

Right choice for ultimate yield

LSIS strives to maximize customers' profit in gratitude of choosing us for your partner.

SV-iS7 User Manual

0.75~75kW(200V) 0.75~160kW[400V]



Safety Instructions

- Read this manual carefully before installing, wiring, operating, servicing or inspecting this equipment.
- Keep this manual within easy reach for quick reference.

Thank you for purchasing LS Variable Frequency Drives!

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

To prevent injury and property damage, follow these instructions. Incorrect operation due to ignoring instructions will cause harm or damage. The seriousness of which is indicated by the following symbols.



DANGER

This symbol indicates the instant death or serious injury if you don't follow instructions



WARNING

This symbol indicates the possibility of death or serious injury



CAUTION

This symbol indicates the possibility of injury or damage to property

■ The meaning of each symbol in this manual and on your equipment is as follows.



This is the safety alert symbol.

Read and follow instructions carefully to avoid dangerous situation.



This symbol alerts the user to the presence of "dangerous voltage" inside the product that might cause harm or electric shock.

■ After reading this manual, keep it in the place that the user always can contact easily.

■ This manual should be given to the person who actually uses the products and is responsible for their maintenance.



WARNING

- **Do not remove the cover while power is applied or the unit is in operation.**
Otherwise, electric shock could occur.
- **Do not run the inverter with the front cover removed.**
Otherwise, you may get an electric shock due to high voltage terminals or charged capacitor exposure.
- **Do not remove the cover except for periodic inspections or wiring, even if the input power is not applied.**
Otherwise, you may access the charged circuits and get an electric shock.
- **Wiring and periodic inspections should be performed at least 10 minutes after disconnecting the input power and after checking the DC link voltage is discharged with a meter (below DC 30V).**
Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- **Operate the switches with dry hands.**
Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- **Do not use the cable when its insulating tube is damaged.**
Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- **Do not subject the cables to scratches, excessive stress, heavy loads or pinching.**
Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.



CAUTION

- **Install the inverter on a non-flammable surface. Do not place flammable material nearby.**
Otherwise, fire could occur.
- **Disconnect the input power if the inverter gets damaged.**
Otherwise, it could result in a secondary accident and fire.
- **Do not touch the inverter while the input power is applied or after removed. It will remain hot for a couple of minutes.**
Otherwise, you may get bodily injuries such as skin-burn or damage.
- **Do not apply power to a damaged inverter or to an inverter with parts missing even if the installation is complete.**
Otherwise, electric shock could occur.
- **Do not allow lint, paper, wood chips, dust, metallic chips or other foreign matter into the drive.**
Otherwise, fire or accident could occur.

OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

(1) Handling and installation

- Handle according to the weight of the product.
- Do not stack the inverter boxes higher than the number recommended.
- Install according to instructions specified in this manual.
- Do not open the cover during delivery.
- Do not place heavy items on the inverter.
- Check the inverter mounting orientation is correct.
- Do not drop the inverter, or subject it to impact.
- Use the ground impedance of 100ohm or less for 200 V Class and 10ohm or less for 400V class.
- Take protective measures against ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) before touching the PCB for inspection or installation.
- Use the inverter under the following environmental conditions:

| | | |
|-------------|----------------------|---|
| Environment | Ambient temp. | CT Load: - 10 ~ 50 °C (non-freezing) VT Load: -10 ~ 40 °C (non-freezing) Note: Use below 80% of load when used under VT Load at 50 °C |
| | Relative humidity | 90% RH or less (non-condensing) |
| | Storage temp. | - 20 ~ 65 °C |
| | Location | Protected from corrosive gas, combustible gas, oil mist or dust |
| | Altitude, Vibration | Max. 1,000m above sea level, Max. 5.9m/sec ² (0.6G) or less |
| | Atmospheric pressure | 70 ~ 106 kPa |

(2) Wiring

- Do not connect a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor, or RFI filter to the output of the inverter.
- The connection orientation of the output cables U, V, W to the motor will affect the direction of rotation of the motor.
- Incorrect terminal wiring could result in the equipment damage.
- Reversing connection of the input/output terminals(R,S,T / U,V,W) could damage the inverter.
- Only authorized personnel familiar with LS inverter should perform wiring and inspections.
- Always install the inverter before wiring. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock or have bodily injury.

(3) Trial run

- Check all parameters during operation. Changing parameter values might be required depending on the load.
- Always apply permissible range of voltage to the each terminal as indicated in this manual. Otherwise, it could lead to inverter damage.

(4) Operation precautions

- When the Auto restart function is selected, stay away from the equipment as a motor will restart suddenly after an alarm stop.
- The Stop key on the keypad is valid only when the appropriate function setting has been made. Prepare an emergency stop switch separately.
- If an alarm reset is made with the reference signal present, a sudden start will occur. Check that the reference signal is turned off in advance. Otherwise an accident could occur.
- Do not modify or alter anything inside the inverter.
- Motor might not be protected by electronic thermal function of inverter.
- Do not use a magnetic contactor on the inverter input for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter.
- Use a noise filter to reduce the effect of electromagnetic interference. Otherwise nearby electronic equipment may be affected.
- In case of input voltage unbalance, install AC reactor. Power Factor capacitors and generators may become overheated and damaged due to potential high frequency noise transmitted from inverter.

- Use an insulation-rectified motor or take measures to suppress the micro surge voltage when driving 400V class motor with inverter. A micro surge voltage attributable to wiring constant is generated at motor terminals, and may deteriorate insulation and damage motor.
- Before operating unit and prior to user programming, reset user parameters to default settings.
- Inverter can easily be set to high-speed operations, Verify capability of motor or machinery prior to operating unit.
- Stopping torque is not produced when using the DC-Break function. Install separate equipment when stopping torque is needed.

(5) Fault prevention precautions

- Provide a safety backup such as an emergency brake which will prevent the machine and equipment from hazardous conditions if the inverter fails.

(6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement

- Do not conduct a megger (insulation resistance) test on the control circuit of the inverter.
- Refer to Chapter 12 for periodic inspection (parts replacement).

(7) Disposal

- Handle the inverter as an industrial waste when disposing of it.

(8) General instructions

- Many of the diagrams and drawings in this instruction manual show the inverter without a circuit breaker, a cover or partially open. Never run the inverter like this. Always place the cover with circuit breakers and follow this instruction manual when operating the inverter.

Introduction to the Manual

- This manual describes the specifications, installation, operation, functions and maintenance of SV-iS7 series inverter and is for the users who have basic experience of using an inverter.
- It is recommended you read carefully this manual in order to use SV-iS7 series inverter properly and safely.
- The manual consists as follows.

| Chapter | Title | Contents |
|---------|----------------------------|---|
| 1 | Basics | Describes the precautions and basic items which should be learned before using the Inverter. |
| 2 | Specifications | The control specifications, ratings and types of the input and output |
| 3 | Installation | Information on the use environment and installation method. |
| 4 | Wiring | Wiring information for the power supply and signal terminals. |
| 5 | Peripheral Devices | Peripheral devices which can be connected with the input and output terminals of the Inverter |
| 6 | How To Use Keypad | Descriptions on the display and operation keys on the main body of the Inverter. |
| 7 | Basic Functions | Descriptions on the basic functions including frequency setting and operation command. |
| 8 | Applied Functions | Descriptions on the functions required for system application. |
| 9 | Monitor Functions | Information on the operational status and troubles of the Inverter. |
| 10 | Protective Functions | Describes the protective functions for the motor and Inverter. |
| 11 | Communication Functions | The specifications of the RS-485 communication. |
| 12 | Checking & Troubleshooting | Descriptions on the failures and anomalies which may occur during operation. |
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1.1 What You Should Know before Use

1.1.1 Check of product

Take the inverter out of the box, check the rating shown on a side of the product body and whether the inverter type and rated output are exactly what you ordered. Check also whether the product has been damaged during delivery.

| SV | 008 | | iS7 | - | 2 | N | O | F | D |
|--------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------|---|--------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| L S Inverter | Capacity of Applied Motor | | Series Name | | Input Voltage | Keypad | UL | EMC | DCR |
| | 0008 | 0.75 [kW] | Wide-Use Inverter | - | 2: 3-Phase 200~230[V] | N: NON S: GLCD (Graphic Loader) | O: OPEN E: Enclosed UL Type1 <small>note 1)</small> P: Enclosed UL Type 12 | Blank: Non-EMC F: EMC | Blank: Non-DCR D: DCR |
| | 0015 | 1.5 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0022 | 2.2 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0037 | 3.7 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0055 | 5.5 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0075 | 7.5 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0110 | 11 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0150 | 15 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0185 | 18.5 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0220 | 22 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0300 | 30 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0370 | 37 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0450 | 45 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0550 | 55 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0750 | 75 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| | 0900 | 90 [kW] | | | | | | | |
| 1100 | 110 [kW] | | | | | | | | |
| 1320 | 132 [kW] | | | | | | | | |
| 1600 | 160 [kW] | | | | | | | | |

Note1) Enclosed UL Type 1 has the conduit option additionally at 0.75 through 75 kW products.

1.1.2 Parts

If you have any doubt about the product or found the product damaged, call our company's branch offices(see the back cover of the manual).

1.1.3 Preparation of device and Parts for operation

Preparation for operation might slightly vary. Prepare parts according to the use.

1.1.4 Installation

Make sure you install the product correctly considering the place, direction or surroundings in order to prevent decrease in the life and performance of the inverter.

1.1.5 Distribution

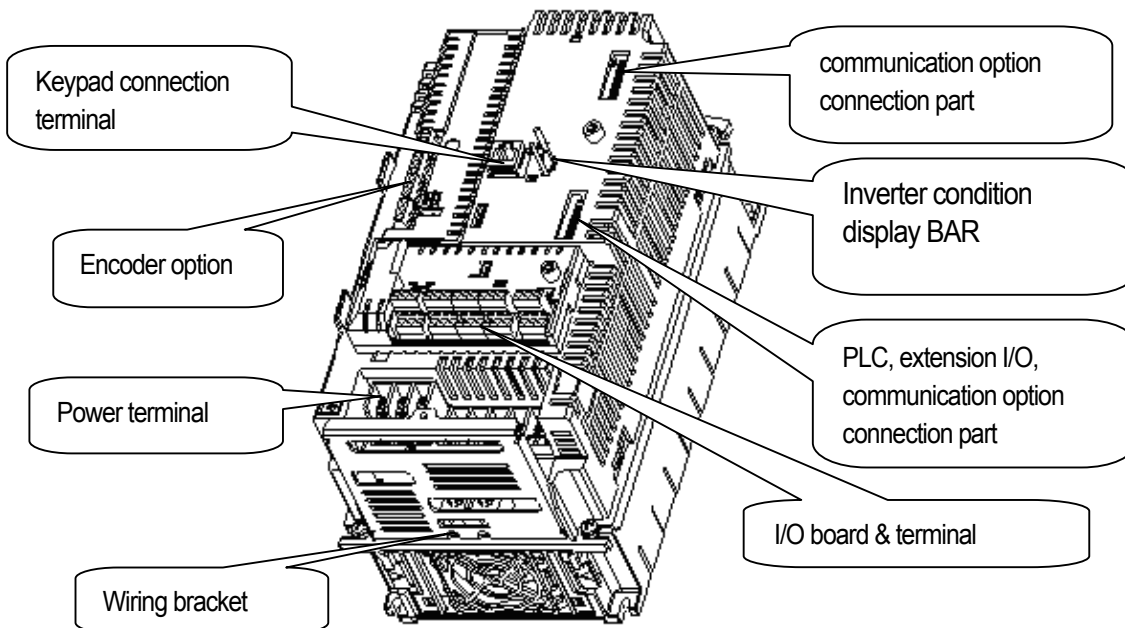
Connect the power supply, electric motor and operating signals(control signals) to the terminal block. If you fail to connect them correctly, the inverter and peripheral devices might be damaged.

1.2 Names and Uses of Parts

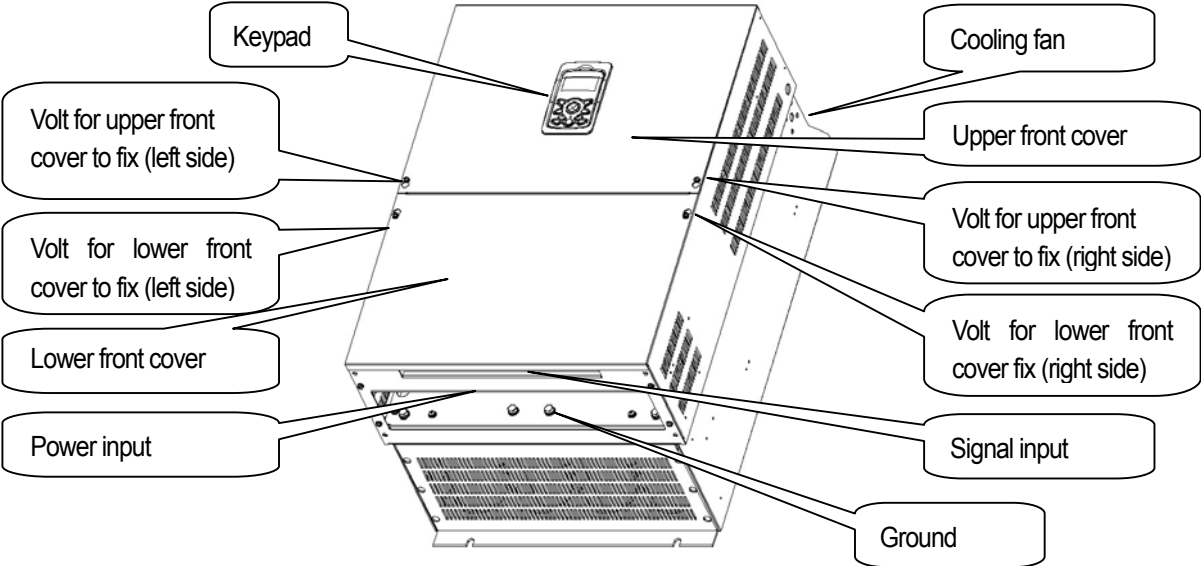
1.2.1 End product (not more than 75 kW)



1.2.2 When the front cover is removed (not more than 75 kW)



1.2.3 End Product (more than 90kW)



1.2.4 When the front cover is removed (more than 90kW)



Remark

Please refer to option board manual for option board relations..

2.1 Specifications

2.1.1 Rated Input and Output : Input voltage of 200V class (0.75~22kW)

| Type : SV xxx iS7 – 2x | | 0008 | 0015 | 0022 | 0037 | 0055 | 0075 | 0110 | 0150 | 0185 | 0220 | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|
| ¹ Motor Applied | [HP] | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7.5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | |
| | [kW] | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 | 18.5 | 22 | |
| Rated Output | ² Rated Capacity [kVA] | | 1.9 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 9.1 | 12.2 | 17.5 | 22.9 | 28.2 | 33.5 |
| | ³ Rated Current[A] | CT | 5 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 46 | 60 | 74 | 88 |
| | | VT | 8 | 12 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 46 | 60 | 74 | 88 | 124 |
| | Output Frequency | | ⁴ 0 ~ 400 [Hz] | | | | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage [V] | | ⁵ 3-phase 200 ~ 230V (Sensorless-1:0.1~300Hz, Sensorless-2,Vector:0.1~120Hz) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated Input | Available Voltage [V] | | 3-phase 200 ~ 230 VAC (-15%,+10%,) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Input Frequency | | 50 ~ 60 [Hz] (±5%) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated Current [A] | CT | 4.3 | 6.9 | 11.2 | 14.9 | 22.1 | 28.6 | 44.3 | 55.9 | 70.8 | 85.3 |
| VT | | 6.8 | 10.6 | 14.9 | 21.3 | 28.6 | 41.2 | 54.7 | 69.7 | 82.9 | 116.1 | |

* Non DCR products are provided warranty service when used in CT (Heavy duty) load rating only

2.1.2 Rated Input and Output : Input voltage of 200V class (30~75kW)

| Type : SV xxx iS7 – 2x | | 0300 | 0370 | 0450 | 0550 | 0750 | - | - | - | - | - |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------|------|------|-----|---|---|---|---|
| ¹ Motor Applied | [HP] | 40 | 50 | 60 | 75 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | [kW] | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rated Output | ² Rated Capacity [kVA] | | 46 | 57 | 69 | 84 | 116 | - | - | - | - |
| | ³ Rated Current[A] | CT | 116 | 146 | 180 | 220 | 288 | - | - | - | - |
| | | VT | 146 | 180 | 220 | 288 | 345 | - | - | - | - |
| | Output Frequency | | ⁴ 0 ~ 400 [Hz] (Sensorless-1:0.1~300Hz, Sensorless-2,Vector:0.1~120Hz) | | | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage [V] | | ⁵ 3-phase 200 ~ 230V | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated Input | Available Voltage [V] | | 3-phase 200 ~ 230 VAC (-15%~+10%) | | | | | | | | |
| | Input Frequency | | 50 ~ 60 [Hz] (±5%) | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated Current [A] | CT | 121 | 154 | 191 | 233 | 305 | - | - | - | - |
| VT | | 152 | 190 | 231 | 302 | 362 | - | - | - | - | |

* Non DCR products are provided warranty service when used in CT (Heavy duty) load rating only.

2.1.3 Rated Input and Output : Input voltage of 400V class (0.75~22kW)

| Type : SV xxx iS7 – 4x | | 0008 | 0015 | 0022 | 0037 | 0055 | 0075 | 0110 | 0150 | 0185 | 0220 | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1) Motor Applied | [HP] | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7.5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | |
| | [kW] | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 | 18.5 | 22 | |
| Rated Output | 2) Rated Capacity [kVA] | | 1.9 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 9.1 | 12.2 | 18.3 | 22.9 | 29.7 | 34.3 |
| | 3) Rated Current[A] | CT | 2.5 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 24 | 30 | 39 | 45 |
| | | VT | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 24 | 30 | 39 | 45 | 61 |
| | Output Frequency | | 4) 0 ~ 400 [Hz] (Sensorless-1: 0.1~300Hz, Sensorless-2, Vector: 0.1~120Hz) | | | | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage [V] | | 5) 3-phase 380 ~ 480V | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated Input | Available Voltage [V] | | 3-phase 380 ~ 480 VAC (-15%~+10%) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Input Frequency | | 50 ~ 60 [Hz] (±5%) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated Current [A] | CT | 2.2 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11.0 | 14.4 | 22.0 | 26.6 | 35.6 | 41.6 |
| | | VT | 3.7 | 5.7 | 7.7 | 11.1 | 14.7 | 21.9 | 26.4 | 35.5 | 41.1 | 55.7 |

* Non DCR products are provided warranty service when used in CT (Heavy duty) load rating only

2.1.4 Rated Input and Output : Input voltage of 400V class (30~160kW)

| Type : SV xxx iS7 – 4x | | 0300 | 0370 | 0450 | 0550 | 0750 | 0900 | 1100 | 1320 | 1600 | - | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| 1) Motor Applied | [HP] | 40 | 50 | 60 | 75 | 100 | 120 | 150 | 180 | 225 | - | |
| | [kW] | 30 | 37 | 45 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 110 | 132 | 160 | - | |
| Rated Output | 2) Rated Capacity [kVA] | | 46 | 57 | 69 | 84 | 116 | 139 | 170 | 201 | 248 | - |
| | 3) Rated Current[A] | CT | 61 | 75 | 91 | 110 | 152 | 183 | 223 | 264 | 325 | - |
| | | VT | 75 | 91 | 110 | 152 | 183 | 223 | 264 | 325 | 370 | - |
| | Output Frequency | | 4) 0 ~ 400 [Hz] (Sensorless-1: 0~300Hz, Sensorless-2, Vector: 0~120Hz) | | | | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage [V] | | 5) 3-phase 380 ~ 480V | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rated Input | Available Voltage [V] | | 3-phase 380 ~ 480 VAC (-15%, +10%) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Input Frequency | | 50 ~ 60 [Hz] (±5%) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Rated Current[A] | CT | 55.5 | 67.9 | 82.4 | 102.6 | 143.4 | 174.7 | 213.5 | 255.6 | 316.3 | - |
| | | VT | 67.5 | 81.7 | 101.8 | 143.6 | 173.4 | 212.9 | 254.2 | 315.3 | 359.3 | - |

* Non DCR products are provided warranty service when used in CT (Heavy duty) load rating only

- 1) Motor Applied indicates the maximum capacity applied to use of a standard 4 pole standard motor.
- 2) Rated capacity : the input capacity of a 200V class is based on 220V and that of a 400V class is based on 440V. The current rating is based on CT current.
- 3) The output of rated current is limited according to setting of the carrier frequency (CON-04).
- 4) In case of Sensorless-1, you can set the frequency at up to 300Hz by selecting 3, 4 as the control mode (DRV-09 Control Mode).
In case of Sensorless-2, you can set the frequency at up to 120Hz by selecting 3, 4 as the control mode (DRV-09 Control Mode).
- 5) The maximum output voltage does not go up over the supplied power voltage. You can select the output voltage as you want below the supplied power voltage.

Chapter 2 Specifications

2.1.5 Other commons

1) Control

| | |
|--|--|
| Control Method | V/F control, V/F PG, slip compensation, sensorless vector-1, sensorless vector-2, vector control |
| Frequency Setting Resolving Power | Digital command : 0.01Hz Analog command : 0.06Hz (maximum frequency : 60Hz) |
| Frequency Degree | Digital command operation : 0.01% of the maximum frequency Analog command operation : 0.1% of the maximum frequency |
| V/F Pattern | Linear, double reduction, user V/F |
| Overload Capacity | CT current rating :150% for 1 minute, VT current rating :110% for 1 minute |
| Torque Boost | Manual torque boost, Automatic torque boost |

* Non DCR products are provided warranty service when used in CT (Heavy duty) load rating only.

2) Operation

| | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| Operating Method | | Selectable among keypad/terminal block/communication operation | |
| Frequency Setting | | Analog: 0 ~ 10[V], -10 ~ 10[V], 0 ~ 20[mA] Digital: keypad | |
| Operating Function | | PID control, up-down operation, 3-wire operation, DC break, Frequency limit, Frequency jump, Second function, Slip compensation, Reverse rotation prevention, Auto restarting, Inverter By-pass, Auto tuning Flying Start, Energy buffering, Power breaking, Flux breaking, Leakage current reduction, MMC, Easy Start. | |
| Input | Multi-function terminal (8 points) P1 ~ P8¹⁾ | NPN (Sink) / PNP (Source) selectable | |
| | | Function: forward operation, reverse operation, reset, external trip, emergency stop, jog operation, sequential frequency-high/medium/low, multi - level acceleration and deceleration – high/medium/low, D.C. control during stop, selection of a second motor, frequency increase, frequency decrease, 3-wire operation, change to general operation during PID operation, Main inverter body operation during option operation, analog command frequency fixation, acceleration and deceleration stop selectable. | |
| Output | Multi-function open collector terminal | Failure output and inverter operation output | Below DC 24V 50mA |
| | Multi-function relay terminal | | Below (N.O., N.C.) AC250V 1A, Below DC 30V 1A |
| | Analog output | 0 ~ 10 Vdc (below 20mA) : selectable from frequency, current, voltage, direct current voltage | |

1) The Functions for Multi-function terminal available according to IN-65~72 parameter setting of IN Group.

3) Protective Function

| | |
|--|---|
| Trip | over voltage, low voltage, over current, earth current detection, inverter overheat, motor overheating, output imaging, overload protection, communication error, frequency command loss, hardware failure, cooling fan failure, pre-PID failure, no motor trip, external break trip. etc |
| Alarm | Stall prevention, overload, light load, encoder error, fan failure, keypad command loss, speed command loss. |
| Instantaneous Interruption²⁾ | Below CT class 15 msec (VT class 8 msec) : operation continues (within rated input voltage, rated output) Over CT class 15 msec (VT class 8 msec) : automatically restarts |

2) Operation at the CT (Heavy Duty) current rating

4) Structure and Use Environment

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Cooling Method | Forced air blast cooling: 0.75~15kW (200/400V class), 22kW (400V class) Inhalation cooling: 22~75kW (200V class), 30~160kW (400V class) |
| Protection Structure | Below 75 kW: Open type (IP 21), UL enclosed type 1 (Option) 30~75kW, above 90kW: Open type (IP 20) The others (Below 22kW): Enclosed IP54 type, UL enclosed type 12 |
| Surrounding Temperature | CT (Heavy Duty) load: - 10 ~ 50 °C (without ice or frost) VT (Normal Duty) load: - 10~ 40 °C (without ice or frost) (It is recommended that you use less than 80% load when you use VT load at 50 °C) IP54 product: -10 ~ 40 °C (without ice or frost) |
| Preservation Temperature | -20°C ~ 65°C |
| Surrounding Humidity | Below 90% RH of relative humidity (with no dew formation) |
| Altitude, Vibration | Below 1,000m, below 5.9m/sec ² (0.6G) |
| Environment | There should be no corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist or dust. |

3.1 Installation

3.1.1 Cautions before installation

Be careful so that the plastic parts of the inverter may not be damaged.

Do not move the product holding the cover only.

Do not install the product where there is vibration, a press or truck.

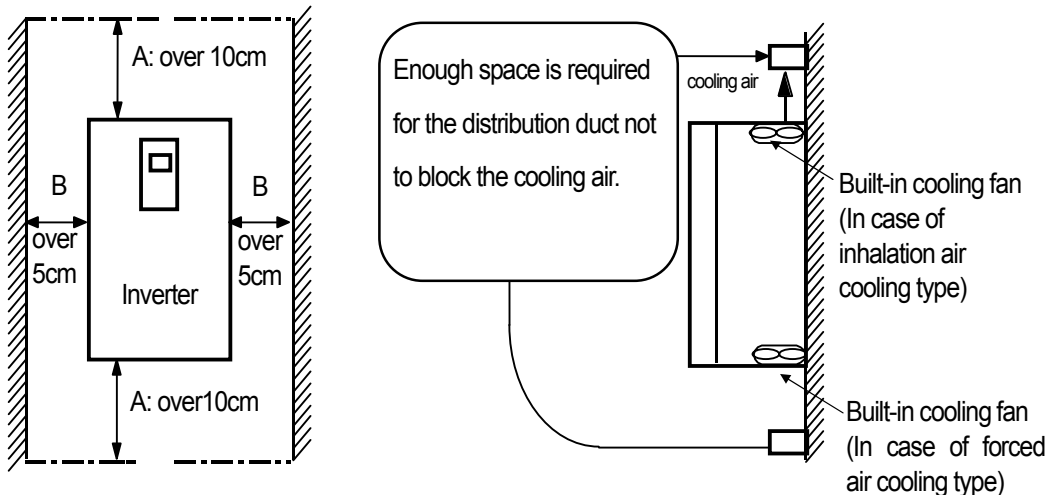
Life of the inverter greatly influenced by the surrounding temperatures, make sure that the surrounding temperature does not exceed the permitted temperature (-10 ~ 50°C).



<Measurement Points of Surrounding Temperature>

Install the inverter on an inflammable surface because its temperature rises high during operation.

Sufficient space is required to prevent heat saturation because the inverter emits heat.



Remark

Over 50cm, B : over 20cm is necessary when you install an inverter above 30kW

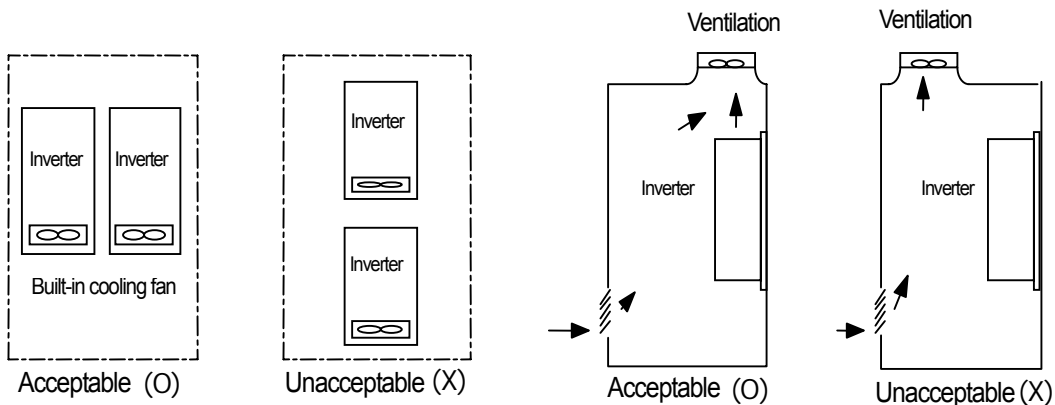
Chapter 3 Installation



Caution

Avoid direct rays of light or a warm and humid place.
Install the inverter in a closed panel or clean place free from foreign substances such as oil mist and fiber dust.
If not, it may cause the malfunction or fault operation.

If you install two or more inverters inside the panel, be careful about the location of the ventilation fan and inverter.
See the figure below.



When two or more units are installed

Where the ventilation fan is installed

Install the inverter upright using screws or bolts so that the inverter does not move.

Note

Arrange the panels in order to the hot air generated by the heating of the inverter should be released.

3.1.2 Exterior and Dimension (UL Enclosed Type 1, IP21 Type)

1) SV0008-0037iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| SV0008~0037 iS7 - 2/4 | 150(5.90) | 127(5.00) | 284(11.18) | 252(9.92) | 18(0.70) | 200(7.87) | 5(0.19) | 5(0.19) |

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2) SV0055-0075iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| SV0055~0075 iS7 - 2/4 | 200(7.87) | 176(6.92) | 355(13.97) | 327(12.87) | 19(0.74) | 225(8.85) | 5(0.19) | 5(0.19) |

3) SV0110-0150iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| SV0110-0150 iS7-2/4 | 250(9.84) | 214.6(8.44) | 385(15.15) | 355(13.97) | 23.6(0.92) | 284(11.18) | 6.5(0.25) | 6.5(0.25) |

Chapter 3 Installation

4) SV0185-0220iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| SV0185~0220 iS7- 2/4 | 280(11.02) | 243.5(9.58) | 461.6(18.17) | 437(17.2) | 10.1(0.39) | 298(11.73) | 6.5(0.25) | 6.5(0.25) |

5) SV0300-iS7 (200V, IP00 Type)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SV0300 iS7-2 | 300 (11.81) | 190 (7.48) | 570 (22.44) | 552 (21.73) | 10 (0.39) | 265.2 (10.44) | 10 (0.39) | 10 (0.39) |

Chapter 3 Installation

6) SV0370-0450iS7 (200V, IP00 Type)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SV0370~0450 iS7-2 | 370 (14.56) | 270 (10.63) | 630 (24.8) | 609 (23.97) | 11 (0.43) | 281.2 (11.07) | 10 (0.39) | 10 (0.39) |

7) SV0300-0450iS7 (400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SV0300~0450 iS7-4 | 300.1 (11.81) | 242.8 (9.55) | 594.1 (23.38) | 562 (22.12) | 24.1 (0.94) | 303.2 (11.93) | 10 (0.39) | 10 (0.39) |

8) SV0550-0750iS7 (200V, IP00 Type)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| SV0550~0750 iS7-2 | 465 (18.3) | 381 (15.0) | 750 (29.52) | 723.5 (28.48) | 15.5 (0.61) | 355.6 (14.0) | 12 (0.47) | 12 (0.47) |

9) SV0550-0750iS7 (400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SV0550-0750 iS7-4 | 370.1 (14.57) | 312.8 (12.31) | 663.5 (26.12) | 631.4 (24.85) | 24.1 (0.94) | 373.3 (14.69) | 10 (0.39) | 10 (0.39) |

10) SV0900-1100iS7 (400V, IP00 Type)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | W3 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SV0900~1100 iS7-4 | 510 (20.07) | 381 (15.0) | 350 (13.77) | 783.5 (30.84) | 759 (29.88) | 15.5 (0.61) | 422.6 (16.63) | 11 (0.43) | 11 (0.43) |

11) SV1320-1600iS7 (400V, IP00 Type)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | W3 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SV1320~1600 iS7-4 | 510 (20.07) | 381 (15.0) | 350 (13.77) | 861 (33.89) | 838 (32.99) | 15.5 (0.61) | 422.6 (16.63) | 11 (0.43) | 11 (0.43) |

Chapter 3 Installation

3.1.3 External dimension (UL Enclosed Type12, IP54 Type)

1) SV0008-0037iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| SV0008~0037 iS7-2/4 | 204.2 (8.03) | 127 (5.0) | 419 (16.49) | 252 (9.92) | 95.1 (3.74) | 208 (8.18) | 5 (0.19) | 5 (0.19) |

2) SV0055-0075iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| SV0055-0075 iS7- 2/4 | 254 (10.0) | 176 (6.92) | 460.6 (18.13) | 327 (12.87) | 88.1 (3.46) | 232.3 (9.14) | 5 (0.19) | 5 (0.19) |

3) SV0110-0150iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| SV0110~0150 iS7-2/4 | 313.1 (12.32) | 214.6 (8.44) | 590.8 (23.25) | 355 (13.97) | 101.7 (4.0) | 294.4 (11.59) | 6.5 (0.25) | 6.5 (0.25) |

4) SV0185-0220iS7 (200V/400V)



mm (inches)

| Inverter capacity | W1 | W2 | H1 | H2 | H3 | D1 | A | B |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| SV0185-0220 iS7-2/4 | 343.2 (13.51) | 243.5 (9.58) | 750.8 (29.55) | 445 (17.51) | 91.6 (3.60) | 315.5 (12.42) | 6.5 (0.25) | 6.5 (0.25) |

Chapter 3 Installation

3.1.4 Dimension and Weight of frame (UL Enclosed Type 1, IP 21 Type)

| Inverter Capacity | W[mm] | H[mm] | D[mm] | EMC&DCL Weight [Kg] | Only EMC Product weight[Kg] | Only DCL Product weight[Kg] | Non EMC&DCL Product weight[Kg] |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| SV0008iS7-2/4 | 150 | 284 | 200 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| SV0015iS7-2/4 | 150 | 284 | 200 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| SV0022iS7-2/4 | 150 | 284 | 200 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| SV0037iS7-2/4 | 150 | 284 | 200 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| SV0055iS7-2/4 | 200 | 355 | 225 | 10 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 7.7 |
| SV0075iS7-2/4 | 200 | 355 | 225 | 10 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 7.7 |
| SV0110iS7-2/4 | 250 | 385 | 284 | 20 | 17.2 | 16.8 | 14 |
| SV0150iS7-2/4 | 250 | 385 | 284 | 20 | 17.2 | 16.8 | 14 |
| SV0185iS7-2 | 280 | 461.6 | 298 | 30 | 27 | 25.9 | 22.9 |
| SV0220iS7-2 | 280 | 461.6 | 298 | 30 | 25.8 | 25.9 | 22.9 |
| SV0300iS7-2 | 300 | 570 | 265.2 | - | - | - | 29.5 |
| SV0370iS7-2 | 370 | 630 | 281.2 | - | - | - | 44 |
| SV0450iS7-2 | 370 | 630 | 281.2 | - | - | - | 44 |
| SV0550iS7-2 | 465 | 750 | 355.6 | - | - | - | 72.5 |
| SV0750iS7-2 | 465 | 750 | 355.6 | - | - | - | 72.5 |
| SV0185iS7-4 | 280 | 461.6 | 298 | 27.4 | 23.5 | 23.3 | 19.7 |
| SV0220iS7-4 | 280 | 461.6 | 298 | 27.4 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 20.1 |
| SV0300iS7-4 | 300.1 | 594.1 | 303.2 | - | - | 41 | 28 |
| SV0370iS7-4 | 300.1 | 594.1 | 303.2 | - | - | 41 | 28 |
| SV0450iS7-4 | 300.1 | 594.1 | 303.2 | - | - | 41 | 28 |
| SV0550iS7-4 | 370.1 | 663.5 | 373.3 | - | - | 63 | 45 |
| SV0750iS7-4 | 370.1 | 663.5 | 373.3 | - | - | 63 | 45 |
| SV0900iS7-4 | 510 | 783.5 | 422.6 | - | - | 101 | - |
| SV1100iS7-4 | 510 | 783.5 | 422.6 | - | - | 101 | - |
| SV1320iS7-4 | 510 | 861 | 422.6 | - | - | 114 | - |
| SV1600iS7-4 | 510 | 861 | 422.6 | - | - | 114 | - |

Note

Weight[Kg] above indicates total weight including EMC FILTER, DCL. (excluding box packing)
30~160 kW products have only DCL option.

3.1.5 Dimension and Weight of Frame (UL Enclosed Type 12, IP54 Type)

| Inverter Capacity | W[mm] | H[mm] | D[mm] | EMC&DCL Weight[Kg] | Only EMC Weight[Kg] | Only DCL Weight[Kg] | Non EMC&DCL Weight[Kg] |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| SV0008iS7-2/4 | 204.2 | 419 | 208 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 6.7 |
| SV0015iS7-2/4 | 204.2 | 419 | 208 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 6.7 |
| SV0022iS7-2/4 | 204.2 | 419 | 208 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 6.7 |
| SV0037iS7-2/4 | 204.2 | 419 | 208 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 6.7 |
| SV0055iS7-2/4 | 254 | 460.6 | 232.3 | 12.8 | 10.2 | 12.1 | 9.5 |
| SV0075iS7-2/4 | 254 | 460.6 | 232.3 | 12.9 | 10.3 | 12.2 | 9.6 |
| SV0110iS7-2/4 | 313.1 | 590.8 | 294.4 | 25.6 | 22.8 | 22.4 | 19.6 |
| SV0150iS7-2/4 | 313.1 | 590.8 | 294.4 | 25.9 | 23.1 | 22.7 | 19.9 |
| SV0185iS7-2 | 343.2 | 750.8 | 315.5 | 38.3 | 34.2 | 34.1 | 29.9 |
| SV0220iS7-2 | 343.2 | 750.8 | 315.5 | 38.3 | 34.2 | 34.1 | 29.9 |
| SV0185iS7-4 | 343.2 | 750.8 | 315.5 | 34.9 | 31 | 31 | 27.1 |
| SV0220iS7-4 | 343.2 | 750.8 | 315.5 | 34.9 | 31 | 31 | 27.1 |

Note

Weight[Kg] above indicates total weight. (excluding packing)
 0.75~22 kW products have only IP54 type product.

Chapter 3 Installation

3.1.6 Installation Guide (UL Enclosed Type12, IP54 Type)

1) How to separate IP54 keypad cover and keypad

- Release the upper/lower screw on the transparent keypad cover and then separate the transparent cover from the inverter.
- Separate the keypad from the inverter.



2) How to separate IP54 front cover

- Loosen the captive screws (nine or thirteen, depending on the size of the frame) around the edge of the cover.
- Remove the cover.



3) Mounting the inverter

- Remove the four rubber packings on the corner.
- Mount the inverter onto fixing hole on the panel and securely tighten the four screws or bolts.
- Place the four rubber packings to the each corner.



4) Power cable wiring

- Connects the input/output power cable as followed picture.
- Refer to **Chapter 4 Wiring** for the detailed wiring.



Chapter 3 Installation

5) How to attach the IP54 front cover

- Place the front cover matching with plate hole.
- Securely tighten the screw at the corner of front cover.
- Connect the cable to the keypad and then place the front cover on the inverter.
- Place the transparent keypad cover on the keypad and tighten the upper/lower screw.



4.1 Wiring

4.1.1 How to separate front cover when wiring

Remove Keypad on the product and release fixed volt of the lower end of up cover.

1) How to separate Keypad



2) How to assemble plug when connecting Keypad

As showing figures below, install the keypad after connecting the plug.



3) How to separate front cover

[IP21 Type]



[IP54 Type]

Separate the transparent keypad cover releasing fixed bolt and then separate keypad.

Separate the front cover releasing fixed bolt.

Before wiring, IP54 product must be installed on the panel.



4.1.2 How to separate front cover when wiring (90~160 kW 400V, 30~75kW 200V)

Releasing the right/left fixed bolt on the lower front cover and get down the lower front cover and then open it. Now, you can wire power part (R/S/T, P/N, U/V/W) and signal cable (terminal block, encoder option, communication option, PLC option etc.).



4.1.3 Built-in EMC Filter

iS7 inverter has built-in EMC Filter. It has effect in reducing air electric wave noise of inverter input part. It's initial setting is OFF. If you are to ON, Connect please short pin on the EMC filter ON/OFF Connector.

1) How to set EMC Filter functions (Less than 7.5kW Products)



2) How to remove EMC Filter ON/OFF connector (Less than 7.5kW Product)



Check the voltage by a tester in 10minute after cutting the power supply. In case separate with connector, pull the connector while pressing fixed hasp. When reinstalling, be sure to hook the hasp of the connector. (if it is hard to separate them, please use radio pincher or tweezers.)

3) How to set EMC Filter functions (11~22kW Products)

EMC filter ON/OFF set terminal is located in lower part of the 11~22kW Terminal as shown figure below. Initial set is OFF. When the green wire is connected in upper metal connection terminal, EMC filter is ON and EMC filter is OFF if it is connected in insulated connection terminal.



EMC filter has effect in reducing air electronic wave while being used in power source of symmetrical ground method. Be sure to use EMC filter in symmetrical ground method such as Y connection.

 Caution

Leakage current increases while EMC filter is ON. Do not use EMC filter when the input is asymmetrical way such as Delta connection. It may cause an electric shock.

| Asymmetrical Ground structure | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| 1 phase is grounded in Delta connection |  | Grounded middle tap of 1 phase in Delta connection |  |
| Grounded in single phase end |  | Non-grounded 3 Phase connection |  |

4.1.4 Wiring precaution

- 1) The internal circuits of the inverter will be damaged if the incoming power is connected and applied to output terminals (U, V, W).
- 2) Use ring terminals with insulated caps when wiring the input power and motor wiring.
- 3) Do not leave wire fragments inside the inverter. Wire fragments can cause faults, breakdowns, and malfunctions.
- 4) For input and output, use wires with sufficient size to ensure voltage drop of less than 2%. Motor torque may drop of operating at low frequencies and a long wire run between inverter and motor.
- 5) The cable length between inverter and motor should be less than 150m (492ft). Due to increased leakage capacitance between cables, overcurrent protective feature may operate or equipment connected to the output side may malfunction. (But for products of less than 30kW, the cable length should be less than 50m (164ft).)
- 6) The main circuit of the inverter contains high frequency noise, and can hinder communication equipment near the inverter. To reduce noise, install line noise filters on the input side of the inverter.
- 7) Do not use power factor capacitor, surge killers, or RFI filters on the output side of the inverter. Doing so may damage these components.
- 8) Always check whether the LCD and the charge lamp for the power terminal are OFF before wiring terminals. The charge capacitor may hold high-voltage even after the power is disconnected. Use caution to prevent the possibility of personal injury.
- 9) Do not connect with MC at output pare of inverter and make MC On/Off during operation. It can cause the Trip or damage of inverter

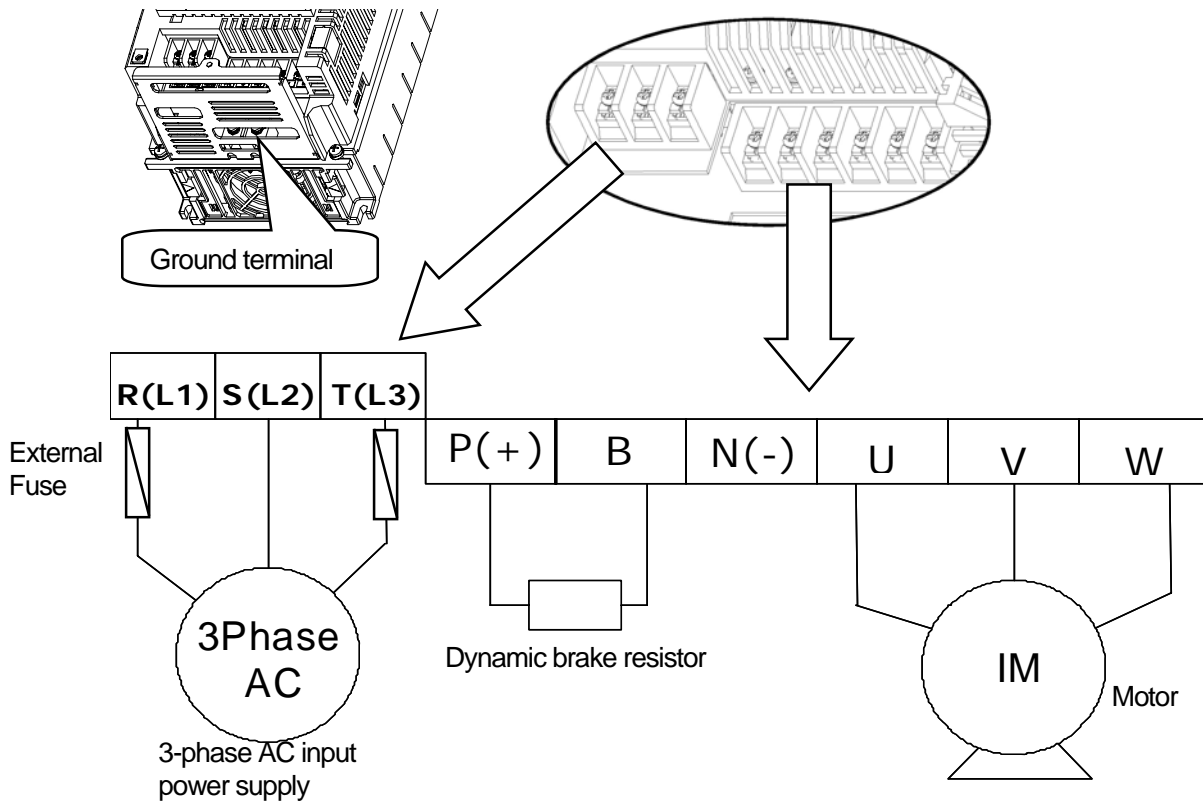
4.1.5 Grounding

- 1) The inverter is a high switching device, and leakage current may flow. Ground the inverter to avoid electrical shock.
- 2) The ground impedance for 200V class is 100 ohm or less and 400V class 10ohm or less .
- 3) Connect only to the dedicated ground terminal of the inverter. Do not use the case or the chassis screw for grounding.
- 4) As a minimum, grounding wire should meet the specifications listed below. Grounding wire should be as short as possible and should be connected to the ground point as near as possible to the inverter.

