level movement (Example 1-6-b)
Starting DC braking time	A058	0.0-60.0	Unit: second It is valid for inside DC braking. When operating command is ON, DC current is started.
DC braking carrier	A059	0.5-12	Unit : kHz (11 to 75kW)
Frequency	A059	0.5-8	Unit : kHz (90 to 132kW)

(1) DC braking carrier frequency

It is possible to alter the DC braking carrier frequency. However, if the DC braking carrier frequency is set higher than 3kHz, the value of maximum braking power level is automatically reduced as follows. Set DC braking carrier frequency with A059.



Direct braking power limiter

(2) Outside DC braking

Set 07(DB) to an intelligent input terminal.

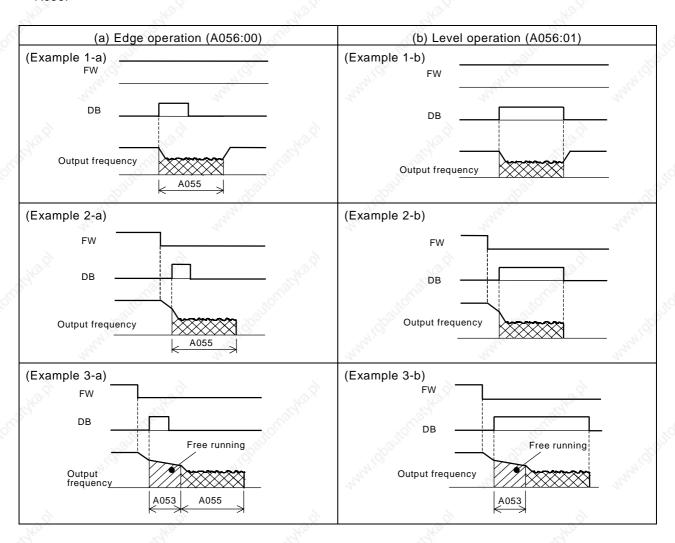
DC braking is then switched by ON/OFF of DB terminal irrespective of DC braking selection A051.

Set strength of DC braking power with A054.

If DC braking late time A053 is set, the Inverter outpuit is cut off for this time period, the motor will be free running.

After the late time passes, DC braking is started.

Please set DC braking time A055 or DC braking time by DB terminal paying attention to the heat of the motor. Please set each setting in accordance with the system, after level action or edge action are selected with A056.



(3) Inside DC braking

When the inverter starts, and the DB terminal is not ON the inverter can operate dc braking.

When using inside DC braking, the DC braking selection A051 should be set 01.

Starting DC braking power is set with A057, DC braking time at starting is set with A058.

Braking power setting except starting time, set with A054.

If DC braking late time A053 is set and the dc braking frequency is reached, the operating command (FW) is switched OFF. The inverter cuts the output and for the set time of A053, free running of the motor will occur. After finishing the set time in A053, DC braking is started.

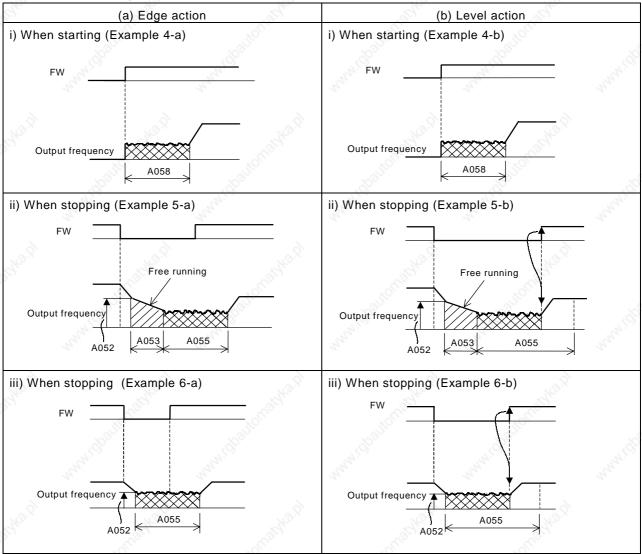
Set the frequency at which the DC braking will operate at with A052.

The operation of Edge/Level selection when using inside DC braking is different.

Edge action: Give priority to A055 DC braking action time, operate DC braking according to set time.

After turning operating command (FW) OFF, when output frequency reachs the set value of A052, during setting A055 DC braking is run. Even if operation command is turned ON, during setting time of A055, DC braking is run.(Example 5-a),(Example 6-a)

Level action: Give priority to operating command, ignore DC braking time A055 and move to normal operation. When operation command is turned ON during DC braking, set time of A055 is ignored and normal operation is restored. (Example 5-b), (Example 6-b)



Frequency limiter

This function can set a maximum and minimum limit of the output frequency.

Even if a frequency command exceeds the maximum and minimum limiter the inverter will ignore this value and stop at the values set. Set first maximum limiter on setting.

Relation code

A061/A261: 1st/2nd frequency maximum

limiter

A062/A262: 1st/2nd frequency minimum

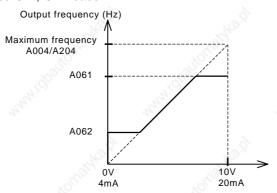
limiter

Be sure that the maximum limiter (A061/A261) > minimum limiter (A062/A262).

The maximum and minimum limiter will not operate if 0Hz is set.

Set item Function code		Setting limit	Contents
Frequency max. A061/A261		0.00, frequency min. limiter - max. frequency	Unit: Hz Setting max. of output frequency
Frequency min. limiter	A062/A262	0.00, starting frequency - max. limiter frequency	Unit: Hz Setting min. of output frequency

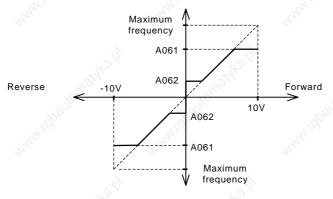
(1) In use O-L, OI-L case



When frequency command is control terminal (Terminal), by setting Min. limiter, even if 0V is input, it is not possible to output less than the frequency set with Min. limiter.

10V Frequency command

(2) In use O2-L case



When using the minimum frequency limiter and 0v is inputted into O2 terminal, A062 applies to both forward and reverse directions.

(a) When operation command is control terminal (Terminal)(A002:01)

0	Terminal	Revolution when O2 is 0V
	FW(ON)	A062 on forward side
	RV(ON)	A062 on reverse side

(b) When operation command is operator (A002:02)

F004	Revolution when O2 is 0V	27/2
00	A062 on forward side	W.c.
J 01	A062 on reverse side	770

Frequency jump function

Frequency jump can be used to avoid resonance points on machinery.

Frequency jump is to jump the frquency command and avoid usual operation within the limit of the jump frequency.

Output frequency changes continuously according to adjustable time.

It is possible three different points are set for the jump frequency.

Relation code

A063:Jump frequency1

A064:Jump frequency band1

A065:Jump frequency2

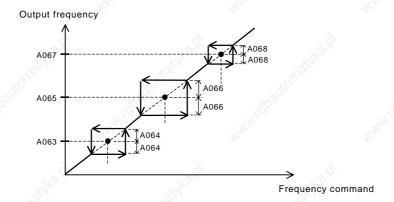
A066:Jump frequency band2

A067:Jump frequency 3

A068:Jump frequency band3

Set item	Function code	Setting limit	Contents		
lump fraguency 1/2/2	A002/A005/A007		A000/A005/A007 0 00 400	Unit: Hz	Unit: Hz
Jump frequency 1/2/3	A063/A065/A067	0.00-400.0	Set the frequency fj of center to jump.(Note)		
Jump frequency Width	4004/4000/4000	0.00.40.00	Unit:Hz		
1/2/3	A064/A066/A068	0.00-10.00	Set 1/2 value of frequency width to jump (Note)		

(Note) The frequency to jump is fj + 2 (Hz).



Acceleration stop function

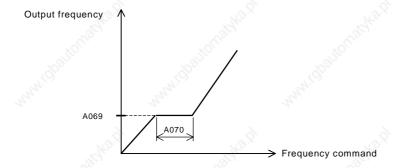
When the inertial moment of a load is high, this is the function to wait until the slip of the motor on starting becomes smaller.

Use when the overcurrent trip occurs on starting.

Relation code

A069:Acceleration stop frequency A070:Acceleration stop time

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
Acceleration	1000	0.00.400.0	Unit: Hz
stop frequency	A069	0.00-400.0	Set the frequency to be held.
Acceleration	4070	0.0.00.0	Unit: second
stop time	A070	0.0-60.0	Set the time to hold the frequency.



PID function

This integrated process control function can be used for controls such as constant flow and control for fan and pump applications.

When using this function set A071 to 01 and assign an intelligent input terminal to 23(PID terminal: (OFF)valid / (ON)invalid).

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents	
DID coloction	0.074	00	Invalid	
PID selection	A071	01	Valid	
PID P gain	A072	0.2-5.0	Proportional gain	
PID I gain	A073	0.0-3600.	Integration Gain Unit: seconds	
PID D gain	A074	0.00-100.0	Derivative gain Unit: seconds	
PID scale	A075	0.01-99.99	Unit :times	
PID feedback	A076	00	OI-L:4-20mA	
selection		01	O-L :0-10V	
Maximum PID Deviation level	C044	0.0-100.0	Unit :%	

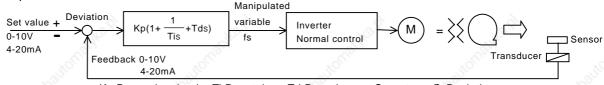
	Relation code	-31-
A001	:Frequency con	nmand
	selection	
A005	:AT selection	
A006	:O2 selection	
A071	:PID selection	
A072	:PID P gain	
A073	:PID I gain	
A074	:PID D gain	
A075	:PID scale	
A076	:PID feedback	selection
d004	:PID feedback	monitor
C001-C	005:Intelligent inpu	ut terminal
C021-C	022:Intelligent outp	out terminal
C044 :F	PID deviation settin	g level

(1) Feedback selection

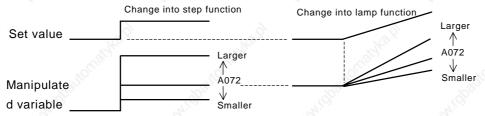
Select which analogue input terminals will be the feedback reference (A076).

Set the set frequency command selection with A001. (It should not be the same as the terminals selected with A076). Or when the control terminal 01 is set with A001, the setting of AT selection A005 is invalid. The contents changes when O2 is selected with A006.

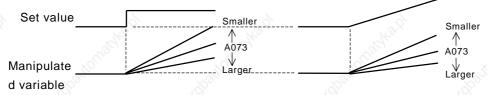
(2) Basic operation of PID control



- (3) Components of PID Kp:Proportional gain, Ti:Reset time, Td:Rate time, s:Operator, $\mathcal E$:Deviation
- [1] P action This is the action that the manipulated variable is in proportion to the command.



[2] I action This is the action that the manipulated variable increases with time in a straight line.



[3] D action This is the action that the manipulated variable is in proportion to the changing rate of command.



PI action combines above [1] and [2], PD action does [1] and [3], PID action does [1], [2] and [3].

(4) The adjustment of gain

Please adjust each gain according to the state as the following, when the response on the functional operation PID is not stable.

Inspite of changing command, the change of feedback signal is slow.

Raise P gain.

The feedback signal changes instantly but is not stable.

Lower P gain.

The command and feedback signal doesn't coincide instantly.

Lower I gain.

The feedback signal oscillates and is not stable.

Raise I gain.

In spite of raising of P gain, the response is slow.

Raise D gain.

When P gain is raised, the feedback signal oscillates and is not stable.

Lower D gain.

(5) The Maximum PID Deviation Level/Output

It is possible to establish the maximum deviation level C044 on PID control. When the PID deviation amount reaches the set level C044, it is possible to set an intelligent output.

C044 can be set from 0 to 100 and corresponds with the command; from 0 to maximum.

Assign 04 (OD) to intelligent output terminal 11, 12(C021, C022).

(6) Feedback monitor of PID

Feedback signal of PID can be monitored.

The monitor value can be displayed by the product of PID scale A075.

"Monitor display" = "Feedback (%)" x "A075 setting"

(7) PID integral reset

This is the function to clear integral value of PID action.

Assign 24(PIDC) to intelligent input terminal.

It is cleared whenever PIDC is turned ON.

Don't turn absolutely ON PID terminal during PID action, because there is a possibility of overcurrent trip.

Turn ON PIDC terminal after turning OFF PID action.

Automatic energy-saving operation function

This function regulates the inverter output power automatically to a minimum while operating at constant speed.

This fits for the load of reduced torque characteristic of fans or pumps. In case of operating by this function, set A085 to "01".

A086 can adjust the automatic operation, response time.

Set item	Function code	Deta	Contents	
Operation mode selection	.650	00	Normal operation	
	A085	01	Energy-saving operation	

A085:Operation mode
selection

A086: Energy-saving responseaccuracy adjustment

Set item	Function code	Deta	Response	Accuracy
Energy saving response / accuracy adjustment	A086	0 ↓ 100	Slow ↓ Fast	High ↓ Low

Two-stage acceleration and deceleration function (2CH)

By setting this function, it is possible to change the rate of acceleration and deceleration.

As methods to change the rate of acceleration and deceleration, you can select the method of changing by intelligent input terminal and the method of automatic changing by optional frequency. In case of changing by intelligent input terminal, assign 09(2CH) to an Intelligent input terminal.

- Relation code

F002/F202: 1st /2nd acceleration 1

F003/F203: 1st /2nd deceleration time 1

A092/A292: 1^{st} / 2^{nd} acceleration time 2

A093/A294: 1st /2nd deceleration time 2

A094/A294: 1st /2nd two-stage acceleration

and deceleration selection

A095/A295:1st /2nd two-stage acceleration

frequency

A096/A296: 1st /2nd two-stage deceleration

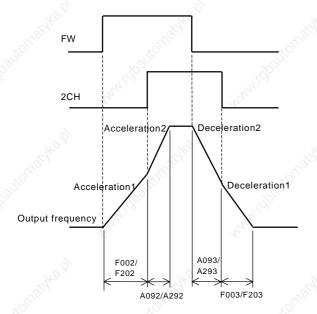
frequency

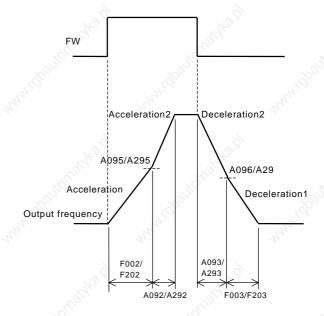
C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

	7-7-	7,7	
Set item	Function code	Data	Contents
Acceleration time 2	A092/A292	0.01-3600.	Unit : second (Example 1,2)
Deceleration time 2	A093/A293	0.01-3600.	Unit : second (Example 1,2)
Two-stage	18 July 19 Jul	00	Changing by intelligent input terminal 09 (2CH) (Example 1)
acceleration and A094/A294 deceleration selection		01	Changing by two-stage acceleration and deceleration frequency (A095/A295, A096/A296) (Example 2)
Two-stage acceleration frequency	A095/A295	0.00-400.0	Unit: Hz It is valid when two-stage acceleration and deceleration selection (A094/A294) is 01. (Example 2)
Two-stage deceleration frequency	A096/A296	0.00-400.0	Unit: Hz It is valid when two-stage acceleration and deceleration selection (A094/A294) is 01. (Example 2)

(Example 1) In to set A094/A294 to 00 case

(Example 2) In to set A094/A294 to 01 case





Acceleration and deceleration pattern

(1) Selection of pattern

Pattern of acceleration and deceleration speed is possible to set up corresponding to each system.

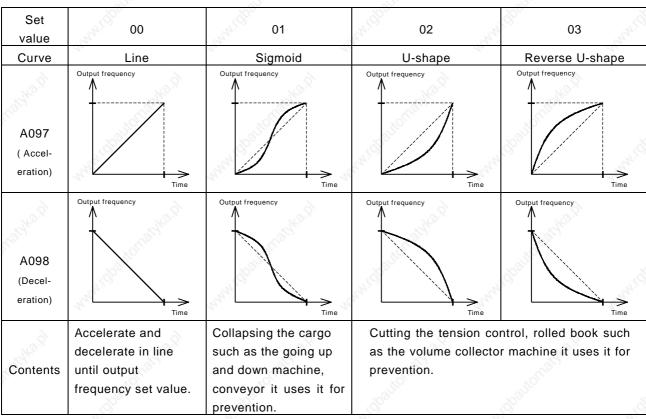
Select the pattern of acceleration and deceleration with A097 and A098.

