

## Current Transducer HX 05..15-NP

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

$$I_{PN} = 5 \dots 15 \text{ A}$$



All data are given with  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$

### Electrical data

Primary nominal current rms $I_{PN}$ (A)		Primary current measuring range $I_{PM}$ (A)		Primary conductor diameter x turns (mm)	Type
Serial	Parallel	Serial	Parallel		
$\pm 5$	$\pm 10$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 30$	0.8d x (6T+6T)	<b>HX 05-NP</b>
$\pm 10$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 60$	1.0d x (3T+3T)	<b>HX 10-NP</b>
$\pm 15$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 45$	$\pm 90$	1.2d x (2T+2T)	<b>HX 15-NP</b>

$V_{OUT}$	Output voltage (Analog) @ $\pm I_{PN}$ , $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 4$	V
$R_{OUT}$	Output internal resistance	$< 50$	$\Omega$
$R_L$	Load resistance	$\geq 10$	$\text{k}\Omega$
$V_C$	Supply voltage ( $\pm 5\%$ ) <sup>1)</sup>	$\pm 15$	V
$V_C$	Current consumption	$< \pm 15$	mA

### Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

<b>X</b>	Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (excluding offset)	$\leq \pm 1$	% of $I_{PN}$
$\epsilon_L$	Linearity error ( $0 \dots \pm I_{PN}$ )	$< \pm 1$	% of $I_{PN}$
$V_{OE}$	Electrical offset voltage @ $I_P = 0$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$< \pm 40$	mV
$V_{OH}$	Hysteresis offset voltage @ $I_P = 0$ after an excursion of $1 \times I_{PN}$	$< \pm 15$	mV
$TCV_{OE}$	Temperature coefficient of $V_{OE}$	$< \pm 1.5$	mV/K
$TCV_{OUT}$	Temperature coefficient of $V_{OUT}$ (% of reading)	$\pm 0.1$	%/K
$t_r$	Response time to 90% of $I_{PN}$ step	$\leq 3$	$\mu\text{s}$
<b>BW</b>	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) <sup>2)</sup>	50	kHz

### General data

$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature	- 25 .. + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_S$	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 .. + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>m</b>	Mass	8	g
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	

**Note:** <sup>1)</sup> Also operate at  $\pm 12\text{V}$  power supplies, measuring range reduced to  $\pm 2.5 \times I_{PN}$ .

<sup>2)</sup> Small signal only to avoid excessive heating of the magnetic cores.

### Features

- Galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit
- Hall effect measuring principle
- Isolation voltage 3000V
- 2 isolated primary windings
- Low power consumption
- Extended measuring range ( $3 \times I_{PN}$ )
- Power supply from  $\pm 12\text{V}$  to  $\pm 15\text{V}$
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

### Advantages

- Low insertion losses
- Easy to mount with automatic handling system
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- Small size and space saving
- High immunity to external interference

### Applications

- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- AC variable speed drives
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Electrical appliances
- Battery supplied applications
- DC motor drives

### Application domain

- Industrial

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### Isolation characteristics

$V_d$	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min		
	Primary to secondary	> 3	kV
	Primary 1 to primary 2	> 1	kV
$V_e$	Partial discharge extinction voltage rms @ 10 pC	≥ 1	kV
$\hat{V}_w$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 $\mu$ s	≥ 6	kV
<b>dCp</b>	Creepage distance	≥ 5.5	mm
<b>dCI</b>	Clearance distance	≥ 5.5	mm
<b>CTI</b>	Comparative Tracking Index (group I)	≥ 600	

### Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
<b>dCp, dCI, <math>\hat{V}_w</math></b>	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced insulation	300 V	150 V

### Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

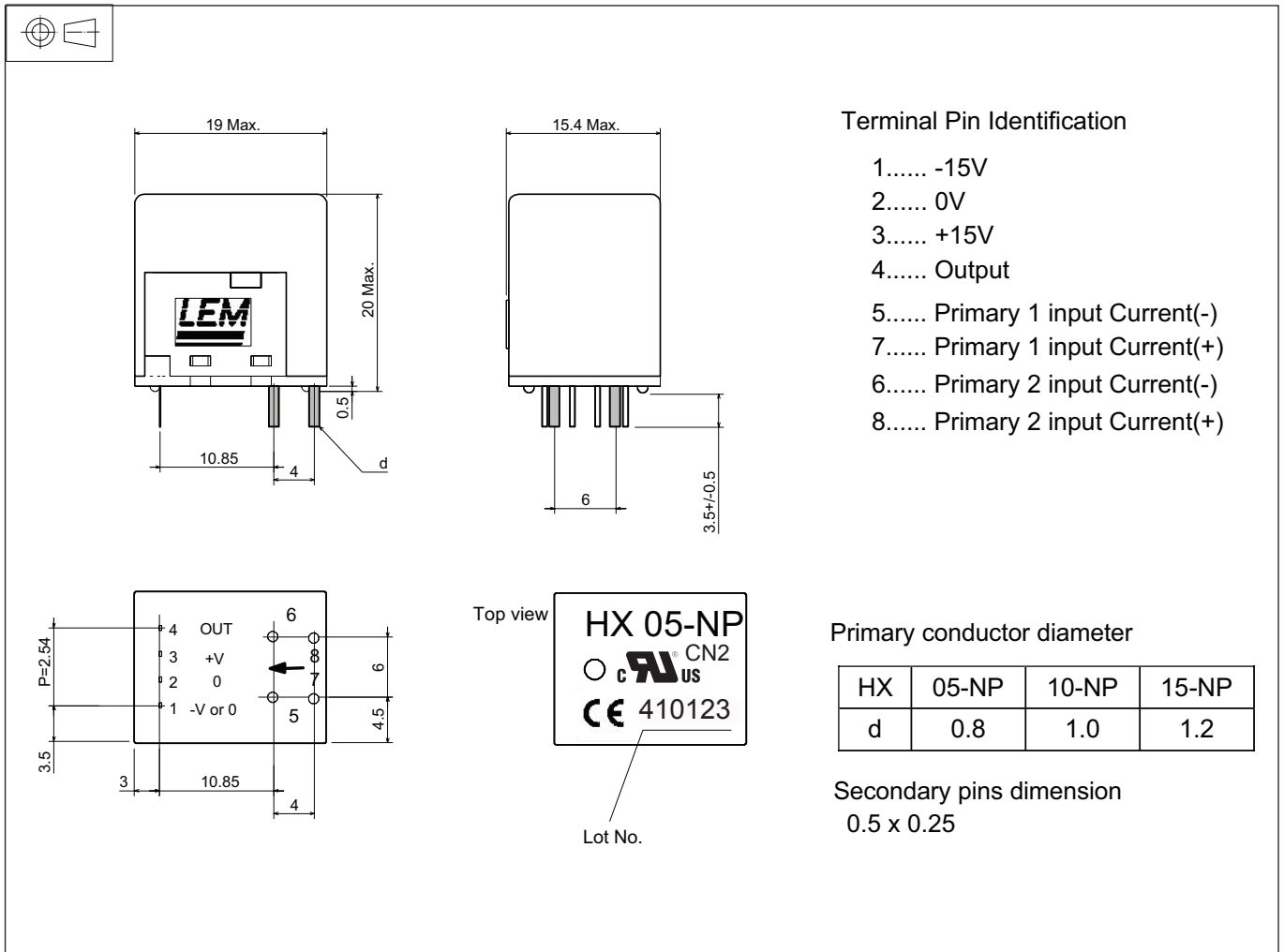
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

## Dimensions HX 05..15-NP (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



## Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance  $\pm 0.5$  mm