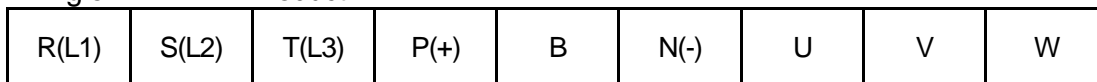
| Inverter Capacity | Grounding wire size (mm ²) | |
|-------------------|---|------------|
| | 200V class | 400V class |
| 0.75 ~ 3.7kW | 3.5 | 2 |
| 5.5 ~ 7.5 kW | 5.5 | 3.5 |
| 11 ~ 15 kW | 14 | 8 |
| 18.5 ~ 22 kW | 22 | 14 |
| 30 ~ 45 kW | 22 | 22 |
| 55 ~ 75 kW | 38 | 38 |
| 90 ~ 110 kW | - | 60 |
| 132 ~ 160 kW | - | 100 |

4.1.6 Terminal wiring diagram (POWER terminal block)

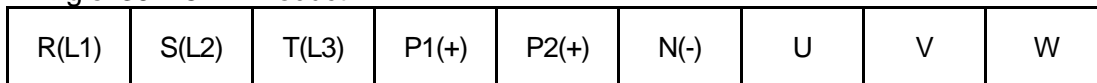
1) Wiring of Inverter below 7.5kW



2) Wiring of 11~22kW Product



3) Wiring of 30~75kW Product



4) Wiring of 90~160kW Product



Note

Products over 11kW have a linear arrangement of terminal blocks. Products for 0.75~160kW have built-in DC Reactor, so it doesn't necessary any other DC Reactor connection. Ground terminal must be grounded. Do not use ground to command for ground cable, welding machine and power machine etc. Ground cable must be wire as short as possible. If ground terminal of inverter is far from the inverter, electric potential of inverter terminal ground can be unstable because leakage current of inverter can be generated form inverter.

4.1.7 Terminals of main circuit

1) 0.75 ~ 22 kW (200V/400V)

(1) Built-in dynamic braking unit used

Connect P(+) and B terminal of inverter to the dynamic braking unit when built-in dynamic unit is used.



| Terminal Symbol | Terminal Name | Description |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| R(L1),S(L2),T(L3) | AC power supply input | Connects normal AC input. |
| P(+) | (+) AC voltage terminal | (+) DC link voltage terminal |
| N(-) | (-) DC voltage terminal | (-) DC link voltage terminal. |
| P(+),B | Dynamic brake resistor | Connects dynamic brake resistor. |
| U,V,W | Inverter output | Connects the 3 phase induction motor. |

(2) Optional dynamic braking unit used

Connects P(+) terminal of inverter to P/(+) terminal of the dynamic braking unit and N(-) terminal of inverter to N/(-) terminal of the dynamic braking unit. B terminal of inverter is not used.



| Terminal Symbol | Terminal Name | Description |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| R(L1),S(L2),T(L3) | AC power supply input | Connects normal AC input |
| P(+) | (+) DC voltage terminal | (+) DC link voltage terminal |
| N(-) | (-) DC voltage terminal | (-) DC link voltage terminal. |
| P(+),B | Dynamic brake resistor | Connects dynamic brake resistor. |
| U,V,W | Inverter output | Connects the 3 phase induction motor |

2) 30 ~ 75 kW (200V, 400V)



| Terminal Symbol | Terminal Name | Description |
|-------------------|---|--|
| R(L1),S(L2),T(L3) | AC power supply input | Connects normal AC input |
| P1(+) | (+)DC voltage terminal | (+)DC link voltage terminal It is located in front of DCL terminal. |
| P2,N(-) | Dynamic brake unit connection, DC common terminal ¹⁾ | Voltage terminal connecting Dynamic brake unit, DC common terminal |
| N(-) | (-)DC voltage terminal | (-)DC link voltage terminal. |
| U,V,W | Inverter output | Connects the 3 phase induction motor |

1) When using this terminal as a DC common, special considerations are required. Be sure to consult with our sales representative.

3) 90 ~ 160 kW (400V)



| Terminal Symbol | Terminal Name | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| R(L1),S(L2),T(L3) | AC power supply input | Connects normal AC input |
| P(+) | (+)DC voltage terminal | (+)DC link voltage terminal |
| N(-) | (-)DC voltage terminal | (-)DC link voltage terminal |
| P(+), N(-) | External brake unit connection | Voltage terminal connecting Dynamic brake unit. |
| U,V,W | Inverter output | Connects the 3 phase induction motor. |

4.1.8 Specifications of power terminal block and Exterior fuse

| Inverter applied | Terminal screw size | Screw torque ¹⁾ (Kgf-cm) | Cable ²⁾ | | | | Exterior fuse | | |
|------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|---------|------|
| | | | mm ² | | AWG | | Current | Voltage | |
| | | | R,S,T | U,V,W | R,S,T | U,V,W | | | |
| 200V | 0.75 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 14 | 14 | 10A | 500V |
| | 1.5 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 14 | 14 | 15A | 500V |
| | 2.2 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 14 | 14 | 20A | 500V |
| | 3.7 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 4 | 4 | 12 | 12 | 32A | 500V |
| | 5.5 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 50A | 500V |
| | 7.5 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 63A | 500V |
| | 11 kW | M6 | 30.6~38.2 | 16 | 16 | 6 | 6 | 80A | 500V |
| | 15 kW | M6 | 30.6~38.2 | 25 | 22 | 4 | 4 | 100A | 500V |
| | 18.5 kW | M8 | 61.2~91.8 | 35 | 30 | 2 | 2 | 125A | 500V |
| | 22 kW | M8 | 61.2~91.8 | 35 | 30 | 2 | 2 | 160A | 500V |
| | 30 kW | M8 | 61.2 ~ 91.8 | 70 | 70 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 200A | 500V |
| | 37 kW | M8 | 61.2 ~ 91.8 | 95 | 95 | 2/0 | 2/0 | 250A | 500V |
| | 45 kW | M8 | 61.2 ~ 91.8 | 95 | 95 | 2/0 | 2/0 | 350A | 500V |
| | 55 kW | M10 | 89.7 ~ 122.0 | 120 | 120 | 3/0 | 3/0 | 400A | 500V |
| 75 kW | M10 | 89.7 ~ 122.0 | 150 | 150 | 4/0 | 4/0 | 450A | 500V | |
| 400V | 0.75~1.5kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 14 | 14 | 10A | 500V |
| | 2.2 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 14 | 14 | 15A | 500V |
| | 3.7 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 14 | 14 | 20A | 500V |
| | 5.5 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 4 | 2.5 | 12 | 14 | 32A | 500V |
| | 7.5 kW | M4 | 7.1~12 | 4 | 4 | 12 | 12 | 35A | 500V |
| | 11 kW | M5 | 24.5~31.8 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 50A | 500V |
| | 15 kW | M5 | 24.5~31.8 | 16 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 63A | 500V |
| | 18.5 kW | M6 | 30.6~38.2 | 16 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 70A | 500V |
| | 22 kW | M6 | 30.6~38.2 | 25 | 16 | 4 | 6 | 100A | 500V |
| | 30~37 kW | M8 | 61.2~91.8 | 25 | 25 | 4 | 4 | 125A | 500V |
| | 45 kW | M8 | 61.2~91.8 | 70 | 70 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 160A | 500V |
| | 55 kW | M8 | 61.2~91.8 | 70 | 70 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 200A | 500V |
| | 75 kW | M8 | 61.2~91.8 | 70 | 70 | 1/0 | 1/0 | 250A | 500V |
| | 90 kW | M12 | 182.4~215.0 | 100 | 100 | 4/0 | 4/0 | 350A | 500V |
| 110 kW | M12 | 182.4~215.0 | 100 | 100 | 4/0 | 4/0 | 400A | 500V | |
| 132 kW | M12 | 182.4~215.0 | 150 | 150 | 300 | 300 | 450A | 500V | |
| 160 kW | M12 | 182.4~215.0 | 200 | 200 | 400 | 400 | 450A | 500V | |

1) : Apply the prescribed torque for the terminal screws. If the screws are loose, it might cause a failure.

2) : Use 600V 75°C copper cable.

The entire cable length should be below 200m. In case of connection of the motor, the entire length should not exceed 200m because if a motor is connected from a remote location, the over current protection function might be started by the harmonics caused by the floating volume increment within the cables or a failure of the device connected to the secondary side might occur. The entire cable length should be below 200m too when you connect more than one motor. Do not use a triplex cable in case of distance wiring. (50m when below 3.7kW)

In case of lengthy wiring, Use thick wire in order to reduce line voltage drop and decrease the carrier frequency or use a micro surge filter.

$$\text{Line Voltage Drop [V]} = (\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance [m}\Omega/\text{m}] \times \text{wire length [m]} \times \text{Current [A]}) / 1000$$

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| Distance between inverter and motor | Up to 50 m | Up to 100 m | Over 100 m |
| Permitted carrier frequency | Below 15 kHz | Below 5 kHz | Below 2.5 kHz |

4.1.9 Control terminal line diagram (Basic I/O terminal block, below 22kW products)



1) How to set NPN (Sink)/PNP (Source)

iS7 serves 2 sequence input terminal of control circuit: NPN mode (Sink mode) and PNP mode (Source mode). It is possible to change the logic of input terminal with NPN mode (Sink mode) and PNP mode (Source mode) by using NPN (Sink)/PNP (Source) set terminal. Each mode connecting methods are follows.

(1) NPN mode (Sink mode)

Set NPN (Sink)/PNP (Source) switch into NPN. CM (24V GND) is common terminal of contact point input signal. Initial set of Factory default is NPN mode (Sink mode).



(2) PNP mode (Source mode) – When use inner source

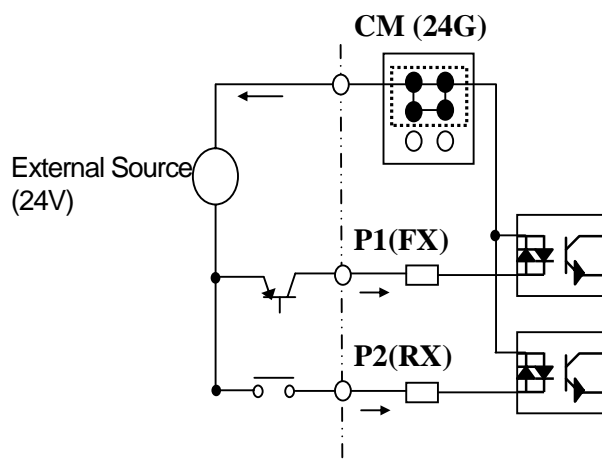
Set NPN (Sink)/PNP (Source) switch into PNP. 24 (24V inner source) is common terminal of contact point input signal. PNP mode (Source mode) – Set NPN (Sink)/PNP (Source) switch into PNP When use exterior source.

If you want try to use exterior 24V source, connect exterior source (-) terminal with CM (24V GND).

PNP NPN PNP mode (Source mode) – When using inner source



PNP NPN PNP mode (Source mode) – When using external source



1) Example of Distribution



TR terminal located on the above the right side of terminal block is for the terminal resistor of RS485 communication (120 Ω).

4.1.10 Control terminal line diagram (Insulated I/O terminal block, above 30kW products)



1) Example of Distribution



4.1.11 Control circuit terminal

1) Contact point start function selection

| Type | Terminal Symbol | Terminal Name | Terminal Description |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Input signal | Contact point start function selection | P1~P8 | Multi-function input1~8 Available by defining as multi-function input |
| | | CM | Sequence common terminal Common terminal of the contact point input terminal (note: In case of Basic I/O, common terminal is different from the 5G common terminal) |
| | Analog Frequency | VR(+) | Frequency setting power(+) terminal Power supply for analog frequency setting Maximum output is +12V, 100mA. |
| | | VR(-) | Frequency setting power(-) terminal Power supply for analog frequency setting Maximum output is -12V, 100mA. |
| | | V1 | Frequency setting (voltage) Becomes set frequency with input of DC -10~10V. Unipolar 0~+10[V], Biopolar(-10[V] ~10[V]) input resistance 20kΩ |
| | | I1 | Frequency setting (current) Becomes set frequency with input of DC 0~20mA input resistance 249Ω |
| | | 5G | Frequency setting common terminal Common terminal of analog frequency setting signal and analog voltage and current terminals (note: In case Basic I/O, common terminal are different from the CM common terminal) |
| Output Signal | Analog | A01 | Multi-function analog voltage output terminal Select the one among Output frequency, Output current, and DC voltage. Output voltage: 0~10V Maximum output voltage: 10V Maximum output current: 10mA |
| | | A02 | Multi-function analog current output terminal Select the one among Output frequency, Output current, Output voltage and DC voltage. Output current: 4~20mA (0~20mA) Maximum output current: 20mA |
| | Contact Point | Q1 | Multi-function terminal (open collector) DC 26V, below 100mA |
| | | EG | Common terminal for open collector External power supply common earth terminal of the open collector |
| | | 24 | Exterior 24V power Maximum output current: 150mA |
| | | A1, B1, C1 | Fault signal output Protection function is activated to break output. (below AC250V 1A, DV30V 1A) Fault signal: A1-C1 electrified (B1-C1 unelectrified) Normal signal: B1-C1 electrified (A1-C1 unelectrified) |
| | | A2, C2 | Multi-function relay 2 output A contact point Output the signal while running. User defined multi-function output terminal. AC250V, below 5A DC30V, below 5A |
| | S+, S-, CM | RS-485 signal input terminal RS-485 signal line (see Chapter 11 Communication Function of the manual.) | |

4.1.12 Specifications of signal terminal block distribution

| Terminal | | Cable size | | Electric specifications |
|----------|--|--|-------|---|
| Type | Name | mm ² | AWG | |
| P1~P8 | Multi-function input terminal | | | - |
| CM | Contact point common terminal (In case of Basic I/O, CM is different from 5G) | 0.33 ~1.25 | 16~22 | Common earth for multi function input terminal |
| VR+ | Analog frequency setting (+) power supply | | | Output voltage : +12V Maximum output voltage : 100mA |
| VR- | Analog frequency setting (-) power supply | | | Output voltage : -12V Maximum output voltage : 100mA |
| V1 | Multi-function analog voltage input terminal | | | Input voltage : 0~12V or -12~12V |
| I1 | Multi-function analog current input terminal | | | 0~20mA input Internal resistance : 249Ω |
| AO1 | Multi-function analog voltage output terminal | 0.33 ~2.0 | 14~22 | Maximum output voltage : 10V Maximum output current : 10mA |
| AO2 | Multi-function analog current output terminal | | | Maximum output current : 20mA |
| 5G | Frequency setting common terminal (In case of Basic I/O, 5G is different from CM) | | | Common terminal of analog frequency setting signal and analog current and voltage terminals |
| Q1 | Multi-function terminal (open collector) | | | DC26V, below 100mA |
| EG | Earth terminal for external power supply | 0.33 ~1.25 | 16~22 | Maximum output current : 150mA |
| 24 | External 24V power supply | | | |
| A1 | Multi function relay 1 output A contact point | 0.33 ~2.0 | 14~22 | AC250V, below 5A DC30V, below 5A |
| B1 | Multi function relay 1 output B contact point | | | AC250V, below 5A DC30V, below 5A |
| C1 | Multi function relay 1 contact point common terminal | | | AC250V, below 5A DC30V, below 5A |
| A2 | Multi function relay 2 output A contact point | | | AC250V, below 5A DC30V, below 5A |
| C2 | Multi function relay 2 contact point common terminal | | | AC250V, below 5A DC30V, below 5A |
| S+,S- | RS485 signal input terminal | | | 0.75mm ² (18AWG), Shield Type Twisted-pare Wire |
| CM | RS485 common terminal | For multi connection, RS485 power ground (Shield) connection terminal | | |

**Caution**

Do not use more than 3M remote cable for the keypad. Failure of the signals on the keypad might occur.

To prevent radiated emissions in the analogical and digital signals, you must put a ferrite in the wires of these signals.

Ex. Brand Würth Elektronik ref. 74271132

4.2 Operation Checking

IS7 provides EASY START MODE helping with the basic parameter setting using the keypad by distribution shown above when power is first supplied.

4.2.1 Easy start

Easy Start gets started when power is first supplied after you purchase the product or power is re-supplied after the set parameters are all initialized.

- Easy Start Mode gets started first even in case of an inverter trip.
- Easy Start Mode does not operate during the inverter running.

4.2.2 Easy start operation

It operates in the following sequence.



* You can move to Monitor Mode by pressing ESC at any time while you set the Easy Start mode.

4.2.3 Checking for normal working

1) Motor forward/reverse direction and Normal working checking by KEYPAD operation

After setting Cmd Source of DRV-06 is 0: Keypad, Freq Ref Src of DRV-07 is 0: Keypad-1 and set DRV-01 : Cmd Frequency into temporary speed, Command forward operation by pressing FWD please. At this time, shaft of motor at the side of load rotates into counterclock wise direction. Otherwise, it must be changed 2 terminals among the inverter output terminal U, V, W.



5.1 Peripheral Devices

5.1.1 Composition of peripheral devices

It is required to connect the inverter correctly by selecting proper peripheral devices. Wrong system composition or connection might impair normal operation or cause significant life span decrease. At worst, the inverter might be damaged, so use the product properly according to the manual and cautions.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
|  |  | <p>Power Supply specification</p> | <p>Use within the power supply specification for the inverter. 200V Class: 200~230V (-15%~+10%) 400V Class: 380~480V (-15%~+10%)</p> |
|  |  | <p>Molded case circuit breaker or Earth leakage circuit breaker</p> | <p>High current flows in the inverter while power is supplied. Be careful when you select the breaker because of the inverter</p> |
|  |  | <p>Magnetic contactor (Possible to Select)</p> | <p>This does not have to be necessarily installed, but if you do, do not start or stop the inverter frequently with the contactor. It might decrease the life of the inverter.</p> |
|  |  | <p>AC and DC reactor (Possible to Select)</p> | <p>The reactor is necessary for installation where power factor improvement or input power capacity is high(over 1000kVA, distribution distance below 10m). Be careful when you select.</p> |
|  |  | <p>Inverter installation place and Wiring</p> | <p>The life of the inverter is greatly affected by the surrounding temperature, make sure the temperature does not exceed the permitted range. Wrong wiring might cause damage to the product, therefore follow the installation guide. Ground terminal must be grounded.</p> |
|  |  | <p>Inverter output</p> | <p>Do not connect static condenser, surge killer, radio noise filter to output. It might cause damage or failure. Ground terminal must be grounded.</p> |

5.1.2 Specifications of wiring switch, Electronic contactor and Reactor

1) Specifications of Wiring switch and Electronic contactor

| Inverter capacity | MCCB/ ELCB (LS) | Rated Current [A] | Magnetic Contactor (LS) |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0008iS7-2 | ABS33b/ EBS33b | 15 | GMC-9 |
| 0015iS7-2 | ABS33b / EBS33b | 15 | GMC-12 |
| 0022iS7-2 | ABS33b / EBS33b | 30 | GMC-18 |
| 0037iS7-2 | ABS33b / EBS33b | 30 | GMC-32 |
| 0055iS7-2 | ABS53b / EBS53b | 50 | GMC-40 |
| 0075iS7-2 | ABS103b / EBS63b | 60 | GMC-50 |
| 0110iS7-2 | ABS103b / EBS103b | 100 | GMC-65 |
| 0150iS7-2 | ABS203b/ EBS203b | 125 | GMC-100 |
| 0185iS7-2 | ABS203b / EBS203b | 150 | GMC-125 |
| 0220iS7-2 | ABS203b / EBS203b | 175 | GMC-150 |
| 0300iS7-2 | ABS203b/ EBS203b | | GMC-150 |
| 0370iS7-2 | ABS403b/ EBS403b | | GMC-220 |
| 0450iS7-2 | ABS403b/ EBS403b | | GMC-300 |
| 0550iS7-2 | ABS603b/ EBS603b | | GMC-400 |
| 0750iS7-2 | ABS603b/ EBS603b | | GMC-600 |

MCCB: Molded Case Circuit Breakers
ELCB: Earth Leakage Circuit Breakers

| Inverter capacity | MCCB/ ELCB (LS) | Rated Current [A] | Magnetic Contactor (LS) |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0008iS7-4 | ABS33b/ EBS33b | 15 | GMC-9 |
| 0015iS7-4 | ABS33b/ EBS33b | 15 | GMC-9 |
| 0022iS7-4 | ABS33b/ EBS33b | 15 | GMC-12 |
| 0037iS7-4 | ABS33b/ EBS33b | 15 | GMC-18 |
| 0055iS7-4 | ABS33b/ EBS33b | 30 | GMC-22 |
| 0075iS7-4 | ABS33b/ EBS33b | 30 | GMC-32 |
| 0110iS7-4 | ABS53b/ EBS53b | 50 | GMC-40 |
| 0150iS7-4 | ABS103b / EBS63b | 60 | GMC-50 |
| 0185iS7-4 | ABS103b / EBS103b | 80 | GMC-65 |
| 0220iS7-4 | ABS103b / EBS103b | 100 | GMC-65 |
| 0300iS7-4 | ABS203b / EBS203b | 125 | GMC-100 |
| 0370iS7-4 | ABS203b / EBS203b | 150 | GMC-125 |
| 0450iS7-4 | ABS203b/ EBS203b | 175 | GMC-150 |
| 0550iS7-4 | ABS203b/ EBS203b | 225 | GMC-180 |
| 0750iS7-4 | ABS403b / EBS403b | 300 | GMC-220 |
| 0900iS7-4 | ABS403b / EBS403b | 400 | GMC-300 |
| 1100iS7-4 | ABS603b / EBS603b | 500 | GMC-400 |
| 1320iS7-4 | ABS603b / EBS603b | 600 | GMC-400 |
| 1600iS7-4 | ABS603b / EBS603b | 600 | GMC-600 |

Note

- 1) The molded case circuit breaker selection should be 1.5 ~ 2 time of output rating currents from its AC drive.
 2) Protect AC drive from fault currents using MCCB instead of overload protection devices.
 - Apply 150% of rated output current for a minute.

2) DC Reactor Specifications

| INVERTER | DC Reactor Specifications | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----|
| | mH | A |
| 0300iS7-2 | 0.24 | 200 |
| 0370iS7-2 | 0.2 | 240 |
| 0450iS7-2 | 0.17 | 280 |
| 0550iS7-2 | 0.12 | 360 |
| 0750iS7-2 | 0.1 | 500 |

3) AC Reactor Specifications

| INVERTER | AC Reactor Specifications | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----|
| | mH | A |
| 0008iS7-2 | 1.20 | 10 |
| 0015iS7-2 | 0.88 | 14 |
| 0022iS7-2 | 0.56 | 20 |
| 0037iS7-2 | 0.39 | 30 |
| 0055iS7-2 | 0.28 | 40 |
| 0075iS7-2 | 0.20 | 59 |
| 0110iS7-2 | 0.15 | 75 |
| 0150iS7-2 | 0.12 | 96 |
| 0185iS7-2 | 0.10 | 112 |

| INVERTER | AC Reactor Specifications | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----|
| | mH | A |
| 0008iS7-4 | 4.81 | 4.8 |
| 0015iS7-4 | 3.23 | 7.5 |
| 0022iS7-4 | 2.34 | 10 |
| 0037iS7-4 | 1.22 | 15 |
| 0055iS7-4 | 1.14 | 20 |
| 0075iS7-4 | 0.81 | 30 |
| 0110iS7-4 | 0.61 | 38 |
| 0150iS7-4 | 0.45 | 50 |
| 0185iS7-4 | 0.39 | 58 |

| INVERTER | AC Reactor Specifications | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----|
| | mH | A |
| 0220iS7-2 | 0.07 | 160 |
| 0300iS7-2 | 0.05 | 200 |
| 0370iS7-2 | 0.044 | 240 |
| 0450iS7-2 | 0.038 | 280 |
| 0550iS7-2 | 0.026 | 360 |
| 0750iS7-2 | 0.02 | 500 |

| INVERTER | AC Reactor Specifications | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----|
| | mH | A |
| 0220iS7-4 | 0.287 | 80 |
| 0300iS7-4 | 0.232 | 98 |
| 0370iS7-4 | 0.195 | 118 |
| 0450iS7-4 | 0.157 | 142 |
| 0550iS7-4 | 0.122 | 196 |
| 0750iS7-4 | 0.096 | 237 |
| 0900iS7-4 | 0.081 | 289 |
| 1100iS7-4 | 0.069 | 341 |
| 1320iS7-4 | 0.057 | 420 |
| 1600iS7-4 | 0.042 | 558 |

Remark

If you want DC Reactor, purchase built-in DC Reactor products.

5.1.3 Dynamic breaking unit (DBU) and Resistors

1) Dynamic Breaking Unit type

| Type | Voltage | Applied Motor | DBU | Dimensions |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| 200 V Class | UL type | 30 ~ 37 kW | SV370DBU-2U | Group 2. Refer to Dimensions. |
| | | 45 ~ 55 kW | SV550DBU-2U | |
| | | 75 kW | SV370DBU-2U, 2 sets | |
| 400 V Class | Non UL type | 30 ~ 37 kW | SV037DBH-4 | Group 1. Refer to Dimensions. |
| | | 45 ~ 55 kW | SV075DBH-4 | |
| | | 75 kW | | |
| | UL type | 30 ~ 37 kW | SV370DBU-4U | Group 2. Refer to Dimensions. |
| | | 45 ~ 55 kW | SV550DBU-4U | |
| | | 75 kW | SV750DBU-4U | |
| | | 90 kW | SV550DBU-4U, 2 sets | |
| 110~132kW | SV750DBU-4U, 2 sets | | | |
| 162kW | SV750DBU-4U, 3 sets | | | |

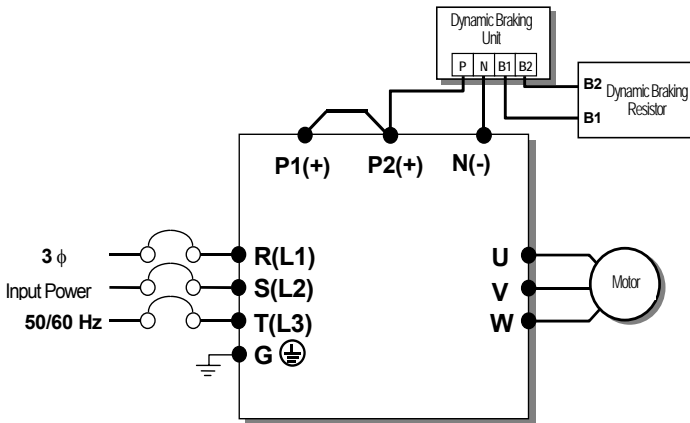
2) Terminal arrangement



| Terminals | Functions |
|-----------|---|
| G | Ground Terminal |
| B2 | Terminal for connection with B2 of DBU |
| B1 | Terminal for connection with B1 of DBU |
| N | Terminal for connection with N of Inverter |
| P | Terminal for connection with P1 of Inverter |

Note: READ DBU User manual certainly when selecting DB resistors.

3) Dynamic Breaking (DB)Unit & DB resistor basic wiring



| DBU Terminals | Description |
|---------------|--|
| B1,B2 | Wire correctly referring to wiring diagram. DB Resistors connect with B1, B2 of DB Unit. |

4) Dimensions

- Group 1



- Group 2



5) Display Functions

DB Resistors connect with B1, B2 of DB Unit. DBU has 3 LEDs. Red LED which is located in middle displays supplying main power, one Green LED which is right side displays under breaking and another green LED which is left side displays Over Heat Trip(OHT).

| Displays | Function description |
|--------------------|--|
| POWER (Red LED) | POWER LED is turned On when main power is supplied. Generally, POWER LED is turn On while main power supplied because DBU is connected with inverter. |
| RUN (Green LED) | RUN LED is turned off while DBU is ON by regenerative energy of Motor. |
| OHT (Green LED) | Under Breaking, if the temperature is exceeded over setting value due to overheat of Heatsink, Cut the TURN ON signal of DBU and LED is turned on by working overheat protection function. |

6) DB Resistors

(1) Option type Dynamic Breaking Unit

Following table has reference that DC breaking torque: 150%, %ED: 5%. Rating Watt of DBU has to be doubled when %ED is 10%.

| Voltage Class | Inverter Capacity (kW) | Type | 150% Breaking Torque, 5%ED | | |
|---------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|------------|
| | | | Resistor [ohm] | Watt [W] | Appearance |
| 200V Class | 0.75 | BR0400W150J | 150 | 150 | TYPE 1 |
| | 1.5 | BR0400W060J | 60 | 300 | TYPE 1 |
| | 2.2 | BR0400W050J | 50 | 400 | TYPE 1 |
| | 3.7 | BR0600W033J | 33 | 600 | TYPE 2 |
| | 5.5 | BR0800W020J | 20 | 800 | TYPE 3 |
| | 7.5 | BR1200W015J | 15 | 1200 | TYPE 3 |
| | 11 | BR2400W010J | 10 | 2400 | TYPE 3 |
| | 15 | BR2400W008J | 8 | 2400 | TYPE 3 |
| | 18.5 | BR3600W005J | 5 | 3600 | TYPE 3 |
| | 22 | BR3600W005J | 5 | 3600 | TYPE 3 |
| | 30 | - | 5 | 5000 | - |
| | 37 | - | 4.5 | 7000 | - |
| | 45 | - | 3.5 | 10000 | - |
| | 55 | - | 3.0 | 15000 | - |
| 75 | - | 2.5 | 20000 | - | |
| 400V Class | 0.75 | BR0400W600J | 600 | 150 | TYPE 1 |
| | 1.5 | BR0400W300J | 300 | 300 | TYPE 1 |
| | 2.2 | BR0400W200J | 200 | 400 | TYPE 1 |
| | 3.7 | BR0600W130J | 130 | 600 | TYPE 2 |
| | 5.5 | BR1000W085J | 85 | 1000 | TYPE 3 |
| | 7.5 | BR1200W060J | 60 | 1200 | TYPE 3 |
| | 11 | BR2000W040J | 40 | 2000 | TYPE 3 |
| | 15 | BR2400W030J | 30 | 2400 | TYPE 3 |
| | 18.5 | BR3600W020J | 20 | 3600 | TYPE 3 |
| | 22 | BR3600W020J | 20 | 3600 | TYPE 3 |
| | 30 | - | 12 | 5000 | - |
| | 37 | - | 12 | 5000 | - |
| | 45 | - | 6 | 10,000 | - |
| | 55 | - | 6 | 10,000 | - |
| | 75 | - | 6 | 10,000 | - |
| | 90 | - | 4.5 | 15,000 | - |
| | 110 | - | 3.5 | 17,000 | - |
| | 132 | - | 3.0 | 20,000 | - |
| 160 | - | 2.5 | 25,000 | - | |

 **Caution**

In case of iS7 90~160kW, Dynamic braking unit for 220kW (SV2200DB-4) needs above listed DB resistor. If Dynamic braking unit (SV075DBH-4) is connected in parallel, use above listed DB resistor in parallel.

6.1 How to Use Keypad

6.1.1 Standard KEYPAD appearance and description (Graphic keypad)

Standard Keypad is used in Inverter parameter setting, Monitor display and Inverter operations.



1) Dimensions



2) Key Functions

- 1. Cancel(ESC)
- 2. Move to Left
- 3. MODE selection
- 4.Reverse operation LED
- 5. Reverse operation
- 6. Stop Indication LED



- 14. Move to UP
- 13. PROGRAM set
- 12. Move to Right
- 11. Multi-Function
- 10. Move to down
- 9. Forward operation LED
- 8. Forward operation
- 7. STOP/RESET

| Section | Buttons | Key name | Function Description |
|---------|----------------|---|--|
| KEY | | Mode Key | - Change MODE |
| | | Program Key | - If the button is pressed once, the parameter can be edited at the status of editable parameter code. If the button is pressed after modification, it saves the modified data. |
| | | Up key | - Used when writing data or move codes. |
| | | Down Key | - Used when writing data or move codes. |
| | | Left/Right Key | - Movement among groups. - Movement of cursor in writing. |
| | | Multi Function Key | - Register Jog or User codes. |
| | | Cancel Key | - In writing, it is possible to use saved data previously if press this button before pressing Program Key. - Move to first code when code moving is required in a group. - Move to Monitor mode when Mode moving. |
| | | Forward Key | - Motor rotates Forward direction. |
| | | Reverse Key | - Motor rotates Reverse direction. |
| | Stop/Reset Key | - Stop Under operating. - Trip release when a trip occurs. | |

3) Composition of Display
 (1) Monitor Mode



(2) Parameter change display



Chapter 6 How to use Keypad

4) Display Item List

(1) Mode Display Items : see "Mode shift" on Page 6-8.

(2) Group Display Items : see "Group shift" on page 6-10.

(3) Operation Command/Frequency Command Display Items (Type of Seq and number of steps are displayed during auto sequence operation)

(4) Monitor Display Items

| No | Function | Display | Description |
|---------|------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 1 | Mode Display | MON | Monitor Mode |
| | | PAR | Parameter Mode |
| | | U&M | USR & Macro Mode |
| | | TRP | Trip Mode |
| | | CNF | Config Mode |
| 2 | Operating Command | K | Keypad operation command |
| | | O | FieldBus communication option operation command |
| | | A | Application option operation command |
| | | R | Built-in 485 operation command |
| | | T | Terminal block operation command |
| 3 | Frequency Command | K | Keypad frequency command |
| | | V | V1 input frequency command |
| | | I | I1 input frequency command |
| | | P | Pulse input frequency command |
| | | U | Frequency command during UP operation (Up-Down operation) |
| | | D | Frequency command during DOWN operation (Up-Down operation) |
| | | S | Frequency command during STOP operation (Up-Down operation) |
| | | O | FBus Option frequency command |
| | | X | V2, I2 frequency command of sub-terminal block |
| | | J | Jog frequency command |
| | | R | Internal 485 frequency command |
| 1~9 A~F | Sequential frequency command | | |
| 4 | Multi Function Key Setting | JOG Key | Used for shift to Keypad JOG mode |
| | | Local/Remote | Used to select local or remote operation |
| | | UserGrp SelKey | Used to register parameters as a user group in the parameter mode or delete parameters in the user group. |
| 5 | Inverter | STP | Motor stopped |

| No | Function | Display | Description |
|----|------------------|---------|----------------------------------|
| | Operating Status | FWD | Operating forward |
| | | REV | Operating reversely |
| | | DC | DC outputting |
| | | WAN | Warning |
| | | STL | Stalling |
| | | SPS | Speed Searching |
| | | OSS | Software Over Current controlled |
| | | OSH | Hardware OverCurrent controlled |
| | | TUN | Auto Tuning |

(5) Status Display Items: see “Operating status monitoring” on Page 6-17.

(6) Monitor Mode Display Items: see “Operating status monitoring” on Page 6-17.

6.1.2 Menu composition

SV-iS7 series inverter consists of the following 5 modes. Each mode has its own function items suitable for the properties and especially the parameter mode displays the functions necessary for inverter operation in groups.



| Mode | Display | Description |
|-------------------|---------|---|
| Monitor mode | MON | Displays information on the operating status of the inverter. Can monitor frequency setting, operating frequency display, output current and voltage, etc. |
| Parameter mode | PAR | Can set functions necessary for operation. Divided into a total of 12 groups, each suitable for the functional difficulty and objective. |
| User & Macro mode | U&M | You can group only necessary functions by using user group and macro group. This is not displayed when the user code is not registered or when the user/macro mode shifts with the mode key unless the macro is selected. |
| Trip mode | TRP | In case of a failure during operation, the failure type and information on the operating frequency/current/voltage at the time of the failure occurring are displayed. You can also monitor the type of the trips that previously occurred. Trip Mode is not displayed when there is no previous failure history during normal operation. |
| Config mode | CNF | You can set the operating environment for the inverter itself that is not directly related to operating functions such as keypad language selection, monitor mode environment selection, display of the option card type mounted on the inverter, parameter initialization and copying. |

1) Parameter mode

| Mode | Display | Description |
|----------------------------------|---------|--|
| Drive group | DRV | Has functions necessary for operation including frequency/acceleration/deceleration time setting and operation command selection, etc. |
| Basic group | BAS | Can set the basic functions such as the motor parameter and sequential frequency, etc. |
| Advanced function group | ADV | Can set the acceleration/deceleration pattern and frequency control function, etc. |
| Control function group | CON | Can set functions related to sensorless and vector control. |
| Input terminal function group | IN | Can set functions related to the inverter input terminal block including multi-function digital input and analog input. |
| Output terminal function group | OUT | Can set the inverter output terminal block functions such as the relay and analog output. |
| Communication function group | COM | Sets the functions related to built-in 485 communication and communication option card in such a case. |
| Application function group | APP | Sets functions such as PID control and auto sequence operation. |
| Auto Sequence run group | AUT | This group is displayed if Auto Sequence Group in APP is selected and sets the functions necessary for auto sequence operation. |
| Application option group | APO | Sets functions related to the encoder option and PLC option card, if they are used. |
| Protection group | PRT | Can set functions for protecting the motor and inverter. |
| Motor 2 function group (Motor 2) | M2 | This group is displayed if you select Motor #2 among the multi-function input terminal functions and sets functions related to Motor #2. |

2) User& Macro mode

| Group | Display | Description |
|-------------|---------|---|
| User group | USR | Of the function items of each group of the parameter mode, the items that need to be monitored or that are frequently set by the user are grouped and displayed. It is registered by using the multi-function key of the keypad. |
| Macro group | MCx | The functions necessary for the inverter according to the load type can be grouped and selected at the time of delivery from the factory. If the user selects a desired operation type, the groups displayed in MC1 or MC2 are shown. You can select them in CNF Mode. For more details, see 8-48 page, 8.1.31 Addition to Macro group. |

6.1.3 Mode shift



1) Mode Shift at the time of delivery

You can change the display as follows if you shift modes by using the mode key. The User/Macro Mode and Trip Mode are not displayed at the time of the product being delivered. For detailed description on the two modes, see page 8-47,48, 8.1.30 Additional to User Group (USR Grp) or 8.1.31 Addition to Macro Group.

| | |
|--|---|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power on, a display emerges as shown on the left. The present mode is the monitor mode. - Press Mode key once. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to Parameter Mode. - Press Mode key once. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to Config Mode. - Press Mode key once. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You come back to Monitor Mode. |

2) Mode Shift with User/Macro Mode and Trip Mode

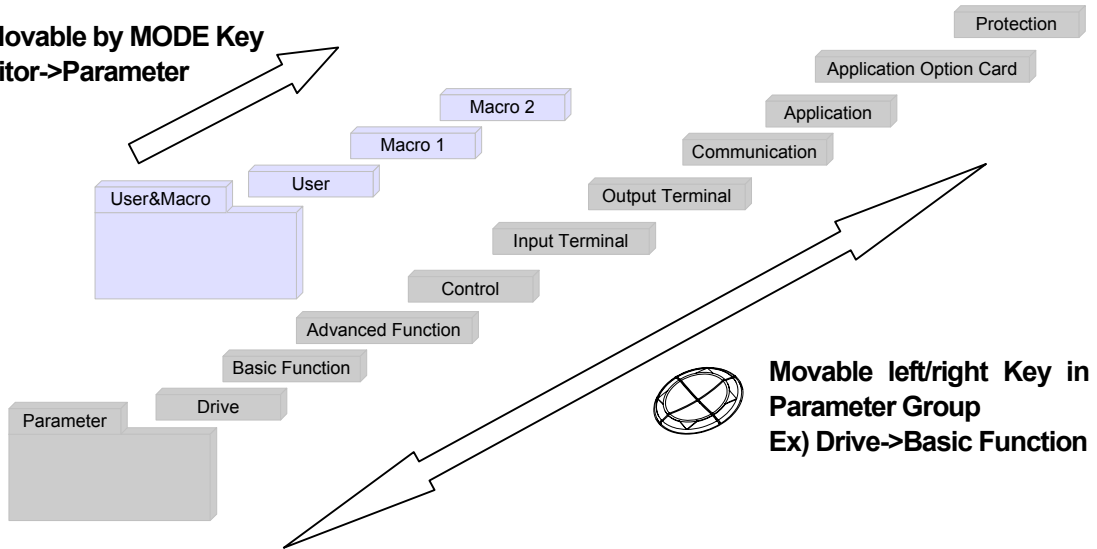
If the user registers the user code or sets the macro function using the multi-function key, the User/Macro Mode will be displayed unlike the mode shift at the time of the product delivery. In addition, in case of a trip during operation, the Trip Mode will be displayed and the trip information will be saved in the trip mode as past history if you withdraw the trip using RESET function. The mode shift in the two modes is as follows.

| | |
|---|---|
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power on, a display emerges as shown on the left. The present mode is the monitor mode. - Press Mode key once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to Parameter Mode. - Press Mode key once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to User/Macro Mode. - Press Mode key once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to Trip Mode. - Press Mode key once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to Config Mode. - Press Mode key once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You come back to Monitor Mode. |

6.1.4 Group shift

You can make inter-group shift by using Left/Right keys after shift to Parameter Mode or User/Macro Mode using the Mode key.