Relation code

A097: Acceleration pattern selection

A098: Deceleration pattern selection

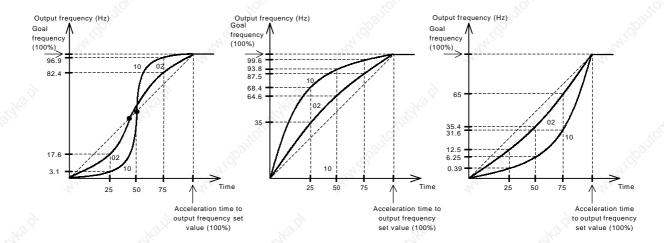
A131: Acceleration curve constant A132: Deceleration curve constant



It is possible to set the pattern of both acceleration, deceleration.

(2) The curve constant (the swelling degree)

It makes the rough sketch reference and please decide the swelling degree.



There is the range which the midway adjustable-speed time becomes fast in the S character pattern.

C026 :Alarm relay output

Instantaneous power failure / under-voltage

Instantaneous stop and start

(1) You can select whether the inverter trips or retries (restart) when an instantaneous power failure/under-voltage occurs. When retry function is selected with b001, and an instantaneous Stop/under-voltage trip occurs restart is tried 16 times and a trip will occur after 17 times. And when retry function is selected, and an over-current or an over-voltage occurs, restart is tried 3 times and a trip will occur on the forth time.

When an instantaneous power failure/under-voltage occurs, you can select execution of trip with b004.

		Relation code
1	b001	:Retry selection
	b002	:Allowable under-voltage power failure time
	b003	:Retry delay time
	b004	:Instantaneous power failure under-voltage
		trip during stop
	b005	:Instantaneous power failure under-voltage
		retry time time selection
	b007	:frequency setting to match
l	C021-	C022 :Intelligent output terminal

To select a retry function with b001, set the following retry mode correspondent to each system.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
740	The state of the s	00	Trip.
4		01	Restart from 0Hz on retry.
Retry selection	b001	02	Start equaling frequency on retry. (Example 1)
NO. Y	Sighter.	03	Start f-equaling and stop decelerating on retry. After stop, start trip. (Note 1)
Allowable under- voltage power failure time	b002	0.3-1.0	Units: second If the instantaneous power failure time is shorter than the set time, a restart will occur. (Example 1) If the instantaneous stop time is longer than set time, trip. (Example2)
Retry wait time	b003	0.3-100.	Units : second Delay before motor restart time.
" gg/ko "	***	00	Invalid Trip isn't caused and alarm isn't output.
Instantaneous power failure/under-voltage		01	Valid Trip is cause and alarm is output.
trip during stop (Note 2)		02	Invalid Trip isn't caused and alarm isn't output during stop and deceleration by stop command.
Instantaneous power	9	00	Restart to 16 times on instantaneous stop under-voltage.
failure/under-voltage retry time selection	b005	01	Restart freely on instantaneous stop under-voltage.
Frequency setting to match b007		0.00- 400.0	Units: Hz When the frequency of the motor during free-run is less than this set frequency, restart with 0Hz is caused. (Example 3,4)

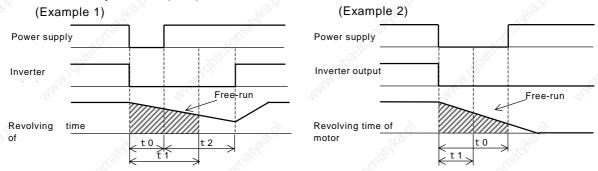
(Note 1) When trip of the over voltage or over current etc. occurs in the deceleration midway an instantaneous power failure error (E16) is displayed and operates free-run. In this case make the deceleration time of long

(Note 2) When using control power supply terminal R0-T0 and connecting DC voltage (P-N) to R0-T0, an under-voltage may be detected at power off and give trip signal. If this may cause any problem to your system, set data in 00 or 02.

F-equaling start: The inverter reads the motor r/m and direction and restarts the inverter to match these readings.

Retry function (b001: 02): The timing chart in case of selection is following.

- to :Instantaneous stop power failure
- t1 :Allowable under-voltage power failure time(b002)
- t2 :Retry waits time(b003)



After wait for t2 seconds according to t0 < t1, restart.

Trip according to t0 > t1.

(Example 3) Motor frequency(revolution time) >b007

Power supply

Inverter output

Motor frequency (revolution time)

Motor frequency (revolution time)

Free-run

Free-run

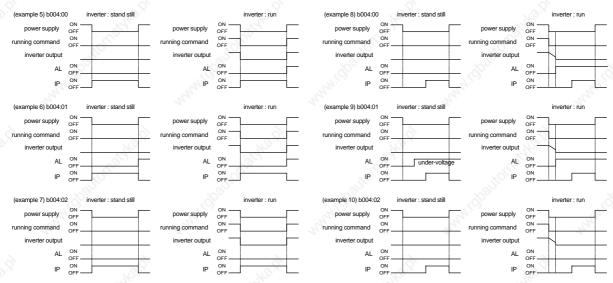
O

10

12

OHz start

- (2) Instantaneous power failure during stop alarm output during under-voltage
 Select yes/no of alarm output when instantaneous power failure or under-voltage occurs with b004.
 Alarm outputs while control power of inverter remains.
 - Alarm output at an instantaneous power failure and under-voltage during standstill.
 Standard (Example 5-7).
 Alarm signal performance when connecting DC voltage (P-N) to R0-T0 terminal. (Example 8-10).



- (3) It is possible to use an output by assigning the signal (IP: 08) during instantaneous stop, by setting (UV: 09) during under-voltage to an intelligent output terminal 11, 12(C021, C022) or alarm relay output terminal (C026).
- (4) If the instantaneous power failure time is longer than 1 second, please refer to the pages 4-48 Reset (RS).

Open phase protection function selection

This is the function to warn when the inverter input supplies opens.

Function code	Data	Description
1.000	00	Invalid Don't trip when the input supplies opens.
b006	01	Valid Trip when the input supplies opens.

Relation code b006:Open phase selection

When an open phase occurs, there is a danger that the inverter could produce one of the following states;

- (1) Ripple current of main capacitor increases, life of main capacitor shortens remarkably.
- (2) In case of load, there is danger that the capacitors or thyristors inside the inverter could be damaged.
- (3) There is a risk that the in-rush resistor to limit the current inside the inverter may burn out.

Electrionic thermal function

Set the Inverter according to motor rated current to protectthe motor from overloading, overheating and damage.

A warning signal is outputted before tripping on electronic thermal protection.

Relation code

b012/b212:1st/2nd electric thermal level b013/b213:1st/2nd electric thermal

characteristic selection

b015/b017/b019:free electric thermal frequency 1/2/3

b016/b018/b020:Free thermal current 1/2/3

C021-C022:Intelligent output terminal

C026:Alarm relay output terminal

C061:Thermal warning level

(1) Electronic thermal level

Fu	nction code	Setting range	Description
h	b012/b212	Rated Current x 0.2 to	Linita. A
D		Rated Current x 1.2	Units:A

(Example) L300P-110LFU

Motor current:44A

Setting range:8.8 to 52.8A

When electronic thermal level b012=44A, time limit characteristic is right diagram.

Trip time (s)

60

0.5

0

51

52.8

66

(116%) (120%) (150%)

Motor current (A)
(Ratio for inverter rated current)

(2) Electronic thermal characteristic

Frequency characteristic is added up to set value of b012.

Function	Deta	Electronic thermal
code	\ .	characteristic
	00	Reduced torque
- S	00	characteristic
b013/b213	01	Constant torque characteristic
77(0),	02	Free setting

When output frequency of general motor decreases, cooling function of self-cooled fan will fall.

Reduced torque characteristic is calculated according to heat of a HITACHI general motor.

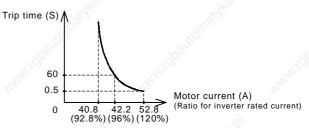
(a) Reduced torque charcteristic

To add to the time limit characteristic set with the reduced time rate b012/b212 by each frequency.

X1.0
X0.8
X0.6

| Inverter output Frequency (Hz)

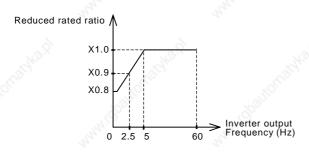
(Example)b012 = 44(A), when output frequency = 20Hz

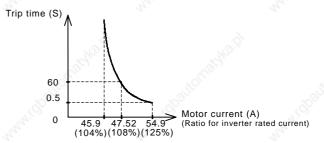


(b) Constant torque characteristic

Set this in to use constant torque motor case.

(Example)b012 = 44(A), when output frequency=2.5Hz.



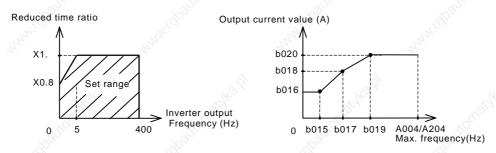


(3) Free/thermal characteristic

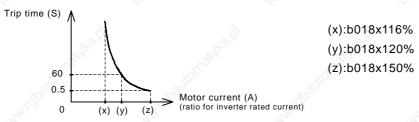
It is possible to set the electronic thermal characteristic freely according to the load in order to protect the motor and the Inverter.

Setting range is shown as follows;

Set item	Function code	Set range	Description
Free electronic thermal frequency 1/2/3	b015/b017/b019	0 to 400	Units : Hz
Free electronic thermal current 1/2/3	b016/b018/b020	0.0 0.1 to 999.9	disable Units : A



(Example) b012=44(A), output frequency=b017



(3) Thermal warning

A warning signal is outputted before overheat protection by the electronic thermal protection occurs. Warning level is set with C061.

Assign 13(THM) to an intelligent output terminal (C021, C022) or the alarm relay output (C061).

Function code	Data	Description
C061	0.	Thermal warning is noneffective
C061	1100.	Units: %

Overload restriction/Overload advance notice

(1) Overload restriction

The Inverter monitors the motor current on acceleration and constant speed,

When the inverter reaches the overload restriction level, the Inverter will reduce the output frequency automatically to restrict the overload.

This function prevents an over-current trip by inertia during acceleration or radical changes in load at constant speed.

Two kinds of overload restriction function are set with b021, b022, b023 and b024, b025, b026.

To change b021, b022, b023 and b024, b025, b026, assign 39(OLR) to an intelligent input terminal.

The current value this function operates at is set in overload restriction

Relation code

b021:Overload restriction selection
b022:Overload restriction level
b023:Overload restriction constant
b024:Overload restriction 2 selection
b025:Overload restriction level2
b026:Overload restriction constant2
C001-C005:Intelligent input terminal
C021-C022:Intelligent output terminal
C026:Alarm relay output setting
C040:Overload advance notice signal
output mode

C041: Overload notices level

The overload restriction constant is the time to decelerate to 0Hz from max. frequency. b021, b022, b023 and b024, b025, b026 is changed with OLR.

As this function operates, the acceleration time is longer than setting time.

If the overload restriction constant is set too short, in spite of accelerating, an over-voltage trip is caused with regenerative enegy from the motor on automatic deceleration by this function.

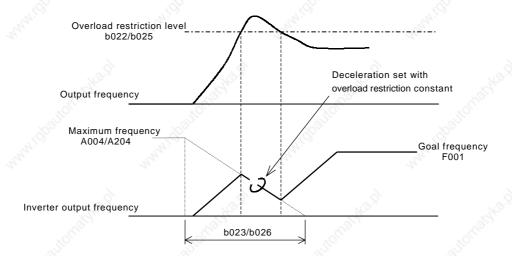
When this function operates in the midst of accelerating, the frequency will not reach the goal frequency, the Inverter will adjust in the following way.

Make acceleration time longer.

Raise torque boost.

Raise overload restriction level.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Overload	9	00	Invalid
restriction	b021/b024	01	Acceleration/valid on constant speed.
Selection.	Car,	02	Valid on constant speed.
Overload restriction Level.	b022/b025	Rated current x 0.5 to Rated current x 1.5	Units :A Current value overload restriction operates.
Overload restriction Constant.	b023/b026	0.1 to 30.0	Units :second Deceleration time when overload restriction Operates.



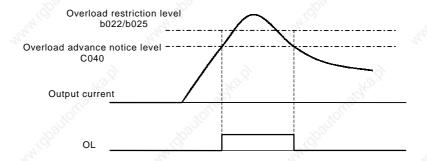
(2) Overload advance notice

When the load is high, it is possible to adjust the load again by outputting an overload advance notice.

It is used to prevent damage to the machine from too much load, i.e. baggage on a conveyor, the Inverter overload protection will operate.

Assign 03(OL) to an intelligent output terminal 11, 12 or the alarm relay output terminal.

. \"		. 1/2	
Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Overload advance notice	C040	00	On acceleration, constant speed, this is valid.
signal output mode selection	C040	01	On constant speed only, this is valid.
		0.0	Overload advance notice is non-effective.
Overload advance notice level	C041	0.1 to Rated current x	Units: A As load reaches overload advance notice level, OL signal is output.
	A	2.0	



Start frequency

This frequency is the value the operator must set before the Inverter will give an output.

Relation code = b082:Start frequency

Mainly used when an operator adjusts the start torque.

By setting the start frequency higher, direct starting is caused and the starting current increases. Therefore an overload is within the restriction range and the inverter has a tendency to trip on over-current protection.

	Function code	Set range	Description	The state of the s	
	b082	0.10 to 9.99	Units: Hz		
	FW	Vajaka is.	" (9,0), (3,0)		31 ² 5,
Ou	tput frequenc	b08 sy	32	MANAN TERRETAR	N ⁱ
					31°.5
Ou	tput voltage				
	"H1:920		← > b036	7,4190,0	

Reduced voltage start selection

This function is to raise the voltage slowly on motor starting.

The lower this value the more torque is available on starting.

However, by making this value lower, the inverter has a tendency of tripping on over-current protection, because of almost direct starting.

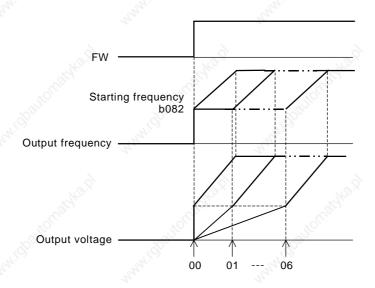
Relation code

b036:Reduced voltage

start selection

b082:Start frequency

Function	Doto	Time to take for reduced
code	Data	voltage starting
	00	No reduced voltage start
	01	Short (about 6ms)
b036	<u>```</u> ↑	1
"710,	\downarrow	↓
1900	06	Long (about 36ms)



BRD (dynamic braking) function

This function only operates with the L300P - 15kW and lower, as they have the built-in BRD.

This function is to consume regenerative energy from the motor as heat by the use of an external resistor.

Relation code

b090: BRD usage ratio

b095: BRD selection b096: BRD On level

Regeneration occurs when the motor is decelerated to quickly and the motor turns into a generator and voltage flows back into the Inverter.

To use the BRD function, set following condition.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
	- OLI 3	0.0	BRD don't operate.
BRD usage Ratio	b090	0.1-100.0	The usage ratio of BRD is set by 0.1% unit. When inverter exceeds the usage ratio, trip. BRD action ON ON ON 100 second Usage ratio (%) = $\frac{(t1+t2+t3)}{100 \text{ second}}$ X100
	b095	00	BRD don't operate.
Selection of BRD		01	During run: valid (BRD operates.) During stop: invalid (BRD doesn't operate.)
AGN .		02	During run, stop, valid (BRD operates.)
BRD ON	L000	(Note 1) 330-380	Units: V In case of 200V class inverter, setting is valid.
Level	b096	(Note 1) 660-760	Units: V In case of 400V class inverter, setting is valid.

(Note 1) BRD ON level is the voltage setting of the DC (direct current) voltage of the inverter.

Cooling fan operating selection

You can select whether the fan operates continuously or operates only when the inverter is in the running operation.

Function code	Data	Description
	00	Always run
b092	01	Only during run However, inverter operates for five minutes after power ON, and for five minutes after inverter operation stops.

Relation code b092:Cooling fan operation selection

Intelligent input terminal setting

It is possible to operate functions by assigning those functions to the intelligent input terminals 1-5 (C001-C005).