Group Movable by MODE Key
Ex) Monitor->Parameter



Movable left/right Key in Parameter Group
Ex) Drive->Basic Function

1) Group Shift in Parameter Mode

If you press Right key in the Parameter Mode, the display changes as follows. If you press Left key, the display order will be reversed.

| | |
|--|---|
| <pre>MON T/K [N] STP 0.00Hz 0.00 Hz 0.0 A U</pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power on, a display emerges as shown on the left. The present mode is the monitor mode. - Press Mode key once. |
| <pre>PAR → DRV [N] STP 0 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 02 Cmd Torque</pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to Parameter Mode. - The drive group of Parameter Mode is being displayed. - Press Right key once. |
| <pre>PAR → BAS N STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 20 CDE 01 Aux Ref Src None 02 Cmd 2nd Src Fx/Rx-1</pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You shift to Basic Function Group(BAS). - Press Right key once. |
| <pre>PAR → ADV N STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 24 CODE 01 Acc Pattern Linear 02 Dec Pattern Linear</pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You shift to Advanced Function Group(ADV). - Press Right Shift key 7 times. |

| | |
|---|---|
|  <p> PRT → PRT N STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 40 CODE 01 Load Duty Heavy Duty 02 Phase Loss Chk </p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The group changed in sequence, PRT is displayed. - Press Right Shift key once. |
|  <p> PRT → DRV N STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 02 Cmd Torque 0.0 % </p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You come back to the Drive Group(DRV) of Parameter Group. |

2) Group shift in User/Macro Mode

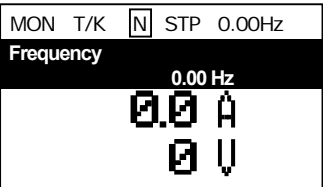
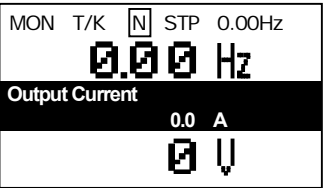
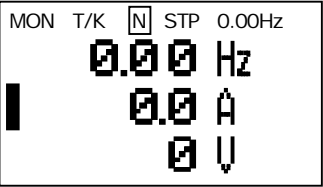
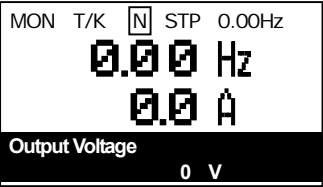
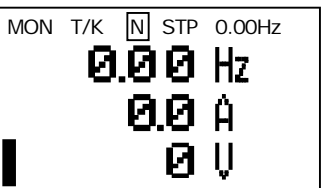
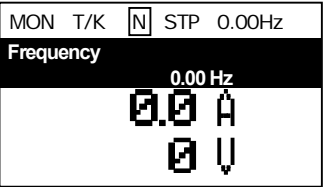
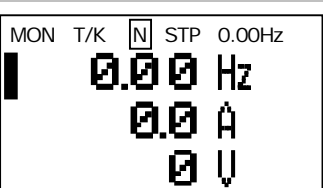
To shift to User/Macro Mode, the user code should be registered or you select the macro function. For user code and macro group registration, see page 8-47, 48, 8.1.30 Addition to User Group (USR Grp) or 8.1.31 Addition to Macro Group. If the user code is registered and you have selected the macro function, you can shift the group as follows.

| | |
|--|--|
|  <p> MON T/K N STP 0.00Hz 0.00 Hz 0.0 A 0 V </p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power on, a display emerges as shown on the left. The present mode is the monitor mode. - Press Mode key twice. |
|  <p> U&M → USR U STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 02 Acc Time 20.0 sec </p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to User/Macro Mode(U&M). - The User Group(USR) is being displayed. - Press Right key. |
|  <p> U&M → MC1 U STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 1 CODE 01 Acc Time 20.0 sec 02 Dec Time 30.0 sec </p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to Macro Group(MC1). - Press Right key. |
|  <p> U&M → USR U STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 02 Acc Time 20.0 sec </p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You come back to User Group(USR). |

6.1.5 Code(Function Item) shift

1) Code shift in monitor mode

If you press Up and Down keys where the cursor is, names of frequency and current, etc. will be displayed.

| | |
|---|--|
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power on, a display emerges as shown on the left. The present mode is the monitor mode. - The cursor is at the front of Hz item. - Press Down key. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The output current is displayed in the second display item. - Do not press any key for about 2 seconds after shift. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The cursor shifts to the second display item after the output current display is gone. - Press Down key. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The third display item displays the output voltage. - Do not press any key for about 2 seconds after shift. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The output voltage display gone, the cursor shifts to the third display item. - Press Up key twice. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The first item displays frequency. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Frequency display gone, the cursor is in the first display item. |

2) Code shift (function Items) in other modes and groups

Using Up and Down keys: The following figures give an example of shifting the code by using Up and Down keys in DRV and BAS of Parameter Mode. Code shift in other modes are the same.

| | |
|---|---|
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power on, the display emerges as on the left. The present mode is Monitor Mode(MON). - Press Mode key once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The display shows DRV of Parameter Mode. If DRV is not displayed, press Mode key until DRV emerges or press ESC once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If you press Down key, you will shift to code No. 0 in DRV of Parameter Mode as shown on the left. - Press Right key once. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You shift to BAS of Parameter Mode. - You can shift the code by using Up or Down key. |

3) How to Shift in Jump Code

In groups of Parameter Mode and User/Macro Mode, there is Jump Code Entry item for shift to the code of each group. If the code number is high, you can shift faster than by using Up and Down keys. The following figures give an example of shift to code number 09 of DRV.

| | |
|---|--|
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check that code number 00 is displayed in the initial display of DRV of PAR(Parameter Mode). - Press Program key(PROG). |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The cursor flashes so that you can enter the code number as on the left. |

Chapter 6 How to use Keypad

| | |
|---|---|
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 1-99 CODE D:9 C:9 </pre> | <p>- Enter 9 using Up key and press PROG.</p> |
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 09 Control Mode V/F 10 Torque Control ----- No ----- 11 JOG Frequency 10.00 Hz </pre> | <p>- You shift to Control Mode of code number 9.</p> |
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 02 Acc Time 20.0 sec </pre> | <p>- If you press ESC, you will shift to 00 of DRV.</p> |

6.1.6 Parameter setting

1) Parameter setting in monitor mode

You can set some parameters including frequency in Monitor Mode. The following is an example of frequency setting.

| | |
|---|---|
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check whether the cursor is in frequency item and the 09 frequency setting method in DRV is keypad. - Press PROG. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Detailed information of the item is displayed and the cursor flashed. - You can shift to the desired place for frequency setting by using Shift key. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Set frequency at 10Hz using Up key. - Press PROG. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The desired frequency has been set at 10Hz. |

Chapter 6 How to use Keypad

2) Parameter setting in other modes and groups

This gives an example of changing frequency in the Drive Group of Parameter Mode. You can do so too in other modes or groups.

| | |
|--|--|
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 02 Cmd Torque 0.0 % </pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This is the initial display of Parameter Mode. - Press Down key. |
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 02 Cmd Torque 0.0 % </pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You have shifted to 01 frequency setting code. - Press PROG. |
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 01 Cmd Frequency 0.00 Hz 0.50 ~ 60.00 Hz D:0.00 C:0.00 </pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The cursor flashes so that you can enter frequency. - If you want to set the frequency at 10Hz, move the cursor to the desired place using Left/Right keys. |
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 01 Cmd Frequency 10.00 Hz 0.50 ~ 60.00 Hz D:0.00 C:0.00 </pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Enter 10Hz using Up key and press PROG. |
| <pre> PAR →DRV [N] STP 0.00Hz 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 Cmd Frequency 10.00 Hz 02 Cmd Torque 0.0 % </pre> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The desired frequency has been changed to 10Hz. |

6.1.7 Operating status monitoring

1) Using monitor mode

You can monitor 3 items at a time in Monitor Mode. Some items including frequency can be edited. Displayed items can be selected by the user in Config Mode(CNF).

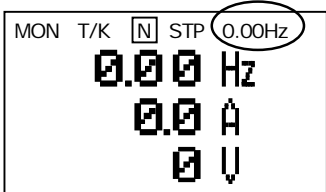
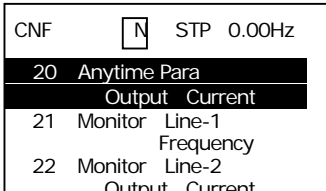
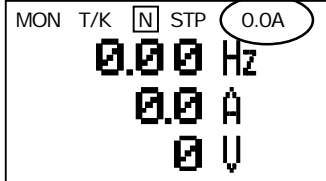
| | |
|---|--|
|  <p>MON T/K [N] STP 0.00Hz 10.00 Hz 0.0 A 0 V</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This is the initial display of Monitor Mode. - The frequency, current and voltage are set as the default monitor items at the time of product delivery. - Of the displayed items, for frequency, the goal frequency is displayed during stop and operating frequency during operation. |
|  <p>CNF [N] STP 0.00Hz 21 Monitor Line-1 Frequency 22 Monitor Line-2 Output Current 23 Monitor Line-3 Output Voltage</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - You can set the items to display in Monitor Mode in sequence at No. 21~23 in CNF. - Move to No. 23 using Down key. |
|  <p>CNF [N] STP 0.00Hz 21 Monitor Line-1 Frequency 22 Monitor Line-2 Output Current 23 Monitor Line-3 Output Power</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Change the No. 23 item in Monitor Mode to output power. |
|  <p>MON T/K [N] STP 0.00Hz 0.00 Hz 0.0 A 0.00 kW</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The third displayed item in Monitor Mode has been changed to output power. |

2) Possible to monitoring items

| Mode | Code | Function Display | Setting Range | | Initial Value |
|------|------|------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| | | | | | |
| CNF | 20 | Anytime Para | 0 | Frequency | 0: Frequency |
| | 21 | Monitor Line-1 | 1 | Speed | 0: Frequency |
| | 22 | Monitor Line-2 | 2 | Output Current | 2:Output Current |
| | 23 | Monitor Line-3 | 3 | Output Voltage | 3:Output Voltage |
| | | | 4 | Output Power | |
| | | | 5 | WHour Counter | |
| | | | 6 | DCLink Voltage | |
| | | | 7 | DI Status | |
| | | | 8 | DO Status | |
| | | | 9 | V1 Monitor[V] | |
| | | | 10 | V1 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 11 | I1 Monitor[mA] | |
| | | | 12 | I1 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 13 | V2 Monitor[V] | |
| | | | 14 | V2 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 15 | I2 Monitor[mA] | |
| | | | 16 | I2 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 17 | PID Output | |
| | | | 18 | PID ref Value | |
| | | | 19 | PID Fdb Value | |
| | | | 20 | Torque | |
| | | | 21 | Torque Limit | |
| | | | 22 | Trq Bias Ref | |
| | | | 23 | Speed Limit | |
| 24 | | | Load Speed | | |

3) How to use status display

The items displayed on the top right of the keypad are displayed in modes other than Monitor Mode as well. Thus if you register a variable you are interested in the display, you can monitor it at any time regardless of the mode shift or change.

| | |
|--|--|
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - This is the initial display of Monitor Mode. - At the time of product delivery, the status item displays frequency. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Select the item to display in status display in code 20 of CNF. - Select output current. - The unit at the top of the display has changed from frequency to current. |
|  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The status display now shows current in Monitor Mode as well. |

Chapter 6 How to use Keypad

6.1.8 Failure status monitoring

1) Failure during operation

| | |
|--|--|
| <pre>TRP current Over Voltage (01) 01 Output Freq 48.30 Hz 02 Output Current</pre> | <p>- In case of a failure during operation, the mode automatically shifts to Trip Mode and the type of the current failure is displayed.</p> |
| <pre>TRP Last-1 01 Output Freq 48.30 Hz 02 Output Current 33.3 A</pre> | <p>- If you press Down key, the output frequency, current and operating status at the time of the failure occurring are displayed.</p> |
| <pre>MON T/K [N] STP 0.0A 0.00 Hz 0.0 A 0 V</pre> | <p>- If the failure status is terminated by Reset, the keypad before the failure comes back.</p> |

2) Multiple failures at a time

| | |
|--|--|
| <pre>TRP current Over Voltage (02) 01 Output Freq 48.30 Hz 02 Output Current</pre> | <p>- In case of multiple failures, the number of failures is displayed next to the failure type. - Press PROG.</p> |
| <pre>TRP current 00 Trip Name (2) 0 Over Voltage 1 Externa Trip</pre> | <p>- The type of failures is displayed. - Press PROG.</p> |
| <pre>TRP current Over Voltage (02) 01 Output Freq 48.30 Hz 02 Output Current</pre> | <p>- The display mode before failure checking comes back.</p> |

3) Saving and monitoring of failure history

Previous failures are saved in Trip Mode. Up to 5 failures can be saved.

Failure history is saved not only by Reset but also in case of a low voltage failure due to power off.

If the number of failure exceeds 5, the failures before the latest 5 ones are automatically deleted.

| | |
|---|--|
| <pre> TRIP current Over Voltage (02) 01 Output Freq 48.30 Hz 02 Output Current 33.3 A </pre> | <p>- In case of a failure during operation, the mode automatically shifts to Trip Mode with the trip displayed.</p> |
| <pre> MON T/K <input type="checkbox"/> STP 0.0A 0.00 Hz 0.0 A 0 U </pre> | <p>- If you press Reset or the terminal is entered, the failure above is automatically saved and the display goes back to the place before the failure.</p> <p>- Move to Trip Mode using Mode key.</p> |
| <pre> TRIP current 00 Trip Name (2) Over Voltage 01 Output Freq 48.30 Hz 02 Output Current 33.3 A </pre> | <p>- The most recent failure is saved in Last-1 code.</p> <p>- Press Right key.</p> |
| <pre> TRIP current 00 Trip Name (1) External Trip 01 Output Freq 48.30 Hz 02 Output Current 33.3 A </pre> | <p>- A previous failure is saved in Last-2 code.</p> <p>- If another failure occurs, what was in Last-2 moves to Last-3.</p> |

Chapter 6 How to use Keypad

6.1.9 How to initialize parameter

You can initialize the parameter that has been changed by the user to the initial state at the time of delivery. Not only the entire parameter but a group of the parameter mode can be selected and initialized.

| | |
|--|--|
| <pre> MON T/K [N] STP 0.0A 0.00 Hz 0.0 A 0 V </pre> | <p>- Monitor Mode is displayed.</p> |
| <pre> CNF [N] STP 0.0A 00 Jump Code 9 CODE 01 language Sel English 02 Inv S/W Ver Version 1.00 </pre> | <p>- Shift to CNF by using Mode key.</p> |
| <pre> CNF [N] STP 0.0A 31 Option-2 Type None 32 Option-3 Type None 40 Parameter Init ----- No ----- </pre> | <p>- Shift to code 40 using Down key. - Press PROG.</p> |
| <pre> CNF [N] STP 0.0A 40 Parameter Init ----- No ----- 1 All Groups 2 DRV </pre> | <p>- Of the Parameter items to initialize, select All Groups and press PROG.</p> |
| <pre> CNF [N] STP 0.0A 31 Option-2 Type None 32 Option-3 Type None 40 Parameter Init ----- No ----- </pre> | <p>- Initialization finished, you come back to the initialization selection display.</p> |

7.1 Basic Functions

7.1.1 How to set frequency (When you want to set frequency)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Display |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 0 KeyPad-1 |
| | | | 1 KeyPad-2 |
| | | | 2 V1 |
| | | | 3 I1 |
| | | | 4 V2 |
| | | | 5 I2 |
| | | | 6 Int 485 |
| | | | 7 Encoder |
| | | | 8 Fied Bus |
| | | | 9 PLC |

Select the frequency setting method in code 07 of DRV Group. Digital setting by using the keypad, analog setting by using voltage (V1) and current (I1) input of the control terminal block and built-in RS485 port or communication option are available for operating frequency setting from the external controller.

1) Frequency Setting Using Keypad 1 : KeyPad-1

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|
| DRV | 01 | Cmd Frequency | - 0.00 | 0.00~Max Frequency | Hz |
| | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 0 KeyPad-1 | 0~9 | - |

You can change the frequency by changing the frequency using the keypad and pressing PROG. Set DRV group 07 at KeyPad-1. The frequency changes are saved in the memory if you change the frequency at DRV group 01 and press PROG.

2) Frequency Setting Using Keypad 2 : KeyPad-2

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------|
| DRV | 01 | Cmd Frequency | - 0.00 | 0.00~Max Frequency | Hz |
| | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 1 KeyPad-2 | 0~9 | - |

You can change the frequency using Up and Down keys on the keypad. Set DRV group 07 at KeyPad-2. Frequency is changed if you press PROG in DRV Group 01 and then press Up or Down. If you press PROG, it will be saved in the memory and if you press ESC, it will not be saved.

Chapter 7 Basic Functions

3) Frequency setting by voltage input (V1 terminal) of the terminal block: V1

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 2 V1 | - |

Enter -10~+10V or 0~+10V using the voltage (V1) input terminal of the terminal block. If you enter -10~+10V, you can change the revolution direction of the motor according to the symbol of the voltage signals.

(1) If you enter 0~+10V,

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | Setting Frequency | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 2 V1 | - | - |
| IN | 01 | Freq at 100% | - 60.00 | 0.00~ Max Frequency | Hz |
| | 05 | V1 Monitor | - 0.00 | 0~10 | V |
| | 06 | V1 Polarity | 0 Unipolar | Unipolar/Bipolar | - |
| | 07 | V1 Filter | - 10 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 08 | V1 volt x1 | - 0.00 | 0~10 | V |
| | 09 | V1 Perc y1 | - 0.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 10 | V1 Volt x2 | - 10.00 | 0~10 | V |
| | 11 | V1 Perc y2 | - 100.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 16 | V1 Inverting | - No | No/Yes | - |
| | 17 | V1 Quantizing | - 0.04 | 0.04~10 | % |

Set No.06 of the input terminal block group (IN) at Unipolar. Enter the volume resistance into the V1 terminal by using the voltage output of the external voltage output or VR output terminal of the inverter control terminal block as follows.



When connecting external power source



When connecting internal power source

(2) If you use 0~+10V of the external circuit,

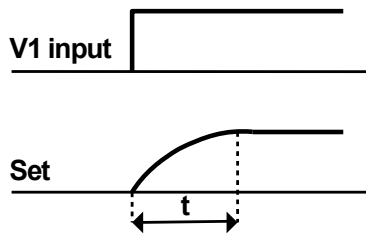
If the volume resistance is connected to the terminal block (IN-01 Freq at 100%): set the operating frequency of the maximum voltage input. Set the operating frequency of which the values set in the input terminal block function group (IN) No. 11 or 15 is 100%.

E.g.1) When IN-01 is 40.00 and the default value is set to IN-16, if 10V is input into the V1 terminal, operation is at 40.00Hz.

E.g.2) When IN-11 is 50% and the default value is set between IN-01 and IN-16, if 10V is input into the V1 terminal, operation is at 30.00Hz (50% of max 60Hz).

IN-05 V1 Monitor: displays the voltage input into the V1 terminal. This is used for monitoring the currently input voltage.

IN-07 V1 Filter: used when the set frequency value fluctuates greatly due to the environment such as noise. If you set the filter time constant high, you can reduce the frequency fluctuation but the response gets slower. The higher the time constant is, the time (t) becomes longer. The set time refers to the time it takes the frequency set in the inverter to increase by up to about 63% when the voltage input is input by step as follows.



IN-08 V1 Volt X1 ~ IN-11 V1 Perc y2: You can set the slope and offset value for the input voltage.



IN-16 V1 Inverting: If you set at No. 1 Yes, you can reverse the present revolution direction.

IN-17 V1 Quantizing: used when there is a lot of noise in the analog signals input into the terminal. You can also reduce noise to some extent by using the IN-07 low pass filter value but the higher the value is, the responsiveness becomes slower and pulsation of a long cycle might occur. The resolving power of output frequency for analog input decreases but the noise effect is reduced by the quantizing function in a system sensitive to noise.

The set quantization value is the percentage of the maximum analog input value. Therefore if the maximum input value is 10V and the quantization value is set at 1%, the frequency changes by 0.06Hz (when the maximum frequency is 60Hz) at an interval of 0.1V. The output frequency when the input value increases and decreases differs so that the effect of analog input value fluctuation is removed.

If the quantization value is quadrisected and the analog input value increases, when a value three fourths the quantization value is input, the output frequency changes and from the next step it increases along with the quantization value as follows. If the analog input value decreases by 1/4 of the quantization value, the output frequency changes.



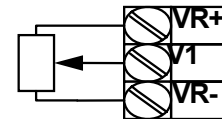
(3) If -10~+10V is input,

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 2 V1 | - | - |
| IN | 01 | Freq at 100% | - 60.00 | 0.00~Max. Freq. | Hz |
| | 05 | V1 Monitor | - 0.00 | 0~10V | V |
| | 06 | V1 Polarity | 1 Bipolar | Unipolar/ Bipolar | - |
| | 12 | V1 -volt x1' | - 0.00 | 0~10V | V |
| | 13 | V1 -Perc y1' | - 0.00 | 0~100% | % |
| | 14 | V1 -Volt x2' | - -10.00 | 0~10V | V |
| | 15 | V1 -Perc y2' | - -100.00 | 0~100% | % |

Set IN-06 at Bipolar. Codes between 12 and 15 are displayed only when they are Bipolar and you can set the voltage between 0 and -10V which is input into the V1 terminal. As follows, input into the V1 terminal in volume resistance by using the voltage output of the external controller or the VR output terminal of the inverter control terminal block.



When -10~10V is used from the external circuit



When connecting inner power source

*: In case, insulation I/O ground is CM terminal.

The output frequency of bipolar voltage input (-10~+10V) is as follows.



IN-12 V1 -volt x1'~ IN-15 V1 -Perc y2': You can set the slope and offset value of the output frequency of (-) input voltage as follows.

E.g.) If the minimum (-) input voltage if V1 is -2V, the output ratio of -2V is 10% and maximum voltage is -8V and then you set the output ratio at 80%, the output frequency moves between 6Hz~48Hz..



For setting of 0~+10V, see IN-08 V1 Volt X1 ~ IN-11 V1 Perc y2.

The selection of keypad or terminal block directions and motor rotation by bipolar voltage input is shown in the following table.

| | | Voltage Input | |
|-------------------|-----|---------------|--------|
| | | 0~10V | -10~0V |
| Operating Command | FWD | FWD | REV |
| | REV | REV | FWD |

4) Frequency setting by current input into terminal block (I1 Terminal)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|----------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 3 | I1 | - | - |
| IN | 01 | Freq at 100% | - | 60.00 | 0.00~ Max Freq | Hz |
| | 20 | I1 Monitor | - | 0.00 | 0~20 | mA |
| | 22 | I1 Filter | - | 10 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 23 | I1 Curr x1 | - | 4.00 | 0~20 | mA |
| | 24 | I1 Perc y1 | - | 0.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 25 | I1 Curr x2 | - | 20.00 | 4~20 | mA |
| | 26 | I1 Perc y2 | - | 100.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 31 | I1 Inverting | - | No | No/Yes | - |
| 32 | I1 Quantizing | - | 0.04 | 0.04~10 | % | |

Select I1 in DRV Group 07. Input current of 0~20mA into the I1 terminal of the terminal block to set frequency.

IN-01 Freq at 100%: sets the operating frequency at the maximum current input. The operating frequency when the value set in IN-26 is 100% is set.

E.g.1) If IN-01 is 40.00 and IN-23~26 is set at the default value, when 20mA is input into the I1 terminal, the operation is at 40.00Hz.

E.g.2) If IN-26 is 50% and IN-01, 23~26 are set at the initial value, when 20mA is input into the I1 terminal, the operation is at 30.00Hz.

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IN-20 I1 Monitor: displays the current input into the I1 terminal. This is used for monitoring the current input at the moment.

IN-22 I1 Filter: The set time refers to the time it takes the input current which has been step input to reach about 63% of the I1 value that has been step input in the inverter.

IN-23 I1 Curr x1 ~ IN-26 I1 Perc y2: You can set the slope of the output frequency and offset value against the current as follows.



IN-31 I1 Inverting: You can turn the direction of the rotation.

IN-32 I1 Quantizing: the same as quantizing function of IN-17. See “IN-17 V1 Quantizing” on Page 7-3.

5) Frequency command by advanced I/O option card

You can input the frequency command by using -10~+10V (V2 terminal) and 0~20mA (I2 terminal) if you mount an extended I/O card on the inverter option slot.

► -10~+10V Input

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 4 V2 | - | - |
| IN | 35 | V2 Monitor | - 0.00 | -10~10 | V |
| | 37 | V2 Filter | - 10 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 38 | V2 Volt x1 | - 0.00 | 0~10V | V |
| | 39 | V2 Perc y1 | - 0.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 40 | V2 Volt x2 | - 10.00 | 0~10 | V |
| | 41 | V2 Perc y2 | - 100.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 42 | V2 -Volt x1' | - 0.00 | 0~10 | V |
| | 43 | V2 -Perc y1' | - 0.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 44 | V2 -Volt x2' | - -10.00 | 0~10 | V |
| | 45 | V2 -Perc y2' | - -100.00 | -100~0 | % |
| | 46 | V2 Inverting | 0 No | No/Yes | - |
| 47 | V2 Quantizing | - 0.04 | 0.04~10 | % | |

The voltage input of the extended I/O inputs bipolar voltage at -10V ~ +10V. Its operating method is the same as the Bipolar input of the V1 terminal, which was described on Page 7-2.

▶ 0 ~ 20mA Input

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 5 | I2 | - | - |
| IN | 50 | I2 Monitor | - | 0.00 | 0~20 | mA |
| | 52 | I2 Filter | - | 15 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 53 | I2 Curr x1 | - | 4.00 | 0~20 | mA |
| | 54 | I2 Perc y1 | - | 0.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 55 | I2 Curr x2 | - | 20.00 | 4~20 | mA |
| | 56 | I2 Perc y2 | - | 100.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 57 | I2 Volt x1' | - | 0.00 | -20~0 | mA |
| | 58 | I2 Perc y1' | - | 0.00 | -100~0 | % |
| | 59 | I2 Volt x2' | - | -20.00 | -20~0 | mA |
| | 60 | I2 Perc y2 | - | -100.00 | -100~0 | % |
| | 61 | I2 Inverting | - | No | No/Yes | - |
| 62 | I2 Quantizing | - | 0.04 | 0.04~10 | % | |

For its operating method, see the description of the I1 terminal on Page 7-4.

6) Frequency setting by Encoder Option Card (If you want use pulse input to frequency command)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | | Setting Frequency | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 7 | Encoder | - | - |
| IN | 01 | Freq at 100% | - | 60.00 | 0.00~Max. Freq. | Hz |
| APO | 01 | Enc Opt Mode | 2 | Reference | 0~2 | - |
| | 04 | Enc Type Sel | 0 | - | 0~2 | - |
| | 05 | Enc Pulse Sel | 2 | A | 0~2 | - |
| | 06 | Enc Pulse Num | - | - | 10~4096 | - |
| | 09 | Pulse Monitor | - | - | - | kHz |
| | 10 | Enc Filter | - | 10 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 11 | Enc Pulse x1 | - | 0.0 | 0~100 | kHz |
| | 12 | Enc Perc Y1 | - | 0.00 | 0~100 | % |
| | 13 | Enc Pulse x2 | - | 100.0 | 0~200 | kHz |
| | 14 | Enc Perc y2 | - | 100.00 | 0~100 | % |

If you mount the encoder option card on the main body of the inverter, the code is displayed from APO-01.

APO-01 Enc Opt Mode, APO-05 Enc Pulse Sel: Select No.2 Reference for APO-01 in order to set the frequency with the encoder. Set APO-05 at No.2 'A'.

APO-04 Enc Type Sel, APO-06 Enc Pulse Sel: inputs the output method and number of pulses in harmony with the encoder specification.

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APO-10 Enc Filter ~ APO-14 Enc Perc y2: sets the filter time constant and minimum and maximum input frequency of the encoder input. The output frequency corresponding to the encoder input frequency is the same as that of voltage (V1) or current (I1) input.

APO-09 Pulse Monitor: displays the frequency of the pulse which is input when APO-01 Enc Opt Mode is set as Reference.

7) Frequency setting by RS-485 Communication: Int 485

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | | Setting Frequency | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 6 | Int 485 | - | - |
| COM | 01 | Int485 St ID | - | 1 | 0~250 | - |
| | 02 | Int485 Proto | 0 | ModBus RTU | 0~2 | - |
| | | | 1 | ModBus ASCII | 0~2 | - |
| | | | 2 | LS Inv 485 | 0~2 | - |
| | 04 | Int485 BaudR | 3 | 9600 | 1200~38400 | bps |
| | 07 | Int485 Mode | 0 | D8 / PN / S1 | 0~3 | - |
| | | | 1 | D8 / PN / S2 | 0~3 | - |
| | | | 2 | D8 / PE / S1 | 0~3 | - |
| 3 | | | D8 / PO / S1 | 0~3 | - | |

If you set DRV-07 Freq Ref Src at Int 485, you can control the inverter through communication with the higher controller (PLC or PC) by using the RS485 (+S, -S) terminal of the terminal block. For details, see Communication Functions, Chapter 11.

Note: Please refer to User manual for communication options such as Profibus, Device-net, and PLC options.

7.1.2 Analog command frequency fixation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 1 | Keypad-2 | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 2 | V1 | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 3 | I1 | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 4 | V2 | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 5 | I2 | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 6 | Int 485 | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 7 | Encoder | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 8 | Fied Bus | 0~9 | - |
| | | | 9 | PLC | 0~9 | - |
| IN | 65~75 | *Px Define | 21 | Analog Hold | 65~75 | - |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11 (option)

This is the function of fixing the operating frequency when the terminal selected as the Analog Hold among the multi-function terminals if you set the frequency by using the analog input of the control terminal block.



7.1.3 Changing frequency to revolution

If you set the Hz/Rpm Sel value at “1: Rpm Display, the frequency will change into revolution.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 21 | Hz/Rpm Sel | 1 | Rpm Display | - | rpm |

7.1.4 Sequential frequency setting

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Displayed | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | - | - | - | - |
| BAS | 50~64 | Step Freq - x | - | - | - | Hz |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 7 | Speed-L | - | - |
| | | | 8 | Speed-M | - | - |
| | | | 9 | Speed-H | - | - |
| | | | 10 | Speed-X | - | - |
| | 89 | InCheck Time | - | 1 | 1~5000 | msec |

***Step Freq – x : Step Freq -1~15, Px: P1~P8, P9~P11 (Option)**

Sequential operation is available by using the multi-function terminal. Speed 0 frequency uses the frequency command selected in DRV Group No. 07.

Enter the desired step frequency in codes 50~64 of BAS.

Select the terminal to use as sequential input among multi-function terminals P1~P11 and set one of the sequential functions (Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H, Speed-X) for each.

Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H and Speed-X are identified as binary codes and operation starts with the frequency set in BAS-50 ~ BAS-64 selected.

If multi-function terminals P6, P7 and P8 are set at Speed-L, Speed-M and Speed-H respectively, you can operate it as follows. In case of Speed-X being used, you can set up to Speed 16 when the highest bit is Speed-X.

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[Example of speed-8]

| Speed | FX or RX | P8 | P7 | P6 |
|-------|----------|----|----|----|
| 0 | ✓ | - | - | - |
| 1 | ✓ | - | - | ✓ |
| 2 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| 3 | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ |
| 4 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| 7 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

If multi-function terminals P5, P6, P7 and P8 are set at Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H and Speed-X respectively, you can operate it as follows.

| Speed | FX or RX | P8 | P7 | P6 | P5 |
|-------|----------|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | ✓ | - | - | - | - |
| 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ |
| 2 | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - |
| 3 | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | ✓ |
| 4 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - |
| 5 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| 6 | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| 7 | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 8 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - |
| 9 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ |
| 10 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - |
| 11 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ |
| 12 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| 13 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| 14 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| 15 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

IN-89 In Check Time: If you use the multi-function terminal for sequential frequency setting, you can set the in check time for the terminal block input within the inverter. For example, if you set the in check time at 100msec and input multi-function terminal P6, it will be checked whether another terminal block input is input for 100msec. After 100msec, it is accelerated or decelerated by the frequency corresponding to P6 terminal.

7.1.5 Operating command setting method

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Display |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 0 Keypad |
| | | | 1 Fx/Rx-1 |
| | | | 2 Fx/Rx-2 |
| | | | 3 Int 485 |
| | | | 4 Field Bus |
| | | | 5 PLC |

Select the operating command setting method in DRV Group code 06. For operating command, other than the basic operation using the keypad and multi-function terminal, you can also use the built-in RS485 communication, Fieldbus and Application Option Card.

1) Keypad Operating Command: KeyPad

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 0 | KeyPad | - |

If you set the DRV Group 06 with the keypad, operation starts using the FWD and REV keys on the inverter keypad and stops using Stop key.

2) Terminal Block operating command 1 : Fx/Rx-1

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 1 | Fx/Rx-1 | - | - |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 1 | FX | - | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 2 | RX | - | - |
| | 88 | Run On Delay | - | 1.00 | 0.00~100 | sec |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11 (option)

Set DRV Group 06 at Fx/Rx-1. Select the terminal used for FX and RX operating commands among multi-function terminals P1~P11 and set the function of the appropriate terminal of IN 65~75 at FX and RX. It stops if the FX and RX terminals are ON or OFF at the same time.

IN-88 Run On Delay: Operation starts after the set time, too when the FX or RX terminal is input. It can be used where operation start synchronization with an outside sequence is necessary.



3) Terminal Block operating command 2 : Fx/Rx-2

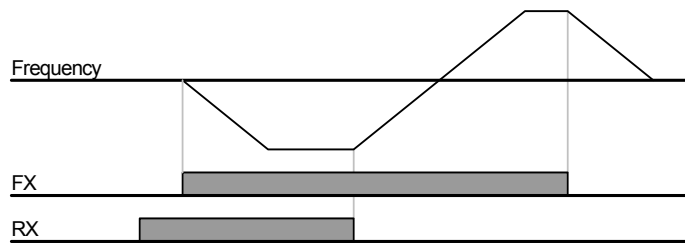
| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 2 | Fx/Rx-2 | - | - |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 1 | FX | - | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 2 | RX | - | - |
| | 88 | Run On Delay | - | 1.00 | 0.00~100 | sec |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11 (option)

FX terminal is used for operating command and RX terminal is for selecting the rotation direction. Set DRV Group 06 at Fx/Rx-2. Select the terminal used for FX and RX operating commands among multi-function terminals P1~P11 and set the function of the appropriate terminal of IN 65~75 at FX and RX.

Chapter 7 Basic Functions

IN-88 Run On Delay: Operation starts after the set time, too when the FX or RX terminal is input. It can be used where operation start synchronization with an outside sequence is necessary.



4) Operating Command by RS-485 Communication: Int 485

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 3 | Int 485 | - | - |
| COM | 04 | Int485 St ID | - | 1 | 0~250 | - |
| | 05 | Int485 Proto | 0 | ModBus RTU | - | - |
| | 06 | Int485 BaudR | 3 | 9600 | 1200~38400 | bps |
| | 07 | Int485 Mode | 0 | D8 / PN / S1 | - | - |

You can control the inverter through communication with a higher controller (PLC or PC) by using terminal RS485 (+S, -S) on the terminal block if you set DRV-06 Cmd Src at Int 485. For details, see Communication Functions, Chapter 11.

7.1.6 Local/Remote by-pass operation using multi-function keys

(Checking the inverter operation or equipment without changing the existing parameter setting)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------|
| CNF | 42 | Multi-Key Sel | 2 | Local/Remote | - |
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 1 | Fx/Rx-1 | - |

⚠ Caution

Local/remote By-pass operation might cause a problem with the device such as interruption during operation if it is improperly used, so it is highly recommended that you use it only when necessary.

In case of operation by other than using the keypad (terminal block or communication), you can use it when checking the operation or body of the inverter or conducting manual switching operation using the keypad in the field in case of an emergency.

1) Definition of Local:

Local refers to the function of transforming all the operating, frequency and torque commands for them to be operated by using the keypad in order to enable the keypad to carry out all operation. In such a case, JOG command is ignored (When RUN Enable is set in the multi-function terminal, operation is possible with it on).

2) Definition of Remote:

Remote refers to the operation of the inverter by the previously set operating and frequency commands of the inverter in communication or sequence when it is set at communication or sequence respectively.

3) CNF-42 Multi-Key Sel:

If you set at No. 2 Local/Remote, the signal **R** emerges on the keypad status display and the multi-function keys operate in local/remote functions. When **R** is seen on the keypad status display, you are in the Remote Operation Mode, which operates by the previously set parameters without any change in the operation. If you want Local Operation Mode, with **R** displayed in the keypad status display, press the multi-function key and **R** turns into **L** and you can operate the inverter with FWD and REV keys on the keypad setting. If you press the multi-function key one more time, **R** is displayed and the inverter operates by the method selected in DRV-06 Cmd Source.

4) Shift from Remote to Local

In case of Shift from Remote to Local, the signal representing the command source and frequency source at the top of MON Mode turns to K/K. The inverter stops if it has been operating in Remote status.

5) Shift from Local to Remote

In case of shift from Local to Remote, K/K at the top of MON Mode is represented by a different signal in conformity to the previously set command source and frequency source.

Shift to Remote is available during Local operation but the movements might vary according to which source it is set at.

(1) When the Terminal Block is Command Source

Shift from Local to Remote during operation leads to operation by the command of the terminal block. That is, if RX is in the terminal block and the motor is rotating forward in Local, shift to Remote makes the motor rotate in the reverse direction.

(2) Digital Command Source

Digital command source refers to all the command sources except for the terminal block source, that is, communication, PLC and keypad. In case of digital command source, the inverter stops and then starts when the next command is given. The target frequency is set at the currently set frequency source.

6) Terminal in with Power on

When ADV-10 Power On Run is No, if the terminals of FX, RX, FWD_JOG, REV_JOG, PRE EXCITE are in, shift to Local still enables the keypad to operate the inverter. However, re-shift to Remote disables operation. That is, one of the 5 aforementioned terminals is ON with power on, the motor does not work whether FX or RX. Therefore, with Power On Run being No, terminal Run is available after the inverter is turned on and all the terminals off.

7) When Motor Stops Due to Trip during Operation

If the motor stops due to a trip during operation and is reset, in Local Mode, the inverter motor is operated by the keypad, but in Remote Mode again, it does not operate no matter how many operating commands are given to the terminal block. That is, the motor starts rotating after all the operating terminals is turned OFF and the operating command terminal is turned ON.

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7.1.7 Prevention of forward or reverse rotation: Run Prevent

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|---------------|------|
| ADV | 09 | Run Prevent | 0 | None | 0~2 | - |

You can select a motor rotation direction to prevent.

None : Both forward and reverse are available.

Forward Prev : Forward operation is prevented.

Reverse Prev : Reverse operation is prevented.

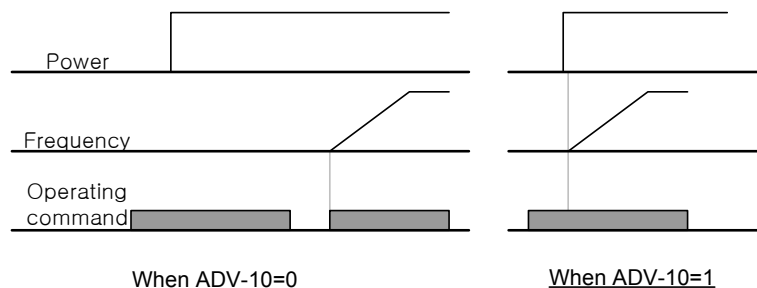
7.1.8 Run immediately with power On: Power-on Run

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | - | 1 ~ 2 | - | - |
| ADV | 10 | Power-on Run | 1 | -- yes -- | No/Yes | - |

With power supplied to the inverter and the terminal block operating command being ON, the inverter starts operating.

This is effective only when the DRV Group 06 command source is set at 1 (Fx/Rx-1) or 2 (Fx/Rx-2). At this time, if load (Fan load) is on the status of Free-Run, Trip may be occurred while operating. Change the bit 4 to 1 at CON-71 Speed Search and it makes the inverter can start with Speed Search. If not, inverter will be accelerating normal V/F pattern without Speed Search.

If this function is not selected, operation resumes after the operating commands is turned OFF and ON again.



Caution

Be careful with this function, which causes the motor to rotate as soon as the power is supplied.

7.1.9 Restarts by reset after trip: RST Restart

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | default | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | - | FX/RX-1 or FX/RX-2 | FX/RX-1 | 1~2 | - |
| PRT | 08 | RST Restart | 1 | -- yes -- | 0:No | No(0)/Yes(1) | - |
| | 09 | Retry Number | 1 | | 0 | 0~10 | - |
| | 10 | Retry Delay | 1.0 | | 1.0 | 0~60.0 | sec |

The inverter resumes if the terminal block operating command is ON when it is reset after a trip. Inverter cut the output when inverter trip is occurred and motor run to Free-Run. At this time, inverter trip can be occurred. Change the bit 2 to 1 at CON-71 Speed Search and Inverter will be start with Speed Search when trip is released. If not, inverter will be accelerating normal V/F pattern without Speed Search.

If this function is not used, operation resumes when the operating command is turned OFF and then ON again after resetting.



Caution

When using this function, if you reset the inverter in the terminal block of loader after a trip, the motor starts rotating. Be careful of an accident.

7.1.10 Setting of accelerating/decelerating time and pattern

- 1) Setting of accelerating/decelerating time on the basis of the maximum frequency

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit | |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------|-----|
| DRV | 03 | Acc Time | Below 75kW | 20.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| | | | Above 90kW | 60.0 | | |
| | 04 | Dec Time | Below 75kW | 30.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| | | | Above 90kW | 90.0 | | |
| | 20 | Max Freq | - 60.00 | 0~400 | Hz | |
| BAS | 08 | Ramp T Mode | 0 Max Freq | Max Freq/Delta Freq | - | |
| | 09 | Time scale | 1 0.1 | 0.01/0.1/1 | sec | |

If you set BAS-08 at Max Freq, you can accelerate or decelerate at an equal slope on the basis of the maximum frequency regardless of the operating frequency.

The acceleration time set in DRV-03 is the time it takes the frequency to reach the maximum value from 0 Hz and the deceleration time of 04 is the time it takes the frequency to stop at 0 Hz from the maximum frequency.

E.g.) If you set the maximum frequency at 60.00 Hz, Acc/Dec time at 5 seconds and operating frequency at 30 Hz, the time required is 2.5 seconds.



Caution

90 ~ 160 kW product's acceleration initial value is 60.0sec and deceleration initial value is 90.0sec. Please do not confuse that displayed value at left bottom of keypad is D : 20.0, D : 30.0 it is applied for below 75kW product.




BAS-09 Time scale: Used when precise Acc/Dec time is required due to the load characteristics or it is necessary to increase the maximum set time. It changes the units of all the functions related to time.

| Setting | | Range of Acc/Dec Time | Precision |
|---------|----------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | 0.01 sec | 0.00 ~ 60.00 | Settable to 0.01 second |
| 1 | 0.1 sec | 0.0 ~ 600.0 | Settable to 0.1 second |
| 2 | 1 sec | 0 ~ 6000 | Settable to 1 second |

Caution

Be careful because change of the unit leads to change of maximum settable time. If you change BAS-09 Time scale to 0(0.01sec) with Acc time set at 1000.0 seconds, the Acc time becomes 600.00 seconds.

2) Setting of Acc/Dec Time Based on Operating Frequency

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------|------|
| DRV | 03 | Acc Time | - | 20.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| | 04 | Dec Time | - | 30.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| BAS | 08 | Ramp T Mode | 1 | Delta Freq | Max Freq/Delta Freq | - |

If you set BAS-08 as Delta Freq, you can set the Acc/Dec time by the time it takes the current frequency during operation at steady speed to reach the target frequency of the next step. If you set the Acc time at 5 seconds in case of step operation between 10Hz and 30Hz while it is static, the Acc time is as follows.



3) Setting of Acc/Dec Time Using Multi-Function Terminal

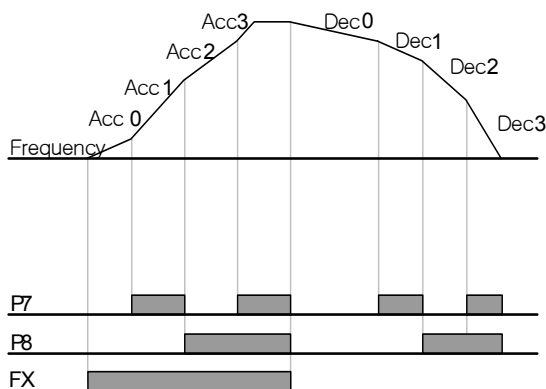
| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit | |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------|------|
| DRV | 03 | Acc Time | Below 75 kW | 20.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| | | | Above 90 kW | 60.0 | | |
| | 04 | Dec Time | Below 75 kW | 30.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| | | | Above 90 kW | 90.0 | | |
| BAS | 70~74 | Acc Time-x | - | x.xx | 0~600 | sec |
| | 71~75 | Dec Time-x | - | x.xx | 0~600 | sec |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 11 | XCEL-L | - | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 12 | XCEL-M | - | - |
| | 89 | In Check Time | - | 1 | 1~5000 | msec |

* Acc Time-x : Acc Time-1~3, Dec Time-x: Dec Time-1~3

You can change the Acc/Dec time using the multi-function terminal. Set the Acc/Dec time-0 | DRV-03 and 04 and set the Acc Time 1~3, Dec Time 1~3 in 70~75.

Select the terminal to use as sequential Acc/Dec time command among the multi-function terminals P1~P11 and set each of the sequential Acc/Dec command (XCEL-L, XCEL-M). XCEL-L and XCEL-H are identified in binary codes and the operation is based on the Acc/Dec time set in BAS-70 ~ BAS-75.

If you set multi-function terminals P7 and P8 at XCEL-L and XCEL-M respectively, the operation is shown as follows.



| Acc/Dec Time | P8 | P7 |
|--------------|----|----|
| 0 | - | - |
| 1 | - | ✓ |
| 2 | ✓ | - |
| 3 | ✓ | ✓ |

IN-89 In Check Time: You can set In Check Time within the inverter when you use the multi-function input terminal as sequential Acc/Dec setting. For example, if you set the In Check Time at 100msec and input multi-function terminal P6, check another terminal block input for 100msec. After 100msec, the Acc/Dec time corresponding to P6 terminal is set.