Relation code

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

The intelligent input terminals 1-5 can be selected individually whether the contact input specification is either a NO or a NC contact.

Two or more intelligent input terminals can't be assigned to be the same function.

If an intelligent input is assigned a function which is already assigned to another terminal it will automatically be restored back to the setting before.

Function Code	Data	Description	Reference item	Page
A	01	RV:Reverse command	Operation run	4-14
02 03		CF1:Multi-speed 1 (binary operation)	70 x	
		CF2:Multi-speed 2 (binary operation	Multi angel angustian function	4 40
	04	CF3:Multi-speed 3 (binary operation)	Multi-speed operation function	4-43
25.	05	CF4:Multi-speed 4 (binary operation)	200	3
	06	JG:Jogging	Jogging operation	4-44
The state of	07	DB:External DC braking	DC braking(external DC braking)	4-26
	08	SET:2 nd Set of Motor Data	2 nd Set of Motor Data	4-45
	09	2CH:Two-stage adjustable-speed	Two-stage adjustable-speed function	4-32
	11	FRS:Free-run stop	Free-run stop	4-46
	12	EXT:External trip	External trip	4-50
	13	USP:Unattended start protection	Unattended start protection function	4-49
	14	CS:Commercial change	Commercial change	4-47
	15	SFT:Software lock (control terminal)	Software lock	4-45
	16	AT:analog input voltage/current select	Analog external input	4-19
	18	RS:Reset inverter	Reset inverter	4-48
0004 0005	20	STA:3 wire start	9	
C001- C005	21	STP:3 wire stop	3 wire input function	4-50
	22	F/R:3 wire direction	"Uge,	
	23	PID:PID selection (valid/invalid)	DID to a still	4.00
.85	24	PIDC:PID integrating reset	PID function	4-30
	27	UP:Remote control UP function	The same of the sa	The.
	28	DWN:Remote control DOWN function	UP/DOWN function	4-49
	29	UDC:Remote control data clear		
	31	OPE:force operation ope	force operation ope function	4-55
	32	SF1:Multi-speed 1 (bit run)	16,	
	33	SF2:Multi-speed 2 (bit run)	100°	
	34	SF3:Multi-speed 3 (bit run)	Dr.	
	35	SF4:Multi-speed 4 (bit run)	Multi-speed operation function	4-43
	36	SF5:Multi-speed 5 (bit run)	"Aga,	all.
	37	SF6:Multi-speed 6 (bit run)	1,0	20
	38	SF7:Multi-speed 7 (bit run)		
	39	OLR:Overload restriction change	Overload restriction	4-38
	no	NO:No assign	- 12,	-

Input terminal a/b (NO/NC) selection

It is possible to set a contact input or b contact input to intelligent input terminals 1-5 and FW terminals individually.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Intelligent input 1-5	C011 C015	00	A contact(NO)
a/b(NO/NC)selection	C011-C015	01	B contact(NC)
Input FW	0040	00	A contact(NO)
a/b(NO/NC)selection	C019	01	B contact(NC)

Relation code

C011-C015: Intelligent input a/b (NO/NC) selection

C019 :Input FW a/b (NO/NC) selection

a contact: "ON" with Close, "OFF" with Open b contact: "ON" with Open, "OFF" with Close RS terminal can set only a contact.

Multi-speed operation function

It is possible to set multiple operation speeds and switch between the speeds with the terminals.

Multi-speed operation can be selected by binary operation(max. 16 speeds) with 4 terminals or by bit operation (max. 6 speeds) with 5 terminals.

_	XX	
Re	lation	COME

A019: Multi-speed selection

A020/A220: 1st/2nd/multi-stage speed

zero speed

A021-A035: Multi-speed 1-15

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

Set item	Functin code	Set value	Description
Multi-speed	4040	00	Change to binary operation 16 speed.
selection	A019	01	Change to bit operation 6 speed
Multi-speed 0-15	A020/A220-A035	0.00, start frequency- max. frequency	Units:Hz

(1) Binary operation

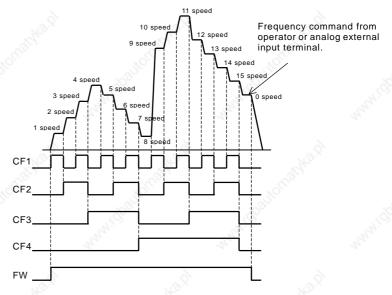
It is possible to set multi-speed 0 to 15 by selecting 02 to 05 (CF1 to CF4) on the intelligent input terminals.

Set frequency setting for speed 1 to 15 with A021-A035.

Set 0 speed with A020/A220 or F001 when frequency command is operator.

Or when frequency command is control terminal (Terminal), set with O, OI, O2 terminal.

Multi-speed	CF4	CF3	CF2	CF1
0 speed	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1 speed	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
2 speed	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
3 speed	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
4 speed	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
5 speed	OFF	ON	OFF .	ON
6 speed	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7 speed	OFF	ON	ON	ON
8 speed	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
9 speed	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
10 speed	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
11 speed	ON	OFF	ON	ON
12 speed	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
13 speed	ON	ON	OFF	ON
14 speed	ON	ON	ON	OFF
15 speed	ON	ON	ON	ON



(2) Bit operation

It is possible to set multi-speed 0 to 5 by assigning 32 to 38 (SF1-SF7) to the intelligent input terminals.

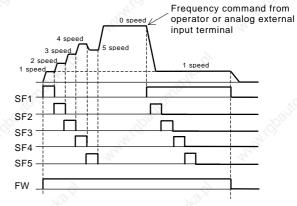
Set frequency SF1-SF7 to A021-A027.

				1000			
Multi-speed	SF7	SF6	SF5	SF4	SF3	SF2	SF1
0 speed	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1 speed	-		<u> </u>	-	-	-0	ON
2 speed	-	"-The	-	-		ON	OFF
3 speed	-	Co.	-	-	ON	OFF	OFF
4 speed	- 350	-	-	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
5 speed	350	-	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
6 speed	2	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
7 speed	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

When each terminal turns ON simultaneously, the lower number has priority. In order for the inverter to operate both

the frequency and the RUN operation (FW,RV) must be applied.

The L300P series can allocate it to 5 biggest terminals simultaneously.



Jogging operation(JG)

This function can be used to rotate the motor in small steps to allow fine-tuning.

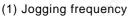
Set an intelligent input terminal to 06(JG).

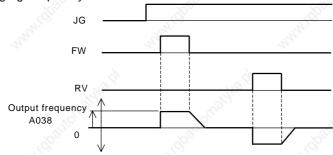
Relation code

A038 : Jogging frequency

A039 : Jogging selection

C001-C005 : Intelligent input setting





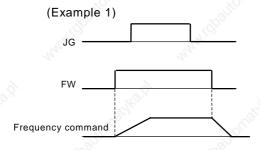
The jogging operation does not use acceleration, therefore it would be advisable to set the jogging frequency to limit the starting current to a minimum or tripping may occur. Adjust A038 to the jogging frequency required.

Function code	Data	Description
A038	0.0, start frequency-9.99	Units:Hz

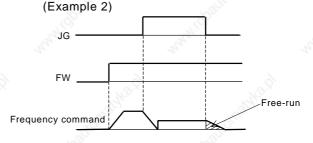
(2) Jogging operation selection

Function code	Data	Description	Jogging operation during run Valid / Invalid	
205	00	Free-run on jogging stop	Invalid (Evenne 4)	
01		Decelerating stop on jogging stop.	Invalid (Example 1)	
A039	A039 02	Direct braking on jogging stop.	(Note 1)	
(Note 2)	03	Free-run on jogging stop.(example2)	Valid (Everante 2)	
1	04	Decelerating stop on jogging stop.	Valid (Example 2)	
	05 Direct braking on jogging stop.		(Note 1)	

(Note 1) When using the jogging function, turn FW terminal or RV terminal ON after the JG terminal is turned ON. (It is the same when the operation command point is from the operator.)



When setting of A039 is 00,01 or 02 and FW signal is turned ON beforehand, the inverter doesn't operate jogging.



When setting of A039 is 03,04 or 05 and FW terminal is turned ON beforehand, the inverter operates jogging. But jogging terminal is turned ON beforehand, the inverter output is cut off.

(Note 2) In the case that the setting of A039 is 02 or 05, data setting of DB is necessary. When DB data is not setting, the inverter operates Free-run.

Second control function(SET)

This control function is used when the Inverter is connected to two different types of motors. By assigning 08(SET) to an intelligent input terminal and turning SET terminal ON/OFF you can switch between two different Inverter set-ups.

Select 2nd control function while the Inverter is in the STOP condition.

The functions which can change with SET terminal

F002/F202: 1st / 2nd acceleration time

F003/F203:1st / 2nd deceleration time

A003/A203:1st / 2nd base frequency

A004/A204:1st / 2nd max. frequency

A20/A220:1st / 2nd multi-speed 0 setting

A041/A241:1st / 2nd torque boost selection

A042/A242:1st / 2nd manual torque boost

A043/A243:1st / 2nd manual torque boost point

A044/A244:1st / 2nd control system

A061/A261:1st / 2nd frequency maxmum limiter

A062/A262:1st / 2nd frequency minimum limiter

A092/A292:1st / 2nd acceleration time 2

A093/A293:1st / 2nd deceleration time 2

A094/A294:1st / 2nd two-stage adjustable speed selection

A095/A295:1st / 2nd two-stage acceleration frequency

A096/A296:1st / 2nd two-stage deceleration frequency

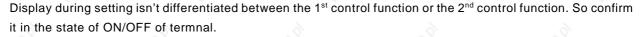
b012/b212:1st / 2nd electronic thermal level

b013/b213:1st / 2nd electronic thermal characteristic selection

H003/H203:1st / 2nd allowable motor selection

H004/H204:1st / 2nd allowable motor pole selection

H006/H206:1st / 2nd stabilized constant



Even if 1st / 2nd control is changed during run, it will not be active until the inverter is stopped.

Software lock mode selection(SFT)

This function is used to prevent changing data by mistake.

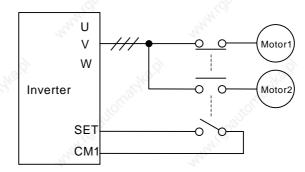
When you want to use an intellignent input terminal, assign 15(SFT). Below is the software lock code selection.

Relation code

031 :Software lock mode selection

C001-C005: Intelligent input setting

Function code	Data	SFT terminal	Description
00		ON/OFF	Write disable except for b031/write enable
01	01	ON/OFF	Write disable except for b031,F001,A020,A220, A021~A035,A038 / write enable
b024	02	-	Write disable except for b031
b031	03	-	Write disable except for b031,F001,A020,A220, A021~A035,A038
	10	- 200	Write disable except for change mode during running (code list reference)



b088

b003

b007

b091

Relation code

: Free-run stop selection

: frequency setting to match

: Stop mode selection

: Retry wait time

C001-C005: intelligent input terminal

Free-run stop (FRS)

By operating the free-run stop (FRS) function, the inverter output is cut off.

The motors will free wheel under its own momentum.

This function is used when the motor is to be stopped by the use of a brake, like an electromagnetic brake.

If you stop the motor with a machine brake while the inverter is still Outputting to the motor an over-current trip may occur.

Assign 11(FRS) to an intelligent input terminal.

This free-run stop function will operate when the FRS terminal is ON.

If you turn FRS terminal OFF the inverter will restart after the retry wait time b003 passes.

However when the operation command selection A002 is set to control terminal (01), the inverter restarts during free-running.

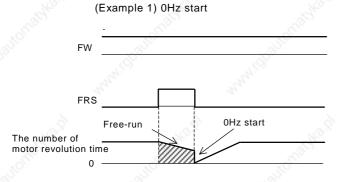
This function will only operate when the FW terminal is ON.

On restart it is possible to select 0Hz start or matching frequency start as output methods with the free-run stop selection b088. (Example 1, 2)

When you set the frequency setting b007 to match and the frequency detected is under this setting when the free-run stop is released, the inverter is restarted from 0Hz.

The setting of this function is valid for selection b091 on stopping.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Francisco Coloctico	L000	00	0Hz start (Example 1)
Free-run stop Selection	b088	01_0	Equaling frequency start (Example 2)
Retry wait time	b003	0.3-100.	Units: second Time until restart after FRS terminal is OFF. (This is also used for Instantaneous restart.)
Frequency setting to match	b007	0.00-400.0	Units: Hz (instantaneous stop, reference to item of insufficiency) This sets the level to match frequency. (Refer to item of instantaneous stop and restart.)



Start 0Hz regardless of the motor speed. On 0Hz start, the retry wait time is disregarded. When 0Hz start is used and the motor speed is still high there is the possibility of over-current trips. FRS

The number of motor revolution time

0

Start equaling frequency

(Example 2) Equaling start

After FRS terminal is switched OFF, the Inverter reads the frequency of the motor and when it reaches the value in b007 the Inverter will begin to RUN again.

On frequency matching start if an over-current trip occurs, try extending the retry time.

Commercial power source switching(CS)

This function is used for systems with an excessive amount of starting torque requirements. The motor would be started direct-on-line and then when the motor had started the inverter would take over. This function

Relation code b003 : retry waiting time b007 : frequency setting to match C001-C005 : Intelligent input terminal

OFF

Frequency matching and

operation

Operation

is comonly used to reduce the costing of the inverter. For example, a system may

require 55kW to start but only 15kW to run at constant speed. Therefore, a 15kW rated inverter would be sufficient when using the commerical power source switching. Assign 14(CS) to an intelligent input terminal. Using the example below. When the motor has been started direct-on-line, Mg2 is switched OFF and Mg3 is switched on. With the Forward command to the inverter already on the CS terminal is switched on and Mg1 is closed. The Inverter will then read the motor RPM and when the CS terminal is switched OFF the retry wait time (b003) is started.

Once the wait time has elapsed the inverter will then start and match the frequency which is set (b007).

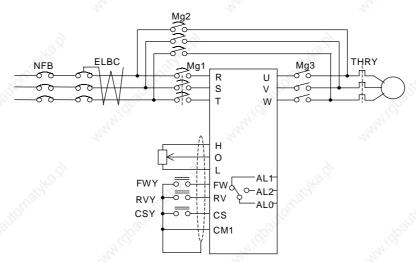
When the Earth Leakage Breaker (ELB) trips on ground fault, the commercial circuit will not operate. When a backup is required, take the supply from the commercial circuit ELBC.

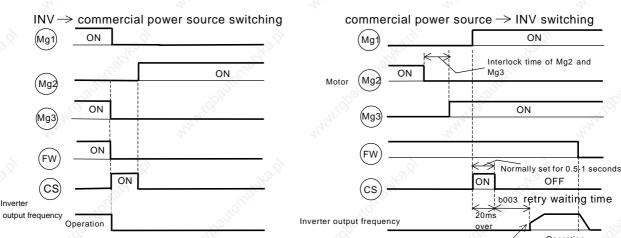
For FWY, RVY, CSY, use control relays. The sequence above is reference to the circuit and timing diagram below.

If an over-current trip occurs when frequency matching, extend the retry wait time (b003).

When the power is supplied to the inverter, also it is possible to activate retry operation too. In this case, follwing CS terminal is out of necessary. For more information, refer to Reset(RS).

Connection figure example and timing on commercial power source switching





Reset (RS)

This function resets the inverter when a protective trip has occurred. The method of reset is to either push the STOP/RESET key on the digital operator or to switch the RS terminal ON.

To reset the inverter with the control terminal, assign 18(RS) to an intelligent input terminal.

Relation code

b003: Retry waiting time

b007: Frequency setting to match

C102: Reset selection

C103: Reset frequency matching

selection

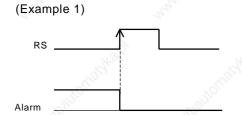
Reset frequency matching selection C103 selects whether the inverter restarts

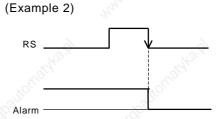
at 0Hz or the inverter matches the output frequency after the reset operation is complete.

Reset selection C102 selects when the alarm signal is cancelled and whether it is valid or invalid in normal operation.

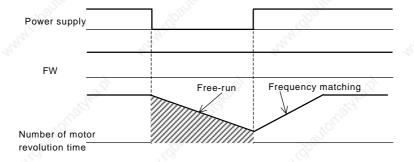
The RS terminal is valid only when the contact is set to NO.

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Retry waiting time	b003	0.3-100.	Units: seconds (Reference to items of instantaneous power failure or under-voltage) After reset, time until restart is tried.
Frequency setting to match	b007	0.00-400.0	Units: Hz (Reference to items of instantaneous stop/under-voltage)
"Mallog	"THIS	00	On ON signal, trip cancel (Example 1) On normal, this is valid (output cuts off).
Reset selection	C102	01	On OFF signal, trip cancel (Example 2) On normal, valid (output cuts off)
Mr. y.		02	On ON signal, trip cancel (Example 1) On normal, this is invalid. (only trip cancel)
Reset frequency matching	C102	<u></u> 00	0Hz start
selection	C103	01	Frequency matching start. (Example 3)





(Example 3) When 01 (frequency matching) is selected with reset frequency matching selection C103, it is also possible to operate frequency start on power ON again. And retry waiting time is disregarded at the time of the setting C103:00 (0Hz start).



<u>Unattended start protection (USP)</u>

The USP function is designed as a fail safe to prevent accidental starting of the Inverter if the RUN signal is ON when

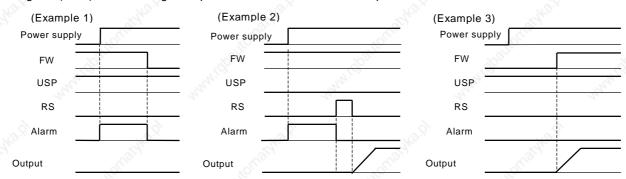
Relation code

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

the power is restored to the Inverter. When this function worked E13 is displayed. Either resetting the Inverter or turning the RUN signal OFF can clear the trip

This function is able to disarm when the operation command is turned off. (Example 1)

If the trip is cancelled while the RUN signal is still ON then the inverter will restart automatically.(Example 2) When the operation command is turned on after the power supply input, the inverter drives normal. (Example 3) Assign 13(USP) to an intelligent input terminal. Unattended start protection is shown as follows;



UP/DOWN selection(UP/DWN)

The Inverter output frequency can be changed with the UP and DWN intelligent input terminals.

— Relation code

C101 :UP/DOWN memory selection

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

Assign 27(UP) and 28(DWN) to two of the intelligent input terminals 1-5.

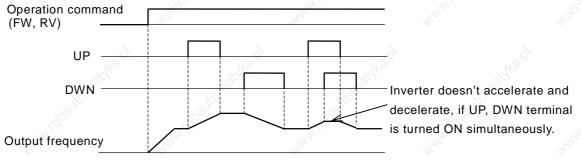
This function is valid only when the frequency command selection A001 is set to 01 or 02. However, when 01 (control terminal) is set, this can only be used for multi-speed operation.

This function will not operate when the external analog frequency command or the jogging operation is used. Acceleration time operates according to F002, F003/F202, F203 when UP/DWN terminal is ON.

To change 1st /2nd control, assign 08(SET) to an intelligent input terminal, change with SET terminal.

It is possible for the Inverter to retain the frequency setting value from the UP/DWN terminals. Parameter C101 switches the memory On or OFF. It is also possible to clear the memory and return to the original set frequency. Assign 29(UDC) to an intelligent input terminal and switch it on to clear the memory.

Function code	Data	Description
0404	00	This will not memorize the frequency command adjusted with UP/DWN. When power is turned ON again, set value is returned to the value before it was adjusted with UP/DWN.
C101	01	This memorizes the frequency command adjusted with UP/DWN. When power is turned ON again, set value is kept the value after it was adjusted with UP/DWN.



External trip (EXT)

This function can be used to force the Inverter into a trip situation which is switched by an external input, i.e. PLC or relay contact.

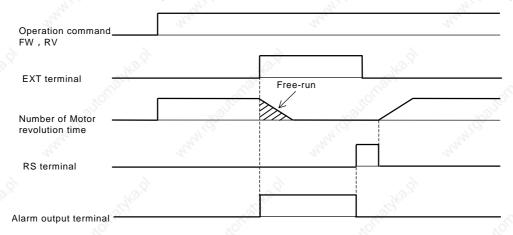
Relation code

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

When the EXT terminal is switched ON, the inverter trips on an E12 error and the output switched OFF. Assign 12(EXT) to an intelligent input terminal.

The trip will not be canceled when the terminal is turned OFF.

To cancel the trip, the reset signal must be applied or the Inverter switched OFF and ON again at the supply.



3 Wire input function(STA, STP, F/R)

This function is used when a momentary push start/stop control is required.

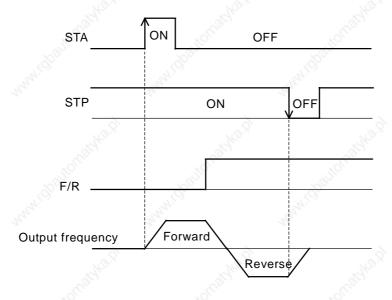
Relation code

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

Set the operation command selection A002 to control terminal (01).

Assign 20 (STA), 21 (STP) and 22 (F/R) to three of the intelligent input terminals, and the operation becomes possible as follows. When the terminal is assigned STP terminal, FW terminal and also RV terminal become invalid. If all three inputs are not assigned this function will not operate.

The FW terminal and RV terminal become redundant when the 3 wire control is assigned to the intelligent input terminals. Output from the 3 wire control terminal is as follows;



Intelligent output terminal setting

Any of the following functions can be assigned to the intelligent Output terminals (11 or 12) or the alarm relay.

Both intelligent output terminals 11 and 12 and the alarm relay are all relay outputs.

All three output relays can be selected to be either NO or NC (a or b).

Relation code

C021-C022 : Intelligent output terminal

C026 : Alarm relay output terminal setting

Data	Description	Reference item	Page
00	RUN:Signal during run	Signal during run	4-53
01	FA1:Frequency arrival signal at the time of constant speed	No.	4.50
02	FA2:Frequency arrival signal at the time of over setting frequency	Frequency arrival signal	4-53
03	OL:Overload advance notice signal	Overload advance notice signal	4-38
04	OD:output deviation for PID control	PID function	4-30
05	AL:Alarm signal	Protection function	-
06	FA3:Arrival signal for only setting frequency	Frequency arrival signal	4-53
80	IP:Instantaneous stop signal	Instantanceus eten/under veltege	4.24
09	UV:Under voltage signal	Instantaneous stop/under-voltage	4-34
11	RNT:RUN time over	RUN time over	4-55
12	ONT:ON time over	Power ON time over	4-55
13	THM:Thermal caution	Electric thermal function	4-38

Intelligent output terminal a/b (NO/NC)selection

This sets the intelligent output terminal 11,12 and alarm relay output terminal contact condition to either NO or NC, (a or b).

Each output is changeable individually.

Relation code

C031-C032: Intelligent output 11,12a/b (NO/NC) selection

C036: Alarm relay output a/b (NO/NC) selection

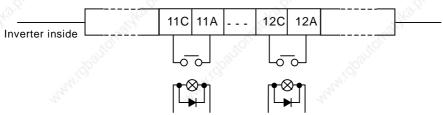
Both intelligent output terminals 11 and 12 and the alarm relay are all relay outputs.

Set item	Function code	Data	(950, 0	escription
Intelligent output 11,12	C024 C022	00	A contact(NO)	Contact specification
A/b(NO/NC) selection	C031-C032	01	B contact(NC)	AC 250V 5Amax
Alarm relay output	0000	00	A contact(NO)	Contact specification
A/b(NO/NC)selection	C036	01	D ((())	AL1-AL0:AC 250V 5Amax AL2-AL0:AC 250V 2Amax

a contact: Close with {ON}, open with {OFF}. b contact: Open with {ON}, close with {OFF}.

(1) Specification of the intelligent output terminals 11 and 12

Specification of the intelligent output terminals 11 and 12 is as follows;



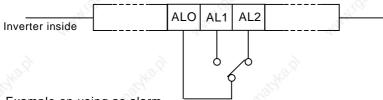
Contact Specification

C031,		KD.X	State of output
C032	Power supply	Output description	terminal 11
Set value	705	28	or 12 terminal
00	0200	ON	Close
00	On	OFF	Open
(a contact)	Off	-7 ₁₁ ,	Open
0.4	0.5	ON	Open
01 (b contact)	On	OFF	Close
	Off	Hs., -	Open

	The same	Resistor	Inductor
	190	load	load
	Maximum	AC250V, 5A	AC250V, 1A
8	2	DC30V, 5A	DC30V, 1A
	Minimum	DC1V 1mA	.(0)
		14.	A.

(2) Specification of the alarm relay output terminal

The specifications of the alarm relay output terminal is a changeover contact. Action is as follows.



Example on using as alarm

- 20				
C036	Power State of		State of output terminal	
Set value	source	inverter	AL1-AL0	AL2-AL0
0.0	0	On abnormal	Close	Open
00	On	On normal	Open	Close
(a contact)	Off	18 ³	Open	Close
01 (b contact)	On	On abnormal	Open	Close
		On normal	Close	Open
	Off	-	Open	Close

Contact Specification		Resistor load	Inductor load
AL1-AL0	Maximum	AC250V, 2A DC30V, 8A	AC250V, 0.2A DC30V, 0.6A
ALT-ALU	Minimum	AC100V, 10mA DC5V, 100mA	
AL2-AL0	Maximum	AC250V, 1A AC250V, 0.2A DC30V, 1A DC30V, 0.2A	
ALZ-ALU	Minimum	AC100V, 10mA DC5V, 100mA	

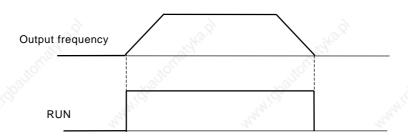
Signal during run (RUN)

This function is to provide an output signal when the Inverter is in a running condition.

Assign 00(RUN: signal during run) to an intelligent output terminal 11,12 or the alarm relay output terminal.

The signal is still outputted when the dc braking operates.

The signal is not outputted when the output frequency is 0Hz , and when the status of the inverter is retry. Operation is as follows;



Frequency arrival signal (FA1, FA2, FA3)

When the output frequency arrives at the set frequency, an arrival signal is outputted.

Assign 01(FA1:constant speed arrival signal), 02(FA2:over setting frequency) or 06(FA3: only setting frequency) to an intelligent output terminal 11, 12 or the alarm relay output terminal.

Hysteresis frequency arrival signal is the following.

When ON: ON with (1% of setting frequency – maximum frequency)(Hz)

When OFF: OFF with (2% of setting frequency – maximum frequency)(Hz)

However in to set 06(FA3) case when inverter accelerate.

When ON :(1% of setting frequency – maximum frequency)(Hz)

When OFF: (2% of setting frequency + maximum frequency)(Hz)

When inverter decelerates

When ON: (1% of setting frequency + maximum frequency)(Hz) When OFF: (2% of setting frequency – maximum frequency)(Hz)

Set item	Function code	Data (Hz)	Description
Acceleration	C042	0.0	Arrival signal at acceleration is OFF.
arrival frequency	C042	0.01-400.0	Arrival signal at acceleration is ON.
Deceleration	0042	0.0	Arrival signal at deceleration is OFF.
arrival frequency	C043	0.01-400.0	Arrival signal at deceleration is ON.

Relation code

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal C021,C022: Intelligent output terminal C026: Alarm relay output

J26:	Alarm	relay	output
		1,00	

Relation code

C026

C042

C043

C021,C022: Intelligent output terminal

: Alarm relay output

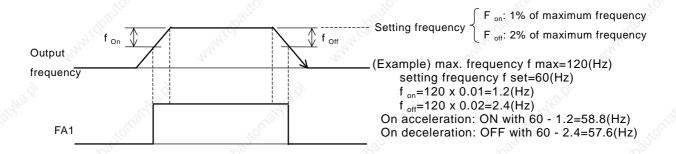
:Acceleration arrival frequency

:Deceleration arrival frequency

(1) Output on constant speed arrival (01:FA1)

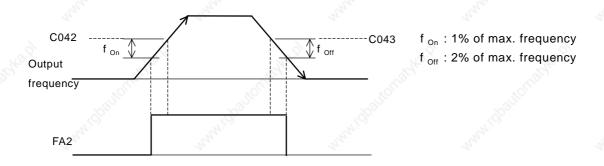
When the inverter arrives at the set frequency with frequency setting (F001, A020,A220) or multi-speed (A021-A035),

the output relay is switched.



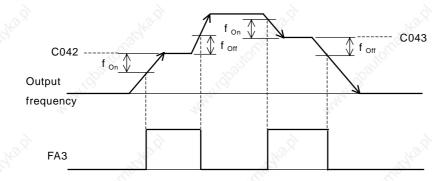
(2) Output over setting frequency (02:FA2)

When the output is over the arrival frequency set in C042, C043 on adjustable speed time, the output relay is switched.



(3) Output setting frequency (06:FA3)

The signal is switched only when the output frequency matches the arrival frequency set in C042, C043 on adjustable speed time.



f _{On}: 1% of max. frequency f _{Off}: 2% of max. frequency

RUN time / power ON time over (RNT/ONT)

When the accumulated operation time reaches or is over the Setting time in b034, RUN time/power ON time over (RNT/ONT) output is switched.

Relation code

b034 : Warning time level

C021,C022: Intelligent output terminal

C026 : Alarm relay output terminal

d016 :Accumulation time monitor during RUN

d017 :Power ON time monitor

Function code	Data	Description
10	0.	Don't operate.
b034	19999.	Set by 10-hour unit.
	1000-6553	Set by 100 hours unit. (10000-65530 hours)

(1) Run time over (RNT)

Assign 11(RNT) to an intelligent output terminal 11, 12 (C021, C022) or the alarm relay output terminal (C026).

Set ON time level with b034.

(2) Power ON time over (ONT)

Assign 12(ONT) to an intelligent output terminal 11, 12 (C021, C022) or the alarm output terminal, (C026). Set ON time level with b034.

Force operation ope function

This function is used to operate from the operator forcibly by on/off of an intelligent terminal when frequency and operation command is selected other than the operator.

Relation code

A001: Frequency setting selection

A002: Operation command selection

C001-C005: Intelligent input terminal

Becoming the operation from the frequency and operation command that was selected by A001 and A002 if the signal is off, and becoming the frequency and operation command from an operator forcibly if the signal is on when the compulsion operation function is selected by an intelligent input selection.

When changed the operation command while driving, operation command is canceled and become stoppage at first.

Operation command from each command input the operation command once again as the stoppage at first for driving once again.

Setting item	Function cord	Setting value	Contents
	(1)	00	Potentiometer the digital operator has
		01	Terminal
Francisco commend calcution	A001	02	Operator
Frequency command selection		03	RS485
		04	Option 1
- 0000		05	Option 2
	10 th line	01	Terminal
	KO.	02	Operator
Operation command selection	A002	03	RS485
		04	Option 1
	20	05	Option 2
Intelligent input selection	C001-C005	31	OPE : Compulsion operation

FM terminal

The FM control terminal can monitor the output frequency and output current. FM terminal is a PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) output.

- Relation code C027: FM selection b081: FM adjustment

(1) FM selection

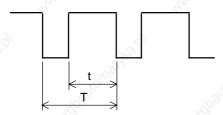
Select a signal to output from the following options.

When 03(digital frequency) is set a digital frequency counter meter is required.

Use an analog meter for all other output signals.

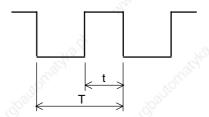
Function code	Data	Description	Full scale value
	00	Output frequency (Example 1)	0-Max. frequency(Hz)
Zan.	01	Output current (Example 1)	0-200%
0007	03	Digital output frequency (Example 2)	0-Max. frequency(Hz)
C027	04	Output voltage (Example 1)	0-100%
	05	Input electric power (Example 1)	0-200%
	06	Thermal load ratio (Example 1)	0-100%
85	07	LAD frequency (Example 1)	0-Max. frequency(Hz)

(Example 1) Set value:00, 01, 04, 05, 06, 07



Period T: constant (6.4m) Duty t/T : change

(Example 2) Set value: 03



Period T: change Duty t/T: 50%fixed

(2) FM adjustment

This function is used to calibrate a meter connected to the FM terminal.

Function code	Set range	Description
b081	0255.	Change one by one.