4) Change of Acc/Dec Time by Acc/Dec Time Switching Frequency Setting

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit | |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--------|
| DRV | 03 | Acc Time | - | 10.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| | 04 | Dec Time | - | 10.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| BAS | 70 | Acc Time-1 | - | 20.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| | 71 | Dec Time-1 | - | 20.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| ADV | 60 | Xcel Change Fr | - | 30.00 | 0~Max. Freq. | Hz/RPM |

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You can change the Acc/Dec slope without using the multi-function terminal. The inverter operates at the slope set at BAS-70, 71 below the Acc/Dec switching frequency set at ADV-60 of the operating frequency. However, if the operating frequency rises over the Acc/Dec switching frequency, the inverter runs at the Acc/Dec slope set at DRV-03 and 04.

If you set and input the function of the multi-function input terminal at sequential Acc/Dec (Xcel-L, Xcel-M[HZ]), the inverter runs by Acc/Dec input regardless of the Acc/Dec switching frequency.



7.1.11 Acc/Dec pattern setting

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------|------|
| BAS | 08 | Ramp T mode | 0 | Max Freq | Max Freq/Delta Freq | - |
| ADV | 01 | Acc Pattern | 0 | Linear | 0~1 | - |
| | 02 | Dec Pattern | 0 | Linear | 0~1 | - |
| | 03 | Acc S Start | - | 40 | 1~100 | % |
| | 04 | Acc S End | - | 40 | 1~100 | % |
| | 05 | Dec S Start | - | 40 | 1~100 | % |
| | 06 | Dec S End | - | 40 | 1~100 | % |

This sets the pattern of the Acc/Dec slope. There are 5 patterns, which have the following functions.

| Type | Function |
|------|--|
| 0 | Linear The output frequency is constant and increases or decreases linearly. |
| 1 | S-curve Used for applications requiring smooth Acc/Dec such as lift load and elevator door. The curve rate of S-curve can be adjusted by using the functions of 03~06. <div style="text-align: center;">⚠ Caution</div> Be careful when you set the Acc/Dec pattern at S-curve because it gets longer than the set Acc/Dec time. For actual Acc/Dec time, see Page 7-19. |



ADV-03 Acc S Start: You can adjust the slope of the curve when you set the Acc/Dec pattern as S-curve. This is used to adjust the curvilinear ratio of S-curve when acceleration begins. The curve ratio sets the ratio of the curve acceleration of the 1/2 frequency on the basis of a half of the target frequency. For example, if ADV-03 Acc S Start is set at 50% and the target frequency, which equals the maximum frequency(max Freq[Hz]), is 60Hz, the frequency which the curve acceleration accounts for when the S-curve accelerates to 30Hz is 0~15Hz and the 15Hz~30Hz interval is linear acceleration.

ADV-04 Acc S End: You can adjust the slope of the curve when the operating frequency reaches the target frequency. This is used to set the ratio accounted for by the curve acceleration of the remaining interval on the basis of the 1/2 frequency of the target frequency as in case of Acc S Start. If set as in Acc S Start above, it accelerates in a linear slope until 30~45Hz and then accelerates in a curve slope and operates at a steady speed for the remaining 45~60Hz interval.

ADV-05 Dec S Start ~ ADV-06 Dec S End: Sets the curve deceleration slope ratio during deceleration. The setting method is as the acceleration ratio described above.

Acc/Dec Time in S-curve:

$$\text{Acc Time} = \text{Set Acc Time} + \text{Set Acc Time} \times (\text{ADV-03})/2 + \text{Set Acc Time} \times (\text{ADV-04})/2$$

$$\text{Dec Time} = \text{Set Dec Time} + \text{Set Dec Time} \times (\text{ADV-05})/2 + \text{Set Dec Time} \times (\text{ADV-06})/2$$



7.1.12 Acc/Dec Stop command

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 25 XCEL Stop | - |

You can stop acceleration or deceleration using the multi-function terminal and operate at steady speed. The following figure illustrates use of multi-function terminal P8.



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7.1.13 V/F Voltage control

You can set the voltage, slope and output pattern according to the output frequency. You can also adjust the torque boost at a low speed.

1) Linear V/F pattern operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|--------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 0 | V/F | - | - |
| | 18 | Base Freq | - | 60.00 | 30~400 | Hz |
| | 19 | Start Freq | - | 0.50 | 0.01~10 | Hz |
| BAS | 07 | V/F Pattern | 0 | Linear | - | - |

The output voltage increases and decreases at a constant magnitude in proportion to the voltage/frequency (V/F) ratio as the frequency rises and declines. This is used for constant torque (CT) load regardless of frequency.

DRV-18 Base Freq: sets the base frequency. This is the frequency where the rated voltage of the inverter is produced. Enter the frequency shown in the motor plate.

DRV-19 Start Freq: sets the start frequency. This is the frequency where the inverter begins to produce voltage. The inverter does not produce voltage when the target frequency is below the start frequency. However, in case of decelerating stop during operation above the start frequency, it stops operating as follows.



2) Double reduction V/F pattern operation (Using fan, pump load)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----------|------|
| BAS | 07 | V/F Pattern | 1 | Square | - |
| | | | 3 | Square 2 | - |

This is an operation pattern of which the starting characteristic such as the fan and pump is suitable for the load of double reduction type. Choose from Square 1 and 2 according to the starting characteristic.

Square 1: Voltage is produced in proportion to 1.5 times the frequency.

Square 2: Voltage is produced in proportion to twice the frequency. This is used for variable torque(VT) load(fan, pump) of the fan or pump.



3) User V/F operation (When you want to use a tailored V/F operation pattern)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | Setting Frequency | Unit | |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----|
| BAS | 07 | V/F Pattern | 2 | User V/F | 0~2 | - |
| | 41 | User Freq 1 | - | 15.00 | 0~ Max. Frequency | Hz |
| | 42 | User Volt 1 | - | 25 | 0~100% | % |
| | 43 | User Freq 2 | - | 30.00 | 0~ Max. Frequency | Hz |
| | 44 | User Volt 2 | - | 50 | 0~100% | % |
| | 45 | User Freq 3 | - | 45.00 | 0~ Max. Frequency | Hz |
| | 46 | User Volt 3 | - | 75 | 0~100% | % |
| | 47 | User Freq 4 | - | 60.00 | 0~ Max. Frequency | Hz |
| | 48 | User Volt 4 | - | 100 | 0~100% | % |

The user can set the pattern suitable for the V/F pattern and load characteristics of a special motor rather than an ordinary induction motor.

BAS-41 User Freq 1 ~ BAS-48 User Volt 4: Select a frequency between the start frequency and maximum frequency, set the user frequency (User Freq x) and set the voltage corresponding to each frequency at the user voltage (User Volt x).

Remark

Output voltage 100% is based on the set value of BAS-15 Rated Volt. But, If BAS-15 Rated Volt sets as '0', it is base on the input voltage.



Caution

In using an ordinary induction motor, if you set the pattern greatly out of the linear V/F pattern, the torque might be insufficient or reversely the motor might be overheated by over-excitation.
When the user V/F pattern is being used, the forward torque boost (DRV-16 Fwd Boost) and reverse torque boost (DRV-17 Rev Boost) do not operate.

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7.1.14 Torque boost

- 1) Manual Torque Boost (When great start torque is necessary for elevator load, etc.)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting range | Unit |
|-------|----------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 15 | Torque Boost | 0 | Manual | | - |
| | 16 | Fwd Boost ^{note1)} | - | 2.0 | 0~15 | % |
| | 17 | Rev Boost ^{note1)} | - | 2.0 | 0~15 | % |

^{note1)} Default value of 90~160 kW is 1.0 [%].

This adjusts the output voltage of low speed operation or starting. It can improve the starting characteristic or raise the low speed torque by increasing the output voltage in the low speed area.

DRV-16 Fwd Boost: adjusts the torque boost in forward rotation.

DRV-17 Rev Boost: adjusts the torque boost in reverse rotation.

⚠ Caution

Be careful not to set the torque boost too high because the motor might be overheated by over excitation.



- 2) Automatic Torque Boost (Choosing automatic selection function for greater starting torque)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| DRV | 15 | Torque Boost | 1 | Auto | - |
| BAS | 20 | Auto Tuning | 2 | Rs+Lsigma | - |

The inverter automatically calculates the torque boost and produces voltage by using the motor parameter.

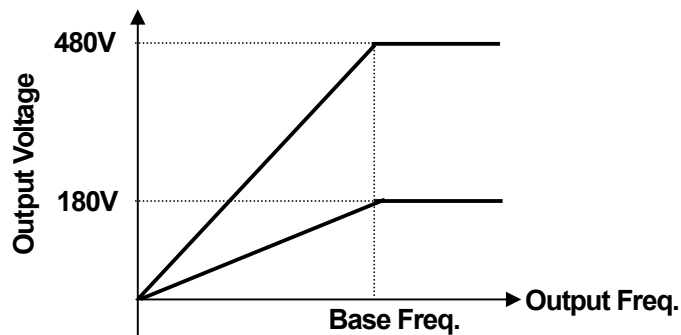
Because the stator resistance of the motor, inductance value and no load current value are necessary for the automatic torque boost to function, do auto tuning (BAS-20 Auto Tuning) before use (Page 8-17).

7.1.15 Motor output voltage adjustment

(Adjusting motor voltage when input power specification differs from motor voltage specification)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| BAS | 15 | Rated Volt | - 220 | 180~480 | V |

Inputs the voltage of the motor plate. The set voltage value is the output voltage value of the base frequency. Above the base frequency, if the input voltage is higher than the set voltage, the output is in proportion to the set value but if the input voltage is lower than the set voltage, the input voltage is produced. When 0 is set, the output voltage is corrected according to the input voltage when the inverter is static. Above the base frequency, if the input voltage is lower than the set voltage, the input voltage is produced.



7.1.16 Selection of starting method (When you want to change starting method)

If an operating command is input in the static state, you can select the inverter starting method.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Initial Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------|
| ADV | 07 | Start mode | 0 Accel | 0: Acc | - |
| | | | 1 DC-Start | | |
| | 12 | Dc-Start Time | - 0.00 | - | 0~60 |
| | 13 | Dc Inj Level | - 50 | - | 0~200 |

1) Accelerating Start

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|
| ADV | 07 | Start mode | 0 Accel | - |

This is a normal accelerating method, which directly accelerates to the target frequency if the operating command is given when no particular function is selected.

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2) Start after D.C. Braking

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| ADV | 07 | Start Mode | 1 Dc-Start | | - |
| | 12 | Dc-Start Time | - 0.00 | 0~60 | sec |
| | 13 | Dc Inj Level | - 50 | 0~200 | % |



! Caution

Do not set over inverter rating current because DC break depends on the motor rating current which is set. It may cause overheating and malfunction.

Accelerates after the D.C. voltage is supplied to the motor for the set period of time. It can be accelerated after stopping revolution of the motor by D.C. Braking when the motor is revolving before voltage is output from inverter. Also, it can be used in case of using machine braking to motor's spindle and that some torque is needed after opening machine braking.

! Caution

When D.C. Braking is big or control time is too long, overheating and malfunction may occur. Since D.C Braking is a standard of rating current for pre-set motor, please do not set over value of inverter's rating current. It may cause overheating and malfunction.

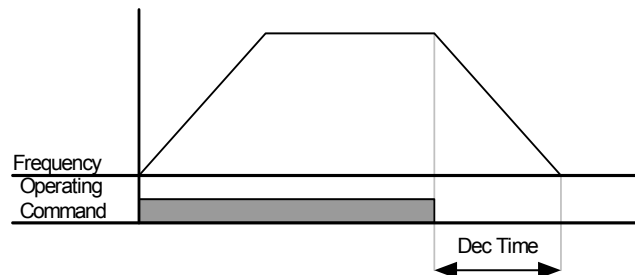
7.1.17 Stop method selection (Changing stop method)

You can choose the method of stopping the motor when the inverter is given a stop command during operation.

1) Decelerating Stop

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|
| ADV | 08 | Stop Mode | 0 Dec | - |

This is a normal decelerating method. If no particular function is selected, the inverter decelerates to 0Hz and stops as follows.



7.1.18 Stop after D.C. braking

- in order to stop the motor when decelerating with direct current in pre-set frequency.
- If frequency reaches the set one, D.C. Braking stops the motor.

1) How to stop by D.C. braking

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|------|
| ADV | 08 | Stop Mode | 1 Dc-Brake | 0~4 | - |
| | 14 | Dc-Block Time | - 0.10 | 0~60 | - |
| | 15 | Dc-Brake Time | - 1.00 | 0~200 | - |
| | 16 | Dc-Brake Level | - 50 | 200~200 | - |
| | 17 | Dc-Brake Freq | - 5.00 | 0~60 | - |

If the frequency reaches pre-set frequency during deceleration, the motor is stopped by D.C. braking. Start decelerating with stop command and put direct voltage into the motor to stop if frequency reaches ADV-17 Dc-Brake Freq.

ADV-14 Dc-Block Time : sets the time to block output of inverter before D.C. Braking. When inertia of load is big or ADV-17 Dc-Brake Freq is high, over current trips may occur due to current voltage to the motor. Therefore, it prevents from over current trips by controlling this time.

ADV-15 Dc-Brake Time : sets the time to put current voltage to the motor.

ADV-16 Dc-Brake Level : controls D.C. Braking. Rating current of the motor is a standard.

ADV-17 Dc-Brake Freq : sets frequency to start D.C. Braking. It starts D.C. Braking when reaching pre-set frequency after inverter starts decelerating.

Notice

When setting lower than frequency of D.C. Braking using Dwell frequency, Dwell operation is not available. Only D.C. Braking operates.



Caution

When D.C. Braking is big or control time is too long, overheating and malfunction may occur. Since D.C Braking is a standard of rating current for pre-set motor, please do not set over value of current of inverter's rating current. It may cause overheating and malfunction.

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2) Free Run Stop

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|------|
| ADV | 08 | Stop mode | 2 | Free-Run | - |

Operating command off, the inverter output is blocked. Be careful that the motor might continue rotating due to the load inertia if the inverter output is blocked during high speed operation when the motor load has high inertia.



4) Power Braking (Optimum deceleration without Over-Voltage Trip)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| ADV | 08 | Stop Mode | 4 | Power Braking | - |

If the inverter D.C. voltage rises above a certain level due to the regenerative energy of the motor, the decelerating slope is adjusted or re-acceleration occurs in order to reduce the regenerative energy. This can be applied when short decelerating time is required without additional braking resistance and braking unit. However, be careful that the decelerating time might be longer than the set decelerating time and damage might occur because of overheat of the motor if applied to loads which frequently decelerates.

! Caution

Do not use this function in case of load with frequent deceleration. It may cause overheating of the motor and malfunction.

Stall prevention and Power Braking are available only in case of deceleration. And, Power Braking has a priority. That means that Power Braking operates when BIT3 of PRT-50 and Power Braking of BAS-08 are set. In case of that deceleration time is too short or inertia is too big, over voltage trips may occur.

7.1.19 Frequency limit (Operation with limited frequency)

You can limit the operating frequency by using the maximum frequency and start frequency and by setting the upper/lower limits on the frequency.

1) Frequency limit using maximum frequency and start frequency

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 19 | Start Freq | - | 0.50 | 0.01~10 | Hz |
| | 20 | Max Freq | - | 60.00 | 40~400 | Hz |

DRV-19 Start Freq (Start Frequency): the lower limit to the parameter with speed-related units(Hz, rpm). If you set the frequency below the start frequency, it is at 0.00.

DRV-20 Max Freq (Maximum Frequency): the upper limit to the parameter of all speed units(Hz, rpm) other than the base frequency(DRV-18 Base Freq). You cannot set the frequency above the maximum frequency.

2) Frequency Limit Using Upper/Lower Limits

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------|
| ADV | 24 | Freq Limit | 0 --- No --- | No/Yes | - |
| | 25 | Freq Limit Lo | - 0.50 | 0~Upper limit | Hz |
| | 26 | Freq Limit Hi | - 60.00 | 0.5~Max Frequency | Hz |

(1) ADV-24 Freq Limit: If you set the frequency as Yes with the initially set value being No, you can set the frequency only between the upper limit(ADV-25) and lower limit(ADV-26). With frequency set as No, ADV-25 and ADV-26 codes are not displayed.

(2) ADV-25 Freq Limit Lo, ADV-26 Freq Limit Hi: sets the upper and lower limits. The minimum set value of the upper limit is the lower limit and the maximum value of the lower limit is the upper limit.



3) Frequency Jump (Avoiding mechanical resonant frequency)

Frequency jump is for prohibiting frequency setting so that the inverter does not operate in the resonant frequency band which might occur to the user's device system. The frequency passes through the frequency jump band when the motor accelerates or decelerates and cannot be set within the set frequency jump band.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|
| ADV | 27 | Jump Freq | 0 --- No --- | No/Yes | - |
| | 28 | Jump Lo 1 | - 10.00 | 0~Jump Freq Upper Limit 1 | Hz |
| | 29 | Jump Hi 1 | - 15.00 | Jump Freq Lower Limit 1 ~Max Freq | Hz |
| | 30 | Jump Lo 2 | - 20.00 | 0~Jump Freq Upper Limit 2 | Hz |
| | 31 | Jump Hi 2 | - 25.00 | Jump Freq Lower Limit 2 ~Max Freq | Hz |
| | 32 | Jump Lo 3 | - 30.00 | 0~Jump Freq Upper Limit 3 | Hz |
| | 33 | Jump Hi 3 | - 35.00 | Jump Freq Lower Limit 3 ~Max Freq | Hz |

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If you want to increase the frequency, if the set frequency(current, voltage, RS485 communication, keypad setting, etc.) is within the jump frequency band, keep the frequency jump lower value and raise the frequency after the set frequency goes out of the frequency jump band.



7.1.20 Selection of second operating method (By-pass operation)

You can enter the frequency, operating command and torque reference as the second set values by using the multi-function input terminal. This can be applied in case of remote operation using the communication option or operation in the main body of the inverter with the remote braking stopped.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 1 | Fx/Rx-1 | - |
| | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 2 | V1 | - |
| | 08 | Trq Ref Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | - |
| BAS | 04 | Cmd 2 nd Src | 0 | Keypad | - |
| | 05 | Freq 2 nd Src | 0 | KeyPad-1 | - |
| | 06 | Trq 2 nd Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | - |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 15 | 2nd Source | - |

Select the 2nd source of No. 15 among the multi-function terminals IN-65 ~ IN-75 of the terminal block input group.

BAS-04 Cmd 2nd Src, BAS-05 Freq 2nd Src: With the multi-function input terminal set as 2nd Source ON, the inverter can operate with the values set at BAS-04 and 05 instead of the values set at DRV-06 and DRV-07.

BAS-06 Trq 2nd Src: With the multi-function input terminal ON, you can enter the torque reference in the method selected in BAS-06 instead of the method chosen in DRV-08. DRV-08 and BAS-06 are displayed only after the control mode(DRV-09) is set as sensorless vector or vector control mode and the torque mode(DRV-10) is set as Yes.

Caution

With the multi-function input terminal set as the 2nd source and turned ON, the operation status changes because the frequency command, operating command and torque reference all turn into 2nd commands. Therefore make sure you check whether 2nd commands are rightly set before inputting the multi-function terminal.

7.1.21 Multi-function input terminal control (Improving responsiveness of input terminal)

You can set the filter time constant and contact point type for the multi-function input terminal of the inverter terminal

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|------|
| IN | 85 | DI On Delay | - | 0 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 86 | DI Off Delay | - | 0 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 87 | DI NC/NO Sel | - | 0000 0000 | - | - |
| | 90 | DI Status | - | 0000 0000 | - | - |

1) IN-85 DI On Delay, IN-86 DI Off Delay: If the state of the input terminal does not change for a set period of time after the terminal input, it is identified as ON or OFF.

2) IN-87 DI NC/NO Sel: The type of contact point of the input terminal can be selected. If you set the place of the dot of the switch corresponding to each bit below, you can use it as A contact point(Normal Open) and if above, you can use it as B contact point(Normal Close). The order is P1, P2...P8 from the right. Digital input will be added when extended I/O is used so DI NC/NO Sel 3 bits will be added. From the right, status of P1, P2, ..., P11.

3) IN-90 DI Status: displays the status of the input terminal block. If extended I/O used, status display bit of input terminal block will be added 3 bits. If the appropriate bit is set at A contact point in DRV-82, ON is displayed when the Dot is above and OFF is displayed when below. If the appropriate bit is set at B contact point, it operates reversely. From the right, status of P1, P2...P11 is shown.

7.1.22 Digital input and output control by extended I/O option card

If you mount an extended I/O card on the inverter option slot, you can use additional 3 digital inputs and 3 digital outputs (relay output).

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| IN | 73 | P9 Define | 0 | None | - |
| | 74 | P10 Define | 0 | None | - |
| | 75 | P11 Define | 0 | None | - |
| OUT | 34 | Relay 3 | 2 | FDT-2 | |
| | 35 | Relay 4 | 3 | FDT-3 | |
| | 36 | Relay 4 | 4 | FDT-4 | |

8.1 Applied Functions

8.1.1 Override frequency setting using auxiliary frequency command

(Setting frequency of various computation conditions using main and auxiliary speed such as Draw operation)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | 0~9 | - |
| BAS | 01 | AUX Ref Src | 1 | V1 | 0~4 | - |
| | 02 | AUX Calc Type | 0 | M + G * A | 0~7 | - |
| | 03 | AUX Ref Gain | - | 0.0 | 200~200 | % |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 40 | Dis Aux Ref | 0~48 | - |

You can set operating frequency by simultaneously using two methods of frequency setting. Main speed is used to set the operating frequency, and the auxiliary speed can be used for precise adjustment during main speed frequency. For example, let's assume that the inverter has been set as in the table above. During operation at 30.00 Hz with Keypad-1 the main speed, if you supply voltage of -10~+10V to V1 terminal and set the gain at 5% (variables between IN-01 ~ IN-16 are the initial values and IN-06 V1 Polarity is set as Bipolar), precise adjustment is possible up to 33.00~27.00 Hz.

BAS-01 AUX Ref Src : selects the type of input to be used as auxiliary speed.

| Setting Type | | Function |
|--------------|------|--|
| 0 | None | No auxiliary speed motion |
| 1 | V1 | Selects the voltage input terminal of the control terminal block as the auxiliary speed. |
| 2 | I1 | Selects the current input as the auxiliary speed. |
| 3 | V2 | Selects the voltage input of the extended IO option board as the auxiliary speed. |
| 4 | I2 | Selects the current input of the extended IO option board as the auxiliary speed. |

BAS-02 Aux Calc Type : The reflection ratio of the main speed can be set by four operations after setting the amount of the auxiliary speed as gain (BAS-03 Aux Ref Gain).

| | Setting Type | Expression | Final Command Frequency Computation |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| 0 | M + (G * A) | $M[\text{Hz}] + (G[\%] * A[\text{Hz}])$ | main speed command value + (BAS03 x BAS01 x IN01) |
| 1 | M * (G * A) | $M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * A[\%])$ | main speed command value x (BAS03 x BAS01) |
| 2 | M / (G * A) | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] * A[\%])$ | main speed command value / (BAS03 x BAS01) |
| 3 | M+ (M * (G * A)) | $M[\text{Hz}] + (M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * A[\%]))$ | main speed command value + (main speed command value x (BAS03 x BAS01)) |
| 4 | M+ G * 2 * (A-50) | $M[\text{Hz}] + G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%])[\text{Hz}]$ | main speed command value + BAS03 x 2 x (BAS01 - 50) x IN01 |
| 5 | M* (G * 2 * (A-50)) | $M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | main speed command value x (BAS03 x 2 x (BAS01 - 50)) |
| 6 | M / (G * 2 * (A-50)) | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | main speed command value / (BAS03 x 2 x (BAS01 - 50)) |
| 7 | M+ M * G * 2 * (A-50) | $M[\text{Hz}] + M[\text{Hz}] * G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%])$ | main speed command value + main speed command value x BAS03 x 2 x (BAS01 - 50) |



Caution

If the maximum frequency is high, there might be an error of output frequency due to analog input and computation error.

M : main speed frequency command[Hz or RPM] by DRV-07 setting,

G : auxiliary speed[Hz or RPM] or gain[%],

A : auxiliary speed frequency command[Hz or RPM] or gain[%]

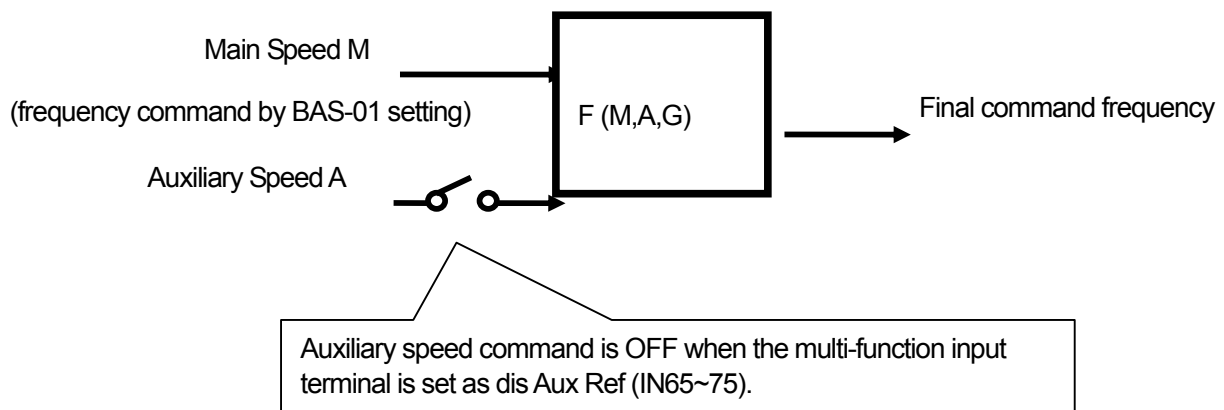
Of the setting types, numbers higher than No.4 can do (+) or (-) motions through only analog input.

BAS-03 Aux Ref Gain : adjusts the amount of the input(BAS-01 Aux Ref Src) set as auxiliary speed.

If the auxiliary speed is set as V1 or I1 and the parameter of the terminal input group(IN) No. 01 ~ 32 is the initial value, the auxiliary speed frequency operates as follows.

IN-65~75 Px Define : If the terminal set as No. 40 dis Aux Ref among the multi-function input terminals, the auxiliary speed command is not active but only the main speed command is effective.

(frequency command by DRV-07 setting method)



Example 1) If the frequency keypad is set in main speed and V1 analog voltage is in auxiliary speed,

Conditions:

- main speed (M) setting (DRV-07): Keypad (frequency is set at 30Hz)
- maximum frequency (Max Freq) setting (DRV-20): 400Hz
- auxiliary speed (A) setting (A:BAS-01): V1
(expresses auxiliary speed[Hz] or percentage[%] according to the computation setting condition)
- auxiliary speed gain (G) setting (BAS-03): 50% , IN01~32: default value

If 6V is being input into V1, the frequency corresponding to 10V is 60Hz, so the auxiliary speed A in the table below is 36Hz (= 60[Hz] x (6[V] / 10[V])) or 60%(=100[%] X (6[V] / 10[V])) according to the condition.

| Setting Type | | Final Command Frequency |
|--------------|--|---|
| 0 | $M[\text{Hz}] + (G[\%] * A[\text{Hz}])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + (50\%(G) \times 36\text{Hz}(A)) = 48\text{Hz}$ |
| 1 | $M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * A[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) \times (50\%(G) \times 60\%(A)) = 9\text{Hz}$ |
| 2 | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] * A[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) / (50\%(G) \times 60\%(A)) = 100\text{Hz}$ |
| 3 | $M[\text{Hz}] + (M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * A[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + (30[\text{Hz}] \times (50\%(G) \times 60\%(A))) = 39\text{Hz}$ |
| 4 | $M[\text{Hz}] + G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%])[\text{Hz}]$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + 50\%(G) \times 2 \times (60\%(A) - 50\%) \times 60\text{Hz} = 36\text{Hz}$ |
| 5 | $M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) \times (50\%(G) \times 2 \times (60\%(A) - 50\%)) = 3\text{Hz}$ |
| 6 | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) / (50\%(G) \times 2 \times (60\% - 50\%)) = 300\text{Hz}$ |
| 7 | $M[\text{Hz}] + M[\text{Hz}] * G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + 30\text{Hz}(M) \times 50\%(G) \times 2 \times (60\%(A) - 50\%) = 33\text{Hz}$ |

*If the set frequency is converted into rpm, Hz above changes into rpm.

Example 2) main speed (M) setting (DRV-07): Keypad (when the frequency command is set at 30Hz)

- maximum frequency (Max Freq)setting (DRV-20): 400Hz
- auxiliary speed (A)setting (BAS-01): I1
(expresses in auxiliary speed[Hz] or percentage[%] according to the condition)
- auxiliary speed gain (G)setting(BAS-03): 50%, IN01~32: default value

If 10.4mA is being input into I1, the frequency corresponding to 20mA is 60Hz, so the auxiliary speed A in the table below is 24Hz (= 60[Hz] x ((10.4[mA] - 4[mA]) / (20[mA] - 4[mA]))) or 40% (=100[%] x ((10.4[mA] - 4[mA]) / (20 [mA] - 4[mA]))).

| Setting Type | | Final Command Frequency |
|--------------|--|---|
| 0 | $M[\text{Hz}] + (G[\%] * A[\text{Hz}])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + (50\%(G) \times 24\text{Hz}(A)) = 42\text{Hz}$ |
| 1 | $M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * A[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) \times (50\%(G) \times 40\%(A)) = 6\text{Hz}$ |
| 2 | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] * A[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) / (50\%(G) \times 40\%(A)) = 150\text{Hz}$ |
| 3 | $M[\text{Hz}] + (M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * A[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + (30[\text{Hz}] \times (50\%(G) \times 40\%(A))) = 36\text{Hz}$ |
| 4 | $M[\text{Hz}] + G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%])[\text{Hz}]$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + 50\%(G) \times 2 \times (40\%(A) - 50\%) \times 60\text{Hz} = 24\text{Hz}$ |
| 5 | $M[\text{Hz}] * (G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) \times (50\%(G) \times 2 \times (40\%(A) - 50\%)) = -3\text{Hz (reverse)}$ |
| 6 | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) / (50\%(G) \times 2 \times (60\% - 40\%)) = -300\text{Hz (reverse)}$ |
| 7 | $M[\text{Hz}] + M[\text{Hz}] * G[\%] * 2 * (A[\%] - 50[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + 30\text{Hz}(M) \times 50\%(G) \times 2 \times (40\%(A) - 50\%) = 27\text{Hz}$ |

Example 3) main speed setting (DRV-07): V1 (if the frequency command is set at 5V and 30Hz)

- Max Freq [HZ] (DRV-20): 400Hz
- auxiliary speed (BAS-01): I1 (expresses in auxiliary speed[Hz] or percentage[%] according to the condition)
- auxiliary speed gain (BAS-03): 50% (represents G in the table below. The value is 0.5)
- IN01~32: default value

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If 10.4mA is being input into I1, the frequency corresponding to 20mA is 60Hz, so the auxiliary speed A in the table below is 24Hz ($= 60[\text{Hz}] \times ((10.4[\text{mA}] - 4[\text{mA}]) / (20[\text{mA}] - 4[\text{mA}]))$) or 40% ($= 100[\%] \times ((10.4[\text{mA}] - 4[\text{mA}]) / (20 [\text{mA}] - 4[\text{mA}]))$).

| Setting Type | | Final Command Frequency |
|--------------|--|---|
| 0 | $M[\text{Hz}] + (G[\%] \cdot A[\text{Hz}])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + (50\%(G) \times 24\text{Hz}(A)) = 42\text{Hz}$ |
| 1 | $M[\text{Hz}] \cdot (G[\%] \cdot A[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) \times (50\%(G) \times 40\%(A)) = 6\text{Hz}$ |
| 2 | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] \cdot A[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) / (50\%(G) \times 40\%(A)) = 150\text{Hz}$ |
| 3 | $M[\text{Hz}] + (M[\text{Hz}] \cdot (G[\%] \cdot A[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + (30[\text{Hz}] \times (50\%(G) \times 40\%(A))) = 36\text{Hz}$ |
| 4 | $M[\text{Hz}] + G[\%] \cdot 2 \cdot (A[\%] - 50[\%]) [\text{Hz}]$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + 50\%(G) \times 2 \times (40\%(A) - 50\%) \times 60\text{Hz} = 24\text{Hz}$ |
| 5 | $M[\text{Hz}] \cdot (G[\%] \cdot 2 \cdot (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) \times (50\%(G) \times 2 \times (40\%(A) - 50\%)) = -3\text{Hz (reverse)}$ |
| 6 | $M[\text{Hz}] / (G[\%] \cdot 2 \cdot (A[\%] - 50[\%]))$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) / (50\%(G) \times 2 \times (60\% - 40\%)) = -300\text{Hz (reverse)}$ |
| 7 | $M[\text{Hz}] + M[\text{Hz}] \cdot G[\%] \cdot 2 \cdot (A[\%] - 50[\%])$ | $30\text{Hz}(M) + 30\text{Hz}(M) \times 50\%(G) \times 2 \times (40\%(A) - 50\%) = 27\text{Hz}$ |

8.1.2 Jog operation (If you want Jog operation)

Operation is also available using the terminal block and the multi keys of the keypad.

1) Jog Operation by Terminal Block 1

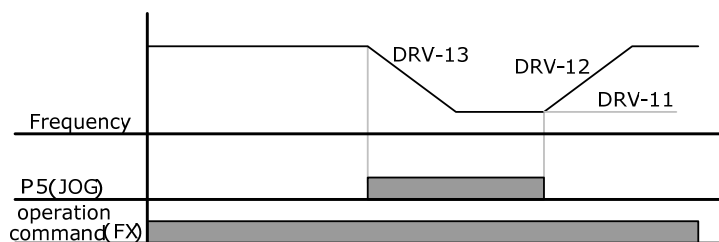
| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------------|------|
| DRV | 11 | JOG Frequency | - | 10.00 | 0.5~maximum frequency | - |
| | 12 | JOG Acc Time | - | 20.00 | 0~600 | Sec |
| | 13 | JOG Dec Time | - | 30.00 | 0~600 | Sec |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 6 | JOG | - | - |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11 (Option)

Select the jog frequency setting terminal from the multi-function terminals P1 ~ P11 and set the function of the appropriate terminal block of IN-65 ~ IN-75 at No. 6 JOG. If the jog terminal which has been set with the operating command input, the operating frequency moves to the jog frequency, which is described below.

DRV-11 Jog Frequency (Jog Frequency) : sets the frequency necessary for jog operation. Jog operation is the highest in the priority order except the dwell operation. Therefore, during sequential operation, up-down operation and 3-wire operation at a certain speed, if the jog terminal is input, it operates at the jog frequency.

DRV-12 JOG Acc Time, DRV-13 JOG Dec Time : the deceleration and acceleration time during shift to jog frequency.



2) Jog Operation by Terminal Block 2

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|------|
| DRV | 11 | JOG Frequency | - | 10.00 | 0.5~maximum frequency | Hz |
| | 12 | JOG Acc Time | - | 20.00 | 0~600 | Sec |
| | 13 | JOG Dec Time | - | 30.00 | 0~600 | Sec |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 46 | FWD JOG | - | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 47 | REV JOG | - | - |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11(Optional)

Jog operation 1 is available when the operating command is input but jog operation 2 is available with only terminals set as the forward jog (FWD JOG) or reverse jog (REV JOG).

The priority order of terminal input (dwell, 3-wire, up/down), frequency and Acc/Dec time and so on during jog operation is the same as jog operation 1 and if an operating command is given during jog operation, operation continues at the jog frequency.



3) Jog Operation by Keypad

| Mode | Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting range | Unit |
|------|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------|------|
| CNF | - | 42 | Multi-Key Sel | 1 | JOG Key | - | - |
| PAR | DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 0 | Keypad | 0~5 | sec |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11(option)

Set code 42 of CNF mode at 1 JOG Key and DRV-06 of PAR mode at 0 Keypad. If you press multi key, the symbol \boxed{J} at the top of the screen changes into \boxed{J} and then keypad jog operation becomes available. If you keep pressing FWD or REV keys, it decelerates at jog frequency(DRV-11 JOG Frequency). Otherwise it stops.

The Acc/Dec time it takes to reach jog operation frequency is set in DRV-12 and DRV-13.



8.1.3 Up-Down operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|------|
| ADV | 65 | U/D Save Mode | 1 | Yes | 0~1 | - |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 17 | Up | 0~48 | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 18 | Down | 0~48 | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 20 | U/D Clear | 0~48 | - |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11(Optional)

You can control deceleration and acceleration by using the multi-function terminal block. This can be used for the system that uses the upper/lower limit switch output signals of a flow meter, etc. as the acceleration/deceleration command of the motor.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Code description |
|-------|----------|------------------|---|
| ADV | 65 | U/D Save Mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - In case of operating command (FX or RX terminal) OFF or a trip during steady speed operation or in case of power OFF, the operating frequency is automatically saved in the memory. - If operation command becomes ON or normal again, operation at set frequency is available. If you want to delete saved frequency, use the multi-function terminal block. Set one of the multi-function terminals at No.20 U/D Clear and input the terminal in stop or steady speed operation, the frequency that was saved in up-down operation is deleted. |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sets the appropriate terminal function at 17 Up or 18 Down after selecting the terminal to use for up-down operation. - Acceleration follows Up signal during operation and when it is OFF, acceleration stops and steady speed operation follows. - Deceleration follows Down signal during operation and when it is Off, deceleration stops and steady speed operation follows. - If up and down signals are simultaneously given, acceleration and deceleration both stop. |



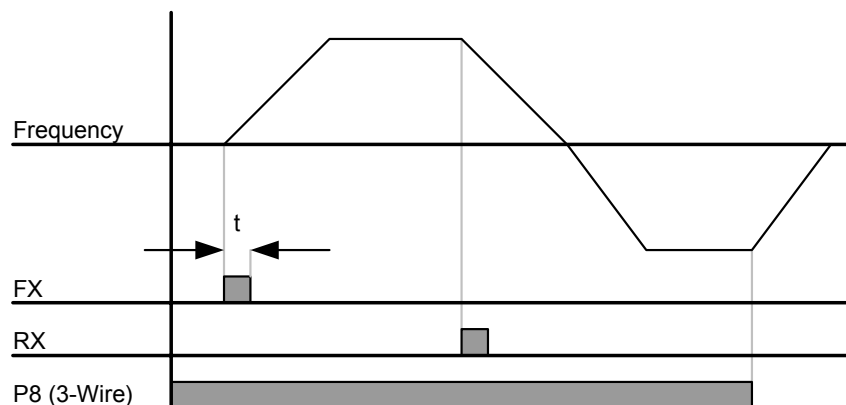
8.1.4 3-Wire operation (if you want operation using Push button)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 1 Fx/Rx - 1 | 0~5 | - |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 14 3-Wire | 0~48 | - |

*Px : P1~P8, P9~P11 (Option)

This is the function of operation by saving (Latch) the input signals as follows.

Therefore, you can make simple configuration sequence circuit as shown below. For it to move, the minimum input time(t) of the input terminal should continue for more than 1msec. If forward and reverse operating commands are simultaneously input, it stops.



8.1.5 Safe operation mode (if you want to limit operation through Terminal Input)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| ADV | 70 | Run En Mode | 1 | DI Dependent | - | - |
| | 71 | Run Dis Stop | 0 | Free-Run | 0~2 | - |
| | 72 | Q-Stop Time | - | 5.0 | 0~600 | sec |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 13 | Run Enable | 0~48 | - |

This is the function of setting the operating command for it to be effective by using the multi-function input terminal.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Code description |
|-------|----------|------------------|--|
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | selects the terminal to operate at No. 13 Safe Operation Mode Run Enable among the multi-function input terminals. (if setting only multi-function terminals as Run Enable, Safe Operation is not active.) |
| ADV | 70 | Run En Mode | if setting at No. 1 DI Dependent, the operating commands it identified through the multi-function input terminal. Set at No. 0 Always Enable, the safe operation mode is not active. |
| | 71 | Run Dis Stop | sets the motions of the inverter when the multi-function input terminal set at safe operation mode is OFF. 0 : Free-Run Blocks the inverter output when the multi-function terminal is OFF. 1 : Q-Stop Decelerates at the decelerating time(Q-Stop Time) used in safe operation mode. Operation resumes after the operation command is input once again even if the multi-function terminal is ON. 2 : Q-Stop Resume Decelerates at the decelerating time(Q-Stop Time) of safe operation mode. Normal operation resumes when the multi-function terminal is input again with the operating command ON. |
| | 72 | Q-Stop Time | If ADV-71 Run Dis Stop is set at No.1 Q-Stop or No.2 Q-Stop Resume, the decelerating time is set. |



8.1.6 Dwell operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Value | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|---------------|--|------|
| ADV | 20 | Acc Dwell Freq | - 5.00 | Starting frequency ~ Maximum frequency | Hz |
| | 21 | Acc Dwell Time | - 0.0 | 0~10 | Sec |
| | 22 | Dec Dwell Freq | - 5.00 | Starting frequency ~ Maximum frequency | Hz |
| | 23 | Dec Dwell Time | - 0.0 | 0~10 | Sec |

If the operating command is input, the inverter operates at steady speed for the acceleration dwell time at the set acceleration dwell frequency and resumes acceleration. If the stop command is input, inverter operates at steady speed for the deceleration dwell time at the set deceleration dwell frequency after deceleration and then stops.

If control mode (DRV-09 Control Mode) is used as the V/F mode, it can be used for opening the brake after operation at the dwell frequency before the mechanical brake is opened at the lifting load.

 **Caution**

Be careful that dwell operation at a frequency higher than the rated slip of the motor with the load shown in the case above might adversely affect the life of the motor or damage the motor due to over current through the motor.



* Detailed description about Dwell operation

This function is useful in hoisting applications to get enough Torque before a releasing mechanical brake. Inverter accelerates to Dwell frequency during set time after run command input. It operates as set speed after the elapse of the Dwell acceleration run time (Acc Dwell Time) which is set in Dwell run frequency.

If Stop command is input during run, inverter will decelerate as Dwell run frequency and then it will stop as previous deceleration time after the set Dwell deceleration run time (Dec Dwell Time). If the dwell time is set at '0' or dwell frequency is set at '0', this function is not available.

Acc Dwell command is effective only first command input so it is not available in case the frequency passes by Acc Dwell frequency while resume the acceleration on stop. Dec Dwell operates when frequency passes by Dec Dwell frequency on stop command input and it is not operated on simple deceleration of frequency. Dwell operation is not operated when External brake control function is activated.

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* Acceleration Dwell

Acc Dwell command is effective only first command input so it is not available in case the frequency passes by Acc Dwell frequency during re-acceleration on stop.



* Deceleration Dwell

Dec Dwell operates when frequency passes by Dec Dwell frequency on stop command input and it is not operated on simple deceleration of frequency. Dwell operation is not operated when External brake control function is activated.



8.1.7 Slip compensation operation

For an induction motor, the difference between the rotation speed of the motor and the set frequency varies according to the load ratio. The slip compensation operation is used for the load that should compensate the speed difference (slip). If the control mode is sensorless or vector or V/F PG, the speed difference is automatically compensated.



| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit | |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 2 | Slip Compen | - |
| | 14 | Motor Capacity | 2 | 0.75 (0.75 kW base) | kW |
| BAS | 11 | Pole Number | - | 4 | - |
| | 12 | Rated Slip | - | 90 (0.75 kW base) | rpm |
| | 13 | Rated Curr | - | 3.6 (0.75 kW base) | A |
| | 14 | Noload Curr | - | 1.6 (0.75 kW base) | A |
| | 16 | Efficiency | - | 72 (0.75 kW base) | % |
| | 17 | Inertia Rate | - | 0 (0.75 kW base) | - |

DRV-09 Control Mode (control mode) : checks whether the control mode is set at No. 2 Slip Compen.

DRV-14 Motor Capacity (motor capacity) : sets the capacity of the motor connected to the inverter output.

BAS-11 Pole Number (pole number) : inputs the number of poles on the plate of the motor.

BAS-12 Rated Slip (rated slip) : input by using the rated revolution on the plate of the motor.

BAS-13 Rated Curr (rated current) : inputs the rated current on the plate of the motor.

BAS-14 Noload Curr (no-load current) : inputs the current measured when the motor operates at the rated frequency after the load device connected to the motor axis is removed. If no-load current is hard to measure, input the current 30~50% of the current on the plate of the motor.

BAS-16 Efficiency (motor efficiency) : inputs the efficiency on the plate of the motor.

BAS-17 Inertia Rate (load inertia ratio) : selects the load inertia on the basis of the inertia of the motor.