(Calibration methods)

- (1) Connect meter to FM-CM1.
- (2) Adjust b081 so that the meter is reading the same as the output frequency on your scale.

(Example) When output frequency is 60Hz, change value of b081 so that meter is 60Hz.

AM terminal, AMI terminal

The AM terminal and the AMI terminal can monitor the output frequency or the output current.

The AM terminal has an analog output of 0-10V.

The AMI terminal has an analog output of 4-20mA.

(1) AM, AMI selection

Select a signal to output from the following options;

Relation code

b080 : AM adjustment C028 : AM selection C029 : AMI selection

C086: AM offset adjustment

C087: AMI adjustment

C088: AMI offset adjustment

Set item	Function code	Data	Contents	Full scale value
12.	15.	00	Output frequency	0-Max. frequency(Hz)
30	Sign .	01	Output current	0-200%
AM selection/	C000/C000	04	Output voltage	0-100%
AMI selection	C028/C029	05	Input electric power	0-200%
Man Man Co	M.	06	Thermal load ratio	0-100%
		07	LAD frequency	0-Max. frequency(Hz)

(2) AM adjustment, AMI adjustment

This function is used to calibrate a meter connected to the AM and AMI terminal.

Set item	Function code	Data	50	WINDS.	Descri	ption	11/1/20	8	
AM adjustment	b080	0255.	After offset memory.	adjustment	with	C086,	adjust	according	to
AM offset Adjustment	C086	0.0-10.0	Units : V		-X+	3.0		Wa G	
AMI adjustment	C087	0255.	After offset memory.	adjustment	with	C088,	adjust	according	to
AMI offset adjustment	C088	0.0-20.0	Units : mA	"M'[QQ_0			'' ₁ '' ₁ '' ₁ ''	5-	

External thermistor(TH)

Temperature protection of the external machine is possible by the use of a Thermistor fitted to your motor.

Wire the thermistor between control terminals TH and CM1.

Set the following function according to the thermistor specification.

Relation code

b098: Thermistor selection b099: Thermistor error level C085: Thermistor adjustment

Set item	Function code	Set value	Contents
io _U ia,		00	Invalid (No temperature protection by external thermistor)
Thermistor selection	b098	01	Valid normal temperature/factor resistance element (For PTC)
Nagar.	200	02	Valid (For NTC)
Thermistor error level	b099	09999.	Units: OHM Set the resistance value of temperature for trip according to thermistor methods.
Thermistor adjustment	C085	0.0-1000.	Use this as gain adjustment.

Initialization setting

It is possible at any time to reinitialize the Inverter parameters back to there factory default. The trip history can also be cleared at any time, however, if problems occur it will be difficult to fault find without the trip history for reference. Initialization details are as follows;

Relation code

b084: Initialization selection

b085: Initial data selection

Set item	Function mode	Data	Description
Initialization selection	4	00	This clears only trip history.
	b084 b085	01	This only initializes setting value. Setting value becomes the state on factory forwarding.
		02	This clears trip history and initializes setting.
Initial data M		00	Initializing setting for Japan.
Initial data selection		01	Initializing setting for Europe
		02	Initializing setting for America.

(Initialization methods)

After setting the above parameters, initialize as follows;



(1) Hold down the FUNC, UP and DOWN key and then press the STR key. When the display starts to flash and rotate release all the keys.



(2) During initializing Above display is for Japan. Other displays are below.



(3) When "d001" is displayed in the monitor, initialization is complete.

During initializing for Europe.

During initializing for America.

During initializing of trip history.



The display revolves on the left.

Display selection

This function can be used to limit what the digital operator can display.

Relation code

b037 :Display selection

U001-U012 : User selection

Set item	Function code	Data	Description				
10		00	All display				
Display	b027	01	Function individual display (Display, no display by item set)(Example 1)				
selection	1 ' N h03/	02	User setting and b037 Only item set by user selection of U001-U012 is displayed. (Set U001-U012 first.)				
User	User		No assignment.				
selection	U001-U012	d001-P031	Select the code to display. (All code is an object.)				

(Example 1) When the Display selection (b037) is set to 02, only the programmed parameters are displayed.

To set which parameters are displayed insert code groups in parameter U001-U012.

The table below shows which parameter groups can be displayed and what code is used in U001-U012.

No	Function to restrict display	Data	Code to be restricted display	Note
1	A001	01	A005,A006,A011-A016,A101-A105, A111-A114,C081-C083,C121-C123	O,OI,O2 terminal function
2	A002	01,03,04,05	b087	Stop key function
_	A019	00	A 0.00 A 0.05 (N.).	100
3	C001-C005	02,03,04,05	A028-A035 (Note)	Multi-speed function
4	A044,A244	02	b100-b113	Control methods
5	A051	01	A052-A059	DC control
6	A071	01	A072-A076,C044	PID function
7	A094	01	A095-A096	2 stage adjustable frequency
8	b013,b213	02	b015-b020	Electric thermal characteristic
9	b021	01,02	b022,b023	Overload restriction
10	b024	01,02	b025,b026	Overload restriction2
11	b095	01,02	b090,b096	BRD function
12	C001-C005	08	A203,A204,A220,A241-A244,A261,A262 A292,A293,A294-A296, b212,b213,H203 H204,H206	2 nd control
13	- Allin	11	b088	Free-run stop
14	C021,C022,C026	02,06	C042 ~ C043	Frequency arrival signal
15	A094	01	A095,A096	2 nd two adjustable
16	A294	01	A295,A296	frequency
17	b098	01,02	b099,C085	Thermistor function
18	C001-C005	06	A038,A039	jogging function
19	A097	01,02,03	A131	Acceleration curve constant
20	A098	01,02,03	A132	Deceleration curve constant
21	C001-C005	27,28,29	C101	UP/DWN selection
22	2 001-0005	18	C102	Reset selection

(Note) If attach all the spite individually data, of A019, C001-C005 and do not do the setting A028-A035 is not displayed.

Stabilized factor

When the motor is hunting or unstable, this function can be adjusted to help stabilize the motor.

Relation code

H006/H206: 1st /2nd stabilized factor

When the motor is unstable, check the allowable motor selection (H003/H203) and motor pole selection (H004/H204) with your motor. If their code data is different from your motor specification, set the right data. When R1 of usage motor is less than R1 of regular motor, raise the set value of H006/H206 gradually. When you operate greater motor than rated capacity of inverter, lower the set value of H006/H206.

The following two functions can also assist to reduce hunting or rattling of a motor.

- (1) Lower the carrier frequency (b083).
- (2) Lower the output voltage gain (A045).

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
Output gain	A045	20100.	Units :% Lower this when hunting occurs.
Carrier	L000	0.5-12.0 (11 to 75kW)	Units :kHz
frequency	b083	0.5-8.0 (90 to 132kW)	Lower this when hunting occurs.
Stabilized factor	H006/H206	0255.	Raise or lower when hunting occurs.

Operation selection on option error

When an add-in option is the cause of a protective trip this function can be used to switch the trip facility off and allow the Inverter to carry on in it's operation.

Relation code

P001: Option1 operation selection on error P002: Option 2 operation selection on error

Set item	Function code	Data	Description
	2	00	TRP: inverter trip and output alarm when option error occurs.
Operation selection on optional error	P001/P002	01	RUN: inverter ignores this and continues operation when option error occurs.

Motor constant

Set each constant according to the motor you use.

In case of using several motors in parallel, set the constant

values that are closest to the total capacity of the belonging motor.

Relation code

H003/H203: 1st /2nd allowable motor selection

H004/H204: 1st /2nd motor pole selection

Reduced torque or instability may occur while using auto torque boost function if these settings are incorrect

Communication function

Serial communication is possible from the Inverter to any external equipment using RS485 protocol. This function is built-in as standard and is controlled by the TM2 control terminals.

Relation code

A001: Frequency selection

A002: Operation command selection

C070: Data command

C071: Communication transmission speed

C072: Communication code
C073: Communication bit
C074: Communication parity
C075: Communication stop bit

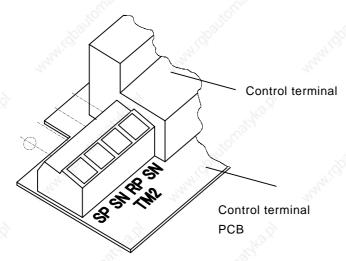
C078: Communication waiting time

(1) Communication specification

Item		Specification	Notes
Transmissio	on speed	2400/4800/9600/19200 bps	Selection with operator
Communica	tion methods	Half duplex communication methods	41.0
Synchronizi	ng methods	Direct current transmission	My,
Transmissio	n code	ASCII code	
Transmissio	n methods 👌	Transmission from lower bit	6
Communica	tion interface	RS485	Mo.
Data bit		7/8 bit	Selection with
		40,	Operator
Parity		No parity/even/odd	Selection with
			Operator
Stop bit		1/2 bit	Selection with
			Operator
Start metho	ds 💍	One-way start form by command of host side	9
Waiting time	•	0-1000[ms]	Setting with
			operator
Connect for	m 🚜 📉	1:N (N = Maximum 32)	Station number is
			selected with
		74. A.E.	operator.
Error check		Overrun / Fleming / BCC / Vertical / Horizontal parity	24

<RS485 port specification and connection>

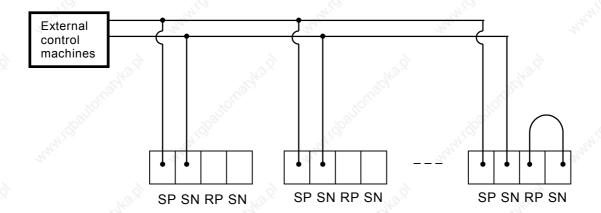
Use TM2 of controls terminal PCB for RS485 communication function.



Abbreviation name	Description
SP	Transmission and reception + side
SN	Transmission and reception - side
R P	Terminal resistance valid terminal
SN	Terminal resistance valid terminal

Connect each inverter in parallel as shown below. It is necessary to short terminals RP and SN on the last inverter in the link (even if communication is to only one inverter the link should still be made).

By shorting between RP and SN, the terminal resistance is increased and controls the reflection of the signal.



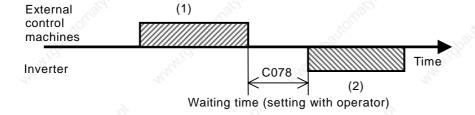
(2) Setting

The following settings are required to operate RS485 communication.

Set item	Function code	Set value	Description
NIE.	" Charles	02	Operator
Data assurable d		03	RS485
Data command	C070	04	Option 1
4,	2,	05	Option 2
		02	Loop-back test
		03	2400 bps
Communicating transmission speed	C071	04	4800 bps
	Zalitoto;	05	9600 bps
		06	19200 bps
Communication code	C072	1 to32	This assigns the station number of the inverter. This is used when you control more than one simultaneously.
Q	C073	7	7 bit
Communication bit		. 8	8 bit
120	2	00	No parity
Communication parity	C074	01	Even parity
Page 1	1021	02	Odd parity
O a manual de la materia	0075	1 🔬	1 bit
Communication bit	C075	2	2 bit
Communication waiting time	C078	0 to 1000	Units :ms (3) Communication procedure reference

(3) Communication protocol

The method of the communication protocol is shown below in the time diagram.



The following is indicated.

- (1): Frame transmitted from external control machines to the inverter
- (2): Frame replied from inverter to the external control machines

Frame (2) from the inverter is a reply to frame (1) from the external control machine, the active output is not operated.

The commands are shown below;

Command list

Со	mmand	Command description	Advisability of all code	Notes	Maria
	00	Forward / backward / stop command	✓		
	01	Setting of frequency command	✓	9	
	02	Setting of intelligent terminal state	✓	Mo.	
	03	Collective reading of monitor data	- 79/2		
	04	Reading of inverter state	-0°	200	
	05	Reading of trip history	~9 ₂ ,	2000	
	06	Reading of 1 setting item	(g)"-	(9)	
	07	Setting of 1 set item	72/2 1	744.	
	08	Returning of each set value to initial value	*	This doesn't operate unlesset to (01 or 02). (Clear origin)	
	09	This checks whether set value can be Conserved to EEPROM or not.	"Itoluges.	"IIQUIII	
	0A	This conserves set value to EEPROM	William 1	141. (D) 00	
	0B	Recalculation of internal constant.	1	Mr.	

Explanation of each command is the following.

- (i) 00 command: This controls the forward, backward and stop command. (Set up A002 in 03 in the case that this command is used.)
 - Transmission frame

Frame format

STX Code Comma	and Data	всс	CR
----------------	----------	-----	----

" Care	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code (Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32, and FF(broadcast)
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	00
Data	Transmission data	1 byte	(Note 1) Reference
BCC	Bloc check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data
CR	Control code (Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(Note 1)

Data	Description	Note
0	Stop command	
1	Forward command	7
2	Reverse command	

(Example) When you transmit forward command to code 01

Reply frame

On normal reply : (4) - (i) reference
On abnormal reply : (4) - (ii) reference

- (ii) 01 command: This is to set frequency command. (Set up A001 in 03 in the case that this command is used.)
 - Transmission frame

Frame format

STX Code Command	Data	всс	CR
------------------	------	-----	----

~	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code (Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32, and FF (broadcast)
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	01
Data	Transmission data (tenth ASCII code)	6 byte	(Note 2) Reference
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data
CR	Control code (Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(Note 2) When you set code 01 for 5Hz

(STX)|01|01|000500|(BCC)|(CR)

ASCII conversion 02|30 31|30 31|30 30 30 35 30 30|30 35|0D

(Note) The data is 100 times as big as set value.

(Example) 5(Hz)→ 500→ 000500 → 30 30 30 35 30 30 ASCII

Reply frame

On normal reply : (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply : (4) - (ii) reference

- (iii) 02 command: This sets the state of the intelligent terminals.
 - Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	Data	всс	CR
-----	------	---------	------	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code (Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32, and FF (broadcast)
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	02
Data	Transmission data	16 byte	(Note 3) reference
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code (Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(Note 3) Data (sixteenth) of intelligent terminal and contents (The details refer to intelligent input terminal function.)

The second secon	Control of the contro	Mar.	1/20
Data (sixteenth)	Description	Data (sixteenth)	Description
0000000000000001	FW: forward command	000000000100000	STA: 3 wire start
00000000000000002	RV: reverse command	0000000000200000	STP: 3 wire stop
0000000000000004	CF1: multi-speed1(binary operation)	0000000000400000	F/R: 3 wire direction
800000000000000	CF2: multi-speed2(binary operation)	000000000008000000	PID:PID selection (valid/invalid)
000000000000010	CF3: multi-speed3(binary operation)	0000000001000000	PIDC: PID integral reset
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	CF4: multi-speed4(binary operation)	0000000002000000	A -
0000000000000040	JG: jogging(inching operation)	0000000004000000	70×
080000000000000000000000000000000000000	DB: external DC control	0000000008000000	UP: remote operation Accelerating speed
0000000000000100	SET: 2 nd control	0000000010000000	DWN: remote operation Decelerate speed
0000000000000200	2CH: two stage adjustable speed	0000000020000000	UDC: remote operation data clear
0000000000000400	-	0000000040000000	-
008000000000800	FRS: free-run stop	0000000080000000	OPE:Force operation ope
000000000001000	EXP: external trip	0000000100000000	SF1: multi-speed(bit run)
0000000000002000	USP: unattended start protection	0000000200000000	SF2: multi-speed(bit run)
000000000004000	CS: commercial change	0000000400000000	SF3: multi-speed(bit run)
000800000000000000000000000000000000000	SFT: software lock (control terminal)	0000000800000000	SF4: multi-speed(bit run)
000000000010000	AT: analog input voltage/current select	0000001000000000	SF5: multi-speed(bit run)
0000000000020000	Hy Hu.	0000002000000000	SF6: multi-speed(bit run)
0000000000040000	RS: reset	0000004000000000	SF7: multi-speed(bit run)
0000000000080000	- 6	0000008000000000	OLR: overload restriction setting

(Example) When you make (forward), (multi-speed1) and (multi-speed2) active on inverter setting of code 01, the calculation of data is

(STX)|01|02|00000000000000D|(BCC)|(CR)

Reply frame

On normal reply: Refer to (4) - (i)
On abnormal reply: Refer to (4) - (ii)

(iv) 03 command: This reads monitor data collectively.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	всс	CR
		P(200)		

Replay frame

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	03
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data(5) Reference
CR	Control code (Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Frame format

STX Code Data BCC CR

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code (Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Data	Data	104 byte	(Note 4) reference
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code (Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(Note 4) Each monitor value

	1.17.34		4.17.2		5 P.O	
Monitor item	The same of the sa	Units	Compe	Data	Explanation	
			-titive	size	-010°	
		7777	rate	ò		
Output frequency		Hz	x100	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	_
Output current	12	Α	x10	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	p z
Revolution directio	n 💤	-	-	8 byte	0: stop, 1: forward, 2:backward	Upper
PID feedback mon	tor	%	x100	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	bite
AIntelligent input mo	nitor	-	-d	8 byte	(Note 5) reference	ē.
Intelligent output m	nonitor	-	No.X	8 byte	(Note 6) reference	İ
Frequency convert	ing monitor	- ,	x100	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	
, of 1	-	70,,-	-	8 byte	(0000000)padding data	
Output voltage mor	nitor	V	x10	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	:
Electric power mor	nitor	kW	x10	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	·lower
Th		-	-	8 byte	(00000000) padding data	4
RUN time monitor	27,	h	x1	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	bite
ON time monitor		h	x1	8 byte	Tenth ASCII code	(D

(Note 5) Intelligent input terminal monitor

Item	Data
FW (Forward terminal)	00000001
1 (1st terminal)	00000002
2 (2 nd terminal)	00000004
3 (3 rd terminal)	80000000
4 (4 th terminal)	00000010
5 (5 th terminal)	00000020

(Note 6) Intelligent output terminal monitor

Item	Data
AL (Alarm terminal)	00000001
11 (11 th terminal)	00000002
12 (12 th terminal)	00000004

(v) 04 command: This reads the state of the inverter.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

		1.0		100
STX	Code	Command	BCC	CR

8	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	04
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Replay frame

Frame format

STX Code Data BCC	CR
-------------------	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Data	Data on trip	8 byte	(Note 7) reference
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(Note 7)The data to indicate status contents of inverter is constructed from the following three factors [A), B), C)].