(0: when it is less than 10 times of motor's inertia, 1: when it is 10 times of motor's inertia, 2~8: when it is more than 10 times of motor's inertia)

$$f_s = f_r - \left(\frac{rpm \times P}{120} \right), \quad f_s = \text{rated slip frequency}, f_r = \text{rated frequency}, rpm = \text{rated revolution of motor}, P = \text{motor poles}$$

ex) rated frequency: 60Hz, rated revolution: 1740rpm, pole numbers: 4. $f_s = 60 - \left(\frac{1740 \times 4}{120} \right) = 2Hz$

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8.1.8 PID control

1) PID Basic Operation

This is a method commonly used among the ones of auto control. PID means P: Proportional, I: Integral, and D: Differential. By combining these 3, better control is available.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| APP | 01 | App Mode | 2 | Proc PID | 0~4 | - |
| | 16 | PID Output | - | - | - | - |
| | 17 | PID Ref Value | - | - | - | - |
| | 18 | PID Fdb Value | - | - | - | - |
| | 19 | PID Ref Set | - | 50.00 | -100~100 | % |
| | 20 | PID Ref Source | 0 | Keypad | 0~10 | - |
| | 21 | PID F/B Source | 0 | V1 | 0~10 | - |
| | 22 | PID P-Gain | - | 50.0 | 0~1000 | % |
| | 23 | PID I-Time | - | 10.0 | 0~32.0 | Sec |
| | 24 | PID D-Time | - | 0 | 0~1000 | MSec |
| | 25 | PID F-Gain | - | 0.0 | 0~1000 | % |
| | 26 | P Gain Scale | - | 100.0 | 0~100 | % |
| | 27 | PID Out LPF | - | 0 | 0~10000 | msec |
| | 29 | PID Limit Hi | - | 60.00 | 0~300 | Hz |
| | 30 | PID Limit Lo | - | 0.5 | 0~300 | Hz |
| | 31 | PID Out Inv | - | No | 0~1 | - |
| | 32 | PID Out Scale | - | 100.0 | 0.1~1000 | % |
| | 34 | Pre-PID Freq | - | 0.00 | 0~Max. Freq | Hz |
| | 35 | Pre-PID Exit | - | 0.0 | 0~100 | % |
| | 36 | Pre-PID Delay | - | 600 | 0~9999 | Sec |
| | 37 | PID Sleep DT | - | 60.0 | 0~999.9 | Sec |
| | 38 | PID Sleep Freq | - | 0.00 | 0~Max. Freq. | Hz |
| | 39 | PID WakeUp Lev | - | 35 | 0~100 | % |
| | 40 | PID WakeUp Mod | 0 | Below Level | 0~2 | - |
| | 42 | PID Unit Sel | 0 | Hz | 0~12 | - |
| 43 | PID Unit Gain | - | 100.0 | 0~650 | % | |
| 44 | PID Unit Scale | 2 | X 1 | 0~2 | - | |
| 45 | PID P2-Gain | - | 100.0 | 0~1000 | % | |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 22 | I-Term Clear | 0~48 | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 23 | PID Openloop | 0~48 | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 24 | P Gain2 | 0~48 | - |

The output frequency of the inverter goes through PID control in order to control the system process including the flow, temperature and tension and so on.

APP-01 App Mode(application mode) : You can set the process PID functions by setting at No. 2 Proc PID(Process PID).

APP-16 PID Output : Displays the present output value of the PID controller with the unit, gain and scale set in APP-42, APP-43 and APP-44 reflected.

APP-17 PID Ref Value : Displays the currently set reference of the PID controller with the unit, gain and scale set in APP-42, APP-43 and APP-44 reflected.

APP-18 PID Fdb Value : Displays the present feedback input of the PID controller with the unit, gain and scale set in APP-42, APP-43 and APP-44 reflected.

APP-19 PID Ref Set : The reference value can be input if the reference type(APP-20) of PID control is set as keypad(0:Keypad). If the reference type is set at values other than the keypad, the value set in APP-19 is ignored.

APP-20 PID Ref Source : Selects the reference input of PID control(the items marked in grey are supposed to be provided soon in the future). If the V1 terminal is set as PID F/B Source, V1 cannot be set as the PID Ref Source. If F/B Source is changed to another item, V1 can be set as Ref Source.

| Setting Type | | Function | PID F/B Source possibility |
|--------------|-------------|--|----------------------------|
| 0 | Keypad | Inputs the PID reference on the inverter keypad. | X |
| 1 | V1 | -10~10V voltage input terminal of the terminal block | O |
| 2 | I1 | 0~20mA current input terminal of the terminal block | O |
| 3 | V2 | Voltage input terminal of the extended I/O option card | O |
| 4 | I2 | Current input terminal of the extended I/O option card | O |
| 5 | Int. 485 | RS485 input terminal of the terminal block | O |
| 6 | Encoder | Pulse input of the encoder option card | O |
| 7 | FieldBus | Communication command by communication option card | O |
| 8 | PLC | Command by PLC option card | O |
| 9 | Synchro | Command by synchronized operation option card | O |
| 10 | Binary Type | Command by BCD option card | X |

The set PID reference can be displayed in the monitor mode and APP-17 and monitored in the items set as No. 17 PID Ref Value among CNF-06~08 of CNF.

APP-21 PID F/B Source : Selects the feedback input of PID control. This can be selected in the inputs other than the keypad input(Keypad-1, Keypad-2) in the reference input type. The feedback cannot be set as the same input as selected in the reference.

For example, if APP-20 Ref Source is selected as No. 1 V1 terminal, the inputs other than V1 should be selected in APP-21 PID F/B Source. Set as No. 18 PID Fdb Value of CNF-06~08, the feedback can be monitored.

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APP-22 PID P-Gain, APP-26 P Gain Scale : Sets the output ratio of the difference(error) between the reference and feedback. If P gain is set at 50%, 50% of the error is output. The setting range of P gain is 0.0~1000.0%. If a ratio lower than 0.1% is necessary, use P Gain Scale of APP-26.

APP-23 PID I-Time : Sets the times for output of accumulated errors. This sets the time for 100% output when the error is 100%. If the integral time(PID I-Time) is set at 1 second, 100% is output after 1 second when the error is 100%. The normal error can be reduced by the integral time. If the multi-function terminal block function is set at No.21 I-Term Clear and the terminal block is ON, all the accumulated integral amount is deleted.

APP-24 PID D-Time : Sets the output of the error change rate. If the differential time(PID D-Time) is set at 1mSec, 1% is output per 10mSec when the error change rate per second is 100%.

APP-25 PID F-Gain : The set goal can be added to the PID output and the ratio is set. This can obtain a rapid response characteristic.

APP-27 PID Out LPF : This is used when the entire system is instable because the PID controller output changes too fast or there is too much oscillation. Normally the responsiveness is enhanced by using a low value(the initial value is 0) but the stability can also be improved by using a higher value. The higher a value is used, the more stable the PID controller output is but the responsiveness might be down.

APP-29 PID Limit Hi, APP-30 PID Limit Lo : Limits the output of the PID controller.

APP-32 PID Out Scale : Adjusts the size of the controller output.

APP-42 PID Unit Sel : Sets the unit of the control.

| Setting Type | | | Function |
|--------------|------|----------------|--|
| 0 | % | - | Displayed in percentage instead of a certain physical value. |
| 1 | Bar | Pressure | Various pressure units are available. |
| 2 | mBar | | |
| 3 | Pa | | |
| 4 | kPa | | |
| 5 | Hz | Speed | Displays the inverter output frequency or motor revolution. |
| 6 | rpm | | |
| 7 | V | Voltage | Displayed in voltage, current or consumed electricity. |
| 8 | I | Current | |
| 9 | kW | Electric power | |
| 10 | HP | Horse power | |
| 11 | °C | Temperature | In Fahrenheit or Centigrade. |
| 12 | °F | | |

APP-43 PID Unit Gain, APP-44 PID Unit Scale : Adjusts the size suited to the unit selected in APP-42 PID Unit Sel.

APP-45 PID P2-Gain : The gain of the PID controller can be changed by using the multi-function terminal. If the function of the terminal block selected from IN-65~75 is set at No. 23 P Gain2 and then the selected terminal is input, the gain set in APP-45 can be by passed instead of the gain set in APP-22 and APP-23.

2) PID Control Block Diagram



Notice

- If PID change operation (changes from PID operation to normal operation) comes into multi-function inputs (P1~P11), the value of [%] is converted to the one of [Hz] and is output.
- Polarity of normal PID output PID OUT is unipolar and is limited by APP-29 (PID Limit Hi) and APP-30 (PID Limit Lo).
- 100.0% is the standard of DRV-20 (maxFreq).

3) Pre-PID Operation

This is the function of normal acceleration to the set frequency without PID motion if an operating command is input and starting PID operation when the control amount increases to a certain degree.

APP-34 Pre-PID Freq : The frequency to normal acceleration is input if normal acceleration is necessary without PID control motion. For example, if Pre-PID Freq is set at 30Hz, normal operation continues at 30Hz until the control amount(PID feedback amount) goes up above what is set in APP-35.

APP-35 Pre-PID Exit, APP-36 Pre-PID Delay : PID control operation starts if the input feedback amount(control amount) of the PID controller is larger than the value set in APP-35. However, if an amount smaller than the value set in APP-35 continues for the period of time set in APP-36, the output is discontinued with a "Pre-PID Fail" trip.



4) PID Sleep Mode(Sleep)

APP-37 PID Sleep DT, APP-38 PID Sleep Freq : If the inverter continues to operate for the time set in APP-37 PID Sleep DT under the frequency set in APP-38 Sleep Freq, it stops operating and goes into Sleep Mode. For the threshold of shift from PID Sleep Mode to PID operation mode back, see APP-39 PID WakeUp Lev.

APP-39 PID WakeUp Lev, APP-40 PID WakeUp Mod : Sets the threshold of starting PID operation from the PID sleep mode described above. If you select 0(Below Level) in APP-40 and the feedback is smaller than set in APP-39 PID WakeUp Lev, PID operation resumes. No. 1(Above Level) restarts operation when it is larger than the value set in APP-39. No. 2(Beyond Level) restarts operation when the difference between the reference and feedback is larger than the value set in APP-39.



5) PID Operation by pass (PID Openloop)

If, among multi-function terminal blocks, the terminal set at No. 22 PID Openloop in IN-65~75 Px Define is input, PID operation stops and changes to normal operation. The terminal OFF, PID operation resumes.

8.1.9 Auto tuning

The motor parameter can be automatically measured. In addition, if the encoder option card is connected to the main body of the inverter, you can test the operation of the encoder. The motor parameters measured through auto tuning are used for auto torque boost, sensorless vector control and vector control and so on.

Ex) 0.75kW, 220V class Motor

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|----------|
| DRV | 14 | Motor Capacity | 2 | 0.75 | kW |
| BAS | 11 | Pole Number | - | 4 | - |
| | 12 | Rated Slip | - | 40 | rpm |
| | 13 | Rated Curr | - | 3.6 | A |
| | 14 | Noload curr | - | 1.6 | A |
| | 15 | Rated Volt | - | 220 | V |
| | 16 | Efficiency | - | 72 | % |
| | 20 | Auto Tuning | 0 | None | - |
| | 21 | Rs | - | 26.00 | Ω |
| | 22 | Lsigma | - | 179.4 | mH |
| | 23 | Ls | - | 1544 | mH |
| | 24 | Tr | - | 145 | msec |
| APO | 04 | Enc Opt Mode | 0 | None | - |

 **Caution**

Be sure to conduct auto tuning after the motor stops operating.
 Before conducting auto tuning, make sure that you input the number of motor poles, rated slip, rated current, rated voltage and efficiency shown on the motor plate. For the items not input, automatically set values are used.

| Input voltage | Motor capacity [kW] | Rating current [A] | No load current [A] | Rating slip frequency [Hz] | Stator resistance [Ω] | Leakage inductance [mH] |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 200 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 3.33 | 14.0 | 40.4 |
| | 0.4 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 3.33 | 6.70 | 26.9 |
| | 0.75 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 3.00 | 2.600 | 17.94 |
| | 1.5 | 6.4 | 2.6 | 2.67 | 1.170 | 9.29 |
| | 2.2 | 8.6 | 3.3 | 2.33 | 0.840 | 6.63 |
| | 3.7 | 13.8 | 5.0 | 2.33 | 0.500 | 4.48 |
| | 5.5 | 21.0 | 7.1 | 1.50 | 0.314 | 3.19 |
| | 7.5 | 28.2 | 9.3 | 1.33 | 0.169 | 2.844 |
| | 11 | 40.0 | 12.4 | 1.00 | 0.120 | 1.488 |
| | 15 | 53.6 | 15.5 | 1.00 | 0.084 | 1.118 |

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| Input voltage | Motor capacity [kW] | Rating current [A] | No load current [A] | Rating slip frequency [Hz] | Stator resistance [Ω] | Leakage inductance [mH] |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 18.5 | 65.6 | 19.0 | 1.00 | 0.068 | 0.819 |
| | 22 | 76.8 | 21.5 | 1.00 | 0.056 | 0.948 |
| | 30 | 104.6 | 29.3 | 1.00 | 0.042 | 0.711 |
| | 37 | 128.6 | 34.7 | 1.00 | 0.033 | 0.568 |
| | 45 | 156.0 | 42.1 | 1.00 | 0.028 | 0.474 |
| | 55 | 184.1 | 49.7 | 1.00 | 0.023 | 0.389 |
| | 75 | 244.5 | 61.1 | 1.00 | 0.016 | 0.284 |
| | 90 | 289.5 | 72.3 | 1.00 | 0.014 | 0.250 |
| 400 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 3.33 | 28.00 | 121.2 |
| | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 3.33 | 14.0 | 80.8 |
| | 0.75 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 3.00 | 7.81 | 53.9 |
| | 1.5 | 3.7 | 1.5 | 2.67 | 3.52 | 27.9 |
| | 2.2 | 5.0 | 1.9 | 2.33 | 2.520 | 19.95 |
| | 3.7 | 8.0 | 2.9 | 2.33 | 1.500 | 13.45 |
| | 5.5 | 12.1 | 4.1 | 1.50 | 0.940 | 9.62 |
| | 7.5 | 16.3 | 5.4 | 1.33 | 0.520 | 8.53 |
| | 11 | 23.2 | 7.2 | 1.00 | 0.360 | 4.48 |
| | 15 | 31.0 | 9.0 | 1.00 | 0.250 | 3.38 |
| | 18.5 | 38.0 | 11.0 | 1.00 | 0.168 | 2.457 |
| | 22 | 44.5 | 12.5 | 1.00 | 0.168 | 2.844 |
| | 30 | 60.5 | 16.9 | 1.00 | 0.126 | 2.133 |
| | 37 | 74.4 | 20.1 | 1.00 | 0.101 | 1.704 |
| | 45 | 90.3 | 24.4 | 1.00 | 0.084 | 1.422 |
| | 55 | 106.6 | 28.8 | 1.00 | 0.069 | 1.167 |
| | 75 | 141.6 | 35.4 | 1.00 | 0.050 | 0.852 |
| | 90 | 167.6 | 41.9 | 1.00 | 0.039 | 0.715 |
| | 110 | 203.5 | 48.8 | 1.00 | 0.032 | 0.585 |
| | 132 | 242.3 | 58.1 | 1.00 | 0.027 | 0.488 |
| 160 | 290.5 | 69.7 | 1.00 | 0.022 | 0.403 | |
| 185 | 335.0 | 77.0 | 1.00 | 0.021 | 0.380 | |

6) Motor Parameter Tuning (Rs, Lsigma, Ls, Tr, Noload curr)

BAS-20 Auto Tuning : Selects the type of auto tuning and implements auto tuning. Auto tuning starts if you select one of the items below and press PROG.

0 : None

Displays the initial auto tuning item. After auto tuning is completed, that it is finished is displayed.

1 : ALL

The motor parameter is measured with the motor rotating. The stator resistance(Rs), leak inductance(Lsigma), stator inductance(Ls), no-load current(Noload Curr) and rotor time constant(Tr) are all measured. When the encoder option card is mounted, the encoder state is also measured. For encoder state measurement, the related functions of the encoder should be rightly set. For setting the control mode at vector control, set the auto tuning item at No. 1 ALL. If load is connected to the motor axis, the parameter might not be correctly measured because the motor measures the parameter while rotating. Therefore, for correct measurement, remove the load attached to the motor axis before use. If Control Mode(DRV-09) is Sensorless-2, the rotor time constant(Tr) is tuned while it is static.

2 : ALL (Stdstl)

Motor parameter is measured when motor is stopped. Measure stator resistance(Rs), leak inductance(Lsigma), and the rotor time constant(Tr) all together at the same time. This mode is available when Control Mode(DRV-09) is Sensorless-2.

3 : Rs+Lsigma

The parameter is measured with the motor not operating. The measured values are used for auto torque boost and sensorless vector control. Because the motor is not rotating, the connection between the motor axis and load does not affect the parameter measurement. However, be careful not to rotate the motor axis at the load side.

4 : Enc. Test

Connect the encoder option card to the main body of the inverter and connect the encoder cable attached to the motor to the option card. The motor checks connection and misconnection of A and B pulses. Be sure to set related functions correctly for encoder state measurement.

5 : Tr

When Control Mode(DRV-09) is Vector, the motor measures the rotor time constant(Tr) while rotating. If Control Mode(DRV-09) is Sensorless-2, the motor measures the rotor time constant(Tr) while static.

If Control Mode(DRV-09) shifts from Sensorless2 to Vector, you should conduct time constant(Tr) tuning again.

BAS-21 Rs ~ BAS-24 Tr, BAS-14 Noload Curr : Displays the motor parameter measured in auto tuning. Of the auto tuning selected above, for the parameter missing from the measurement items, the default value is displayed.

7) Encoder Connection Status Measurement

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| BAS | 20 | Auto Tuning | 3 | Enc Test | 0~4 | - |
| APO | 01 | Enc Opt Mode | 1 | Feed-back | 0~2 | - |
| | 04 | Enc Type Sel | 0 | Line Driver | 0~2 | - |
| | 05 | Enc Pulse Sel | 0 | (A+B) | 0~2 | - |
| | 06 | Enc Pulse Num | - | 1024 | 10~4096 | - |
| | 08 | Enc Monitor | - | 0 | - | - |

APO-01 Enc Opt Mode : Set at No. 1 Feed-back.

APO-04 Enc Type Sel : Selects the encoder signal transmission method according to the encoder manual. One of Line Driver(0), Totem or Com(1) and Open Collect(2) is selected.

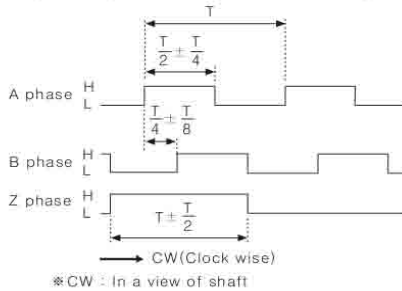
Control output diagram



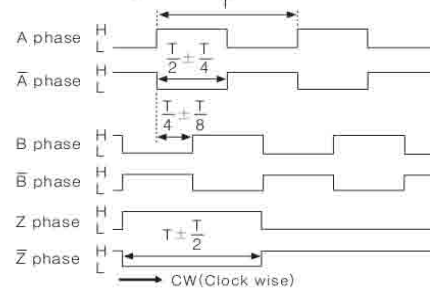
※ Totem pole output type can be used for NPN open collector output type(※1) or Voltage output type(※2).
 ※ All output circuits are the same A, B, Z phase (Line driver output is A, \bar{A} , B, \bar{B} , Z, \bar{Z})

Output waveform

● Totem pole output / NPN open collector output / Voltage output



● Line driver output



APO-05 Enc Pulse Sel : Sets the encoder output pulse direction. Forward operation in case of No. 0 (A+B) and reverse operation in case of No. 2 -(A+B) are selected. No. 1 is selected for use as the frequency setting reference.

APO-06 Enc Pulse Num : Inputs the output pulse number per rotation.

APO-08 Enc Monitor : Convert encoder output in terms of motor revolution and displays it in terms of Hz and rpm.

BAS-20 Auto Tuning : Forward operation is carried out to 20Hz if you set the encoder related items described above and set auto tuning at No. 3 Enc Test. After forward operation, it decelerates and accelerates back to 20Hz in the reverse direction. In case of a failure of the encoder, the auto tuning item changes into None. In case of encoder misconnection, Enc reversed is displayed. In such a case, change APO-05 Enc Pulse Sel or change 2 lines of the inverter output lines connected to the motor with each other.

8.1.10 V/F operation using speed sensor

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit | |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------|---|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 1 | V/F PG | 0~5 | - |
| CON | 45 | PG P-Gain | - | 3000 | 0~9999 | - |
| | 46 | PG I-Gain | - | 50 | 0~9999 | - |
| | 47 | PG Slip Max % | - | 100 | 0~200 | % |
| APO | 01 | Enc Opt Mode | 1 | Feed-back | 0~2 | - |

You can enhance the speed control precision of the V/F controller by mounting the encoder option card. Check the encoder connection status before operation starts.

DRV-09 Control Mode : Sets the control mode at No. 2 V/F PG. Operation is carried out with the speed controller added to No. 0 V/F control mode. The reference of the speed controller is the set frequency and the feedback is the encoder input.

CON-45 PG P-Gain, CON-46 PG I-Gain : Sets the proportional gain of the speed controller(PG P-Gain) and integral gain(PG I-Gain). The higher the proportional gain is set, the faster the responsive characteristic is, but if it is set too high, the speed controller might be instable. For the integral, the lower it is set, the faster the response is. If it is set too low, the speed controller might be instable.

CON-47 PG Slip Max % : The percentage value of the rated slip(BAS12:Rated Slip). The set value is used for the maximum compensation slip. For example, if this function code is set at 90% and the rated slip(BAS12:Rated Slip) is 30rpm, the maximum compensation slip is $30 * 0.9 = 27$ rpm.

8.1.11 Sensorless (I) vector control

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 3 | Sensorless-1 | - |
| | 10 | Torque Control | 0 | No | - |
| | 14 | Motor Capacity | x | x.xx | kW |
| BAS | 11 | Pole Number | - | 4 | - |
| | 12 | Rated Slip | - | 2.00 | rpm |
| | 13 | Rated Curr | - | 3.6 | A |
| | 14 | Noload curr | - | 0.7 | A |
| | 15 | Rated Volt | - | 220 | V |
| | 16 | Efficiency | - | 83 | % |
| | 20 | Auto Tuning | 2 | Rs+Lsigma | - |
| CON | 21 | ASR-SL P Gain1 | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 22 | ASR-SL I Gain1 | - | 200 | mSec |



Caution

The parameter of the motor connected to the output terminal of the inverter should be measured for high-performance operation. Measure the parameter using auto tuning(BAS-20 Auto Tuning) before vector operation. For high-performance control of sensorless(I) vector control, the inverter capacity should be equal to that of the motor. If the motor capacity is lower than the inverter capacity by more than 2 phases, there might be a problem with the control characteristic, so change the control mode to V/F control. In addition, in case of sensorless(I) vector control operation, do not connect more than one motor to the inverter output.

Chapter 8 Applied Functions

Before auto tuning, enter the items on the motor plate first.

DRV-14 Motor Capacity (motor capacity)

BAS-11 Pole Number (number of poles)

BAS-12 Rated Slip (rated slip)

BAS-13 Rated Curr (rated current)

BAS-15 Rated Volt (rated voltage)

BAS-16 Efficiency (efficiency)

Auto tuning with motor static : If the load connected to the motor axis is hard to remove, set the auto tuning item(BAS-20 Auto Tuning) at No. 2 Rs+Lsigma for the motor parameter to be measured with the motor static. For the no-load current of the motor, the default value is used. When auto tuning finishes, the measured values of the motor stator resistance(Rs) and leak inductance(Lsigma) are saved in BAS-21 and BAS-22.

Auto tuning with motor rotating : If the load connected to the motor axis can be removed, set the auto tuning item at No. 1 All after separating the load for the motor to measure the parameter while rotating. When auto tuning finishes, the measured values of the motor stator resistance(Rs), leak inductance(Lsigma) and no-load current(Noload Curr) are saved.

CON-21 ASR-SL P Gain1, CON-22 ASR-SL I Gain1 : The speed controller gain of the sensorless(I) vector control can be changed. The controller gain is set according to the default motor parameter and Acc/Dec time.

Caution

The controller gain can be adjusted according to the load characteristic. However, motor overheat of system instability might occur according to the controller gain setting.

DRV-10 Torque Control : Selects and uses the speed control mode and torque control mode from the sensorless(I) vector control mode. If you set the torque control(DRV-10) at Yes, change into torque control mode occurs before operation. For details on the torque control mode, see 8.1.14 Torque control.

Caution

Torque control is not available during low speed regeneration region and low speed with light load. Please, choose vector control.

When using torque control, do not switch over commands of forward and reverse rotation are during operation. It may cause over current or deceleration error of reverse direction. When controlling with vector control, please set Speed Search in case that there is possibility to operate during motor free run. (CON-71 Speed Search = set Speed Search during acceleration(0001))

8.1.12 Sensorless(II) vector control

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---|------|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 4 | Sensorless-2 | - |
| | 10 | Torque Control | 0 | No | - |
| | 14 | Motor Capacity | x | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | kW |
| BAS | 11 | Pole Number | - | 4 | - |
| | 12 | Rated Slip | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | Hz |
| | 13 | Rated Curr | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | A |
| | 14 | Noload curr | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | A |
| | 15 | Rated Volt | - | 220/380/440/480 | V |
| | 16 | Efficiency | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | % |
| | 20 | Auto Tuning | 1 | All | - |
| CON | 20 | SL2 G View Sel | 1 | Yes | - |
| | 21 | ASR-SL P Gain1 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | % |
| | 22 | ASR-SL I Gain1 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | Msec |
| | 23 | ASR-SL P Gain2 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | % |
| | 24 | ASR-SL I Gain2 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | % |
| | 26 | Observer Gain1 | - | 10500 | - |
| | 27 | Observer Gain2 | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 28 | Observer Gain3 | - | 13000 | - |
| | 29 | S-Est P Gain 1 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | - |
| | 30 | S-Est I Gain 1 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | - |
| | 31 | S-Est P Gain 2 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | % |
| | 32 | S-Est I Gain 2 | - | Changeable according to capacity of the motor | % |
| | 48 | ACR P-Gain | - | 1200 | - |
| | 49 | ACR I-Gain | - | 120 | - |

**Caution**

The parameter of the motor connected to the output terminal of the inverter should be measured for high-performance operation. Measure the parameter using auto tuning(BAS-20 Auto Tuning) before vector operation. For high-performance control of sensorless(I) vector control, the inverter capacity should be equal to that of the motor. If the motor capacity is lower than the inverter capacity by more than 2 phases, there might be a problem with the control characteristic, so change the control mode to V/F control. In addition, in case of sensorless(I) vector control operation, do not connect more than one motor to the inverter output.

Chapter 8 Applied Functions

Before auto tuning, enter the items on the motor plate first.

DRV-14 Motor Capacity (motor capacity)
BAS-11 Pole Number (number of poles)
BAS-12 Rated Slip (rated slip)
BAS-13 Rated Curr (rated current)
BAS-15 Rated Volt (rated voltage)
BAS-16 Efficiency (efficiency)

Separate the load connected to the motor shaft and set the auto tuning item at No. 1 All. The motor measures the parameter while rotating. When auto tuning finishes, the measured values of the motor stator resistance(R_s), leak inductance(L_{σ}), stator inductance(L_s), no-load current(Noload Curr) and rotor time constant(T_r) are saved in BAS-21, BAS-22, BAS-23, BAS-14 and BAS-24 respectively.

CON-20 SL2 G View Sel : If you select No. 1 Yes, the user can set various gains(CON-23 ASR-SL P Gain2, CON-24 ASR-SL I Gain2, CON-27 Observer Gain2, CON-28 Observer Gain3, CON-31 S-Est P Gain2, CON-32 S-Est I Gain2) applied to rotation at higher than medium speed(about 1/2 of the base frequency). If you select No. 0 No, the related parameter is not displayed.

1) Speed Controller Gain

CON-21 ASR-SL P Gain1, CON-22 ASR-SL I Gain1 : The speed PI controller gain of the sensorless(II) vector control can be changed. In PI speed controller, the speed controller PI gain is the proportional gain of the speed error and has a characteristic of having higher torque output command as the speed error rises. That is why the higher the speed error is, the faster speed variance decreases. The speed controller I gain is the integral gain of the speed error. When a constant speed error continues, the speed controller I gain is the time(msec) it takes until the rated torque output command. The lower the value is, the faster the speed variance decreases.

The wave form of the speed controller gain can be improved after observing the tendency of the speed change. If the speed variance is not rapidly reduced, the speed controller P gain can be increased or I gain(time in terms of msec) can be decreased. However, if P gain is increased or I gain is decreased too much, a lot of vibration might occur. In addition, in case of oscillation of the speed wave form, it can be adjusted by increasing I gain or P gain.

CON-23 ASR-SL P Gain2, CON-24 ASR-SL I Gain2 : Can be seen only when SL2 G View Sel(CON-20) is set as No. 1 Yes. The speed controller gain at higher than the medium speed of sensorless(II) vector control(about 1/2 of the base frequency).

CON-23 ASR-SL P Gain2 is set as the percentage of the low speed gain CON-23 ASR-SL P Gain1. That is, the lower P Gain2 is than 100.0%, the lower the responsiveness is. For example, if CON-23 ASR-SL P Gain1 is 50.0% and CON-23 ASR-SL P Gain2 is 50.0%, the speed controller P gain at higher than the actual medium speed is 25.0%.

CON-24 ASR-SL I Gain2 is also set in percentage of the CON-24 ASR-SL I Gain1. For I gain, as well, the lower I Gain2 is, the lower the responsiveness is. For example, if CON-23 ASR-SL I Gain1 is 100msec and CON-23 ASR-SL I Gain2 is 50.0%, the speed controller I gain at higher than the actual medium speed is 200msec. The controller gain is set according to the default motor parameter and Acc/Dec time.

2) Magnetic Flux Observer Controller Gain

CON-26 Observer Gain1, CON-27 Observer Gain2, CON-28 Observer Gain3 : For sensorless(II) vector control, the observer for estimating the stator current and rotor magnetic flux of the motor is essential. Observer Gain1(CON-26) applies at low and medium speed and Observer Gain2(CON-27) applies at medium and high speed and Observer Gain3(CON-28) applies in the torque mode. It is recommended that you do not change the observer gain from its default value.

Observer Gain2(CON-27) and Observer Gain3(CON-28) can be see only when SL2 G View Sel(CON-20) is set at No. 1 Yes.

3) Speed Estimator Gain

CON-29 S-Est P Gain1, CON-30 S-Est I Gain1 : The speed estimator gain of sensorless(II) vector control can be changed. The speed estimator P gain or I gain can be increased or decreased by a small amount for adjustment when the displayed value of speed is not equal to the goal value in a normal state. These gains can be also adjusted when there is great vibration in the motor or high current ripple with power ON. In such a case, you can conduct a test mostly by decreasing the P gain or I gain of the speed estimator. The speed estimator gain is set according to the default motor parameter and Acc/Dec time.

CON-31 S-Est P Gain2, CON-32 S-Est I Gain1 : Can be see only when SL2 G View Sel(CON-20) is set at No. 1 Yes. The speed estimator gain can be changed at higher than the medium speed(above a half of the base frequency) in sensorless(II) vector control.

CON-31 S-Est P Gain2 and CON-32 S-Est I Gain1 are respectively set as the percentage of low speed gain CON-29 S-Est P Gain1 and CON-30 S-Est I Gain1. For example, if CON-29 S-Est P Gain1 is 300 and CON-31 S-Est P Gain2 is 40.0%, the speed estimator P gain at higher than the actual medium speed is 120. The setting method is the same as the low and medium speed gain setting method. The speed estimator gain is set according to the default motor parameter and Acc/Dec time.

CON-34 SL2 OVM Perc : Output Voltage have a linearity for Input Voltage at non-overmodulation area which the ratio of Output Voltage /Input Voltage is below 100%. At CON-34 (SL2 OVM Perc) can set the voltage range which is limited at Sensorless-2 overmodulation area. In a application such as impact load (Press etc.; Torque limit<load), Tripless operation can be possible by increasing the value of CON34 (SL2 OVM Perc) when load is applied. (Default value: 120 [%])

Also, Input Voltage is lower than nominal voltage at the area where supply a unstable input voltage so OC1 Trip is occurred frequently when heavy reverse load such as impact load (Torque Limit<Load) is applied. The Trip caused by lower Output Voltage. In this case, set the CON-34 (SL2 OVM Perc) to 140~150% and you can operate Tripless operation in case heavy load is applied.

CON-48 ACR P-Gain, CON-49 ACR I Gain : Adjusts the P gain and I gain of the current PI controller.

DRV-10 Torque Control : The speed control mode and torque control mode are selected from the sensorless(II) vector control mode and used. If the torque control(DRV-10) is set as Yes, operation is carried out in the torque control mode. For details on the torque control mode, see 8.1.14 Torque control.

**Caution**

The controller gain can be adjusted according to the load characteristic. However, motor overheat of system instability might occur according to the controller gain setting.

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Guide on Various Gain Adjustment of Sensorless (II) Vector Control : Because the sensorless(II) vector control is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the motor and load, it is sometimes necessary to adjust the controller gain. Let's assume that the sensorless(II) vector control is carried out in speed mode (DRV-10 torque control set at No. 0 No).

Firstly, if instable operation is observed at extremely low speed below 2~3Hz) or the speed bounds during starting, adjust the gain properly increasing CON-22 ASR-SL I Gain1 until it is twice the default value.

Secondly, where regenerative load is usually used, torque ripple might occur frequently in the motor with regenerative load supplied. In such a case, try increasing CON-21 ASR-SL P Gain1 to 50% of the default value to adjust the gain properly. If it does not work, increase CON-21 ASR-SL P Gain1 back to the default value and adjust the gain value decreasing CON-30 S-Est I Gain 1 to 50% of the default value.

8.1.13 Vector control

The motor operates at the vector control mode in which high precision control of speed and torque is provided with the encoder option card mounted on the main body of the inverter.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|----|-----------------|------|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 5 | Vector | - |
| | 21 | Hz / rpm Sel | 1 | Rpm Display | - |
| BAS | 20 | Auto Tuning | 1 | All | - |
| CON | 09 | PreExTime | - | 1.0 | Sec |
| | 10 | Flux Force | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 11 | Hold Time | - | 1.0 | Sec |
| | 12 | ASR P Gain 1 | - | 50.0 | % |
| | 13 | ASR I Gain 1 | - | 300 | MSec |
| | 15 | ASR P Gain 2 | - | 50.0 | % |
| | 16 | ASR I Gain 2 | - | 300 | mSec |
| | 18 | Gain Sw Freq | - | 0.00 | Hz |
| | 19 | Gain Sw Delay | - | 0.10 | Sec |
| | 51 | ASR Ref LPF | - | 0 | MSec |
| | 52 | Torque Out LPF | - | 0 | mSec |
| | 53 | Torque Lmt Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | - |
| | 54 | FWD +Trq Lmt | - | 180 | % |
| | 55 | FWD -Trq Lmt | - | 180 | % |
| | 56 | REV +Trq Lmt | - | 180 | % |
| | 57 | REV -Trq Lmt | - | 180 | % |
| | 58 | Trq Bias Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | - |
| | 59 | Torque Bias | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 60 | Trq BiasFF | - | 0.0 | % |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 36 | Asr Gain 2 | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 37 | ASR P/PI | - |



Caution

For high performance operation of the vector control mode, correct data should be input on the related functions including the motor parameter measurement and encoder and so on. Follow the setting order below before vector control operation. For high-performance control of sensorless(I) vector control, the inverter capacity should be equal to that of the motor. If the motor capacity is lower than the inverter capacity by more than 2 phases, there might be a problem with the control characteristic, so change the control mode to V/F control. In addition, in case of vector control operation, do not connect more than one motor to the inverter output.

Chapter 8 Applied Functions

1) Preparation before Starting

Separate the load connected to the motor axis.

Motor parameter input : enter the following values shown on the motor plate.

DRV-14 Motor Capacity (motor capacity)

BAS-11 Pole Number (number of poles)

BAS-12 Rated Slip (rated slip)

BAS-13 Rated Curr (rated current)

BAS-15 Rated Volt (rated voltage)

BAS-16 Efficiency (efficiency)

2) Check whether the encoder option card is mounted on the main body of the inverter.

Set the encoder option mode(APO-01) at No.1 feedback and input the following information according to the specification of the encoder.

APO-04 Enc Type Sel: select signal delivery method of encoder. Set with instruction manual of encoder. According to specifications of encoder, select one out of Line Driver(0), Totem or Com(1), and Open Collect(2).

APO-05 Enc Pulse Sel: set the way of encoder output pulse.

In case of (A+B) of NO.0, select forward operation,

In case of $-(A+B)$ of NO.2, select reverse operation. Select NO.1, select frequency reference for setting.

APO-06 Enc Pulse Num: input the number of pulse per rotation.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| BAS | 20 | Auto Tuning | 3 | Enc Test | 0~4 | - |
| APO | 01 | Enc Opt Mode | 1 | Feed-back | 0~2 | - |
| | 04 | Enc Type Sel | 0 | Line Driver | 0~2 | - |
| | 05 | Enc Pulse Sel | 0 | (A+B) | 0~2 | - |
| | 06 | Enc Pulse Num | - | 1024 | 10~4096 | - |
| | 08 | Enc Monitor | - | - | - | - |

APO-01 Enc Opt Mode: Set as No. 1 feedback.

APO-04 Enc Type Sel: Set the method to deliver a signal. Set it right, referring to the manual. Select one out of Line Driver(0), Totem or Com(1), Open Collect(2).

APO-05 Enc Pulse Sel: set the way of encoder output pulse.

In case of (A+B) of NO.0, select forward operation,

In case of $-(A+B)$ of NO.2, select reverse operation. Select NO.1, select frequency reference for setting.

APO-06 Enc Pulse Num: input the number of pulse per rotation.

APO-08 Enc Monitor: convert encoder output to the number of motor rotation and write in unit, Hz or rpm.

BAS-20 Auto Tuning: forward operation is run up to 20Hz if setting Enc Test of NO.3 after setting related parts of encoder explained above. After forward operation and deceleration, acceleration is run up to 20Hz. If encoder does not have any problems, auto tuning part changes to None. In case of misconnection, indicates the sign, 'Enc reversed'. In this case, change APO-05 Enc Pulse Sel or change and connect 2 lines out of inverted output lines connected to motor.

3) Auto Tuning

Select No. 1 All in auto tuning item(BAS-20).

4) Initial Excitation

CON-09 PreExTime : Sets the initial excitation time. Operation can be started after excitation to the rated speed of the motor.

CON-10 Flux Force : The initial excitation time can be reduced. The motor flux increases to the rated flux with the time constant in the following figure. Therefore, to reduce the time it takes to reach the rated flux, by supplying the flux-oriented value higher than the rated flux so that the actual flux approximates the rated value, an motion is taken to reduce the supplied flux-oriented value.



5) Gain Setting

CON-12 ASR P Gain 1, CON-13 ASR I Gain 1 : Sets the proportional gain and integral gain of the speed controller(ASR). The higher the proportional gain is, the faster the response is, which applied to high load. But if the gain is too high, the speed of the motor might oscillate.

CON-15 ASR P Gain 2, CON-16 ASR I Gain 2 : A separate controller gain can be used according to the rotation speed of the motor and the load system. The gain of the speed controller varies according to the set values of the gain change frequency(CON-18) and change time(CON-19).

CON-51 ASR Ref LPF : Used in vector speed mode. The filter time constant of the speed controller reference input can be adjusted.

CON-52 Torque Out LPF : Used in the vector speed or vector torque mode. In the vector speed, the filter time constant of the speed controller output can be adjusted. In the vector torque, the filter time constant of the torque command can be adjusted.

CON-48 ACR P-Gain, CON-49 ACR I Gain : Used in sensorless speed/torque and vector speed/torque modes and adjusts the P gain and I gain of the current PI controller.

IN-65~75 Px Define

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36 : ASR Gain2

If the set terminal is input, the gain can be changed after the change time(CON-19).

37 : ASR P/PI

Moves during stop. If the set terminal is input, the integral controller is not active.

6) Torque Limit

The size of the torque reference is adjusted by limiting the speed controller output. Both reverse and regenerative limits for forward and reverse operation can be set.

CON-53 Torque Lmt Src : Selects the type of torque limit setting. The torque limit can be set by using the keypad, analog input of the terminal block(V1, I1) or communication option.

0 : Keypad-1, 1 : Keypad-2

Sets the torque limit using the keypad. Up to 200% can be set on the basis of the rated torque of the motor and the limits on the rotation direction, reverse and regenerative limits are set in the following codes.

CON-54 FWD +Trq Lmt : forward motoring operation torque limit

CON-55 FWD –Trq Lmt : forward regeneration operation torque limit

CON-56 REV +Trq Lmt : reverse motoring operation torque limit

CON-57 REV –Trq Lmt : reverse regeneration operation torque limit

2 : V1, 3 : I1

The torque limit is set by using the analog input terminal of the inverter terminal block. The maximum torque is set by using IN-02 Torque at 100% item. For example, if IN-02 is set at 200% and voltage input(V1) is used, the torque limit is 200% when 10V is input(only when the V1 terminal function is set at the default function). When the torque limit setting method is other than the keypad, the set value is confirmed in the monitor mode. No. 21 Torque Limit is selected in Config Mode CNF-06~08.

3 : Int 485

Sets the torque limit using the communication terminal of the inverter terminal block.

Torque Bias Setting

CON-58 Trq Bias Src : Selects the type of setting of the offset value added to the torque reference.

0 : Keypad-1, 1 : Keypad-2

Setting by using the keypad is input in CON-38 Torque Bias. up to 120% of the rated current of the motor can be set.

2 : V1, 3 : I1, 6 : Int 485

The setting method is the same as the torque reference described above. The setting can be checked in MON mode and select No. 21 Torque Bias among CNF-06 ~ 08.

IN-65~75 Px Define : Although the multi-function input is set at 48 Trq Bias, if the multi-function input is not ON, the Torque Bias values being input into the keypad, analog or communication are ignored.

CON-60 Trq BiasFF : This is added to the torque bias to compensate for the loss from the motor rotation direction. If a (-) value is input, the torque bias decreases by the amount of the input.

Permanent Control in Stop : Hold Time

CON-11 Hold Time : Permanent operation continues for the set period of time when the motor decelerates and stops according to the stop command and the output is blocked.



8.1.14 Torque control (When you want to control the torque)

Torque control is controlling the motor for the torque output set at the torque command value. The rotation speed of the motor stays constant when the output torque and load torque of the motor are in balance. Therefore, the motor rotation speed in torque control is determined by the load. If the output torque is larger than the motor load, the motor speed gradually goes up. To prevent this, it is recommended you set the speed limit to the motor rotation speed. (You cannot control the torque during limit speed operation)

1) Torque Control Setting

- **DRV-09 Control Mode** : Sets the control mode at No. 3 or 4 SensorlessNo.1,2 or 5 Vector.
- **DRV-10 Torque Control** : Sets torque control as No. 1 Yes.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------|
| DRV | 02 | Cmd Torque | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 08 | Trq Ref Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | - |
| | 09 | Control Mode | 5 | Vector | - |
| | 10 | Torque Control | 1 | Yes | - |
| BAS | 20 | Auto Tuning | 1 | Yes | - |
| CON | 62 | Speed Lmt Src | 0 | Keypad-1 | - |
| | 63 | FWD Speed Lmt | - | 60.00 | Hz |
| | 64 | REV Speed Lmt | - | 60.00 | Hz |
| | 65 | Speed Lmt Gain | - | 100 | % |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 35 | Speed/Torque | - |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay x or Q1 | 27 | Torque Dect | - |
| | 59 | TD Level | - | 100 | % |
| | 60 | TD Band | - | 5.0 | % |



Caution

For operation in the torque control mode, the sensorless vector mode and the basic operation conditions described in the vector control mode should be set in advance.

Torque control is not available during low speed regeneration region and low speed with light load.

Please, choose vector control.

When using torque control, do not switch over commands of forward and reverse rotation are during operation. It may cause over current or deceleration error of reverse way. When controlling with vector control, please set Speed Search in case that there is possibility to operate during motor free run.

(CON-71 Speed Search = set Speed Search during acceleration 0001).

2) Torque Reference Setting

Torque reference can be set in the same way as the frequency reference. The torque control mode set, the frequency reference is not active.

DRV-08 Trq Ref Src : Selects the type to use as the torque reference.