	Data	Status A	Status B	Status C	00 (reservation)
--	------	----------	----------	----------	------------------

Inverter status A)

Code	Status
00	Initial status
01	Vdc on waiting settlement
02	On stopping
03	On running
04	On FRS
05	On JG
06	On DB
07	On reading frequency
80	On retrying
09	On UV
10	On TRIP
11	On waiting reset
	V

Inverter status B)

Code	Status
00	On stopping
01	On running
02	On tripping

Inverter status C)

Code	Status
00	2
01	Stop
02	Deceleration speed
03	Constant speed
04	Acceleration speed
05	Forward
06	Reverse
07	Reverse from forward
80	Forward from reverse
09	Forward start
10	Reverse start

(vi) 05 command: This reads trip history data.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	всс	CR
		200		200

.:00%	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Cord	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	05
ВСС	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Replay frame

Frame format:

STX Code	Data	всс	CR
----------	------	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Data	Each monitor data on trip	440 byte	(Note 8) reference
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Note 8) The monitor data (trip history) on trip memorizes the last six errors with an accumulated count number (8byte).

6.3.	10.			
Accumulated	Trip history 1		Trip history 6	
count number	The history i	9	9	

Monitor item	Units	Magnifi cation	Data size	Notes	
Trip factor	-	27	8byte	Cord display	_
Inverter status A)	-	-	8byte	04 command	Upper
Inverter status B)	- 6	-	8byte	Note 7 reference	୍ର
Inverter status C)	150.	-	8byte	Note / reference	
Output frequency	Hz	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	
Output current	Α	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	l –
Current voltage	V	x10	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	.O
Accumulated RUN time	hour	x 1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	_ower
Power source ON time	hour	x1	8byte	Tenth ASCII code	Ι,

(vii) 06 command: This reads 1 set item.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	Parameter	всс	CR
		.750	~700		

~	Explanation	Data size	Value	
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)	
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32	
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	06	
Parameter	Parameter number of data	4 byte	(Note 9)	
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference	
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	code(Carriage Return) 1 byte CR (0x0D)		

(Note 9) The range of parameter to get,

F002-, A001-, b001-, C001-, H003-, P001- (F001 uses 01 command.)

Replay frame

Frame format

On normal reply: (4) - (i) Reference

STX Code ACK Data BCC CR	STX	Code	ACK	Data	всс	CR
--------------------------	-----	------	-----	------	-----	----

200	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
ACK	Control code(ACKnowledge)	1 byte	ACK (0x06)
Data	Data (tenth ASCII code)	8 byte	(Note 10)
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(Note 10) When data is the selected item, this transmits and receives corresponding to station number.

On abnormal reply: (4) - (ii) reference

(viii) 07 command: This sets 1 set item.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

	STX	Code	Command	Parameter	Data	всс	CR
Ī		72.		777		7.7.	

240	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32, FF(broadcast)
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	07
Parameter	Parameter number of data	4 byte	(Note 9)
Data	Data of parameter (Tenth ASCII code)	8 byte	(Note 10)
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Reply frame

On normal reply : (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply : (4) - (ii) Reference

(ix) 08 command: This returns each set value to initial value.

This works in conjunction with initial selection (b084). If b084 is 00, the trip history is cleared.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	всс	CR
_			100)

(9)	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Cord	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32, FF(broadcast)
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	08
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Replay frame

On normal reply : (4) - (i) Reference
On abnormal reply : (4) - (ii) Reference

- (x) 09 command: This checks whether it is possible to store set value to EEPROM or not.
 - Transmission frame

Frame format

STX	Code	Command	всс	CR
-----	------	---------	-----	----

7	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	09
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

• Transmission frame

Frame format

Ì	STX	Code	ACK	Data	всс	CR
---	-----	------	-----	------	-----	----

_0	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX Control code(Start of TeXt)		1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
ACK	Control code(ACKnowledge)	1 byte	ACK (0x06)
Data	Data	2 byte	Allowance with 01 00: Prohibition
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

On normal reply: (4) - (i) Reference

(xi) 0A command: This stores the set value to the EEPROM.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

		1.00		5.13	
STX	Code	Command	BCC	CR	

, (dbalte	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	0A
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Replay frame

On normal reply: (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply: (4) - (ii) Reference

(xii) 0B command: This recalculates the internal motor constants.

This function is required when base frequency and parameter of H... is changed by RS485 communication.

• Transmission frame

Frame format

ģ	STX	Code	Command	всс	CR
---	-----	------	---------	-----	----

	Explanation	Data	Value
Sec	3000	size	300
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
Command	Transmission command	2 byte	0B
BCC	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

Reply frame

On normal reply : (4) - (i) Reference On abnormal reply : (4) - (ii) Reference

(4) Acknowledge / Negative acknowledge response

(i) Acknowledge response

Reply frame

Frame format

STX	Code	ACK	всс	CR
-----	------	-----	-----	----

	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
ACK	Control code(ACKnowledge)	1 byte	ACK(0x06)
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code(Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(ii) Negative acknowledge response

Reply frame

Frame format

STX Code NAK Error code BCC CR

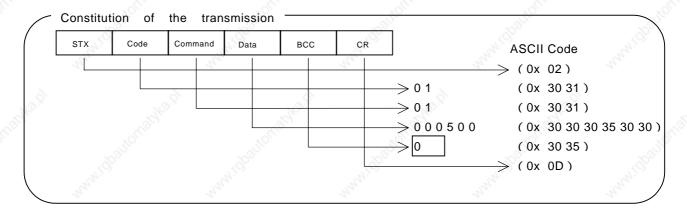
MAH	Explanation	Data size	Value
STX	Control code(Start of TeXt)	1 byte	STX (0x02)
Code	Station number of inverter	2 byte	01-32
NAK	Control code (Negative ACKnowledge)	1 byte	NCK(0x06)
Error code	Error contents of Communication	2 byte	(Note 11)
всс	Block check code	2 byte	Exclusive OR of Code, Command and Data (5) Reference
CR	Control code (Carriage Return)	1 byte	CR (0x0D)

(Note 11) Error code list

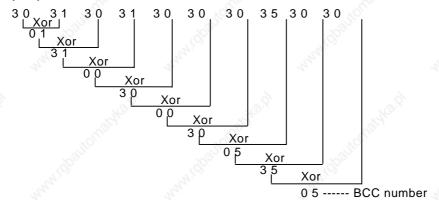
Inverter doesn't reply on all code communication.

(5) About the calculation method of BCC (the Block Check Code)

(Example) 5Hz is set up by using 01 commands (the setting of the frequency command). (when the code of the inverter of the object is "01")



BCC is the result that transforms the Code ~ Data into ASCII Code and took an EXCLUSIVE OR (Xor) every 1byte. In the case of the above transmission frame, BCC calculates it as follows.



(Appendix) ASCII code transformation table

Character data	ASCII code
STX	0 2
ACK	06
CR	0 D
NCK	15
0	3 0
1 3	3 1
2	3 2
3 10	3 3
4	3 4
5	3 5
6	3 6
7	3 7
8	3 8
9	3 9

Character data	ASCII code
Α	4 1
M [™] B	4 2
С	4 3
D	4 4
Е	4 5
F	4 6
H M	4 8
P ATT	5 0

(6) Communication test mode

The communication test mode checks the communication line of RS485.

(The communication test mode procedure)

- (i) Please remove the wiring of terminal unit TM2 of the control terminal unit foundation, to do the loop back check.
- (ii) Please set up the following with the operator of the inverter.

 Please set up C071 (Communication transmission speed selection) to 02 (Loop Back Test).
- (iii) Shut the power supply of the inverter at first and please turn on the power supply once again. The check is started.
- (iv) When the check ends the display is as follows.

Normal :	L	-	-	0
Abnormal :		-	-	Š

(v) Please push the reset button of the digital operator or copy unit. And, the setting of C071 is returned to the setting of an original request.

4.4 Protection function list

4.4.1 Protection function

Name	Description	ROLLINGANO	Display of digital panel operator	Display of remote operator/ Copy unit ERR1***
"I'Q ₂₂	11/10 ²⁰	At constant Speed	EO I	OC. Drive
nn n	Motor is restricted and decelerates rapidly, excessive current is drawn through the inverter and there is a	On deceleration	503	OC. Decel
Over-current protection	risk of damage. Current protection circuit operates and the inverter output is switched off.	Speed On acceleration speed	E 8 3	OC. Accel
ig, Ougan,	output is switched on.	Other	E84	Over. C
Overload protection (note 1)	When the Inverter detects an overloathe internal electronic thermal overloathe inverter output is switched off.		E 8 5	Over. L
Braking resistor overload Protection	When BRD exceeds the usage regenerative braking resistor, the over-voltage circ the inverter output is switched off.		E08	OL. BRD
Over-voltage protection	When regenerative energy from the the maximum level, the over-voltage and the inverter output is switched of	circuit operates f.	E07	Over. V
EEPROM error (note 2)	When EEPROM in the inverter is sub- noise or unusual temperature rise output is switched off.	s, the inverter	E08	EEPROM
Under-voltage	When the incoming voltage of inve- control circuit can't operate correctly. The circuit operates and the inverter out off.	under-voltage	E09	Under. V
CT error	When an abnormality occurs to detector) in the inverter, the investigation of the switched off.		E 18	CT
CPU error	When a mistaken action causes an e in CPU, the inverter output is switche		E ! !	CPU
External trip	When a signal is given to the EXT terminal, the inverter output is switch (on external trip function select)		E 12	EXTERNAL
USP error	This is the error displayed when the in restored while still in the RUN mode. (Valid when the USP function is sele	E 13	USP	
Ground fault protection	When power is turned ON, this detect between the inverter output and the r		E 14	GND. FIt
Incoming over-voltage protection	When the incoming voltage is his pecification value, this detects it for then the over-voltage circuit operates output is switched off.	or 100 seconds and the inverter	E 15	OV. SRC
Temporary power loss protection	When an instantaneous power failure than 15ms, the inverter output is swithe instantaneous power failure wait that and the power has not been restored a normal power failure. However, when the operation common with restart selection the inverter please be careful of this.	E 16	Inst. P-F	
Abnormal temperature	When main circuit temperature raises cooling fan, the inverter output is swi		E 2 1	OH. FIN
Gate Array error	Communication error between CPU indicate	and gate array	E 2 3	GA
Open-phase protection	When an open-phase on the input su inverter output is switched off.	pply occurs the	E 24	PH. Fail
IGBT error	When an instantaneous over-current the output the inverter output is switch the main devices.		E 3 0	IGBT

Name	Description	Display of digital panel digital operator	Display of remote operator/ Copy unit ERR1***
Thermistor error	When the Inverter detects a high resistance on the thermistor input from the motor the inverter output is switched off.	E 35	[₩]
Option 1 error 0-9	These indicate the error of option 1. You can realize the details each instruction manual.	<u> </u>	OP1 0-9
Option 2 error 0-9	These indicate the error of option 2. You can realize the details by each instruction manual.	E70 - E79	OP2 0-9
During under-voltage waiting	When the incoming voltage of the inverter has dropped, the inverter output is switched off and the inverter waits.		UV. WAIT

(Note 1) After a trip occurs and 10 second pass, restart with reset operation.

(Note 2) When EEPROM error **E 18** occurs, confirm the setting data again.

(Note 3) Protection function list of optional board.

(1)Digital-input option board (SJ-DG)

4.	1, 1,	Display of	Display of remote
Item	Contents	digital panel.	operatorERR1***
SJ-DG Error	Detect abnormal connection between the inverter main bady and SJ-DG	E60.0 , E70.0	OP1-0 , OP2-0

(2)DeviceNet option board (SJ-DN)

Item	Contents	Display of digital panel.	Display of remote operator ERR1***		
DeviceNet communication error	This error is displayed, disconnection occurs when BusOff or timeout is occurred, while the inverter is operating with DeviceNet. (Trip is caused by P045 and P048 setting)	E60.0 , E70.0	OP1-0 OP2-0		
Duplicate MACID	This error indicates that component have the same MACID, which exist on the same network.	E6 I.O , E7 I.O	OP1-1 OP2-1		
External trip	This error is displayed, when Fault / Trip is set to 1 toward control supervisor object data: Instance 1, Attribute 17.	E62.0 , E72.0	OP1-2 OP2-2		
Inverter communication error	This error is displayed, when communication timeout occurs between the inverter and the option board.	E69.0, E79.0	OP1-9 OP2-9		

(Note 4)If the inverter doesn't run normally or the inverter trips, check the dip switch and/or rotary switch setting on optional board.

(1)Digital-input option board (SJ-DG)

Dip	Dip switch Rotary switch								and setting	Torque limit setting	Position setting
T'	YPE 🧠	CODE		19/1		5	Setting reso	olution	- 65		, d
Swit	ch No.	Setting code	0.01Hz	0.1Hz	1Hz	Rate	0.01sec	0.1sec	1sec	1%	1pulse
	Topla,	0	0			12/2		1/2/4/			22
	7,	1	- 20	0		20		2.			Ì
	PAC (One time	2			20	1					
12.7	input	3		N	3.×	0	123.7			(B)X	
<i>'</i> G'.	mode at	4		100			79/2		. A.	0	1
	OFF)	5		10			(O),		401		100
BIN	1030	6	X	<i>(</i> ************************************		300		,	X000		0
(Binary	41.00	0	4/6			410	0	24,5	9		4/6
input at OFF)	The same	1	0			17.20		0		3	2,
/		2	1						0		
BCD		3			0		0.0			9	
(BCD input at	DIV	4		0.1	0		Theo.	0		B.,	
ON)	(Dividing	5		Mar.			-C ₀ ,		0		0 8
	input mode at	6		130.			0		720.	1	0,30
	ON)	7	6.	30	0	.95,		0	70,0		1900
	"Tay"	8	22/2			44		24,	0		Thy.
	220	9				13	0	47,		3	
		Α						0			
20,		B			.0		-8		0	20)	

(2) DeviceNet option board (SJ-DN)

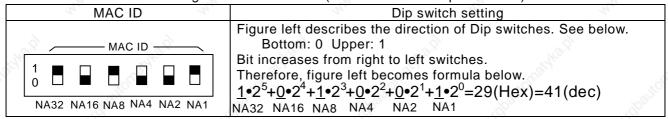
The table below is the setting method of Baud rate (Front view of the option board.).

(★, ↑ indicate direction for switch of Dip switch)

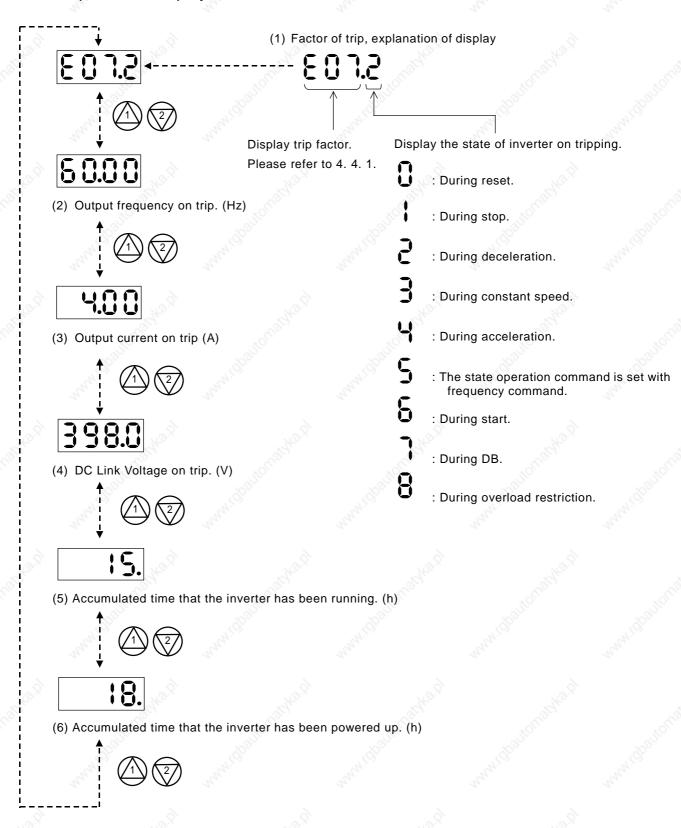
Baud rate	125kbps	250kbps	500kbps
Dip switch Setting	ON OFF DR1 DR0	ON OF DR1 DR0	ON OFF DR1 DR0

(Note) Do not switch on DR1 and DR0 at the same time.

The table below is the setting method of MAC ID (Front view of the option board)



4.4.2 Trip monitor display



4.4.3 Warning Monitor display

Warning messages will appear when the data set is contradicting to others.

Program lamp (PRG) turns ON during the warning (until the data is changed).

Relation code

d090 : Warning Monitor

Below is the description of the warnings.

Warning	Codes	<, >	Basic code
= 001/ = 201	frequency upper limiter A061/A261	>	No.
= 002/ = 202	frequency lower limiter A062/A262	>	Maximum frequency
= 004/ = 204	Base frequency A003/A203 (Note 1)	>	A004/A204
- 005/ - 205	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	· / /	(A)
= 006/ = 206	Multi stage speed 1~15 A021~A035	>0	an"
- 012/ - 212	frequency upper limiter A062/A262	>	
= 015/ = 215	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	>	frequency upper limiter
= 016/ - 216	Multi stage speed 1~15 A021~A035	>	A061/A261
- 021/ - 221	frequency upper limiter A061/A261	<	frequency lower limiter
- 025/ - 225	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	<	A062/A262
- 031/ - 231	frequency upper limiter A061/A261	<	2, 2,
- 032/ - 232	frequency lower limiter A062/A262	<157	Help.
- 035/ - 235	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	<	Starting frequency b082
- 036	Multi stage speed 1~15 A021~A035		
1±1037	Jogging frequency A038	<	78'5.
_ 085/ _ 285	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	<>	Jump frequency 1/2/3 +- Jump width A063+-A064
l <u>-</u> l086	Multi stage speed 1~15 A021~A035	<>	A065+-A064 A065+-A066 A067+-A068 (Note 2)
<u>-</u> 091/ <u>-</u> 291	frequency upper limiter A061/A261	>	
- 092/ - 292	frequency lower limiter A062/A262	>	3
<u> -</u> 095/ <u>-</u> 295	Output frequency F001, Multi stage speed 0 A020/A220	>	Free v/f frequency 7 b112
^{© 1} -¦096	Multi stage speed 1~15 A021~A035	>	ALIE .
	Free v/f frequency 1~6 b100, b102, b104, b106, b108, b110	>	
	Free v/f frequency 2~6 b102, b104, b106, b108, b110	<	Free v/f frequency 1 b100
	Free v/f frequency 1 b100	>44	Free v/f frequency 2 b102
	Free v/f frequency 3~6 b104, b106, b108, b110	<	Tree v/i frequency 2 5102
4.1	Free v/f frequency 1, 2 b100, b102	>	Free v/f frequency 3 b104
l=l110	Free v/f frequency 4~6 b106, b108, b110	<	1 Too V/1 Hoquency o b To T
	Free v/f frequency 1~3 b100, b102, b104	>	Free v/f frequency 4 b106
	Free v/f frequency 5, 6 b108~b110	<	
	Free v/f frequency 1~4 b100, b102, b104, b106	>	Free v/f frequency 5 b108
	Free v/f frequency 6 b110	<	0
447	Free v/f frequency 1~5 b100, b102, b104, b106, b108	>27	Free v/f frequency 6 b110
	Free electronic thermal frequency 2, 3 b017, b019	<	Free electronic thermal frequency 1 b015
¦∃120	Free electronic thermal frequency 1 b015	>	Free electronic thermal
120	Free electronic thermal frequency 3 b019	<	frequency 2 b017
	Free electronic thermal frequency 1, 2 b015, b017	>	Free electronic thermal frequency 3 b019

Warning is cleared when the setting fulfils the above condition.

Data will be changed automatically to the basic code.

(Note 1) In case of this, the Base frequency will be changed to Maximum frequency. Because it has the possibility that the motor is damaged according to the value, please set the correct data when the |-| 004/ |-| 204 will appear.

(Note 2) The jump frequency will be automatically re-written to the lowest jump frequency (= Jump frequency - jump width)

WARNING

• After a lapse of more than 10 minutes after turning off the input power supply, perform the maintenance and inspection.

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.

 Make sure that only qualified persons will perform maintenance, inspection and part replacement. (Before starting the work, remove metallic objects from your person (wristwatch, bracelet, etc.)

(Be sure to use tools protected with insulation.)

Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

5.1 Precautions for Maintenance/Inspection

5.1.1 Daily inspection

Every day before operation check the following;

- [1] Does the motor operate according to the settings?
- [2] Is there any trouble with the surroundings of the installation?
- [3] Is there any trouble with the cooling or ventilation system?
- [4] Is there any abnormal vibration or sound?
- [5] Are their any signs of over-current or discoloration?
- [6] Is their any unusual odour present?

Check the input voltage to the inverter by using a meter during running

- [1] Is the supply voltage constant?
- [2] Are all the phases of the supply balanced?

5.1.2 Cleaning

Make sure that the inverter is not dirty when operating.

Wipe clean with a soft cloth and synthetic detergent or ethanol.

(Note) Don't use solvents containing any of the following, acetone, benzene, toluene, alcohol etc. as they can cause melting of the inverter surface, peeling of paint. Never clean the display part of the digital operator with detergent or alcohol.

5.1.3 Regular inspection

Inspections should be regularly carried out on the parts that can't be inspected while the inverter is running.

- [1] Is there any trouble with the cooling system? - Cleaning of air filter etc.
- [2] Check that all screw terminals and fixings are tight as they may loosen due to vibration or temperature change etc.
- [3] Is there any corrosion, damage to insulators?
- [4] Measurement of insulation resistance.
- [5] Check of cooling fan, smoothing capacitor, relay and exchange if necessary.

5.2 Daily inspection and regular inspection

Inonoction	Inonestian	2	Inspection cycle		on	2	2	
Inspection parts	Inspection item	Inspection item	Daily	Reg	ular	Inspection methods	Decision standard	Meter
-9jg),		² C),	Da	1 year	2 year	200	24,	
	Surroundings	Check temperature of surrounding, humidity, dust.	0			Refer to 2.1 Installing.	Temperature range is between -10 and 40 degrees. No dew present and humidity is below 90%.	Thermometer, hygrometer, recorder
Whole	Whole equipment	Is there abnormal vibration, abnormal sound?	0			By watching, hearing.	No trouble.	"MAIL
	Power voltage	Is main circuit voltage normal?	0			Measurement of inverter terminal R, S, T phase voltage	Within alternating voltage allowable change.	Tester, digital multi- meter
ortalika s	Whole	(1) Megger check Between circuit terminal and earth terminal (2) Are all screws terminals tight? (3) Is there any sign of over-voltage? (4) cleaning	70 ₈	0 00	0	(1)After you remove connector J61 from inside the inverter take out the wiring of input/output of inverter main circuit terminal and control terminal, measure beween parts shortened terminal R,S,T,U, V,W,P,PD,N,RB and earth terminal with megger. (2)Incremental clamping. (3)Watch.	(1)To be over 5M ohm. (2)(3) No abnormality .	DC500V class megger
	Connection conductor/ electric line	(1)Is there warp in conductor? (2)Is there any damage		0 0	,9,	(1)(2) By watching	(1)(2) No abnormality	
	Terminals	of coating of wires? Is there any damage?		0		By watching.	No abnormality.	
Main circuit	Inverter parts Converter parts	Resistance check between each terminal.	8011		0	Take out connect of inverter, measure terminal between R,S,T and P,N, between U,V,W and P,N with tester x 1 Ohm range.	Refer to check method of 5.5 inverter, converter parts.	Analog form tester
	Smoothing capacitor	(1) Is there any liquid? (2) Does relief valve come out? Is there any swell? (3) Measure of allowable static-electricity.	00	24	0	(1),(2) By watching. (3)Measure with capacity measure.	(1),(2) No abnormality (3) Over 80% of rated capacity.	Capacity meter
	Relay	(1)Is there abnormal sound in operation? (2)Is there damage to the contacts?	3,00	0 0		(1)By hearing (2)By watching	(1),(2) No abnormality	S813
	Resistor	(1)Is there any crack, discoloration of resistance insulator. (2)Confirm existance of breaking of wire.		0		(1)By watching.cementing resistance. Curl type resistance. (2)Take out connection to other side, measure it with tester.	(1)No abnormality Error to be within 10% of Display resistance.	Tester, Digital multi- meter
Control circuit, Protection circuit	Operation check	(1)Confirm balance of each output phase voltage with inverter single operation. (2)Operate sequence protection moving test. And no abnormality.		0 0	9.	(1)Measure inverter output terminal U,V,W phase voltage. (2)Short or open protection circuit output of inverter.	(1)Phase voltage balance 200V/400V class is within 4V/8V. (2)On sequence, to operate abnormality.	Digital multi- meter, rectification type voltmeter
Cooling system	Cooling fan	(1)Is there abnormal vibration, abnormal sound? (2)Is there loosening of connecting parts?	0			(1)Revolve by hands in the state of tone-on idle. (2) By watching.	(1)Revolving smooth. (2)No abnormality.	Myles
120	Display	(1)Is the LED lamp illuninated? (2) Cleaning.	0	0	,S	(1)Lamp indicates lamp on operator. (2) Cleaning with cloth.	(1)Confirm light.	
Display	Meter	Is direction value normal?	0	0		Confirm indication value of board meter.	Satisfy normal value, control value.	Voltage meter, current
Motor	Whole	(1)Is there abnormal signal, abnormal sound? (2)Is there any abnormal odour?	0			(1)By hearing, feeling, watching. (2)Abnormal odour from overheat, damage etc. confirmation.	(1)(2) No abnormality.	meter
	Inslated resistance	(1)Megger check (terminal collection - earth terminal)			0	Remove connection to U,V and W and disconnect motor wiring.	(1) To be over 5M ohm.	DC500V class megger

(Note) Life time of the capacitors depends on the ambient temperature.

5.3 Megger test

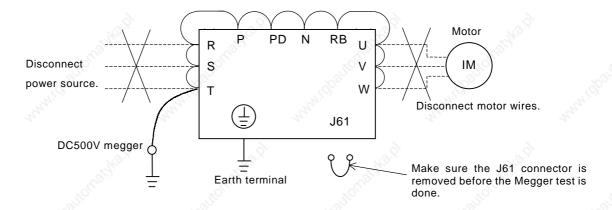
When executing a megger test on the inverter remove all wires to R, S, T, PD, P, N, RB, U, V and W.

Do not use a megger or buzzer on the control circuit only use a digital multi-meter.

(Megger Voltage 500V DC)

Execute megger test of main circuit after the J61 connector has been removed. Short terminals of R, S, T, PD, P, N, RB, U, V and W.

After the megger test is complete, reconnect the J61 connector as before.



5.4 Withstand Voltage test

Never perform withstand voltage test on the inverter.

The inverter main circuit uses semiconductors. Semiconductors can deteriorate when a withstand voltage test is performed.

5.5 The method to check Inverter, converter part

A test is possible to check quality.

(Preparation)

- [1] Take out the power lines (R, S and T) connected to the inverter, the motor connection lines (U, V and W) and the regenerative control resistance (P and RB).
- [2] Prepare tester. (Using range of 1 ohm resistance measure range.) (How to check)

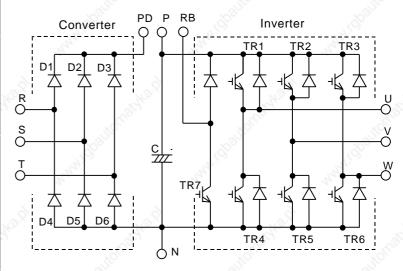
It is possible to check the quality of the charging state of the terminals R, S, T, U, V, W, RB, P and N of the inverter and the pole of the tester by measuring the charging state.

- (Note 1) Before you measure the voltage between P and N with DC current range, confirm that the smoothing capacitor is discharged fully, execute checks.
- (Note 2) Almost infinite value is indicated on no conducting.

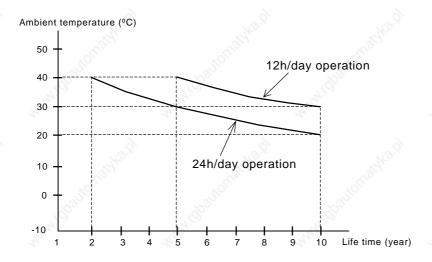
With the effect of the smoothing capacitor, the inverter conducts instantly and an infinite value isn't indicated. Ohm-number 10 ohms is indicated on conducting.

The values indicated will not be exactly the same for each terminal, however they will be very close together. If there is a significant difference a problem may exist.

		Pole o	f tester	Measure
		⊕ (Red)	⊖ (Black)	value
	D1	R	PD	No-conduct
		PD	R	Conduct
	D2	S	PD	No-conduct
M	5.X	PD	S	Conduct
ē	D3	Т	PD	No-conduct
Converter		PD 🔇	Т	Conduct
on	D4	R	N	Conduct
ပ		N	R	No-conduct
	D5	S	N	Conduct
		N	S	No-conduct
	D6	Т	N A	Conduct
N	5	N	74.,	No-conduct
9,	TR1	U	P	No-conduct
L		P	U	Conduct
	TR2	V	Р	No-conduct
L		JA P	V	Conduct
_	TR3	W	Р	No-conduct
rte		Р	W	Conduct
nverter	TR4	U	N.S	Conduct
100		N	U	No-conduct
0	TR5	V	N N	Conduct
		N A	V	No-conduct
	TR6	W	N	Conduct
		Jan N	W	No-conduct
	TR7	RB	Р	No-conduct
part		Р	RB	Conduct
BR		RB	N.S.	No-conduct
757		N	RB	No-conduct



5.6 Capacitor Life Curve



(Note 1)

Ambient air temperature means the surrounding temperature of the inverter. In case the inverter is installed in a cabinet, ambient air temperature is the temperature of the internal air of the cabinet.

(Note 2)

DC bus capacitors are recommended to be replacing every 5 years. And if the inverter is used in a worse condition, this recommended replacing period is reduced.