0 : Keypad-1, 1 : keypad-2

Input the torque reference using the keypad. The torque can be set in CON-02 Cmd Torque and up to 180% of the motor rated torque can be set.

2 : V1, 3 : I1

The torque reference can be input by using the voltage(V1) or current(I1) terminal block of the inverter. Set the maximum torque by using the item of IN-02 Torque at 100%. For example, if IN-02 is set at 200% and the torque reference is set with the current input (I1), you can check the setting in MON mode and select no. 19 Torque Ref from CNF-06 ~ 08.

6 : Int 485

Set the torque reference using the communication terminal on the terminal block.

3) Speed Limit

During operation in the torque control mode, the operating speed can go up at the maximum operating speed according to the load condition. Therefore the speed limit function is used to prevent such divergence of speed.

CON-62 Speed Lmt Src : Selects the type of speed limit setting.

0 : Keypad-1, 1 : keypad-2

The speed limit is set by using the keypad. The forward speed limit is set in CON-63 FWD Speed Lmt and the reverse speed limit is set in CON-64 REV Speed Lmt.

2 : V1, 3 : I1, 6 : Int 485

Operates the same way as the frequency command setting method. The setting can be checked in MON mode and select No.21 Torque Bias from CNF-06 ~ 08.

CON-65 Speed Lmt Gain : Sets the rate of reference decrease when the motor speed exceeds the speed limit. If No. 35 of the multi-function input terminal function items is selected and input during stop, the operation can shift from the torque control mode to vector control mode(speed control).

8.1.15 Droop control

This can be used to prevent saturation of the speed controller in vector control or for load balancing when one load is driven by multiple controllers.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-------|------|
| CON | 66 | Droop Perc | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 67 | Droop St Torque | - | 100.0 | % |

CON-66 Droop Perc : Sets the rate to be reflected in the speed command value on the basis of the motor rated torque.

CON-67 Droop St Torque : Sets the torque at which the droop control operation starts.
The motor speed is adjusted as follows according to the load torque on the basis of the set value.

$$\text{Droop speed} = \text{Maximum frequency} \times \text{DroopPerc} \times \frac{\text{Torque reference} - \text{DroopStTorque}}{100\% \text{ torque} - \text{DroopStTorque}}$$

8.1.16 Speed/Torque change function

This function is active only in vector control. You can shift from the speed mode to torque mode or shift from the torque mode to speed mode by the multi-function input.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------|
| CON | 68 | SPD/TRQ Acc T | - | 20.0 | Sec |
| | 69 | SPD/TRQ Dec T | - | 30.0 | Sec |
| IN | 65~75 | P x Define | 35 | Speed/Torque | - |

If the multi-function input, which is set as Speed/Torque, is ON during Vector Torque (DRV-09:Vector, DRV-10:Yes) operation, the operation shifts to the vector speed mode according to the Acc/Dec time set in CON-68~69.

If the multi-function input, which is set as Speed/Torque, is ON during Vector Speed (DRV-09:Vector, DRV-10:No) operation, the operation immediately shifts to the vector torque mode.

8.1.17 Kinetic energy buffering

If a power outage occurs, the DC link voltage goes down and a low voltage failure occurs blocking output. This function maintains the DC link voltage by controlling the inverter output frequency during the outage, thereby helping maintain the interval between the instantaneous outage and the low voltage failure for a longer time.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| CON | 77 | KEB Select | 1 | Yes | - |
| | 78 | KEB Start Lev | - | 130 | % |
| | 79 | KEB Stop Lev | - | 135 | % |
| | 80 | KEB Gain | - | 1000 | - |

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CON-77 KEB Select : Selects Kinetic energy buffering operation with the input power OFF. If No. 0 Continue is selected, normal decelerating operation is carried out until low voltage. If No.1 KEB Select is selected, the inverter DC part is charged with the regenerative energy that is generated from the motor by controlling the inverter output frequency.

CON-78 KEB Start Lev, CON-79 KEB Stop Lev : Sets the start and stop point of Kinetic energy buffering operation on the basis of low voltage (Level 100%) so that the stop level (CON-79) is higher than the start level (CON-78).

CON-80 KEB Gain : This is the gain used for controlling the kinetic energy buffering operation by using the inertia moment amount of the load. If the load inertia is high, a small gain amount is used. If the load inertia is low, a large gain amount is used. In case the motor vibrates severely when KEB function operates because of input power cut off, set the gain (CON-80: KEB Gain) to about a half value of previous set value . In this case do not lower the gain too much because low voltage trip may happen during the kinetic energy buffering operation.



Caution

1. Depending on the instantaneous interruption time and the load inertia, kinetic energy buffering may cause low voltage trip when it is decelerated.
2. When inverter operates Energy Buffering operation, the motor will vibrate except for the variable torque load (Fan, Pump etc.)

8.1.18 Energy saving operation

Manual Energy Saving Operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------|------|
| ADV | 50 | E-Save Mode | 1 | Manual | - |
| | 51 | Energy Save | - | 30 | % |



If the inverter output current is lower than the current set in BAS-14 Noload curr (no-load current of the motor), the output voltage is reduced by the amount set at ADV-51. The standard value is the voltage before the energy saving operation starts. This is not active during acceleration and deceleration.

Automatic Energy Saving Operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| ADV | 50 | E-Save Mode | 2 | Auto | - |

The output voltage is adjusted by automatically calculating the amount of the saved energy on the basis of the motor rated current (BAS-13) and no-load current (BAS-14).

 **Caution**

Be aware that the time required for acceleration or deceleration by a change of the operating frequency or stop command during energy saving operation might be longer than the set period of time for acceleration and deceleration because of the control time it takes the energy saving operation to come back to normal operation.

8.1.19 Speed search operation

This is used to prevent a failure that might occur when the inverter outputs voltage during the motor idling with the output voltage of the inverter blocked. It is not accurate speed detection since the rotation speed of the motor is easily judged on the basis of output current of the inverter.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit | |
|-------|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------|---|
| CON | 71 | Speed Search | - | 0000 | Bit | |
| | 72 | SS Sup-Current | - | Below 75 kW | 150 | % |
| | | | | Above 90 kW | 100 | |
| | 73 | SS P-Gain | - | 100 | | - |
| | 74 | SS I-Gain | - | 200 | | - |
| 75 | SS Block Time | - | 1.0 | | Sec | |
| OUT | 31~32 | Relay 1, 2 | 19 | Speed Search | | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | - | - | | |

CON-71 Speed Search : The following four types of speed search can be used. If the dot of the displayed switch is up, the corresponding bit is set and if the dot of the displayed switch is down, it is not active.



| Setting | | | | Function |
|---------|------|------|------|---|
| Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit 1 is on the far right of the display. |
| | | | ✓ | Speed search selection in acceleration |
| | | ✓ | | Reset starting after a trip |
| | ✓ | | | Re-starting after an instantaneous interruption |
| ✓ | | | | Simultaneous starting at the time of power ON |

1) Speed Search Selection in Acceleration

If bit 1 is set at 1 and the inverter operating command is input, acceleration is carried out in the speed search operation. If voltage is output with an operating command given to the inverter while the motor is rotating according to the load environment, a trip might occur, thus overworking the motor. In such a case, acceleration can continue without a trip if you use the speed search function.

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Caution

For correct operation, please set speed search when accelerating in case of operation from the load to sensorless II mode. It may cause over current trip or over load trip

2) Reset Starting after a Trip

If bit 2 is set at 1 and PRT-08 RST Restart is set as Yes, acceleration is carried out to the frequency before the trip in speed search motion when the reset key(or terminal block reset) is input.

3) Re-starting after an Instantaneous Interruption

If the inverter input power is OFF, low voltage trip occurs and power is recovered before the internal power of the inverter is OFF, acceleration is carried out to the frequency before the low voltage trip in speed search motion.

Simultaneous Starting at the Time of Power ON, Bit 4 is set at 1 and ADV-10 Power-on Run is set as Yes. If inverter input power is supplied with the inverter operating command ON, acceleration is carried out to the target frequency in speed search motion.

E.g.) Speed search in case of power recovery after instantaneous interruption



Notice

When input power is blocked due to the instantaneous interruption, inverter blocks output by making Low voltage trip (Lvt).

If input power is recovered, frequency is output and voltage increases by PI control before Low voltage trip (Lvt) occurs.

t1 : Current exceeds over the size set in ADV-61 code, voltage stops increasing and frequency decreases.

t2 : Current drops under the size set in ADV-61, voltage increases again and voltage stops decreasing.

Normal acceleration at the frequency before trip occurs in case of normal frequency and voltage.

ADV-72 SS Sup-Current : Controls the current during speed search motion on the basis of the motor rated current. The gain of the controller is set at ADV-73 and 74.

ADV-75 SS Block Time : Blocks output for the set period of time and then starts operation before starting speed search.

Speed search operation is mostly used for loads with high inertia. In case of a load with high friction, it is recommended to restart after stop.

The iS7 series is designed to conduct normal operation in case of an instantaneous interruption shorter than 15mSec when being used within the rated output. The inverter with 200V input voltage and the inverter with 400V input voltage guarantee the instantaneous interruption time when the input voltage supplied to the inverter is 200~230Vac and 380~460Vac respectively. The current is on the basis of the static torque load current(CT load).

The DC voltage inside the inverter might vary according to the output load. Therefore if the instantaneous interruption time is longer than 15mSec or the output is higher than the rated output, a low voltage trip(Low Voltage) might occur.

8.1.20 Automatic Restart

1) Automatic Restart

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Range | Initial Value | Unit |
|-------|----------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| PRT | 08 | RST Restart | 0:n /Yes (1) | 0: No | - |
| | 09 | Retry Number | 0 ~ 10 | 0 | - |
| | 10 | Retry Delay | 0 ~ 60.0 | 1.0 | Sec |
| CON | 71~75 | SS-Related Function | - | - | - |

This is used to prevent a system interruption with the inverter protective function in case of noise and so on.

PRT-08 RST Restart, PRT-09 Retry Number, PRT-10 Retry Delay : It operates when PRT-08 RST Restart set to YES and The available number of automatic restart is set at PRT-09. In case of a trip during operation, the inverter conducts automatic restart after the time set in PRT-10 Retry Delay. At each automatic restart, the number of automatic restarts decreases by 1 inside the inverter and a set number of trips occur and if the number is 0, automatic restart is not carried out even if a trip occurs.

If a trip does not occur within 60 seconds after automatic restart, the number of automatic restarts that was reduced inside the inverter increases again. The maximum increase number is limited to the number of restarts.

Automatic restart is not carried out in case of a stop caused by low voltage, emergency stop (Bx), overheat or hardware problem (HW Diag).

The acceleration of automatic restart is the same as speed search operation. Thus the functions of CON-72~75 can be set according to the load and for the speed search function, see Page 8-36.



Caution

Please be careful that in case of operation with the number of automatic restarts set, the reset is terminated and the motor is rotated automatically by the inverter.

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The following figure illustrates setting the number of automatic restarts at 2.



8.1.21 Operation sound selection

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------|
| CON | 04 | Carrier Freq | - 5.0 | 0.7 ~ 15 kHz | kHz |
| | 05 | PWM Mode | 1 Normal PWM | Normal PWM /Low Leakage PWM | - |

CON-04 Carrier Freq : Selects the operation sound from the motor. The power device(IGBT) inside the inverter generates high frequency switching voltage to supply to the motor. Here the high frequency is called carrier frequency. The higher the carrier frequency is, the lower the operation sound generated from the motor is and the lower the carrier frequency is, the higher the operation sound is.

CON-05 PWM Mode : The heat loss and leak current from the inverter can be reduced according to the load rate. If you select Normal PWM, you can reduce heat loss and leak current more than when you select Low Leakage PWM, but the motor sound increases.

The merits and demerits of each load rate and the carrier frequency are as follows.

| | Carrier Frequency | |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------|
| | 0.7 kHz | 15kHz |
| | LowLeakage PWM | Normal PWM |
| Motor Noise | ↑ | ↓ |
| Heat | ↓ | ↑ |
| Noise | ↓ | ↑ |
| Leak Current | ↓ | ↑ |

The carrier frequency according to the inverter capacity is as follows.

| | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 0.75~22kW | 30~45 kW | 55~75kW | 90~110 kW | 132~160kW |
| 5kHz(Max 15KHz) | 5kHz(Max 10KHz) | 5kHz(Max 7KHz) | 3kHz(Max 6KHz) | 3kHz(Max 5KHz) |

 **Caution**

Carrier frequency default value of 90~160 kW is 3kHz. Please do not confuse with the value D: 5.0 which is displayed on the lower left part of the keypad as followed picture that the value is the default value from the below 75kW product.



iS7 inverter can be used for two types of load rates. Medium load use has an over load rate of 150% per minute and normal load has an over load rate of 110% per minute. Therefore the current rating varies according to the load rate and limited according to the surrounding temperature.

1) Rated current degrading specification by temperature :

The following is the rated current limit according to the temperature in operation at the normal load rate(VT : Variable Torque).



Frame 1.2

2) Rated current degrading specification by carrier :

The following is the rated current guaranteed area according to the load and carrier frequency.

| Inverter Capacity | | 0.75~7.5kW | 11~22kW | 30~75kW |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------|---------|
| CT Load | Normal Temperature (25°C) | 10kHz | 10kHz | 5kHz |
| | High Temperature (40°C) | 7kHz | 7kHz | 4kHz |
| | High Temperature (50°C) | 5kHz | 5kHz | 4kHz |
| VT Load | Normal Temperature (25°C) | 7kHz | 7kHz | 3kHz |
| | High Temperature (40°C) | 2kHz | 2kHz | 2kHz |

8.1.22 2nd Motor operation

(when you want to do change operation of 2 monitors with one inverter)

During change operation, connecting different 2 monitors with one inverter, 2nd operation is available when the terminal defined as the 2nd function is 1 for the parameter of 2nd monitor.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 26 | 2nd Motor | - |
| M2 | 04 | M2-Acc Time | - | 5.0 | Sec |

IN 65~75 Px Define : If you set the function item of the multi-function input terminal to No.26 2nd motor, PAR→M2 (2nd motor group) is displayed in the parameter mode. If the multi-function terminal, which is set as 2nd motor, is input, operation is carried out in the codes set as below. During operation, input of the multi-function terminal does not make the inverter operate in the 2nd motor parameter.

In M2-08(M2-Ctrl Mode), the operation modes of V/F PG and Vector are not available.

To use M2-28(M2-Stall Lev), you must set PRT50(Stall Prevent) at the value you want to use.

To use M2-29(M2-ETH 1min) and M2-30(M2-ETH Cont), you must set PRT-40(ETH Trip Sel) at the value you want to use.

| Code No. | Function Display | Description |
|----------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 04 | M2-Acc Time | Acceleration time |
| 05 | M2-Dec Time | Deceleration time |
| 06 | M2-Capacity | Motor capacity |
| 07 | M2-Base Freq | Rated frequency of the motor |
| 08 | M2-Ctrl Mode | Control mode |
| 10 | M2-Pole Num | Number of poles |
| 11 | M2-Rate Slip | Rated slip |
| 12 | M2-Rated Curr | Rated current |
| 13 | M2-No-load Curr | No-load current |
| 14 | M2-Rated Volt | Rated voltage of the motor |
| 15 | M2-Efficiency | Motor efficiency |
| 16 | M2-Inertia Rt | Inertia rate of load |
| 17 | M2-Rs | Stator resistance |
| 18 | M2-Lsigma | Leakage inductance |
| 19 | M2-Ls | Stator inductance |
| 20 | M2-Tr | Rotor time constant |
| 25 | M2-V/F Patt | Output voltage pattern |
| 26 | M2-Fwd Boost | Forward torque boost |

| Code No. | Function Display | Description |
|----------|------------------|---|
| 27 | M2-Rev Boost | Reverse torque boost |
| 28 | M2-Stall Lev | Stall level |
| 29 | M2-ETH 1min | 1 minute electronic thermal incessant rated level |
| 30 | M2-ETH Cont | Electronic thermal operation level |
| 40 | M2-LoadSpdGain | Gain adjustment for load speed display |
| 41 | M2-LoadSpdScal | Scale adjustment for load speed display |
| 42 | M2-LoadSpdUnit | Unit adjustment for load speed display |

Example: set as follows if you want to change to 3.7kW in previous 7.5kW motor by using P3 terminal with the operation function of the second motor.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|--------------------------|------|
| IN | 67 | P3 Define | 26 2 nd Motor | - |
| M2 | 06 | M2-Capacity | - 3.7kW | kW |
| | 08 | Ctrl Mode | 0 V/F | - |



8.1.23 By pass operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|------------------|------|
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 16 Exchange | - |
| OUT | 31~32 | Relay1,2 | 17 Inverter Line | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | 18 Comm Line | - |

The load operating by the inverter can be exchanged with common power supply or a reverse sequence motion can be carried out.

IN-65~75 Px Define : This is input when No. 16 Exchange is set and the motor is shifted from the inverter to the common power source. If you want to shift the motor reversely, turn OFF the set terminal.

OUT-31 Relay 1 ~ OUT-32 MO1 Define : Sets the multi-function relay or multi-function output at No. 16 Inverter Line and No. 17 Comm Line. For relay motion sequence, see the figure below.



8.1.24 Cooling fan control


| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | default | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------------------|------|
| ADV | 64 | FAN Control | 0 | During Run | 0: During Run | - |
| | | | 1 | Always On | | |
| | | | 2 | Temp Control | | |

This is the function of On/Off control of the fan attached for cooling the heat-sink of the inverter. This is used for frequently starting/stopping loads or for a quiet environment without the noise of the cooling fan when stopping. This also helps lengthen the life of the cooling fan.

No. 0 During Run (active during operation only) : If an operating command is input with the power ON in the inverter, the cooling fan starts operating. If the operating command is OFF and the inverter output is blocked, the cooling fan stops. If the temperature of the inverter heat sink is higher than a certain degree, the cooling fan operates regardless of the operating command.

No. 1 Always ON (always active) : The cooling fan is always active when power is supplied to the inverter.

No. 2 Temp Control (temperature check) : The cooling fan is not active even when power is supplied to the inverter and an operating command is input. However, if the temperature of the inverter heat sink is higher than a certain degree, cooling fan is active.

 **Caution**

Though 11~75kW class sets ADV-64 as "During Run", FAN could be active as In case of operation above regular temperature of cooling fan by current input harmonics or noises.

8.1.25 Input power frequency selection

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----|------|
| BAS | 10 | 60/50 Hz Sel | 0 | 60 | Hz |

Select the inverter input power frequency. If changed from 60Hz to 50Hz, the items related to the frequency(or rpm) set higher than 60Hz are all changed into 50Hz. If changed from 50Hz to 60Hz, the items related to the frequency(or rpm) set higher than 50Hz are all changed into 60Hz.

8.1.26 Inverter input voltage selection

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-----|------|
| BAS | 19 | AC Input Volt | - | 220 | V |

Sets the inverter input power voltage. The low voltage failure(Low Voltage) automatically changes on the basis of the set voltage.

8.1.27 Parameter writing and reading

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|
| CNF | 46 | Parameter Read | 1 | Yes | - |
| | 47 | Parameter Write | 1 | Yes | - |
| | 48 | Parameter Save | 1 | Yes | - |

This is the function of copying the parameter saved in the inverter to the keypad and copying the parameter saved in the keypad to the inverter.

CNF-46 Parameter Read : Copies the parameter in the inverter to the keypad. The existing parameters saved in the keypad are all deleted.

CNF-47 Parameter Write : Copies the parameter saved in the keypad to the inverter. The existing parameters in the inverter are all deleted. In case of an error during parameter writing motion, the previously saved data can be directly used. If there is no data saved in the keypad, a message reading "EEP Rom Empty" is displayed.

CNF-48 Parameter Save : Because the parameters set in communication are saved in the RAM area, they are all gone if the inverter power is turned Off/On. If you set parameters in communication and select Yes in CNF-48 Parameter Save, the set parameters remain unchanged even if the inverter power is turned Off/On.

8.1.28 Parameter initialization

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----|------|
| CNF | 40 | Parameter Init | 0 | No | - |

The parameter changed by the user can be initialized to the default value set at the time of delivery. This function can initialize the data of all groups or selected groups. Initialization is not available in case of a trip or during inverter operation.

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1 : All Groups

All the data are initialized. If you select No. 1 All Groups and press PROG, initialization starts and when initialization finishes, No. 0 No is displayed.

2 : DRV ~ 13 : M2

Initialization of each individual group is available. If you select the desired group and press PROG, initialization starts and when initialization finishes, No. 0 No is displayed.

8.1.29 Parameter view lock and Key lock

1) Parameter Mode View Lock

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|
| CNF | 50 | View Lock Set | - Unlocked | - |
| | 51 | View Lock PW | - Password | - |

The user can set the PAR mode so that it is not viewed using a password on the keypad. In this case, all modes(CNF mode, user mode, macro mode, trip mode) but the parameter mode(PAR) are always viewed.

CNF-51 View Lock PW : Registers the password to use for parameter mode view lock. For setting, see the following procedure.

| Procedure | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If you press PROG key in CNF-51 code, the previous password registration display is viewed. The default value is 0. When you register for the first time, enter 0. - If there is a previous password, register it. - If the entered password is the same as the previous password, a display emerges in which you can register a new password. - If the entered password is different from the previous password, the previous password registration display continues to viewed. |
| 2 | - Register a new password. |
| 3 | - When registration is completed, CNF-51 View Lock PW is displayed again. |

CNF-50 View Lock Set : If you enter the registered password with the view lock unlocked, "Locked" is displayed and the parameter group is not to be viewed on the keypad. If you enter the password again, "Unlocked" is viewed and if you move with the mode key, the parameter mode is displayed.

Caution

If the parameter group View Lock function is active, you cannot change functions related to inverter operation. Be sure to memorize the registered password.

2) Parameter Key Lock

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|
| CNF | 52 | Key Lock Set | - Unlocked | - |
| | 53 | Key Lock PW | - Password | - |

The user can make the parameter unchangeable using the registered password.

CNF-53 Key Lock PW : Registers the password to use for parameter key lock. Register your password in the following procedure.

| Procedure | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If you press PROG key in CNF-52 code, the previous password registration display is viewed. The default value is 0. When you register for the first time, enter 0. - If there is a previous password, register it. - If the entered password is the same as the previous password, a display emerges in which you can register a new password. - If the entered password is different from the previous password, the previous password registration display continues to viewed. |
| 2 | - Register a new password. |
| 3 | - When registration is completed, CNF-53 Key Lock PW is displayed again. |

CNF-52 Key Lock Set : If you enter the registered password with the key lock unlocked, “Locked” is displayed and if you press PROG in the function code you want to change for parameter change on the keypad, you cannot shift to the editor mode. If you enter the password one more time, “Unlocked” is gone and you get out of the parameter key lock function.

 **Caution**

If the parameter View Lock function is active, you cannot change the functions related to inverter operation. Be sure to memorize the registered password.

3) Display of Changed Parameter

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----------|------|
| CNF | 41 | Changed Para | 0 | View All | - |

This function if making only the parameters different from their default values displayed. This is used for tracing the changed parameters. If you select No. 1 View Changed, only the changed parameters are displayed. If you select No. 0 View All, all the previous parameters are displayed.

8.1.30 Addition to User Group (USR Grp)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------|
| CNF | 42 | Multi-Key Sel | 3 | UserGrp SelKey | - |
| | 45 | UserGrp AllDel | 0 | No | - |

You can group data you have chosen from each group of the parameter group and change them. You can register up to 64 parameters in the user group.

CNF-42 Multi-Key Sel : Selects No. 3 UserGrp SelKey among the functions of the multi-function keys.

If you do not register user group parameter, user group(USR Grp) will not appear even though multi-function key is set to UserGrp SelKey.

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1) How to register parameter in USR Grp

| Procedure | Description |
|-----------|---|
| 1 | If you select No. 3 UserGrp SelKey in CNF Mode Code 42,  is displayed at the top of the screen. |
| 2 | <p>Go to the parameter you want to register in PAR Mode and press MULTI Key. For example, If you press MULTI Key in No. 1 Cmd Frequency, which is DRV Group Code 1, you will see the following display.</p>  <p>Description of the Display</p> <p>1 : The group and code number of the parameter to register 2 : Name of the parameter to register 3 : Code No. to register in the user group (if you press PROG/ENT Key in 40, it will be registered in code 40 of the user group) 4 : Information on the parameter already registered in code 40 of the user group 5 : Setting range of the user group (0 is for withdrawal of setting)</p> |
| 3 | You can set No. 3 in the display above. You can register by selecting the desired code no. and press PROG/ENT. |
| 4 | If the value changed at No. 3, the values displayed in No. 4 change too. That is, No. 4 displays the information on the registered parameters and if nothing is registered with the desired code number, Empty Code is displayed. 0 is for withdrawal of setting. |
| 5 | The parameters registered as above are registered in the user group of U&M Mode. (When necessary, parameters can be registered redundantly. For example, a certain parameter can be registered in Code 2, Code 11...and so on) |

2) How to delete individual parameters registered in User Group (USR Grp)

| Procedure | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 1 | If you select 3.UserGrp SelKey with the Multi-Key in CNF Mode Code 42,  will be seen at the top of the display. |
| 2 | Move the cursor to the code you want to delete in U&M Mode USR Group. |
| 3 | Press MULTI Key. |
| 4 | You are asked whether to delete. |
| 5 | Press YES and then PROG/ENT Key. |
| 6 | Deletion is completed. |

CNF-45 UserGrp AllDel : If you select No. 1 Yes, all the parameters registered in the user group are deleted.

8.1.31 Addition to Macro Group

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|------|------|
| CNF | 43 | Macro Select | 0 | None | - |

If you select the application load, the related function is displayed so that the inverter selects it and it can be changed in the macro group.

CNF-43 Macro Select : This is the function that enables you to easily set by combining various application functions. MC1(DRAW function) or MC2(traverse function) group is displayed at User & Macro(U&M) on two functions DRAW and traverse functions. This function is provided by the inverter. The user cannot add or delete the function items included in the macro but data can be changed in the macro group. Please refer to 8.1.36 Traverse operation function for trip bus.

Draw function is one of open loop tension controls to maintain tension of materials stuck, using speed difference of motor which is operating by ratiom for main commands.

For more details, please refer to chapter, 8.1.1, Override frequency setting using auxiliary frequency command.

8.1.32 Easy start

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-----|------|
| CNF | 61 | Easy Start On | 1 | Yes | - |

CNF-61 Easy Start On : If you set this code at Yes, 'All' is selected in CNF-40 Parameter Init for all the parameters of the inverter to be initialized and Easy Start is launched when power is Off/On first.

How to Launch Easy Start

| Procedure | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 1 | Set CNF-61 Easy Start On as Yes. |
| 2 | Select All in CNF-40 Parameter Init and initialize all the parameters of the inverter. |
| 3 | <p>When the power of the inverter is first Off/On, Easy Start gets started. Through the following displays on the digital loader, set proper values. (If you press ESC on the digital loader, you can immediately get out of Easy Start)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Start Easy Set : select Yes. - CNF-01 Language Sel : select the language you want. - DRV-14 Motor Capacity : select the capacity of the motor. - BAS-11 Pole Number : select the pole number of the motor. - BAS-15 Rated Volt : select the rated voltage of the motor. - BAS-10 60/50Hz Sel : select the rated frequency of the motor. - BAS-19 AC Input Volt : set the input voltage. - DRV-06 Cmd Source : selects the operating command method. - DRV-01 Cmd Frequency : select the operating frequency. <p>Now you come back to the monitoring display. The minimum parameter to drive the motor having been set, the motor is operated by the operating command method set in DRV-06.</p> |

8.1.33 Other Config (CNF) mode parameters

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|--------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------|------|
| CNF | 2 | LCD Contrast | - | - | - |
| | 10 | Inv S/W Ver | - | x.xx | - |
| | 11 | Keypad S/W Ver | - | x.xx | - |
| | 12 | KPD Title Ver | - | x.xx | - |
| | 30~32 | Option-x Type | - | None | - |
| | 42 | Changed Para | 0 | View All | |
| | 44 | Erase All Trip | 0 | No | - |
| | 60 | Add Title Del | 0 | No | - |
| | 62 | WH Count Reset | 0 | No | - |
| | 74 | Fan Time | - | 00:00:00 | - |
| 75 | Fan Time Rst | 0 | No | - | |

CNF-2 LCD Contrast : can adjust the LCD brightness of the digital loader.

CNF-10 Inv S/W Ver, CNF-11 Keypad S/W Ver : can check the OS version of the inverter and digital loader.

CNF-12 KPD Title Ver : can check the title version of the digital loader.

CNF-30~32 Option-x Type : can check the type of the option board inserted in slots 1~3.

CNF-42 Changed Para: When setting as View Changed, changed parameter comparing to default value is displayed.

CNF-44 Erase All Tip : deletes all the saved failure history.

CNF-60 Add Title Del : this is a function to set to enable added codes in previous version to display and operate added functions when SW of inverter main body is updated with new coded. If you set this at Yes, extract the digital loader from the main body and insert it again, the title of the digital loader is updated.

CNF-62 WH Count Reset : The accumulated electricity is cleared.

CNF-74 Fan Time, CNF-75 Fan Time Rst : displays the cumulative time for which the cooling fan has operated. If you select Yes at CNF-75 Fan Time Rst, CNF-74 Fan Time is cleared.

8.1.34 Timer function

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------|
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 38 | Timer In | - |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay1,2 / Q1 | 27 | Timer Out | - |
| | 55 | TimerOn Delay | - | 3.00 | Sec |
| | 56 | TimerOff Delay | - | 1.00 | Sec |

This is the timer function of the multi-function input terminal. You can turn the multi-function output(relay included) after a certain period of time.

IN-65~75 Px Define : Set the terminal to operate as the timer among multi-function input terminals at No. 38 Timer In. If you input the set terminal, the output set as Timer Out becomes active after the period of time set in OUT-55 TimerOn Delay. If the multi-function input terminal is turned off, the multi-function output(or relay) is turned off after the period of time set in OUT-56 TimerOff Delay.



8.1.35 Auto sequence operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------|
| APP | 01 | App Mode | 4 | Auto Sequenc | - |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 41 | SEQ-1 | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 42 | SEQ-2 | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 43 | Manual | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 44 | Go Step | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 45 | Hold Step | - |
| OUT | 31~32 | Relay 1, 2 | 20 | Step Pulse | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | 21 | Seq Pulse | - |

APP-01 App Mode : If you select No. 4 Auto Sequence, the auto sequence group(AUT) is displayed in the parameter mode. you can set the type of the auto sequence, Acc/Dec time and frequency of each step and the rotation direction.

IN-65~75 Px Define : Use the multi-function input terminal for auto sequence operation.

41 : SEQ-1, 42 : SEQ-2

The sequence type of the auto sequence operation is selected. Up to 2 sequence operations are available with different data set for each. If the terminal selected as SEQ-1 is input, the operation is carried out with the data set in sequence 1. If the terminal selected as SEQ-2 is input, the operation is carried out with the data set in sequence 2.

43 : Manual

If the terminal set as No. 43 Manual is input during stop in the auto sequence operation mode, the operating command and frequency command respectively set in DRV06(Cmd Source) and DRV07(Freq Ref Src) will apply.

44 : Go Step

The auto sequence operating method is selected. If you select Auto-B in AUT-01 code, this is used as the command of step shift.

45 : Hold Step

During operation with AUT-01 Auto Mode set at Auto-A, if Hold Step terminal is input, the last step can be maintained.

If you select No. 19 Step Pulse among the function items of OUT-31~33, the output signals are output in pulses every time each step changes during auto sequence operation. The pulse width is 100mSec. If you select No. 20 Seq Pulse and the pulse is output at the last step where a cycle of sequence 1 or 2, the pulse width is 100mSec.

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| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|---------|------|
| AUT | 01 | Auto Mode | 0 | Auto-A | - |
| | 02 | Auto Check | - | 0.08 | Sec |
| | 04 | Step Number | - | 8 | - |
| | 10 | Seq 1/1 Freq | - | 11.00 | Hz |
| | 11 | Seq 1/1 XcelT | - | 5.0 | Sec |
| | 12 | Seq 1/1 StedT | - | 5.0 | Sec |
| | 13 | Seq 1/1 Dir | 1 | Forward | - |
| | 14 | Seq 1/2 Freq | - | 21.00 | Hz |

Displayed repeatedly as the number of set steps

AUT-01 Auto Mode : selects the type of auto sequence operation.

0 : Auto-A

This is the operating method of proceeding with the automatically set steps if the terminal set at SEQ-L or SEQ-M is input among the multi-function terminal function items.

1 : Auto-B

You can proceed with steps every time when a terminal set as Go-Step is input and the terminal set at SEQ-L or SEQ-M is input. For the motions of each, see the figure below.

AUT-02 Auto Check

sets the time when the terminals set as SEQ-L or SEQ-M are simultaneously input. If one of the two terminals is input, another terminal is waited for to be input for the set period of time. If another terminal is input within the set period of time, they are treated as being input at the same time.

AUT-04 Step Number

sets the number of steps of sequence operation. The frequency, Acc/Dec, steady speed and direction of each step are displayed according to the set number of steps.

AUT-10 Seq 1/1 Freq :

displays the operating frequency of step 1. The first 1 of 1/1, which is displayed on the message, shows the sequence type and the second 1 shows the number of steps. For example, if the terminal set as No. 42 SEQ-2 among the multi-function input terminal functions is input, operation starts from the frequency set at Seq 2/1 Freq.

AUT-11 Seq 1/1 XcelT

sets the Acc/Dec time and the time it takes to move to the frequency set at AUT-10.

AUT-12 Seq 1/1 StedT

sets the time of steady speed operation at the frequency set at AUT-10.

AUT-13 Seq 1/1 Dir

sets the direction of rotation.



8.1.36 Traverse operation

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------|------|
| APP | 01 | App Mode | 1 | Traverse | - |
| | 08 | Trv Amplit % | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 09 | Trv Scramb % | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 10 | Trv Acc Time | - | 2.0 | Sec |
| | 11 | Trv Dec Time | - | 3.0 | Sec |
| | 12 | Trv Offset Hi | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 13 | Trv Offset Lo | - | 0.0 | % |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 27 | Trv Offset Lo | - |
| | 65~75 | Px Define | 28 | Trv Offset Hi | - |

APP-01 App Mode : sets the application mode at No. 1 Traverse. The functions necessary for traverse operation are displayed.

APP-08 Trv Amplit % : selects the magnitude of the traverse operating frequency in percentage on the basis of the operating frequency.

$$Trv.Amp\ Frequency = \frac{Operation\ frequency * TrvAmplit\%}{100}$$

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APP-09 Trv Scramb % : selects the magnitude of the scramble operating frequency and the frequency jump at the starting point of deceleration.

$$\text{Trv.Scr frequency} = \text{Trv.Amp frequency} - \frac{\text{Trv.Amp frequency} * (100 - \text{TrvScramb}\%)}{100}$$

PP-10 Trv Acc Time, APP-11 Trv Dec Time : sets the Acc/Dec time of traverse operation.

APP-12 Trv Offset Hi: If you select and input No. 28 Trv Offset Hi among the multi-function input terminal functions, operation is carried out at the frequency pattern that has increased by the value set at APP-12.

$$\text{Trv.OffsetHi frequency} = \frac{\text{Operation frequency} * \text{TrvOffsetHi}}{100}$$

APP-13 Trv Offset Lo : If you select and input No. 27 Trv Offset Lo among the multi-function input terminal functions, operation is carried out at the frequency pattern that has decreased by the value set at APP-13.

$$\text{Trv.OffsetLo frequency} = \frac{\text{Operation frequency} * \text{TrvOffsetLo}}{100}$$

8.1.37 Brake control

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------|------|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 0 | V/F | - | |
| ADV | 41 | BR Rls Curr | - | 50.0 | 0~180% | % |
| | 42 | BR Rls Dly | - | 1.00 | 0~10.0 | Sec |
| | 44 | BR Rls Fwd Fr | - | 1.00 | 0~Maximum frequency | Hz |
| | 45 | BR Rls Rev Fr | - | 1.00 | 0~Maximum frequency | Hz |
| | 46 | BR Eng Dly | - | 1.00 | 0~10 | Sec |
| | 47 | BR Eng Fr | - | 2.00 | 0~Maximum frequency | Hz |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay x or Q1 | 35 | BR Control | - | - |

This is used for controlling the On/Off motions of the brake in the load system using the electronic brake. The motion sequence varies according to the set value of the control mode(DRV-09). Before constructing the sequence, check the control mode setting.

When the brake control is active, the starting DC braking(ADV-12) and dwell operation(ADV-20~23) are not active. When torque control(DRV-10) is set, brake control is not active.

[When the control mode is not vector]

1) Brake Open Sequence

If an operating command is given with the motor static, the inverter accelerates to the open frequency(ADV-44,45) forward or reversely. When the current through the motor reaches the brake open current(BR RIs Curr) after reaching the brake open frequency, the brake open signals are released with the output relay or multi-function output terminal set for brake control. Acceleration starts after the frequency is maintained for the brake open delay time(BR RIs Dly).

2) Brake Closed Sequence

If a stop command is given during operation, the motor decelerates. When the output frequency reached the brake closed frequency(BR Eng Fr), deceleration stops and the brake closed signal is released to the set output terminal. After being maintained for the brake closed delay time(BR Eng Dly), the output frequency becomes 0. If the DC braking time(ADV-15) or DC braking amount(ADV-16) is set, inverter output is blocked after DC braking. For DC braking motion, see page 7-27.



When Control Mode Is Not Set at Vector

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[When the control mode is set at vector]

1) Brake Open Sequence

If the operating command is input, the brake open signal is released with the output terminal set after the initial excitation time. Acceleration starts after the brake open delay time(BR Rly Dly).

2) Brake Closed Sequence

If a stop command is given, deceleration is carried out until the speed reaches 0 and the brake closed signal is released. Output is blocked after the set brake closed delay time(BR Eng Dly). This is not active in the torque control mode.



8.1.38 Multi-function output On/Off control

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------|------|
| ADV | 66 | OnOff Ctrl Src | 1 | V1 | - | - |
| | 67 | On-C Level | - | 90.00 | 10~100% | % |
| | 68 | Off-C Level | - | 10.00 | 0~Output contact on level | % |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay x or Q1 | 34 | On/Off Control | - | - |

If the analog input value is over the set value, the output relay or multi-function output terminal can be turned ON or OFF. Select the analog input to use for ON/OFF control at ADV-66 and set the levels at which the output terminal is ON and OFF at ADV-67 and 68 respectively. If the analog input value is over the value set at ADV-67, the output terminal is ON and if below ADV-68, it is OFF.

8.1.39 MMC function

This is used when multiple motors are controlled by one inverter in the fan or pump system. The motor connected to the inverter output(main motor) controls speed by PID control and other motors(auxiliary motors), connected to the common power source by the relay inside the inverter, conduct On/Off control.

For the relay for control of the auxiliary motors, the Relay 1 and 2 of the standard I/O card of the inverter and multi-function output terminal Q1 are used. If the extended I/O option card is connected to the inverter option slot, up to 3 relay outputs are available.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|---------------|------|
| APP | 01 | App Mode | 3 | MMC | - | - |
| APO | 20 | Aux Motor Run | - | 0 | 0~4 | - |
| | 21 | Starting Aux | - | 1 | 1~4 | - |
| | 22 | Auto Op Time | - | 0:00 | xx:xx | Min |
| | 23 | Start Freq 1 | - | 49.99 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 24 | Start Freq 2 | - | 49.99 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 25 | Start Freq 3 | - | 49.99 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 26 | Start Freq 4 | - | 49.99 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 27 | Stop Freq 1 | - | 15.00 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 28 | Stop Freq 1 | - | 15.00 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 29 | Stop Freq 1 | - | 15.00 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 30 | Stop Freq 1 | - | 15.00 | 0~60 | Hz |
| | 31 | Aux Start DT | - | 60.0 | 0~3600.0 | Sec |
| | 32 | Aux Stop DT | - | 60.0 | 0~3600.0 | Sec |
| | APO | 33 | Num of Aux | - | 4 | 0~4 |
| | 34 | Regul Bypass | 0 | No | No/Yes | - |
| | 35 | Auto Ch Mode | 0 | Aux | None/Aux/Main | - |

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | Setting Range | Unit | |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------|-----|
| | 36 | Auto Ch Time | - | 72:00 | 0~99:00 | Min |
| | 38 | Interlock | 0 | No | No/Yes | - |
| | 39 | Interlock DT | - | 5.0 | 0.1~360.0 | Sec |
| | 40 | Actual Pr Diff | - | 2 | 0~100% | % |
| | 41 | Aux Acc Time | - | 2.0 | 0.0~600.0 | Sec |
| | 42 | Aux Dec Time | - | 2.0 | 0.0~600.0 | Sec |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay x or Q1 | 24 | MMC | - | - |
| | 34~36 | Qx Define | 24 | MMC | - | - |

1) Basic Operation

APP-01 APP Mode

If you select No. 3 MMC as the applied function, the items related to the MMC function are displayed in the option card function group(APO) and the PID control related functions are displayed in APP. In APP, application functions group, functions such as PID control are displayed.

APO-20, 21, 33

If the number of auxiliary motors is set at APO-33 and there are more than one auxiliary motor, the number of the auxiliary motor first operated is input into APO-21. For example, if there are three auxiliary motors and each of them is controlled by Relay 1,2 and Q1 control, the auxiliary motors operate in the sequence of Relay 2, Q1 and Relay 1 when 2 is input in APO-21. The auxiliary motors stop in the sequence of Relay 1, Q1 and Relay 2. In the APO-20, the number of currently operating auxiliary motors can be monitored.

APO-23~26 Start Freq 1~4

The starting frequency of auxiliary motors is set. As the main motor is operated by PID control, its operating frequency is risen by the load change and the operation of an auxiliary motor is necessary. The condition of the output terminal of the inverter(Relay or multi-function output(Qx)) being ON for the operation of an auxiliary motor is as follows. The auxiliary motor can operate when

- 1) the speed of the main motor rises above the starting frequency(APO-23~26) of the auxiliary motor,
- 2) the starting delay time(APO-13) of the auxiliary motor passes and
- 3) the difference between the reference and the feedback of the main motor PID controller becomes larger than the pressure difference of the auxiliary motor motion(APO-40).

APO-27~30 Stop Freq 1~4

The stop frequency of the auxiliary motor is set. If the operating frequency of the main motor goes down below a certain frequency while the auxiliary motor is running, the auxiliary motor should be stopped. The condition of the auxiliary motor being stopped is as follows. The auxiliary motor can be stopped when

- 1) the speed of the main motor goes down below the stop frequency(APO-27~30) of the auxiliary motor,
- 2) the stop delay time(APO-32) of the auxiliary motor passes and
- 3) the difference between the reference and the feedback of the main motor PID controller becomes smaller than the pressure difference(APO-40) of the auxiliary motor motion.

APO-41 Aux Acc Time, APO-42 Aux Dec Time

The main motor stops PID control and operates the normal acceleration and deceleration operation when the auxiliary motor runs or stops. When the auxiliary motor runs, the main motor decelerates to the decelerating frequency of the auxiliary motor for the decelerating time set at APO-42. Inversely, when the auxiliary motor stops, the main motor accelerates to the starting frequency for the accelerating time set at APO-41. For details on the PID control of the main motor, see page 8-12.



stop sequence of the auxiliary motor following load increase



Stop sequence of the auxiliary motor following load decrease

2) Automatic Change of Motor (Auto Change)

The motion sequence of the main and auxiliary motors can be automatically changed. If only a particular motor continues running, the life of the motor might be affected. Therefore the motion sequence can be reversed to keep the use time of the motors equal.

APO-35 Auto Ch Mode : Selects the type of motions of the automatic change.

0 : None

The motion sequence of the auxiliary motor starts with the auxiliary motor selected in APO-21(starting auxiliary motor selection) and the automatic change function is not active.

1 : Aux

The motion sequence of the auxiliary motor starts with the auxiliary motor selected in APO-21(starting auxiliary motor selection). When the cumulative operating time of a main and auxiliary motor exceeds the auto change time(APO-36), the auto change condition is met. If the main motor is stopped by a stop command or sleep operation mode after in the auto change condition, the start sequence of the auxiliary motor selected in APO-21 is changed.

For example, if there are four auxiliary motors operating and No. 4 is selected in APO-21, the start sequence of the auxiliary motor automatically changes to No. 1. Therefore, the previous start sequence of the auxiliary motor of 4,1,2,3 changes to 1,2,3,4 and if the condition goes back to the auto change condition, the sequence changed to 2,3,4,1.



2 : Main

Automatic change is available without distinction between the main and auxiliary motors. The auto change condition is met if the cumulative operating time of the motor connected to the inverter output exceeds the auto change time(APO-36).

If the inverter is stopped by a stop command or sleep operation mode, the operating sequence of the motor automatically changes. For example, if the starting auxiliary motor selection(APO-21) is set at No.2, the inverter output is connected to No. 2 motor. If there are four motors and the auxiliary motor operating condition is met, motors 3, 4 and 1 starts operating one after another in sequence. If the inverter stops in the auto change condition, motor No. 3 is connected to the inverter output in the next restart and the auxiliary motors operates in the sequence of 4, 1 and 2.



3) Interlock

This is the function of stopping the motor operating and replacing it with another motor in case of a failure of the motor. If the failure signal is input into the input terminal and the functions of the relevant terminals are set as Interlock 1~4, it will be decided whether to operate the motor according to the terminal input status. The replacement operation sequence varies according to the set values of the motor auto change mode selection(APO-35) described above.

IN-65~75 Px Define

The terminal to use as the interlock among the IN 65~72(~75 if there is extended I/O) is selected and Interlock 1~4 are set according to the motor sequence. If the auto change mode selection(APO-35) is set at 0(None) or 1(Aux) and if auxiliary motors 1, 2 and 3 are connected to inverter output terminals Relay1, 2 and Q1 when a total of four motor including the main motor is operating, the interlock numbers 1, 2 and 3 correspond to the motor connected to Relay1, 2 and Q1. However, if the auto change mode selection(APO-35) is set at 2(Main) and the main and auxiliary motors are connected to inverter output terminals Relay1, 2, Q1 and Q2(extended I/O used) respectively, Interlock 1, 2, 3 and 4 correspond to the motors connected to Relay1, 2, Q1 and Q2.

APO-38 Interlock : Select No. 1 Yes.

1) If there are a total of 5 motors and the auto change mode selection(APO-35) is set at 0(None) or 1(Aux), the operation is as follows. If signals are input into the terminal block set at Interlock 3 with a failure of motor 3 when it is static, the auxiliary motors operate in the sequence of 1, 2 and 4. (when the starting auxiliary motor selection APO-21 is 1) If the terminal block signals are withdrawn, the motion sequence is 1, 2, 3 and 4. If signals are input to the terminal of Interlock 3, the auxiliary motor 3 is stopped and the auxiliary motor 4 operates. If the interlock signal is withdrawn, the auxiliary motor 4 is stopped and the auxiliary motor 3 operates again.

2) If there are four motors in total and the auto change mode selection(APO-35) is set at 2(Main), the operation is as follows. If the starting auxiliary motor selection APO-21 is set at 1, motor 1 is operated by the inverter and the remaining 2, 3 and 4 are operated by the auxiliary motors and interlock signals are input to the auxiliary motors, the operation sequence is the same as the procedure described in 1) above. However if there is a problem with motor 1, which is connected to the inverter, the output is immediately blocked and motor 2 gets connected to the inverter output and the operation sequence of the auxiliary motor is 3, 4. If the interlock signal of motor 1 is withdrawn, the operation sequence of the auxiliary motor is 3, 4, 1.

Bypass Operation (Regul Bypass)

The speed of the main motor can be controlled by the feedback without using the PID. The operation and stop of the auxiliary motor is controlled according to the feedback amount.

APP-34 Regul Bypass : Select No. 1 Yes. If there are four main motors and auxiliary motors(APP-33) in total, the operation is as follows. If the feedback input value is between 0~10V and operating frequency of the maximum input value(10V) is 60Hz, the auxiliary motor 1 is started when the feedback amount is 2.5V(15Hz of main motor operating frequency). If the feedback amount reaches 5V again, the auxiliary motor 2 is operated. At maximum 10V input, all three auxiliary motors operated.

$$\text{Operation level of auxiliary motor } n = n * \frac{\text{Maximum feedback amount}}{\text{The number of auxiliary motor(APO - 33)}}$$

8.1.40 Regeneration evasion function for press

(To evade control operation in the status of regeneration during press)

This function is the one to prevent regeneration region, raising the speed of motor operation speed during press in the status of motor regeneration.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display and Range | | Initial Value | Unit |
|-------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------|------|
| ADV | 74 | RegenAvd Sel | 0 | No | 0: No | - |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| | 75 | RegenAvd Level | 200V class: 300~400V | | 350V | V |
| | | | 400V class: 600~800V | | 700V | |
| | 76 | CompFreq Limit | 0~ 10.00Hz | | 1.00[Hz] | Hz |
| 77 | RegenAvd Pgain | 0 ~ 100.0% | | 50.0[%] | % | |
| 78 | RegenAvd Igain | 20~30,000msec | | 500[msec] | msec | |

ADV-74 RegenAvd Sel (select regeneration evasion function for press):

During constant speed operation of the motor, select when frequent regeneration voltage occurs, damage and short life of DB Unit due to excessive DB Unit operation or DB Unit operation is evaded limiting DC Link voltage.

ADV-75 RegenAvd Level (set regeneration evasion level for press):

Set DB operation evasion voltage when DC Link voltage goes up by regeneration voltage.

ADV-76 CompFreq Limit (limit regeneration evasion compensation frequency for press):

Set changeable frequency range for real command frequency during regeneration operation region.

ADV-77 RegenAvd P gain (P gain set for regeneration evasion compensation control machine function for press)

ADV-78 RegenAvd I gain (I gain set for regeneration evasion compensation control machine function for press):

Set P, I Gain of DC Link voltage limit PI control machine for regeneration operation region.





Caution

Regeneration evasion function for press is available only when motor operation status is constant speed section. (not available in the section of acceleration/deceleration) Output frequency can change as much as frequency set ADV-76 CompFreq Limit in spite of constant speed operation during evasion operation.

9.1 Monitor Functions

9.1.1 Monitor in operation - Keypad

You can monitor the operating status using the keypad of the inverter. You can select the desired items to monitor in the config mode(CNF), watch three items at a time in the monitor mode and select an item in the status display.

1) Selection of Monitor Mode Display

| Mode | Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|------|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------|
| CNF | - | 21 | Monitor Line-1 | 0 | Frequency | Hz |
| | - | 22 | Monitor Line-2 | 2 | Output Current | A |
| | - | 23 | Monitor Line-3 | 3 | Output Voltage | V |
| | | 24 | Mon Mode Init | 0 | No | - |

CNF-21~23 Monitor Line-x : Selects the items to display in the monitor mode. Monitor mode is displayed first when the power is supplied and all three items of Monitor Line-1 ~ Monitor Line-3 can be displayed simultaneously. Choose from the following items suited to the line you want to display. If you choose Yes in CNF-24 Mon Mode Init, CNF-21~23 is initialized.

| Setting | | Function |
|---------|----------------|--|
| 0 | Frequency | During stop, the set frequency is displayed during operation, the currently output operating frequency is displayed in Hz unit. |
| 1 | Speed | The same as above(0) and displayed in rpm unit. |
| 2 | Output Current | Displays the magnitude of the output current. |
| 3 | Output Voltage | Displays the output voltage. |
| 4 | Output Power | Displays the output power. |
| 5 | WHour Counter | Displays the electricity consumed by the inverter. |
| 6 | DCLink Voltage | Displays the DC power voltage inside the inverter. During stop, it represents the maximum value of the DC input voltage. |
| 7 | DI Status | Displays the status of the input terminals of the inverter terminal blocks. From the right, they are represented by P1,P2...P8. |
| 8 | DO Status | Displays the status of the output terminals of the inverter terminal blocks. From the right, they are represented by Relay1, Relay2, Q1. |
| 9 | V1 Monitor[V] | Displays the values being input into V1, the voltage input terminal of the inverter terminal block in the voltage unit. |
| 10 | V1 Monitor[%] | Displays the voltage unit above in percentage. If -10 ~ 0 ~ +10V is input, it is represented by -100 ~ 0 ~ 100%. |
| 11 | I1 Monitor[mA] | Displays the magnitude of the current being input into I1 terminal of the inverter terminal block. |
| 12 | I1 Monitor[%] | Displays the current above in percentage. If the input current is 0~20[mA], it is represented by 0~100%. |
| 13 | V2 Monitor[V] | Displays the voltage input of the V2 terminal of the I/O option card when you use the extended I/O option. |
| 14 | V2 Monitor[%] | Displays the V2 input voltage in percentage. |

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| Setting | | Function |
|---------|----------------|---|
| 15 | I2 Monitor[mA] | The current input into the I2 terminal of the I/O option card when you use the extended I/O option. |
| 16 | I2 Monitor[%] | Displays the input current of the I2 terminal in percentage. |
| 17 | PID Output | Displays the output of the PID controller. |
| 18 | PID Ref Value | Displays the reference of the PID controller. |
| 19 | PID Fdb Value | Displays the feedback of PID controller. |
| 20 | Torque | If the torque reference command method (DRV-08) is set as methods other than the keypad (0 or 1), the torque reference is displayed. |
| 21 | Torque Limit | If the torque limit setting method (CON-53) is set as methods other than the keypad (0 or 1), the torque limit is displayed. |
| 22 | Trq Bias Ref | If the torque bias setting method (CON-58) is set as methods other than the keypad (0 or 1), the torque bias is displayed. |
| 23 | Spd Limit | If the speed limiting method (CON-62) in the torque control mode is set as methods other than the keypad (0 or 1), the speed limit amount is displayed. |
| 24 | Load Speed | Displays the load speed in the scale and unit which the user wants. Displays the load speed in the values to which ADV-61 (Load Spd Gain) and ADV-62 (Load Spd Scale) are applied in the units of rpm or mpm set in ADV-63 (Load Spd Unit). |

2) Output power display

| Mode | Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | Unit |
|------|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|
| PAR | BAS | 18 | Trim Power % | - | 100.0 % |

BAS-18 Trim Power % :

selects No. 4 Output Power among the monitor items described above, raises this set value properly when the output power displayed in the loader is lower than expected. If the output power displayed in the loader is higher than expected, it decreases this set value properly. Output power display is calculated with voltage and current and Output power can have an error when power factor is low.

*** WHour Counter:**

Describes for No.5 WHour Counter (electricity consumed by inverter) among the aforementioned Monitor items. Electricity consumption is calculated with voltage and current, and it is accumulated the calculated electricity every 1 second.

The way of Electricity consumption display is followed description.

1. Below 1,000kW, the unit is kW and it is displayed like a 999.9 kW.
2. Between 1 ~ 99 MW, the unit is MW and it is displayed like a 99.99MWh.
3. Between 100 ~ 999 MW, the unit is MW and it is displayed like a 999.9 MWh.
4. Above 1,000 MW, the unit is MW and it is displayed like a 9,999 MWh and can be displayed to 65,535 MW.
5. Above 65,535 MW, it is initialized to 0 and the unit becomes to kW and displayed like 999.9 kW.
6. In case of CNF-62 WH Count Reset to YES, user can clear the electricity consumption.

3) Load Speed Display Selection

| Mode | Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|------|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| PAR | ADV | 61 | Load Spd Gain | - | 100.0 | % |
| | | 62 | Load Spd Scale | 0 | X 1 | - |
| | | 63 | Load Spd Unit | 0 | rpm | - |

ADV-61 Load Spd Gain : selects No. 24 Load Speed among the monitor items described above and displays the actual number of rotations by computing the gear ratio when the motor axis and load are connected by a belt and so on.

ADV-62 Load Spd Scale : selects to what place of decimals to display No. 24 Load Speed among the monitor items(x1~x0.0001).

ADV-63 Load Spd Unit : selects the unit of No. 24 Load Speed among the monitor items. selects one of RPM(Revolution Per Minute) and MPM(Meter Per Minute).

For example, if the speed is 300 [mpm] at 800[rpm] and if you want to display the value, set ADV-61(Load Spd Gain) at "375%". In addition, if you want it to be displayed to the first place of the decimals, set ADV-63(Load Spd Scale) at "X 0.1". Now "300.0 mpm" is displayed on the keypad display instead of "800rpm" for No. 24 Load Speed.

4) Hz / Rpm Display Selection

| Mode | Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|------|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----|------|
| PAR | DRV | 21 | Hz / Rpm Sel | 0 | Hz | - |
| | BAS | 11 | Pole Number | - | 4 | - |

DRV-21 Hz / Rpm Sel : can convert all the parameters of which the unit is Hz into RPM or reversely. The Pole Number of BAS-11 is applied.

*** Warning**

If you change the default value of Hz/Rpm Sel from Hz to Rpm display, all parameters will be changed to Rpm but it is not changed automatically in monitor mode.

E.g) At CNF-21 Monitor Line-1 to Frequency (Fault value), if you change the value from Hz to Rpm Display at DRV-21 Hz/Rpm Sel, Monitor Line-1 set value is not changed. To change the value to Rpm Display in Monitor mode, CNF-21 set from Frequency to Speed.

5) Selection of Status Display

| Mode | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| CNF | 20 | AnyTime Para | 0 | Frequency | - |

The variables to be displayed at the top of Keypad Display(LCD Display) can be selected. The items available are as follows and the items not particularly described have the same functions described in the Monitor Mode Selection Items above.

| Setting | Function | Setting | Function |
|---------|----------------|---------|----------------|
| 0 | Frequency | 13 | V2 Monitor[V] |
| 1 | Speed | 14 | V2 Monitor[%] |
| 2 | Output Current | 15 | I2 Monitor[mA] |
| 3 | Output Voltage | 16 | I2 Monitor[%] |
| 4 | Output Power | 17 | PID Output |
| 5 | WHour Counter | 18 | PID Ref Value |

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| Setting | Function | Setting | Function |
|---------|----------------|---------|---------------|
| 6 | DCLink Voltage | 19 | PID Fdb Value |
| 7 | - | 20 | Torque |
| 8 | - | 21 | Torque Limit |
| 9 | V1 Monitor[V] | 22 | Trq Bias Ref |
| 10 | V1 Monitor[%] | 23 | Speed Limit |
| 11 | I1 Monitor[mA] | 24 | Load Speed |
| 12 | I1 Monitor[%] | | |

9.1.2 Failure status monitor – Keypad

The Trip Mode displays the present failure status in case of a trip during operation. The type, operating frequency and current of the present trip can be monitored and last 5 trips can be saved.

1) Present Failure Status Monitor

If a failure occurs, the present failure type is displayed as follows in the keypad display.

| | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------|
| TRP current | | |
| Over Voltage (02) | | |
| 01 | Output Freq | 48.30 Hz |
| 02 | Output Current | 33.3 A |

For the type and description of the failure, see **10.1.20 Table of Failures/Warnings**.

The inverter operating status at the time of a failure can be monitored and the followings items are recorded.

| Displayed Information | | Function |
|-----------------------|----------------|--|
| 1 | Output Freq | The operating frequency at the time of the failure |
| 2 | Output Current | The output current at the time of the failure |
| 3 | Inverter State | Displays acceleration, deceleration, steady speed operation and stop |
| 4 | DCLink Voltage | Inverter DC power voltage |
| 5 | Temperature | Inverter temperature |
| 6 | Input State | Displays the input terminal status |
| 7 | Output State | Displays the output terminal status |
| 8 | Trip On Time | Displays the time from the inverter power ON to the failure |
| 9 | Trip Run Time | Displays the time from the inverter Run to the failure |

If you enter press the Reset key on the keypad or input the reset terminal of the terminal block in order to terminal the failure status, the information on the currently displayed failure is saved as part of the failure history. In this case, what was saved in Failure History 1(Last-1) is shifted to Failure History 2(Last-2)

The number next to the failure name represents the number of simultaneously occurring failures. Therefore, if more than one failure occurs, you can monitor the type of them by pressing PROG.

2) Failure History Monitor

Types of up to five previous failures can be saved and monitored. The lower the number of Last X is, the more recent failure it represents. If more than 5 failures have occurred, those that occurred before the last 5 ones are automatically deleted.

The items displayed in the failure history are as follows.

| Displayed Information | | Function |
|-----------------------|----------------|---|
| 0 | Trip Names(1) | Displays the type of the failure |
| 1 | Output Freq | The operating frequency at the time of the failure |
| 2 | Output Current | The output current at the time of the failure |
| 3 | Inverter State | Displays acceleration, deceleration, steady speed operation and stop |
| 4 | DCLink Voltage | Inverter DC power voltage |
| 5 | Temperature | Inverter temperature |
| 6 | Input State | Displays the input terminal status |
| 7 | Output State | Displays the output terminal status |
| 8 | Trip On Time | Displays the time from the inverter power ON to the failure |
| 9 | Trip Run Time | Displays the time from the inverter Run to the failure |
| 10 | Trip Delete ? | Displays whether the currently saved failure history is to be deleted |

There are two ways to delete the failure history.

One is deleting each failure history by selecting Yes for Trip mode ‘TRP-10 Trip Delete ?’ in the each failure history described above. The other is deleting all the failure history by selecting Yes for CNF-24 Erase All Trip of the Config Mode.

9.1.3 Analog output

1) 0 ~ 10V Voltage Output

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| OUT | 01 | AO1 Mode | 0 | Frequency | - |
| | 02 | AO1 Gain | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 03 | AO1 Bias | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 04 | AO1 Filter | - | 5 | msec |
| | 05 | AO1 Const % | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 06 | AO1 Monitor | - | 0.0 | % |

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The items to be output from AO1 (Analog Output 1) terminal of the inverter terminal block are selected and their size is adjusted.

OUT-01 AO1 Mode : selects the type of the output items.

| Setting | Function |
|---------|---|
| 0 | Frequency Outputs the operating frequency. 10V is produced from the frequency set at DRV-20 Max Freq. |
| 1 | Output Current 10V is produced from 200% of the inverter's rated current (CT : based on the Constant Torque). |
| 2 | Output Voltage Outputs the output voltage. Outputs the 10V from set value of BAS-15 Rated Volt. In case of BAS-15 set to 0V, it outputs to 10V based on that 200V class is 220V and 400V class is 440V. |
| 3 | DC Link Volt Outputs the DC power voltage of the inverter. 200V class produces 10V at 410Vdc and 400V class produces 10V at 820Vdc. |
| 4 | Torque Outputs the produced torque of 10V at 250% of the motor's rated torque. |
| 5 | Output Power Monitors the output watt. 200% of the rated output is the maximum displayed voltage(10V). |
| 6 | Idse Outputs the maximum voltage at 200% of no-load current. |
| 7 | Iqse Outputs the maximum voltage at 250% of the rated torque current. $\text{Rated torque current} = \sqrt{\text{rated current}^2 - \text{Non - load current}^2}$ |
| 8 | Target Freq Outputs the set frequency. Produces 10V at maximum frequency (DRV-20) |
| 9 | Ramp Freq The frequency that has gone through acceleration and deceleration functions and can be different from the actual output frequency. It produces 10V at maximum frequency (DRV-20) |
| 10 | Speed Fdb Displays the information on the speed of the input into the encoder option card. It produces 10V at maximum frequency(DRV-20) |
| 11 | Speed Dev Outputs the difference between the speed reference(command) and the motor's rotation speed that inputs into the encoder option card. It produces 10V at twice the rated slip frequency. It is valid only in the vector control mode. |
| 12 | PID Ref Value Outputs the command values of the PID controller. It produces 6.6V at 100% of the reference. |
| 13 | PID Fdb Value Displays the amount of the feedback of the PID controller. It produces 6.6V at 100% of the reference. |
| 14 | PID Output Displays the output value of the PID controller. It produces 10V at 100% of the reference. |
| 15 | Constant Outputs the value of OUT-05 AO1 Const %. |

OUT-02 AO1 Gain, OUT-03 AO1 Bias : The size and offset can be adjusted. The output items are selected as frequency and the operation is as follows.

$$AO1 = \frac{\text{Frequency}}{\text{MaxFreq}} \times AO1\text{Gain} + AO1\text{Bias}$$

OUT-04 AO1 Filter : sets the filter time constant of the analog output.

OUT-06 AO1 Monitor : The analog output value can be monitored, which is represented in percentage on the basis of the 10V of maximum output voltage.

2) 0 ~ 20mA Current Output

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| OUT | 07 | AO2 Mode | 0 | Frequency | - |
| | 08 | AO2 Gain | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 09 | AO2 Bias | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 10 | AO2 Filter | - | 5 | Msec |
| | 11 | AO2 Const % | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 12 | AO2 Monitor | - | 0.0 | % |

Selects the items output from the AO2(Analog Output 2) terminal of the inverter terminal block and adjusts their size. The function of each code are the same as the items of 0~10V voltage output described above and the output range is 0~20mA.

3) -10 ~ +10V Voltage Output of Extended I/O Option Card

If the extended I/O option card is mounted on the option slot of the inverter, the operating status can be monitored using the bipolar voltage output of the extended I/O.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| OUT | 14 | AO3 Mode | 0 | Frequency | - |
| | 15 | AO3 Gain | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 16 | AO3 Bias | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 17 | AO3 Filter | - | 5 | Msec |
| | 18 | AO3 Const % | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 19 | AO3 Monitor | - | 0.0 | % |

The operation function is set equal to the 0~10V voltage output(AO1) described above. However, because bipolar voltage output is possible for AO3, unipolar(0~+10V) or bipolar(-10~+10V) voltage can be produced according to the type of the output variable.

Set to OUT-08 (AO2 Gain) to 80% and OUT-09 (AO2 Bias) to 20% for outputting of AO2 4~20mA.

The Example of both direction output voltage.

| Output Direction | Related Functions | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|
| forward(+)/reverse(-) | 0:Frequency | 9:Ramp Freq | 10:Speed Fdb |
| | 12:PID Ref Value | 13:PID Fdb Value | 14:PID Output |
| reverse(-)/regenerative(-) | 4:Torque | 7:Iqss | - |

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4) 0~20mA Current Output of Extended I/O Option Card

Connection of the extended I/O card to the inverter makes output of current of 0~20mA possible through terminals AO3 and AO4. The selection of the function is the same as described in AO1 terminal of the inverter.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| OUT | 20 | AO4 Mode | 0 | Frequency | - |
| | 21 | AO4 Gain | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 22 | AO4 Bias | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 23 | AO4 Filter | - | 5 | msec |
| | 24 | AO4 Const % | - | 0.0 | % |
| | 25 | AO4 Monitor | - | 0.0 | % |

9.1.4 Selection of relay function and multi-function output terminal of terminal block

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| OUT | 30 | Trip Out Mode | - | 010 | bit |
| | 31 | Relay 1 | 28 | Trip | - |
| | 32 | Relay 2 | 14 | Run | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | 1 | FDT-1 | |
| | 34~36 | Relay 3~5 | - | - | - |
| | 41 | DO Status | - | - | bit |

According to OUT-30 Failure output, Failure Relay will operate

Bit on status (ON) :  Bit off status (OFF) : 

| Setting option | | | Function |
|----------------|------|------|--|
| Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Right end of the window is 'Bit 1' |
| | | ✓ | It operates, when the Low voltage trip occurs |
| | ✓ | | It operates under trip situations other than low voltage trip. |
| ✓ | | | It operates under the final failure of automatic restart repetition setting trials. (PRT-08~09). |

Select the output items of the multi-function output terminal(Q1) and relay(Relay1, 2) of the inverter terminal block. Q1 is Open Collector TR output. Extended I/O card mounted in the inverter body, you can use additional 3 relay outputs and function codes OUT-34, 35 and 36 are displayed. Multi-function output can be monitored at OUT-41 DO Status. Multi-function output can be monitored to 3 outputs without extended I/O and 6 outputs with extended I/O.

1) Multi-Function output Terminal & Relay setting Functions

0: None (I recommend it is more easily described)

It takes no action. If this multi-function output is set as None with the PLC option card inserted in Slot 1 and Slot 2, it can be used as the contact point output of the PLC option card.

1: FDT-1

This inspects whether the output frequency of the inverter has reached the frequency set by the user. It begins to operate when the following condition is met.

$$\text{absolute value}(\text{set frequency} - \text{output frequency}) < \text{detected frequency width}/2$$

The detected frequency width is set as follows and the illustration below shows the frequency width having been set at 10Hz.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| OUT | 58 | FDT Band (Hz) | - | 10.00 | Hz |



2 : FDT-2

Active when the frequency set by the user is equal to the FDT Frequency and the No. 0 FDT-1 condition above is simultaneously met.

$$[\text{absolute value}(\text{set frequency} - \text{detected frequency}) < \text{detected frequency width} / 2] \& [\text{FDT-1}]$$

This case assumes that the detected frequency width is 10Hz and the detected frequency is 30Hz.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| OUT | 57 | FDT Frequency | - | 30.00 | Hz |
| | 58 | FDT Band (Hz) | - | 10.00 | Hz |



3 : FDT-3

Active when the operating frequency meets the following condition.

$$\text{absolute value}(\text{detected frequency} - \text{output frequency}) < \text{detected frequency width} / 2$$

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| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| OUT | 57 | FDT Frequency | - | 30.00 | Hz |
| | 58 | FDT Band (Hz) | - | 10.00 | Hz |



4 : FDT-4

Can operate setting the conditions of acceleration and deceleration at the same time.

Acceleration : operating frequency \geq detected frequency

Deceleration : operating frequency $>$ (detected frequency - detected frequency width/2)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| OUT | 57 | FDT Frequency | - | 30.00 | Hz |
| | 58 | FDT Band (Hz) | - | 10.00 | Hz |



5 : Over Load (motor overload)

Active when the motor is given overload.

6 : IOL (inverter overload)

Active in case of a failure for inverse time characteristic protection against inverter overload.

7 : Under Load (underload warning)

Active in case of underload warning.

8 : Fan Warning (fan failure)

Set '8: Fan Warning' at multi-function output and it will be Activated when there is a problem with the cooling fan.

9 : Stall (motor stall)

Active in case of a stall caused by the motor overload.

10 : Over Voltage (over voltage failure)

Active if the inverter DC power voltage goes up above the protective action voltage.

11 : Low Voltage (low voltage failure)

Active if the inverter DC power voltage goes down below the low voltage protective action level.

12 : Over Heat (inverter cooling fan overheat)

Active if the inverter cooling fan is overheated.

13 : Lost Command (command loss)

Active in case of loss of the analog input terminal and RS485 communication command of the inverter terminal block. The communication option and extended I/O option card are mounted and it operates also in case of loss of the analog input terminal and communication command within the option.

14 : RUN (running)

Active while the inverter produces voltage with given operating command. It is not active during DC braking.



15 : Stop (stop)

Active when the operating command is OFF and there is no inverter output voltage.

16 : Steady (steady speed operation)

Active during steady speed operation.

17 : Inverter Line (inverter operation), 18 : Comm Line (normal power operation)

If normal exchange operation is necessary, they can be used as the signal sources for operation of the system sequence relay or magnetic contactor. They use the auxiliary relay of the inverter terminal block(Aux Relay) and multi-function output(MO1) and set one of the multi-function input terminals as the normal exchange. For details, see Chapter8 Applied Functions 8.1.24 By pass operation.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| IN | 65~72 | Px Define | 16 | Exchange | - |
| OUT | 32 | Relay 2 | 15 | Inverter Line | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | 16 | Comm Line | - |

19 : Speed Search (speed search)

Active while the inverter operates for speed search. For details about the speed search, see Chapter8 Applied Function 8.1.19 Speed search operation.

20 : Step Pulse, 21 : Seq Pulse (auto sequence operation)

Active after the advance step of the auto sequence operation and a cycle of the operating sequence.

22 : Ready (stand by for operating command)

Active when the inverter is normally operating and ready to operate waiting for operating command from outside.

23 : Trv ACC, 24 : Trv DEC

Trv ACC produces signals when the accelerating frequency is reached during traverse operation.

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Trv DEC produces signals when the decelerating frequency is reached.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|------|
| APP | 01 | App Mode | 1 | Traverse | - |

25 : MMC

This is used for multi-motor control. This takes necessary actions for multi-motor control if you set the relay 1 and 2 and multi-function output(Q1) at MMC and APP-01 App Mode at No. 3 MMC.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|
| APP | 01 | App Mode | 3 | MMC | - |

26 : Zspd Dect

This is used where the motor rotation speed is 0(rpm) during operation with the control mode set as vector.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 4 | Vector | - |
| CON | 82 | ZSD Frequency | - | 2.00 | Hz |
| | 83 | ZSD Band (Hz) | - | 1.00 | Hz |
| OUT | 33 | Q1 Define | 25 | Zspd Dect | - |



The relay operating on the basis of the revolution of the motor(encoder signal), error might occur at the time of ON/OFF due to the encoder signal noise or filter time constant.

27 : Torque Dect

Active if the torque, with the control mode set as sensorless or vector, is below the following levels.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--|------|
| DRV | 09 | Control Mode | 3~4 | Sensorless-1, Sensorless-2, Vector | - |
| OUT | 59 | TD Level | - | 100.0 | % |
| | 60 | TD Band | - | 5.0 | % |

28 : Timer Out

This is a function of activating the contact point output after a certain period of time using the multi-function terminal block input.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|------|
| IN | 65~72 | Px Define | 39 | Timer In | - |
| OUT | 55 | TimerOn Delay | - | 0.00 | Sec |
| | 56 | TimerOff Delay | - | 0.00 | Sec |

32 : ENC Tune

Produces warning by releasing contact point output in case of auto tuning if there is no encoder board or APO-01 Enc Opt Mode is not set as Feed-back.

33 : ENC Dir

Produces warning by releasing contact point output in case of auto tuning if the encoder has misdistribution although the encoder board has been mounted and APO-01 Enc Opt Mode is set as Feed-back.

9.1.5 Failure status output by relay and Multi-function output terminal of terminal block

The inverter failure status can be output using the multi-function output terminal(Q1) and relay(relay 1 and 2).

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| OUT | 30 | Trip Out Mode | - | 010 | |
| | 31 | Relay 1 | 29 | Trip | - |
| | 32 | Relay 2 | 14 | Run | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | 1 | FDT-1 | - |
| | 53 | TripOut On Dly | - | 0.00 | Sec |
| | 54 | TripOut OffDly | - | 0.00 | sec |

*The inverter failure status can be output by added OUT 34~36 when extended I/O is mounted.

OUT-30 Trip Out Mode : Select the No. 28 Trip Mode at OUT-31~33 after selecting the terminal and relay to use for failure output. The terminal and relay gets active in case of a failure of the inverter. The activeness can be set as follows according to the type of the failure.

| Setting Item | | | Function |
|--------------|------|------|---|
| bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | Bit 1 is on the right of the display. |
| | | ✓ | Active in case of Low Voltage failure |
| | ✓ | | Active in case of a failure due to other than low voltage |
| ✓ | | | Active in case of auto re-start failure (PRT-08, PRT-09) |

OUT-53 TripOut On Dly, OUT-54 TripOut OffDly : The failure relay or multi-function output becomes active after the period of time set in OUT-53 in case of a failure. With reset input, the contact point gets OFF after the period of time set in OUT-54.

9.1.6 Output terminal delay time and type of contact point

The output terminal of the terminal block and the operating time of the relay can be adjusted. ON and OFF delay time can be separately set and you can choose between A contact point(Normal Open) and B contact point(Normal Closed).

1) Output Terminal Delay Time

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| OUT | 50 | DO On Delay | - | 0.00 | Sec |
| | 51 | DO Off Delay | - | 0.00 | Sec |

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Operates as follows if OUT-32 Relay 2 is set as No.14 Run and ON delay time(DO On Delay) and OFF delay time(DO Off Delay) are set at 1 sec and 2 sec respectively.

The delay time set at OUT-50 and 51 apply to both the multi-function output terminal(Q1) and relay(Relay 1,2) except for failure mode of the multi-function output function.

2) Selection of Type of Output Signal Contact Point

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|
| OUT | 52 | DO NC/NO Sel | - | 000 | bit |

Selects the type of the contact point of the relay and multi-function output terminal. If extended I/O is mounted, the selecting 3 of bits for contact point type of terminal block will be added. If the appropriate bit is set at 0, it operates as A contact point(NO) and if at 1, it operates as B contact point(NC). From the right bit, Relay1, Relay 2, Q1, Relay 3, Relay 4, Relay 5.

9.1.7 Operating time monitor

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| CNF | 70 | On-time | - | 0/00/00 00:00 | min |
| | 71 | Run-time | - | 0/00/00 00:00 | min |
| | 72 | Time Reset | 0 | No | - |
| | 74 | Fan time | - | 0/00/00 00:00 | min |
| | 75 | Fan Time Reset | 0 | No | - |

CNF-70 On-time : time is accumulated with the inverter supplied with power. The information on the display is as follows.

yy/mm/dd hh:mm
0/00/00 00:00

CNF-71 Run-time : cumulatively displays the voltage output time from the inverter with the operating command input. The information on the display is the same as the cumulative time(On-time).

CNF-72 Time Reset : If set at No. 1 Yes, the power ON cumulative time(On-time) and operating cumulative time(Run-time) are both deleted and displayed as 0/00/00 00:00.

CNF-74 Fan time : It displays total On-time of inverter cooling fan. Information on the displayer is same as the total On-time.

CNF-75 Fan Time Reset : If you set Number 1 "Yes", both the total On-time and the total Running time are deleted and will be displayed in the form of 0/00/00 00:00

9.1.8 Selection of keypad Language

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|------|
| CNF | 01 | Language Sel | 0 | English | - |
| | | | 1 | Russian | |
| | | | 2 | Spanish | |
| | | | 3 | Italian | |
| | | | 4 | Turkish | |

Selects the language on the keypad display.

It can be selectable the above version of Keypad S/W ver 1.04. (Multi lingual keypad) The keypad for Korean provides Korean and English.

10.1 Protective Functions

The protective functions provided by the SV-iS7 series are broadly divided into two types. One is for protecting from overheat and damage and the other is for protecting from the inverter itself and preventing malfunction.

10.1.1 Motor protection

1) Electronic thermal (Preventing motor overheat)

The electronic thermal function is automatically predicting temperature rises using the inverter output current without a temperature sensor and providing protection suited to the inverse time thermal characteristic of the motor.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|------|
| PRT | 40 | ETH Trip Sel | 0 | None | None/Free-Run/Dec | - |
| | 41 | Motor Cooling | 0 | Self-cool | - | - |
| | 42 | ETH 1min | - | 150 | 120~200 | % |
| | 43 | ETH Cont | - | 120 | 50~180 | % |

PRT-40 ETH Trip Sel : You can select the inverter operation in case of electronic thermal protective operation. On the keypad, the failure status is displayed as E-Thermal.

0 : None

The electronic thermal function is not active.

1 : Free-Run (Free Run)

The inverter output is blocked and the motor does free run.

2 : Dec (Deceleration)

Stop after deceleration.

PRT-41 Motor Cooling : selects the operating method of the cooling fan mounted on the motor.

0 : Self-cool

The cooling fan connected to the motor axis, the cooling effect varies according to the rotation speed. Most general induction motors have such a structure.

1 : Forced-cool

This structure supplies separate power to the cooling fan. This applies to the load that should operate for a long time at a low speed and the motor exclusively for the inverter has such a structure.

PRT-42 ETH 1min : inputs the amount of current that can flow continuously for a minute on the basis of the rated current (BAS-13) of the motor.

PRT-43 ETH Cont : sets the magnitude of the current at which the electronic thermal protective function becomes active. Incessant operation is available without protection below the set value.



10.1.2 Overload warning and troubleshooting (Trip)

This function is for releasing an warning and troubleshooting when the motor is supplied with overload in comparison with the rated current of the motor. You can set the current magnitude for the warning and troubleshooting.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|------|
| PRT | 04 | Load Duty | 1 | Heavy Duty | - | - |
| | 17 | OL Warn Select | 1 | Yes | No/Yes | - |
| | 18 | OL Warn Level | - | 150 | 30~180 | % |
| | 19 | OL Warn Time | - | 10.0 | 0~30 | sec |
| | 20 | OL Trip Select | 1 | Free-Run | - | - |
| | 21 | OL Trip Level | - | 180 | 30~200 | % |
| | 22 | OL Trip Time | - | 60.0 | 0~60.0 | sec |
| OUT | 31 | Relay 1 | 5 | Over Load | - | - |
| | 32 | Relay 2 | | | - | |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | | | - | |

PRT-04 Load Duty : Select a load classification

0 : Normal Duty

Set VT (Variable Torque) loads such as fan or pump (Overload endurance : 1min at 110% of VT rated current)

1 : Heavy Duty

Set CT (Constant Torque) loads such as hoist or crane (Overload endurance : 1min at 150% CT rated current)

PRT-20 OL Trip Select : selects the inverter operation in case of an overload failure.

0 : None

No action is taken to protect from overload.

1 : Free-Run

Inverter output is blocked in case of an overload failure. The motor does free run.

2 : Dec

Decelerating stop in case of a failure.

PRT-21 OL Trip Level, PRT-22 OL Trip Time : The inverter output is blocked or stops decelerating according to the method set in PRT-17 if the current flowing in the motor is higher than the value set at OL Trip Level and the current continues to flow for the OL Trip Time.

PRT-17 OL Warn Select : Warning signal is released using the multi-function output terminal of the terminal block or relay when a load of OL warning level is supplied. It gets active if 1 Yes is selected and not active if 0 No is selected.

PRT-18 OL Warn Level, PRT-19 OL Warn Time : The multi-function output(Relay 1, Relay2, Q1) releases the warning signal if the current flowing in the motor is higher than the OL Warn Level and the current continues to flow for the OL Warn Time. The multi-function output terminal and relay release signals if Over Load is selected at OUT-31~33. The output of the inverter is not blocked.

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※Overload warning is a function for the warning before the overload trip. It could not be occurred for overload trip when the warning time (OL Warn Time) and level (OL Warn Level) for overload set higher than the trip time (OL Trip Time) and level (OL Trip Time) for overload.



10.1.3 Stall prevention and Flux Braking

In case of a stall due to overload, over current flows in the motor possibly causing overheating or damage to the motor of interrupting the system process of the motor load side. The output frequency of the inverter is automatically controlled in order to prevent the motor stall due to overload.

Flux Braking (It is used when deceleration time is reduced without dynamic braking resistor and dynamic braking unit)

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Initial Setting | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------------------|------|
| PRT | 50 | Stall Prevent & Flux Braking | - | 0000 | - | Bit |
| | 51 | Stall Freq 1 | - | 60.00 | Starting Freq ~ Stall Freq 1 | Hz |
| | 52 | Stall Level 1 | - | 180 | 30~250 | % |
| | 53 | Stall Freq 2 | - | 60.00 | Stall Freq 1~ Stall Freq 3 | Hz |
| | 54 | Stall Level 2 | - | 180 | 30~250 | % |
| | 55 | Stall Freq 3 | - | 60.00 | Stall Freq 2~ Stall Freq 4 | Hz |
| | 56 | Stall Level 3 | - | 180 | 30~250 | % |
| | 57 | Stall Freq 4 | - | 60.00 | Stall Freq 3~ Max. Freq | Hz |
| | 58 | Stall Level 4 | - | 180 | 30~250 | % |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay1,2, Q1 | 9 | Stall | - | - |

If the deceleration time is short, overvoltage trip may be occurred by regeneration energy for motor. The deceleration time can set more shorten when Flux Braking is used because the regeneration energy is consumed at motor.

Warning

The function of Stall Prevention during Deceleration and Flux Braking is operated only on deceleration. The No. 3 and 4 bit of PRT-50 (Stall Prevent) turns on for the shortest and optimum deceleration of OV Tripless performance with the load which has a short deceleration time despite of high inertia.

Do not use this function with the load which is frequently decelerated. It can cause the overheat and damage of the motor.

PRT-50 Stall Prevent : Stall preventing action can be selected during acceleration/deceleration or steady speed operation. If the dot of the switch is above, the appropriate bit is set and it below, it does not operate.



| Setting Items | | | | Function |
|---------------|------|------|------|--|
| Bit4 | Bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | Bit 1 is the first on the right of the display. |
| | | | ✓ | Selection of stall preventing function during accelerating operation |
| | | ✓ | | Selection of stall preventing function during steady speed operation |
| | ✓ | | | Selection of stall preventing function during decelerating operation |
| ✓ | | | | Selection of flux braking function at deceleration |

0001 : Stall Prevention during Acceleration

Acceleration stops and deceleration begins if the inverter output current during acceleration is higher than the set stall level(PRT-52, 54...). If the current stays at higher than the stall level, it decelerates to the start frequency (DRV-19 Start Freq). Acceleration resumes if the current goes down below the set level during the stall preventing operation.

0010 : Stall Prevention during Steady Speed

The output frequency is automatically reduced for deceleration if current is higher than the set stall level during steady speed operation, as the stall preventing function during acceleration. Acceleration resumes if the load current goes down below the set level.

0100 : Stall Prevention during Deceleration

The DC voltage of the DC power part is kept below a certain degree and deceleration is conducted to prevent over voltage trip during deceleration. Therefore the decelerating time might be longer than the set time according to the load.

1000 : Flux Braking during Deceleration

Deceleration time can be shorten with Flux Braking when the regeneration energy is controlled to be consumed in motor.

1100 : Stall Prevention and Flux Braking during Deceleration

The shortest and optimum deceleration performance can be made by concurrent operation with the function of Stall Prevention and Flux Braking.

 **Caution**

Be careful because the decelerating time might be longer than the set time according to the load if the stall preventing function is set during deceleration.

The actual accelerating time becomes longer than the set acceleration time because deceleration is interrupted if stall prevention function gets active during acceleration.



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PRT-51 Stall Freq 1 ~ PRT-58 Stall Level 4 : You can set the stall prevention level for each frequency band according to the load type. In addition, you can set the stall level above the base frequency. The lower limit and upper limit are set in the number sequence of the stall frequency. For example, the setting range of Stall Freq2 is between Stall Freq 1(lower limit) and Stall Freq 3(upper limit).



⚠ Caution

The start timing is determined by the stall level 1 regardless of the other stall setting levels if the stall preventing function gets active during starting.

10.1.4 Motor overhear sensor input

The overhead preventing sensor(PT100, PTC), which is attached to the motor, is connected to the analog input terminal of the terminal block so that the protective function gets active when the motor is overheated.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|------|
| PRT | 34 | Thermal-T Sel | 1 | Free-Run | - | - |
| | 35 | Thermal In Src | 1 | V1 | - | - |
| | 36 | Thermal-T Lev | - | 50.0 | 0~100 | % |
| | 37 | Thermal-T Area | 0 | Low | Low/High | - |
| OUT | 07 | AO2 Mode | 14 | Constant | - | - |
| | 08 | AO2 Const | 11 | 100% | 0~100 | % |
| IN | 65~75 | Px Define | 39 | Thermal In | - | - |
| | 87 | DI NC/NO Sel | - | - | - | - |

PRT-34 Thermal-T Sel : The inverter operating status is set when the motor is overheat. If you set at Free-Run(1), the inverter output is blocked. If you set at decelerating stop(Dec(2), the inverter carried out decelerating stop if the overheat sensor detects overheat.

PRT-35 Thermal In Src : The terminal type is selected when the motor overheat sensor is connected to the voltage(V1) or current(I1) input terminal of the inverter terminal block. The voltage(V2) or current(I2) terminals in the extended I/O option card are also available. When you use the current input terminal I1 by supplying constant current to the temperature sensor with the analog current output(AO2) terminal, the switch in the I/O card should be where the PTC is. Before use, check whether the switch is where the PTC is.

1) Use of temperature sensor such as PTC etc. by using the analog input terminal

Using voltage(V1) input terminal



Measure by letting certain amount of current flow through the AO2 terminal and converting it into voltage according to the resistance value change

Using current(I1) input terminal



IN-65~72 Px Define, IN-82 DI NC/NO Sel : You can set the overheat trip function input by using the multi-function terminal block input when using bimetal type sensor relay. Connect PTC between the terminal block to use and CM and select No. 39 Thermal In among the function items. Select the type of contact point of the terminal used in IN-87 as 1(NC).

2) Using multi-function input terminal (Px)



PRT-36 Thermal-T Lev : sets the action level of the motor overheat sensor. In case of voltage input terminal(V1), the maximum input voltage is 10V and in case of current(I1), the maximum input voltage is 5V. For example, if you use the current input terminal and set the failure level at 50%, the protective function gets active when the voltage supplied to the I1 terminal is below 2.5V. For how to operate it above 2.5V, see PRT-37 Thermal-T Area.

PRT-37 Thermal-T Area : If voltage lower than the thermal failure level(PRT-36) when you set at No. 0 Low, the protective function becomes active and if No. 1 High, and if voltage higher than the failure level is input, the protective function becomes active.