6.1Standard specification list

			200V class											
nverter	Model		L300P 110LF	L300P 150LF	L300P 185LF	L300P 220LF	L300P 300LF	L300P 370LF	L300P 450LF	L300P 550LF	L300P 750LF			
nclosu		9	1100	1300	1000	0	IP20(NEMA1)	0/02	4000	0.002	7502			
Note 1) Jax. Ap		Motor 4P	44	16.7	40.5	00	1 1	07	45	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	75			
kW) (N		-	11	15 18.5 22 30 37 4						55 75				
Rated in Itemati			15.2	20.0	25.2	29.4	39.1	48.4	58.5	72.7	93.5			
oltage(l	kVA) nput alterr	240V	18.2	24.1	30.3	35.3	46.9	58.1	70.2	87.2	112.2			
oltage		•	Three-phase 200-2	240V (±10%) 50Hz/6	0Hz		74,		424.		The same			
Rated output volt Note 3)		age	Three-phase 200-2	240V (This correspon	nds to receiving voltag	ge.)								
ated o	ated output current (A) ontrol system		44	58	73	85	113	140	169	210	270			
	system requency	range	Sine-wave modulation PWM system.											
Note 4)	ncy accur	2001	0.1-400Hz Digital command ±0.01% for Max. frequency, analog frequency ±0.2%(25±10°C)											
_	ncy resolv	_		Hz, analog setting:Max		icy ±0.276(25±10°C)	25.	0.,		63.				
ower oltage/frequency			Digital setting: 0.011	nz, analog setting:ivi	ax. frequency /4000		-30,		- 30					
	naracteristic		100	V/f control, (constant		jue)	.105-		**************************************					
Overload current rate acceleration/		rate	120	ds, 150% for 0.5seco	C.		746				400			
ecelera	ation time		0.01-3,600seconds	s (straight or S-Curve	on acceleration, dec	eleration is optional s	setting individually), 2 nd ad	djustable setting is p	oossible.		The same			
Co (sl	egenerati ontrol hort dura lote 5)		BRD circuit built-in (Discharge resis-tar			9	Rege	nerative unit is requ	iired.	6				
(N	C Braking]	On starting and decelerating by stop command, inverter operates under operation setting frequency. Or inverter operates with external input (Breaking power, time, frequency can be set.)											
+	60,	Operator	Setting by	<u></u>	0 001.)	(g),	6	(g),		(g),				
160	-	Volume	• •	iometer on the digital	operator (Built-in as	standard) (Analog se	etting)		10					
	Freq- uency Signal		DC 0 to 10V, -10 to +10V (input impedance 10k ohm), 4 to 20mA (input impedance 100 ohm)											
	Ext	External	Setting with RS485		4/10									
		port Operator	M		To the same of the		197		200					
Ē Rı	un/	External	Run/Stop (forward changes with code) Forward Run/Stop (1a connect), reverse command is impossible on assigning of terminal (selection of 1a, 1b is possible), input of 3 wires is possible.											
	op -	signal External	· ·			o.c.o o.r. acc.g ig o.	torrina (corocaori or ra	, 12 to possible), i. i.	vat of o miles to pession	<u> </u>				
É		port	Setting with RS485							- 28°				
	telligent ir rminal	nput	USP function (USP 3 wire direction sel	d (RV), multi-speed1- P), commercial chang lection (F/R), PID sele	ge (CS),software lock ection valid/invalid (P	(SFT), analog input ID), PID integrating re	raking (DB), 2 rd control (S voltage / current / select eset (PIDC), remote con n change (OLR), no assig	(AT), reset inverter trol,up function (UP	(RS), 3 wire run (STA),	3 wire keep (STP),	EXT),			
	nermistor rminal	input	1 terminal					· B.						
	telligent o	output	2 relay outputs (1a contact), relay(1c contact), output relay selection as follows; (selection from during running, on arrival with constant speed, over setting frequency, PID over-deviation)								Marie			
-	rminal telligent n	nonitor		put, analog current o			ncy, FID over-deviation)		47		4			
- 00	utput term monitor	ninal					utput terminal state, input	t alactric power out	out voltago					
other fu		16.	V/f free setting (5 po	oints), Upper / lower f Carrier frequency ad	frequency limitter, Fre	equency jump, Curve	e adjustable speed, Mani External start/end (freque	ual torque boost lev	el / Braking point, Analo					
nnan	requency	′	0.5-12 kHz	10-	3	60	35	lo.	_<	60				
rotectic	on functio	n		-voltage, under-voltaç external trip, commu		al level, abnormal tro	ouble, ground fault curre	nt on starting, insta	ntaneous stop, USP e	error, open-phase en	or, control resisto			
surroundings		ature ation	"4'¿Q,	10) / -20 to 65°C / 20 t	"1',O,		sation)		2.94m²/S.(0	.3G), 10-55Hz	HAM!CO.			
ਂ ਲ –	Using pl	. ,		ve sea level, indoors	(),		ust)(Note 8)	- 2	,	.00), 1000112				
Paint co	olor	7.7	Blue (D.I.C14 version		porotor broking resist	tor regenerative com	trol unit alternating reset	Gray(MUNSELL		ormonio	· · · · ·			
Options			control unit, LCR filt	ter, applied control ins	stallation	78.	trol unit, alternating react	ui, D.C. reactor, EN	io iviairis iliter, nigner n	amionic				
	operator		OPF-SR cable for	remote operation IC	S-1(1m), ICS3(3m)	(Note 9)		1		/,				

(Note 1) Protective system bases on JME1030.

(Note 2) Applicable motor indicates HITACHI three-phase motor. When you use other motor, set so that the motor current doesn't exceed the rated current of the inverter.

(Note 3) Output voltage will reduce when the power voltage is reduced. (Except when AVR function is selected.)

 $(Note\ 4)\ When\ you\ operate\ motor\ over\ 50/60\ Hz,\ inquire\ about\ the\ allowable\ max. revolution\ time\ of\ motor\ etc.\ from\ motor\ manufacturer.$

(Note 5) Braking resistance isn't installed in the inverter. When the inverter requires a high regenerative torque, use optional braking resistance and regenerative braking unit.

(Note 6) Protective temperature is temperature during transportation.

(Note 7) This bases on the test methods of JIS C0911(1984).

(Note 8) When the inverter is used in a place with dust, we recommend the optional varnish coating specification. Before it is required.

(Note 9) When you use cable for remote operation, please remove connector. Please refer to 1.3 Appearance.

(Note 10) When using at 50°C of ambient air temperature, the rated output current will be reduced. (P.4-18)

(Note) Insulation distance is based on UL, CE standard.

Chapter 6 Specification

	?		- 75.			70,			70,		70,		- 300			
	lou Me -l-1		L300P	L300P	L300P	L300P	L300P	400\ L300P	/ class L300P	L300P	L300P	L300P	L300P	L300P		
	ter Model		110HF 150HF 185HF 220HF 300HF 370HF 450HF 550HF 750HF									900HF 1100HF 1320				
ncic Vote	sure 1)						IP20(NEMA1)					IP00			
Max. Applicadie Motor 4P (kW) (Note 2) Rated input Alternating		Motor 4P	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132		
		400V	15.2	20.0	25.6	29.7	39.4	48.4	58.8	72.7	93.5	110.8	135.0	159.3		
1),	ge(kVA)	480V	18.2	24.1	30.7	35.7	47.3	58.1	70.1	87.2	112.2	133.0	162.1	191.2		
ated oltag	d input alter ge	mating	Three-phase	e 380-480V (±10	%) 50Hz/60Hz	1900			900		. 25	5		1900		
ateo Vote	d output vol 3)	ltage	Three-phase	e 380-480V (This	0-480V (This corresponds to receiving voltage.)									14,		
	d output cur ol system	rrent (A)	22 Sine-waye n	29 modulation PWM	37 I system	43	57	70	85	105	135	160	195	230		
utpı	ut frequenc	y range	0.1-400Hz	_												
lote reau	: 4) Jency accu	racv		mand ±0.01% for	Max. frequency.	analog fregue	ncv ±0.2%(25±1	10°C)				.0	.2			
requ	uency resol			g: 0.01Hz, analo			d		35	The		. ide				
owe	er ge/frequenc	cy		200	-	• •	4									
hara	acteristic		· ·	ariable, V/f contro		e, reduced tord	ue)		- 40.			30.		_		
	oad current leration/	ııdle	30	seconds, 150%		pooloroties de	olorotion in acti	and actting in the	idually) and astern	atoble actions !-	oogiblo .)		-70		
Deceleration time		U.U1-3,600S	econds (straight	or S-Curve on ac	celeration, dec	eleration is option	orial setting indiv	ruualiy), Z adjus	stable setting is p	JUSSIDIE.			47/2			
Regenerative Control (short duration) (Note 5) DC Braking																
3	DC Brakin	g		On starting and decelerating by stop command, inverter operates under operation setting frequency. Or inverter operates with external input (Breaking power, time, frequency can be set.)												
T	~74	Operator	Setting by A V keys													
	Freq-	Volume	Setting with potentiometer on the digital operator (Built-in as standard) (Analog setting)													
	uency	External Signal	DC 0 to 10V	DC 0 to 10V, -10 to +10V (input impedance 10k ohm), 4 to 20mA (input impedance 100 ohm)												
Ĺ		External port	(50)	RS485 commun		.60			90,		- '95,					
3		Operator External	- 14	orward changes	. 19	19.		- Par			44		.3	129.		
)	Run/ Stop	signal	Forward Rui	Forward Run/Stop (1a connect), reverse command is impossible on assigning of terminal (selection of 1a, 1b is possible), input of 3 wires is possible.												
1	·	External port	Setting with	RS485.												
	Intelligent i Terminal	input	Use by selecting terminals from; Reverse command (RV), multi-speed1-4 (CF1-CF4), jogging (JG), external dc braking (DB), 2 rd control (SET),2 rd acceleration (2CH), free-run: USP function (USP), commercial change (CS),software lock (SFT), analog input voltage / current / select (AT), reset inverter (RS), 3 wire run (3 wire direction selection (F/R), PID selection valid/invalid (PID), PID integrating reset (PIDC), remote control,up function (UP), remote control of the control of t								(STA),3 wire kee	ep (STP),				
\$	Thermisto	r input	1 terminal	remote control data clear (UDC), multi-speed bit 1-7(SF1-SF7), overload ristriction change (OLR), no assign (NO)												
8	Terminal Intelligent	output	- 0	uts (1a contact),	relav(1c contact).	output relay se	election as follow	VS:	7000			S-		700		
į L	Terminal Intelligent			om during runnin					er-deviation)					40		
3	Output teri			age output, analo		<u> </u>		"Ing.			444		120	7		
	r function	9	V/f free settir Starting freq	uency, output cur ng (5 points), Up Juency, Carrier fre striction	per / lower freque	ency limitter, Fre	equency jump, (Curve adjustable	speed, Manual	torque boost lev	el / Braking poin					
arrie	er frequenc	у	0.5-12 kHz	Overload restriction 0.5-12 kHz								0.5-8 kHz	7			
	ction function	on	Over-current, over-voltage, under-voltage, electronic thermal level, abnormal trouble, ground fault current on starting, instantaneous stop, USP error, open-phase error, overload, CT error, external trip, communication error										n-phase error, co	ntrol resisto		
ĺŲ,	Freque		overload, CI	, onor, external t	np, wininuniali	ar onor			776		d	7,0		o d		
S	temper /Preser		-10 to 40°C	(Note 10) / -20 to	65°C / 20 to 90°	% RH (installed	with no dew co	ndensation)								
ngi.	temper	ature	245	,,		29.5		122								
Surroundings	Vibratio	n (Note 7)	C.A.	5.9	m²/S (0.6G), 10-	55Hz		400		2.9	4m²/S (0.3G), 1	0-55Hz				
	Using p		Under 1,000	Om above sea lev	el, indoors (insta	lled away from	corrosive gasse				. , , ,					
	t color	À	Operator wit	Blue (th copy function,	D.I.C14 version cable for operator		or regenerative		SELL 8.5YR6.2/	- /	IC Mains filter hi	aher harmonic	A			
	ns		control unit, l	LCR filter, applie	d control installat	on	7.00	oon mor urin, all	aniaung Idaulul, I	D.O. IGAGIOI, EIV	io ivicii io iiitoi, I li	gnornamonic	X			
Optio						m), ICS-3(3m)	(11 (0)			1.70		11				

(Note 1) Protective system bases on JME1030.

(Note 2) Applicable motor indicates HITACHI three-phase motor. When you use other motor, set so that the motor current doesn't exceed the rated current of the inverter.

 $\hbox{(Note 3) Output voltage will reduce when the power voltage is reduced. (Except when AVR function is selected.)}\\$

(Note 4) When you operate motor over 50/60Hz, inquire about the allowable max.revolution time of motor etc. from motor manufacturer.

(Note 5) Braking resistance isn't installed in the inverter. When the inverter requires a high regenerative torque, use optional braking resistance and regenerative braking unit.

(Note 6) Protective temperature is temperature during transportation.

(Note 7) This bases on the test methods of JIS C0911(1984).

(Note 8) When the inverter is used in a place with dust, we recommend the optional varnish coating specification. Before it is required.

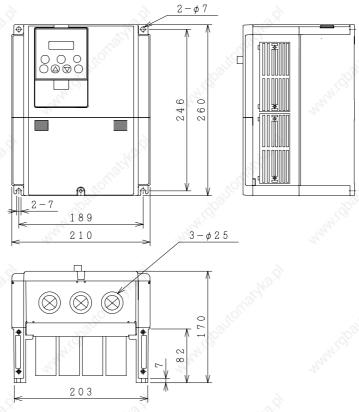
(Note 9) When you use cable for remote operation, please remove connector. Please refer to 1.3 Appearance.

(Note 10) When using at 50°C of ambient air temperature, the rated output current will be reduced. (P.4-18)

(Note) Insulation distance is based on UL, CE standard.

6.2 Dimension

L300P-110, 150LF/HF

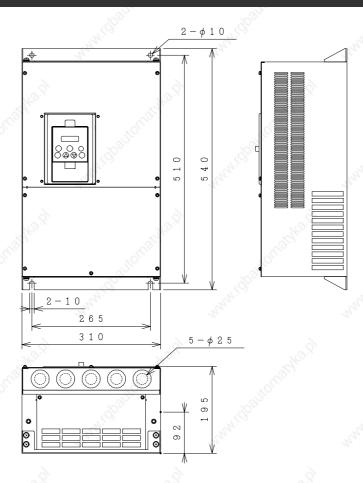


L300P-185-300LF/HF

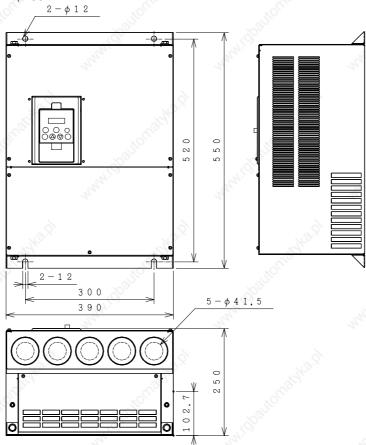


Chapter 6 Specification

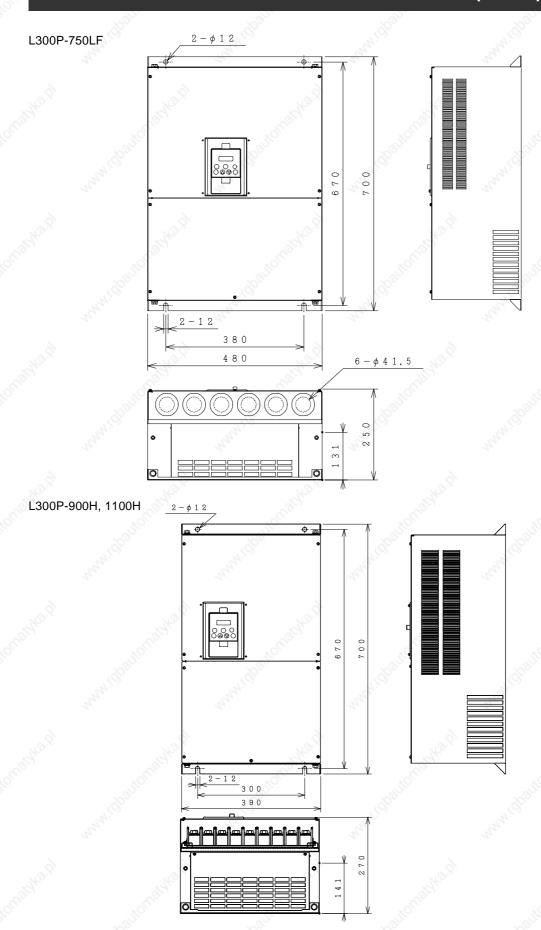
L300P-370LF/HF



L300P-450, 550LF/HF, 750HF



Chapter 6 Specification



L300P-1320HF