10.1.5 Inverter and sequence protection

1) Input/Output phase open Protection

The input phase open protection function is used to prevent over current through the inverter input terminal by input power phase open. If phase open occurs to the connection between the motor and inverter output, motor stall might happen due to torque insufficiency and that is why the output phase open protective function is used.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----|---------------|------|
| PRT | 05 | Phase Loss Chk | - | 00 | - | Bit |
| | 06 | IPO V Band | - | 40 | 1~100V | V |

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You can select input and output phase open respectively. If the dot mark of the switch is at the top, it represents setting completed and if at the bottom, it does not operate (top:1, bottom:0).



| Setting Items | | Functions |
|---------------|------|--|
| bit2 | bit1 | On the far right of the display is bit 1. |
| - | ✓ | Selects output phase open protective action. |
| ✓ | - | Selects input phase open protective action. |
| ✓ | ✓ | Selects input/output phase open protective action. |



01 : Output phase open protection

In case of phase open of one or more phase of U, V, W of the inverter output terminal block, the inverter blocks output and displays Out Phase Open.



10 : Input phase open protection

In case of phase open of one or more phase of R, S, T of the inverter input terminal block, the inverter blocks output and displays In Phase Open on the keypad. Protection against input phase open starts only when a certain amount of current(70~80% of the inverter rated output current) flows through the motor.

PRT-06 : IPO V Band : In case of phase open of one or more phase of the inverter inputs, the ripple of the DC link voltage gets too large. The band of the ripple voltage is set. If the band of the ripple voltage set in this function code is exceeded, input phase open trip occurs.

IPO V Band is changeable according to electricity facilities. Sets IPO V Band more than 1 ~ 10 if the load of output is larger than the capacity of electricity facilities in normal operation environment. Sets IPO V Band smaller than 1~10 if the load of output is smaller than the capacity of electricity facilities.

Note

Make sure that you set the motor rated current (BAS-13 Rated Curr) rightly. If the motor rated current being actually used differs from the value set at BAS-13, phase open protection might fail to operate.

10.1.6 External failure signal

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| IN | 65~72 | Px Define | 4 | External Trip | - |
| | 87 | DI NC/NO Sel | - | 000 0000000 | - |

By using No. 4 External Trip(external failure) among the multi-function input terminal functions, you can stop the inverter operating in case of a problem with the system.

IN-87 DI NC/NO Sel : You can select the type of the input contact point. If the Dot mark of the switch is at the bottom, it is A contact point(Normal Open) and if at the top, it operates as B contact point(Normal Closed). The terminals of each bit are as follows.

| bit | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|-------------------------|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Multi-Function terminal | - | - | - | P8 | P7 | P6 | P5 | P4 | P3 | P2 | P1 |



10.1.7 Inverter overload

If more current than the rated inverter current flows, the protective function starts to protect the inverter according to the inverse time characteristic.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay 1,2, Q1 | 6 | IOL | - |

Warning signals can be produced in advance by using the multi-function output terminal before the inverter overload protective function(IOLT) starts. The warning signal is released when 60% of the inverter overload protective action(150%, 1 minute) lapses.

10.1.8 Keypad command loss

If a problem occurs with the communication during operation or the connection between the keypad and the main body with the operating command method being keypad, the inverter action is selected.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|------|
| PRT | 11 | Lost KPD Mode | 2 | Free-Run | - |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay1,2, Q1 | 30 | Lost Keypad | - |
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 0 | Keypad | - |
| CNF | 22 | Multi Key Sel | 0 | JOG Key | - |

PRT-11 Lost KPD Mode : Set the operating command(DRV-06) at No. 0 keypad, No. 2 Free-Run or No. 3 DEC. In case of a problem with the communication between the keypad and main body, the output is blocked or the inverter conducts a decelerating stop according to the set method. Set at No. 0 None, it does nothing in case of keypad command loss. Set at No. 1 Warning, a warning signal is released in case of a failure if No. 29 Lost Keypad, of the multi-function output or relay functions, is selected. In case of decelerating stop, the deceleration occurs for the time set at PRT-07 Trip Dec Time. The protective action is also available for the keypad command loss during jog key operation when CNF-22 is set as JOG Key.

1) Speed Command Loss

If the speed is set by analog input from the terminal block, communication option or the keypad, the action of the inverter can be selected when the speed command is lost due to severance of the signal line and so on.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|---------------|------|
| PRT | 12 | Lost Cmd Mode | 1 | Free-Run | - | - |
| | 13 | Lost Cmd Time | - | 1.0 | 0.1~120 | Sec |

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| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|------|
| | 14 | Lost Preset F | - | 0.00 | Starting Freq~Max. Freq | Hz |
| | 15 | AI Lost Level | 1 | Half of X1 | - | - |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay1,2, Q1 | 13 | Lost Command | - | - |

PRT-12 Lost Cmd Mode : Selects the action of the inverter in case of speed command loss.

| Setting Items | | Functions |
|---------------|-------------|--|
| 0 | None | The speed command is directly operating frequency without protective actions. |
| 1 | Free-Run | The inverter blocks output with the motor in free run. |
| 2 | Dec | Decelerating stop for the time set at PRT-07 |
| 3 | Hold Input | Continues to operate at the average value of the input for the last 10 seconds until the moment that the speed command loss was detected. |
| 4 | Hold Output | Continues to operate at the average value of the output for the last 10 seconds until the moment that the speed command loss was detected. |
| 5 | Lost Preset | Operates at the frequency set at PRT-14 Lost Preset F. |

PRT-15 AI Lost Level, PRT-13 Lost Cmd Time : sets the criterion voltage of speed command loss and judgment time for analog input.

1 : Half of X1

If the input signals remain the same for the time set at PRT-13 Lost Cmd Time(speed loss judgment time) with them being a half of the minimum set value of the analog input set as the speed command(DRV-07 Freq Ref Src), the protective action begins. The standard value is what is set at IN-08, IN-12, IN-23 of the terminal block input group. For example, if the speed command is set as No. 2 V1 at DRV-07 Freq Ref Src and IN-06 V1 Polarity is set as No. 0 Unipolar, the protective action starts when the voltage input is below a half of the value set at , IN-08 V1 Volt x1.

2 : Below X1

If a signal lower than the minimum set value of the analog input set as the speed command continues for the time set in PRT-13 Lost Cmd Time(speed loss judgment time), the protective action starts. The standard values are IN-08, IN-12 and IN-23 of the terminal block input group.

PRT-14 Lost Preset F : If the operating method(PRT-12 Lost Cmd Mode) is set as No. 5 Lost Preset in case of loss of the speed command, the protective action starts setting the frequency for continuance of operation.

If PRT-15 AI Lost Level is set as No. 2 Below x1, PRT-12 Lost Cmd Mode is set as No. 2 Dec and PRT-13 Lost Cmd Time is set at 5 seconds, the operation is as follows.



In case of speed command loss due to the option card or built-in 485, the protective action becomes active when there is no speed command for the time set at PRT-13 Lost Cmd Time(speed loss judgment time).

10.1.9 Braking resistance use rate setting

The iS7 series is divided into a model in which the braking circuit is built and the other in which a separate external braking unit should be installed. 0.75~22kW belongs to the former(braking resistance unit excluded) and for those above 30kW, you should install a braking unit on the exterior of the inverter. Therefore the function of limiting the braking resistance use rate is necessary for only models below 22kW.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|------|
| PRT | 66 | DB Warn %ED | - | 10 | 0~30% | - |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay1,2, Q1 | 31 | DB Warn%ED | - | - |

PRT-66 DB Warn %ED : sets the use rate of the resistance unit (%ED : Enshalt Daur). The resistance unit use rate sets the ratio of operation of the braking resistance within an operating cycle. Continuous braking resistance is available up to 15 seconds and after 15 seconds lapses, the inverter does not release any braking resistance use signal.

Caution

Be careful when you use the braking resistance above the consumed electric power(Watt) of the braking resistance unit because it might cause a fire due to overheated resistance. If you use a resistance unit with a heat sensor, you can use the sensor output as the external failure signal of the multi-function input terminal.

$$\text{Example 1) } \%ED = \frac{T_dec}{T_acc + T_steady + T_dec + T_stop} \times 100[\%]$$

Where,

T_acc : Lead time which accelerate to its set frequency

T_steady : Time which drive under constant speed at its set frequency

T_dec : Time which reduce to lower frequencies than its constant speed frequency Or Time which comes to a stop from its constant speed frequency.

T_stop : Time which stay idle until another start



$$\text{Example 2) } \%ED = \frac{T_dec}{T_dec + T_steady1 + T_acc + T_steady2} \times 100[\%]$$



10.1.10 Underload warning and failure

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| PRT | 04 | Load Duty | 0 | Normal Duty | - | - |
| | 25 | UL Warn Sel | 1 | Yes | No/Yes | - |
| | 26 | UL Warn Time | - | 10.0 | 0~600.0 | sec |
| | 27 | UL Trip Sel | 1 | Free-Run | - | - |
| | 28 | UL Trip Time | - | 30.0 | 0~600.0 | sec |
| | 29 | UL LF Level | - | 30 | 10~30 | % |
| | 30 | UL BF Level | - | 30 | 10~100 | % |

PRT-27 UL Trip Sel : sets the operating method of the inverter in case of a underload failure. If set as No. 1 Free Run, it holds output in a situation of a underload failure. If set as No. 2 Dec, it stops after deceleration.

PRT-25 UL Warn Sel : sets the underload warning. If set as No. 6 UnderLoad for multi-function output terminal at OUT-30~32, signals are released in underload warning conditions.

PRT-29 UL LF Level, PRT-30 UL BF Level : sets the range necessary for underload detection according to the underload type.

Set the underload ratio at an operating frequency twice the motor rated slip speed(BAS-12 Rated Slip) at PRT-27.

Set the underload ratio at the base frequency (DRV-18 Base Freq) at PRT-28. If variable torque is necessary like a fan or pump, set the PRT-04 Load Duty at No. 0 Normal Duty. In case of No. 1 Heavy Duty, it is set at the load for constant torque such as elevating devices or a conveyer.



Set at normal load(Normal duty:VT)



Set at heavy load(Heavy duty:CT)

PRT-26 UL Warn Time, PRT-28 UL Trip Time : The protective function becomes activated if the underload level condition described above continues for the warning time or failure time. This function is not activated during the energy saving operation (ADV-50 E-Save Mode).

10.1.11 Overspeed error

This function is activated when the control mode(DRV-09 Control Mode) is Vector.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| PRT | 70 | Over SPD Level | - | 120.0 | Hz |
| | 72 | Over SPD Time | - | 0.01 | Sec |

If the motor rotates faster than the overspeed level (Over SPD Level) for overspeed detection time(Over SPD Time), the inverter blocks output.

10.1.12 Speed variation failure

This function is active when the control mode(DRV-09 Control Mode) is Vector.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| PRT | 73 | Speed Dev Trip | 1 | Yes | - |
| | 74 | Speed Dev Band | - | 20.00 | Hz |
| | 75 | Speed Dev Time | - | 1.0 | Sec |

The inverter output is blocked when the motor rotates for the Speed Dev Time set at faster than the speed variation(Speed Dev Band).

10.1.13 Speed sensor error detection

It can be detected whether the encoder option card is mounted on the inverter main body. With the encoder mounted, an error is detected too when the encoder signal of the line drive method is a single line. In case of an error, a message reading Encoder Trip is displayed.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|
| PRT | 77 | Enc Wire Check | 1 | Yes | - |
| | 78 | Enc Check Time | - | 1.0 | sec |

10.1.14 Fan failure detection

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|------|
| PRT | 79 | FAN Trip Mode | 0 | Trip | - |
| OUT | 31~32 | Relay 1,2 | 8 | FAN Warning | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | | | |

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If the cooling fan failure mode is set at No. 0 Trip and if a problem with the cooling fan is detected, the inverter output is blocked and the fan failure is displayed. If you set at No. 1 Warning and select No. 8 FAN Warning as the multi-function output terminal or relay, the fan failure signal is released and operation continues. However, if the temperature within the inverter rises above a certain degree, the output is blocked due to overheat of the cooling fan and so on.

10.1.15 Selection of action in case of low voltage failure

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|------|
| PRT | 81 | LVT Delay | - | 0.0 | sec |
| OUT | 31~32 | Relay 1,2 | 11 | Low Voltage | - |
| | 33 | Q1 Define | | | |

If the internal DC voltage goes down below a certain degree because of the inverter input voltage being blocked, the inverter blocks output and displays low voltage failure(Low Voltage). If PRT-81 LVT Delay time has been set, in case of a low voltage failure, the inverter output is blocked and it is handled as a failure after the set period of time.

A warning signal of a low voltage failure can be released using multi-function output or relay. However, in case of a warning signal, the LVT Delay time does not apply.

10.1.16 Output blocking by multi-function terminal

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----|------|
| IN | 65~72 | Px Define | 5 | BX | - |

If you set the function of the multi-function output terminal at No. 5 BX and input it during operation, the inverter blocks output and displays BX on the keypad display. The information on the frequency and current at the time of BX input is to be monitored.

Acceleration resumes when the BX terminal is OFF with an operating command input.

10.1.17 How to terminate failure state

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|
| IN | 65~72 | Px Define | 3 | RST | - |

To terminate the failure state, press the Reset key on the keypad or use the multi-function input terminal. The failure state is terminated if you input the terminal in case of a failure after setting the function of the multi-function input terminal at No. 3 RST.

10.1.18 Selection of action in case of option card failure

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|----------|------------|
| PRT | 80 | Opt Trip Mode | 0 | None | 1:Free-Run |
| | | | 1 | Free-Run | |
| | | | 2 | Dec | |

If there is a problem with the communication between the option card and the main body of the inverter or the option card is separated from during operation, select the inverter action status. In case of No. 1 Free-Run, the inverter output is blocked and the failure information is displayed on the keypad. In case of No. 2 Dec, it decelerates at the value set in PRT-07.

10.1.19 Detection of motor not connected to inverter output terminal

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|---------------|------|
| PRT | 31 | No Motor Trip | 0 | None | - | - |
| | 32 | No Motor Level | | 5 | 1~100 | % |
| | 33 | No Motor Time | | 0.5 | 0.1~10.0 | sec |

If an operating command is given with the motor not connected to the output terminal of the inverter, No Motor Trip is released to protect the system. No Motor Trip occurs when the inverter's output current against the rated current(BAS-13) continues to be below PRT-32(No Motor Level) for PRT-33(No Motor Time).

 **Caution**

If BAS-07 V/F Pattern is set at No.1 Square, set the PRT-32 No Motor Level lower than the value at the time of delivery from the plant. Otherwise, No Motor Trip might occur because of low output current in its initial starting.

10.1.20 Table of failures/warnings

| Category | | Loader Display | Description(Trip) |
|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| Heavy Failure | Latch Type | Over Current1 | Trip from over current |
| | | Over Voltage | Trip from over voltage |
| | | External Trip | Trip from exterior signals |
| | | NTC Open | Trip from temperature sensors |
| | | Over Current2 | Trip from ARM short current |
| | | Fuse Open | Fuse open trip |
| | | Option Trip-x | Option Trip |
| | | Over Heat | Trip from Over heat |
| | | Out Phase Open | Trip from output phase open |
| | | In Phase Open | Trip from input phase open |
| | | Inverter OLT | Trip from inverter overloads |
| | | Over Speed | Trip from over speed |
| | | Ground Trip | Trip from ground fault |
| | | Encoder Trip | Trip from speed sensor |
| | | Fan Trip | Fan trip |
| ParaWrite Trip | Trip from parameter write | | |

Chapter 10 Protective Functions

| Category | | Loader Display | Description(Trip) |
|---------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | E-Thermal | Trip from motor overheat |
| | | Thermal Trip | Trip from temperature |
| | | Pre-PID Fail | Trip from Pre-PID failures |
| | | IO Board Trip | Trip from IO Board connection |
| | | Speed Dev Trip | Trip from speed deviation |
| | | Ext-Brake | Trip from exterior brake |
| | | No Motor Trip | Trip from no motor |
| | Level Type | Low Voltage | Trip from low voltage |
| | | BX | Emergency stop trip |
| | | Lost Command | Trip from lost command |
| | | Lost Keypad | Trip from lost-keypad |
| | Damage to Hardware | EEP Err | Exterior Memory Error |
| | | ADC Off Set | Analog Input Error |
| | | Watch Dog-1 | CPU Watchdog trip |
| | | Watch Dog-2 | |
| Gate Pwr Loss | | DRV operation power error | |
| Minor Failure | Over Load | Motor overload trip | |
| | Under Load | Motor under load trip | |
| | Lost Command | Trip from lost command | |
| | Lost Keypad | Trip from lost keypad | |
| Warning | Lost Command | Warning from lost command | |
| | Over Load | Warning from overload | |
| | Under Load | Warning from under load | |
| | Inverter OLT | Warning from inverter overload | |
| | Fan Warning | Warning from fan operation | |
| | DB Warn %ED | Warning for braking resistance % | |
| | Enc Conn Check | Warning for encoder connection error | |
| | Enc Dir Check | Warning for rotating direction error | |
| | Lost Keypad | Warning for lost keypad | |
| Retry Tr Tune | Warning for Tr tuning retrieval | | |

11.1 Communication Functions

11.1.1 Introduction

This chapter is to explain SV-iS7 inverter serial communication's standard, installation, and program with PC or FA computers. The communication method was designed to drive or monitor SV- iS7 inverter series in long distance through PC or FA computers.

1) Benefits under the communication method

It is easy to apply inverters into automations in factories, because inverters can be driven or monitored according to user's programs.

* possible to monitor or modify parameters through computers

(example: T_acc, T_dec, frequency, and lost command)

* Interface configuration regarding to RS-485 standard:

1) Possible to execute communications between the inverter and computers by numerous companies

2) Capable of controlling up to 16 inverters at a time with single computer due to the multi-drop link system

3) Interface for noise immunity environment

Inverters can communicate through RS-232/485 converters with computers that are embedded with the RS-232 card. The standard and performance of converters may vary by manufactures, but share basic functions. More details about standard and guideline are advised to follow under the manual provided by specific manufactures.



Caution

Must understand this manual thoroughly before installation and operation.
By violating this manual may result in serious injury or damages to other components.

Chapter 11 Communication Function

11.1.2 Specifications

| Category | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Communication method | RS-485 |
| Transfer form | Bus type, Multi drop Link System |
| Inverter series | SV-iS7 series |
| Converter | Embedded with RS-232 |
| Number of connected inverters | Max. 16 |
| Transfer distance | Max. 1,200m (recommend within 700m) |
| Recommended cable for | 0.75mm ² (18AWG), Shield Type Twisted-Pare Wire |
| Installation form | Connect to S+,S-, CM of the terminal block |
| Communication Power | Use the power that are insulated from the inner part of inverter as communication |
| Communication Speed | Select out of 1,200/2,400/9,600/19,200/38,400 bps |
| Control procedure | Unsynchronized communication system |
| Communication system | Half duplex system |
| Letter system | Modbus-RTU: BINARY LS Bus: ASCII |
| Stop bit length | 1 bit/2 bit |
| Sum check | 2 byte |
| Parity check | None/Even/Odd |

11.1.3 Composition of communication system



RS-485 terminal connection: connect to S+, S- of the terminal block (see Chapter 4 Wiring)

Number of connectable inverters: up to 16 units

Number of extendable addresses(St ID):1~250

Length of effective communication lines: possibly 1,200m in total. Keep it below 700m for stable communication.

Please use communication Repeater to enhance the communication speed if you have to use communication cable above 1,200m or to connect additional inverter. It is effective to reduce the noise influence from communication by environment.

11.1.4 Basic setting

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Setting Range | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| COM | 01 | Int485 St ID | - | 1 | 0~250 | - |
| | 02 | Int485 Proto | 0 | ModBus RTU | 0~3 | - |
| | 03 | Int485 BaudR | 3 | 9600 | 0~5 | bps |
| | 04 | Int485 Mode | 0 | D8 / PN / S1 | 0~3 | - |
| | 05 | Resp Delay | - | 5 | 0~48 | mSec |

COM-01 Int485 St ID: sets inverter address No.

COM-02 Int485 Proto: The default protocol is Modbus-RTU(0) / LS INV 485(2).

| No. | Display | Description |
|-----|--------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | Modbus-RTU | Modbus-RTU compatible protocol |
| 1 | - Reserved - | Not used |
| 2 | LS INV 485 | Protocol exclusive for LS Inverter |

COM-03 Int485 BaudR: sets the communication speed at up to 38400bps.

COM-04 Int485 Mode: selects the communication frame composition and sets the data length, parity confirmation method and number of stop bits.

| No. | Display | Description |
|-----|--------------|---|
| 0 | D8 / PN / S1 | 8 bit data / parity not checked / 1 stop bit |
| 1 | D8 / PN / S2 | 8 bit data / parity not checked / 2 stop bits |
| 2 | D8 / PE / S1 | 8 bit data / even No. parity check / 1 stop bit |
| 3 | D8 / PO / S1 | 8 bit data / odd No. parity check / 1 stop bit |

COM-05 Resp Delay: the 485 communication(Modbus-RTU or LS INV 485) built in iS7 acts as a slave. The slave iS7 responds to the Master after the period of time set in this function code. The communication between the master and slave can be kept smooth by setting this function code properly in a system in which the master is not able to deal with the quick response of the slave.



11.1.5 Operating command and Frequency setting

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|------|
| DRV | 06 | Cmd Source | 3 | Int 485 | - |
| | 07 | Freq Ref Src | 7 | Int 485 | - |

DRV-06, 07: If you select Int 485 No. 3 and 7 as above, you can set the operating command and frequency in the parameter located in the common area by using the communication function.

11.1.6 Command loss protection

Judgment standard and Protection in case of a problem with the communication for a certain period of time

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------|
| PRT | 12 | Lost Cmd Mode | 1 | Free-Run | - |
| | 13 | Lost Cmd Time | - | 1.0 | Sec |
| | 14 | Lost Preset F | - | 0.00 | Hz |
| OUT | 31~33 | Relay1,2, Q1 | 12 | Lost Command | - |

PRT-12 Lost Cmd Mode, PRT-13 Lost Cmd Time: selects the movement of the inverter when there is a communication problem with PRT-13 for more than an hour.

| Setting Item | | Function |
|--------------|-------------|---|
| 0 | None | Speed command is directly the operating frequency without protective movements. |
| 1 | Free-Run | The inverter blocks output. The motor continues free run. |
| 2 | Dec | Decelerating stop |
| 3 | Hold Input | Continues to operate at the entered speed command until before speed loss. |
| 4 | Hold Output | Continues to operate at the operating frequency until before speed loss. |
| 5 | Lost Preset | Operates at the frequency set at PRT-14 Lost Preset F. |

11.1.7 Virtual multi-function input setting

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| COM | 70~85 | Virtual DI x | 0 | None | - |
| | 86 | Virt DI Status | - | - | - |

COM-70~85: You can control multi-function input by communication (common area h0385: see Page 11-28). The function which is set will be operated at each bit after set the function at COM-70~85 and then set the bit which is set the function wanted to 1 at 0h0385. Note that it should be set DRV-06, CMD source as Run command source.

Ex) If you want to send Fx command with controlling virtual multi-function input command area by Int485, Fx function is triggered if 0h0001 is inputted in the 0h0385 after COM-70 (Virtual DI 1) is set to FX. It works without relation to IN65~72 (Px Define) and impossible to overlap setting. You can check the status of virtual multi-function input at COM-86.

11.1.8 Caution in parameter setting for communication

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| | | | 0 | 1 | |
| CNF | 48 | Parameter Save | 0 | -No- | - |
| | | | 1 | -Yes- | - |

Set the common area parameter or keypad parameter by communication, start the inverter. Turn off and then on the inverter, and the setting state goes back to the state before it was set by communication.

If you select Yes at CNF-48 Parameter Save, all the currently set values are saved in the inverter and will remain unchanged even if you turn off and on the unit.

If you set 0h03E0 address at 0 by communication and then at 1, all the currently set parameter values are saved in the inverter and will remain unchanged even if you turn off and on the unit. However, if it is set at 1 and you switch it to 0, it's not effective.

11.1.9 Communication frame monitoring.

You can easily check the state (normal, CRC/Checksum error, other errors, etc.) of the communication frame being received from the master by using the digital loader.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---------|------|
| COM | 90 | Comm Mon Sel | 0 | Int 485 | - |
| | 91 | Rcv Frame Num | - | - | - |
| | 92 | Err Frame Num | - | - | - |
| | 93 | NAK Frame Num | - | - | - |
| | 94 | Comm Update | 0 | -No- | - |
| | 1 | | -Yes- | | |

COM-90 Comm Mon Sel: selects the communication channel to monitor.

COM-91 Rcv Frame Num: counts the number of communication frames received normally from the master.

COM-92 Err Frame Num: counts the number of CRC errors in the case of Modbus-RTU and Checksum errors in the case of LS Inv 485.

COM-93 NAK Frame Num: counts the number of errors (communication address error, data range error, writing prohibition error) in the communication frames received from the master.

COM-94 Comm Update: reconnect the communication after change of the initial status parameter as communication speed (baud rate) etc.,.

11.1.10 Special communication area setting

Entire iS7 communication memory map

| Communication Area | Memory Map | Description |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Common iS5 compatible communication area | 0h0000 ~ 0h00FF | Area compatible with iS5 |
| Parameter registration type area | 0h0100 ~ 0h01FF | Area registered in COM31~38, COM51~58 |
| | 0h0200 ~ 0h023F | Area registered in User Group |
| | 0h0240 ~ 0h027F | Area registered in Macro Group |
| | 0h0280 ~ 0h02FF | Reserved |
| | 0h0300 ~ 0h037F | Inverter monitoring area |
| Common iS7 communication area | 0h0380 ~ 0h03DF | Inverter control area |
| | 0h03E0 ~ 0h03FF | Inverter memory control area |
| | 0h0400 ~ 0h0FFF | Reserved |
| | 0h1100 | DRV Grp |
| | 0h1200 | BAS Grp |
| | 0h1300 | ADV Grp |
| | 0h1400 | CON Grp |
| | 0h1500 | IN Grp |
| | 0h1600 | OUT Grp |
| | 0h1700 | COM Grp |
| | 0h1800 | APP Grp |
| | 0h1900 | AUT Grp |
| | 0h1A00 | APO Grp |
| | 0h1B00 | PRT Grp |
| | 0h1C00 | M2 Grp |

11.1.11 Parameter group for periodical data transmission

Communication is available using the address registered in the Communication Function Group (COM). This is convenient for communication of multiple parameters with one communication frame at a time.

| Group | Code No. | Function Display | Setting Display | | Unit |
|-------|----------|------------------|-----------------|---|------|
| COM | 31~38 | Para Status-h | - | - | Hex |
| | 51~58 | Para Control-h | - | - | Hex |

Address 0h0100 ~ 0h0107: can only read the parameter registered in COM-31~38 Status Para-h

Address 0h0110 ~ 0h0117: can both read and write the parameter registered in COM-51~58 Control Para-h

| Address | Parameter | Allotment for Bits |
|---------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0h0100 | Status Parameter #1 | Parameter value registered at COM-31 |
| 0h0101 | Status Parameter #2 | Parameter value registered at COM-32 |
| 0h0102 | Status Parameter #3 | Parameter value registered at COM-33 |
| 0h0103 | Status Parameter #4 | Parameter value registered at COM-34 |
| 0h0104 | Status Parameter #5 | Parameter value registered at COM-35 |
| 0h0105 | Status Parameter #6 | Parameter value registered at COM-36 |
| 0h0106 | Status Parameter #7 | Parameter value registered at COM-37 |
| 0h0107 | Status Parameter #8 | Parameter value registered at COM-38 |
| 0h0110 | Control Parameter #1 | Parameter value registered at COM-51 |
| 0h0111 | Control Parameter #2 | Parameter value registered at COM-52 |
| 0h0112 | Control Parameter #3 | Parameter value registered at COM-53 |
| 0h0113 | Control Parameter #4 | Parameter value registered at COM-54 |
| 0h0114 | Control Parameter #5 | Parameter value registered at COM-55 |
| 0h0115 | Control Parameter #6 | Parameter value registered at COM-56 |
| 0h0116 | Control Parameter #7 | Parameter value registered at COM-57 |
| 0h0117 | Control Parameter #8 | Parameter value registered at COM-58 |



Caution

When you register parameter in Control Parameter, set the operating speed (0h0005, 0h0380, 0h0381) and operating command (0h0006, 0h0382) parameters behind the most in the Para Control Frame. That is, register the operating speed and operating command at the highest number of Para Control-h.

(E.g. If Para Ctrl Num is 5, register the operating speed with Para Control-4 and operating command with Para Control-5.)

11.1.12 Parameter group for transmission of Macro Grp and User at U&M Mode

You can carry out communication using the USR Grp. and MAC Grp. addresses registered with U&M mode.

U&M>USR → 1 ~ 64 User Grp. Para h: Writing/Reading of the USR parameter registered by the keypad is available through the addresses 0h0200~0h023F.

U&M>MAC → 1 ~ 64 Macro Grp. Para h: Writing/Reading of the Macro parameter set by the keypad is available through 0h2400 ~ 0h2A3.

0h200 ~ 0h23F: Currently Registered User Grp Parameter

| Address | Parameter | Allotment for Bits |
|---------|-------------------|---|
| 0h0200 | User Grp. Code 1 | Parameter value registered at U&M>USR->1 |
| 0h0201 | User Grp. Code 2 | Parameter value registered at U&M>USR->2 |
| ... | ... | ... |
| 0h023E | User Grp. Code 63 | Parameter value registered at U&M>USR->63 |
| 0h023F | User Grp. Code 64 | Parameter value registered at U&M>USR->64 |

0x240 ~ 0x2A3: Currently Registered Macro Grp Parameter

| Address | Parameter | Allotment for Bits |
|---------|--------------------|--|
| 0h0240 | Macro Grp. Code 1 | U&M>MC->1 Parameter value registered at |
| 0h0241 | Macro Grp. Code 2 | U&M>MC->1 Parameter value registered at |
| ... | ... | ... |
| 0h02A2 | Macro Grp. Code 98 | U&M>MC->98 Parameter value registered at |
| 0h02A3 | Macro Grp. Code 99 | U&M>MC->99 Parameter value registered at |

11.2 Communication Protocol

11.2.1 LS INV 485 protocol

Computer and other hosts are the master and the inverter is the slave. The slave inverter responds to the master's request for writing/reading.

[Basic Form]

Request:

| ENQ | Address No. | CMD | Data | SUM | EOT |
|--------|-------------|--------|---------|---------|--------|
| 1 byte | 2 bytes | 1 byte | n bytes | 2 bytes | 1 byte |

Normal Response:

| ACK | Address No. | CMD | Data | SUM | EOT |
|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|
| 1 byte | 2 bytes | 1 byte | n * 4 bytes | 2 bytes | 1 byte |

Error response:

| NAK | Address No. | CMD | Error Code | SUM | EOT |
|--------|-------------|--------|------------|---------|--------|
| 1 byte | 2 bytes | 1 byte | 2 bytes | 2 bytes | 1 byte |

Description:

Requests begin with ENQ and end with EOT.

Normal responses begin with ACK and ends with EOT.

Error responses begin with NAK and ends with EOT.

Address No. refers to the inverter No. and represented by 2 byte ASCII-HEX.

(ASCII-HEX: hex representation consisting of '0' ~ '9', 'A' ~ 'F')

CMD: in capitals (IF Error if in small letters)

| Character | ASCII-HEX | Command |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| 'R' | 52h | Read |
| 'W' | 57h | Write |
| 'X' | 58h | Monitor registration request |
| 'Y' | 59h | Monitor registration implementation |

Data: represented in ASCII-HEX

E.g.) If data value is 3,000: 3000 → '0"B"B"8'h → 30h 42h 42h 38h

Error code: two can be displayed ASCII (20h ~ 7Fh)

Transmission/reception buffer magnitude: transmission = 39 byte, reception = 44 byte

Monitor registration buffer: 8 Word

SUM: inspection by making sum to check communication errors

SUM = ASCII-HEX form of the 8 lowest bits of (Address No. + CMD + data)

Chapter 11 Communication Function

E.g.) Request for reading of one of 3000 address numbers as follows

| ENQ | Address No. | CMD | Address No. | Number of Addresses | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|---------------------|------|-----|
| 05h | "01" | "R" | "3000" | "1" | "AC" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{SUM} &= '0' + '1' + 'R' + '3' + '0' + '0' + '0' + '1' \\
 &= 05h + 30h + 31h + 52h + 33h + 30h + 30h + 31h \\
 &= 1A7h \quad (\text{Control value excluded: ENQ, ACK, NAK, etc.})
 \end{aligned}$$

BroadCast Function

used to give command to all the inverters bound by the network at a time

Method: give command at Address No. 255

Action: Each inverter receives and replies to it though it's not their own set address No.

11.2.2 Detailed reading protocol

Reading Request: Request for reading of n number of Word data consecutive from xxxx address No.

| ENQ | Address No. | CMD | Address No. | Number of Addresses | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|---------------------|------|-----|
| 05h | "01" ~ "1F" | "R" | "XXXX" | "1" ~ "8" = n | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 12, quotation marks refers to characters.

Normal Reading Response:

| ACK | Address No. | CMD | Data | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|--------|------|-----|
| 06h | "01" ~ "1F" | "R" | "XXXX" | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | N * 4 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 7 * n * 4 = 39 at maximum

Error Reading Response:

| NAK | Address No. | CMD | Error code | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|------------|------|-----|
| 15h | "01" ~ "1F" | "R" | "***" | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 9

11.2.3 Detailed writing protocol

Writing Request:

| ENQ | Address No. | CMD | Address No. | Number of Addresses | Data | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|---------------------|-----------|------|-----|
| 05h | "01" ~ "1F" | "W" | "XXXX" | "1" ~ "8" = n | "XXXX..." | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | n * 4 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 12 + n * 4 = 44 at maximum

Normal Writing Response:

| ACK | Address No. | CMD | Data | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|-----------|------|-----|
| 06h | "01" ~ "1F" | "W" | "XXXX..." | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | n * 4 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 7 + n * 4 = 39 at maximum

Error Writing Response:

| NAK | Address No. | CMD | Error Code | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|------------|------|-----|
| 15h | "01" ~ "1F" | "W" | *** | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 9

11.2.4 Monitor registration detailed protocol

1) Monitor registration

Monitor Registration Request:

Monitor registration is the function of periodically updating data with designating the data in advance which need monitoring continuously.

Request for registration of n number of address No. (not necessarily consecutive)

| ENQ | Address No. | CMD | Number of Addresses | Address No. | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|---------------------|-------------|------|-----|
| 05h | "01" ~ "1F" | "X" | "1" ~ "8" = n | "XXXX..." | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | n * 4 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 8 + n * 4 = Maximum 40

Monitor Registration Normal Response:

| ACK | Address No. | CMD | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|------|-----|
| 06h | "01" ~ "1F" | "X" | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 7

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Monitor Registration Error Response:

| NAK | Address No. | CMD | Error Code | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|------------|------|-----|
| 15h | "01" ~ "1F" | "X" | *** | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 9

2) Monitor implementation

Request for Monitor Registration Implementation:

Request for reading the data of the address No. registered by monitor registration request.

| ENQ | Address No. | CMD | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|------|-----|
| 05h | "01" ~ "1F" | "Y" | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 7

Monitor Registration Implementation Normal Response:

| ACK | Address No. | CMD | Data | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|-----------|------|-----|
| 06h | "01" ~ "1F" | "Y" | "XXXX..." | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | n * 4 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 7 + n * 4 = maximum 39

Monitor Registration Implementation Error Response:

| NAK | Address No. | CMD | Error Code | SUM | EOT |
|-----|-------------|-----|------------|------|-----|
| 15h | "01" ~ "1F" | "Y" | *** | "XX" | 04h |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

Total byte = 9

Error Code

| Code | Abbreviation | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|
| 01:ILLEGAL FUNCTION | IF | When slave cannot implement the received function. That is, when there is no appropriate function. |
| 02:ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS | IA | When the received address is not valid in the slave. It is parameter address, not the address No. |
| 03: ILLEGAL DATA VALUE | ID | When the received data is not valid in the slave. |
| 21: WRITE MODE ERROR | WM | Read Only or change prohibition during operation. |
| 22: FRAME ERROR | FE | When the frame size or internal num or sum is different. |

11.2.5 Modbus-RTU protocol

1. Function Code and Protocol (unit: byte)

Function Code #03 (Read Holding Register)

<Query>

| Field Name |
|---------------------|
| Slave Address |
| Function |
| Starting Address Hi |
| Starting Address Lo |
| # of Points Hi |
| # of Points Lo |
| CRC Lo |
| CRC Hi |

<Response>

| Field Name |
|--------------------------|
| Slave Address |
| Function |
| Byte Count |
| Data Hi (Register 40108) |
| Data Lo (Register 40108) |
| Data Hi (Register 40109) |
| Data Lo (Register 40109) |
| Data Hi (Register 40110) |
| Data Lo (Register 40110) |
| CRC Lo |
| CRC Hi |

Function Code #04 (Read Input Register)

<Query>

| Field Name |
|---------------------|
| Slave Address |
| Function |
| Starting Address Hi |
| Starting Address Lo |
| # of Points Hi |
| # of Points Lo |
| CRC Lo |
| CRC Hi |

<Response>

| Field Name |
|--------------------------|
| Slave Address |
| Function |
| Byte Count |
| Data Hi (Register 30009) |
| Data Lo (Register 30009) |
| CRC Lo |
| CRC Hi |

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Function Code #06 (Preset Single Register)

| <Query> | | <Response> | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Field Name | | Field Name | |
| Slave Address | | Slave Address | |
| Function | | Function | |
| Register Address Hi | | Register Address Hi | |
| Register Address Lo | | Register Address Lo | |
| Preset Data Hi | | Preset Data Hi | |
| Preset Data Lo | | Preset Data Lo | |
| CRC Lo | | CRC Lo | |
| CRC Hi | | CRC Hi | |

Function Code #16 (hex 0x10) (Preset Multiple Register)

| <Query> | | <Response> | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Field Name | | Field Name | |
| Slave Address | | Slave Address | |
| Function | | Function | |
| Starting Address Hi | | Starting Address Hi | |
| Starting Address Lo | | Starting Address Lo | |
| # of Register Hi | | # of Register Hi | |
| # of Register Lo | | # of Register Lo | |
| Byte Count | | CRC Lo | |
| Data Hi | | CRC Hi | |
| Data Lo | | | |
| Data Hi | | | |
| Data Lo | | | |
| CRC Lo | | | |
| CRC Hi | | | |

<Exception Code>

| Code |
|-------------------------|
| 01:ILLEGAL FUNCTION |
| 02:ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS |
| 03: ILLEGAL DATA VALUE |
| 06: SLAVE DEVICE BUSY |

<Response>

| Field Name |
|------------------------------|
| Slave Address |
| Function ^(note 1) |
| Exception Code |
| CRC Lo |
| CRC Hi |

note 1) Function value is the set value of the highest bit of the query function value.

Chapter 11 Communication Function

11.2.6 Existing iS5/iG5/ iG5A compatible common area parameter

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | R/W | Allotment for Bits | |
|---------|--|-------|------|-----|--|--|
| 0h0000 | Inverter model | - | - | R | B: iS7 | |
| 0h0001 | Inverter capacity | - | - | R | 0: 0.75kW 1: 1.5kW 2: 2.2kW | |
| | | | | | 3: 3.7kW 4: 5.5kW 5: 7.5kW | |
| | | | | | 6: 11kW 7: 15kW 8: 18.5kW | |
| | | | | | 9: 22kW 10: 30kW 11: 37kW | |
| | | | | | 12: 45kW 13: 55kW 14: 75kW | |
| | | | | | 15: 90kW 16: 110kW 17: 132kW | |
| | | | | | 18: 160kW 19: 200kW 20: 220kW | |
| | | | | | 21: 280kW 22: 375kW 65535: 0.4kW | |
| 0h0002 | Inverter input voltage | - | - | R | 0: 220V class | |
| | | | | | 1: 400V class | |
| 0h0003 | Version | - | - | R | (example) 0x0100: Version 1.00 | |
| | | | | | 0x0101: Version 1.01 | |
| 0h0004 | Reserved | - | - | R/W | - | |
| 0h0005 | Command frequency | 0.01 | Hz | R/W | - | |
| 0h0006 | Operating command (option) * see additional description | - | - | R | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B14 | 0: Keypad Freq 1: Keypad Torq |
| | | | | | B13 | 2~16: Terminal block Multi-step speed |
| | | | | | B12 | 17: Up 18: Down 19: STEADY |
| | | | | | B11 | 20: AUTO-A 21: AUTO-B 22: V1 |
| | | | | | B10 | 23: I1 24: V2 25: I2 |
| | | | | | B9 | 26: Reserved 27: Built-in485 |
| | | | | | B8 | 28: Communication option 29: PLC option |
| | | | | | B7 | 30: JOG 31: PID |
| | | | | | B6 | 0: Keypad 1: FX/RX-1 2: FX/RX-2 |
| | | | | B5 | 3: Built-in 485 4: Communication option | |
| | | | | B4 | 5: PLC option | |
| | | | | R/W | B5 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B4 | Emergency stop |
| B3 | W: Trip reset (0 ->1) R: Trip status | | | | | |
| B2 | Reverse operation (R) | | | | | |
| B1 | Forward operation (F) | | | | | |
| B0 | Stop (S) | | | | | |
| 0h0007 | accelerating time | 0.1 | sec | R/W | - | |
| 0h0008 | decelerating time | 0.1 | sec | R/W | - | |
| 0h0009 | output current | 0.1 | A | R | - | |

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | R/W | Allotment for Bits | |
|---------|--------------------|-------|------|-----|--------------------|--|
| 0h000A | output frequency | 0.01 | Hz | R | - | |
| 0h000B | output voltage | 1 | V | R | - | |
| 0h000C | DC Link voltage | 1 | V | R | - | |
| 0h000D | output power | 0.1 | kW | R | - | |
| 0h000E | status of Inverter | - | - | - | B15 | 0: Remote, 1: Keypad Local |
| | | | | | B14 | 1: Frequency command by comm. (Built-in type, Option) |
| | | | | | B13 | 1: Run command by comm. (Built-in type, Option) |
| | | | | | B12 | Reverse direction run command |
| | | | | | B11 | Forward direction run command |
| | | | | | B10 | Brake open signal |
| | | | | | B9 | Jog mode |
| | | | | | B8 | Stop |
| | | | | | B7 | DC Braking |
| | | | | | B6 | Speed reached |
| | | | | | B5 | Decelerating |
| | | | | | B4 | Accelerating |
| | | | | | B3 | Operates according to the set value of Fault (Trip) *PRT-30 Trip Out Mode |
| | | | | | B2 | Reverse operation |
| B1 | Forward operation | | | | | |
| B0 | Stop | | | | | |
| 0h000F | Trip information | - | - | R | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B10 | H/W-Diag |
| | | | | | B9 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B8 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B7 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B6 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B5 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B4 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B3 | Level Type Trip |
| | | | | | B2 | Reserved |
| B1 | Reserved | | | | | |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | R/W | Allotment for Bits | |
|---------|-----------------------------|-------|------|-----|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0h0010 | Input terminal information | - | - | R | B0 | Latch Type Trip |
| | | | | | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B10 | P11 (extended I/O) |
| | | | | | B9 | P10 (extended I/O) |
| | | | | | B8 | P9 (extended I/O) |
| | | | | | B7 | P8 |
| | | | | | B6 | P7 |
| | | | | | B5 | P6 |
| | | | | | B4 | P5 |
| | | | | | B3 | P4 |
| | | | | | B2 | P3 |
| | | | | | B1 | P2 |
| B0 | P1 | | | | | |
| 0h0011 | output terminal information | - | - | R | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B10 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B9 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B8 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B7 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B6 | Reserved |
| | | | | | B5 | Relay 5(extended I/O) |
| | | | | | B4 | Relay 4(extended I/O) |
| | | | | | B3 | Relay 3(extended I/O) |
| | | | | | B2 | Q1 |
| B1 | Relay 2 | | | | | |
| B0 | Relay 1 | | | | | |
| 0h0012 | V1 | 0.01 | % | R | V1 voltage input | |
| 0h0013 | V2 | 0.01 | % | R | V2 voltage input(extended I/O) | |

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | R/W | Allotment for Bits |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------|------|-----|--|
| 0h0014 | I1 | 0.01 | % | R | I1 current input |
| 0h0015 | Motor rotation speed | 1 | rpm | R | Current motor rotation speed displayed |
| 0h0016 ~0h0019 | Reserved | - | - | - | - |
| 0h001A | Hz/rpm selection | - | - | R | 0: Hz unit 1: rpm unit |
| 0h001B | Motor poles displayed | - | - | R | Motor poles displayed |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

11.2.7 iS7 extended common area parameter

1) Inverter Monitoring Area Parameter (Reading only)

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|------|--|-----|------------------|--|-----|-------------------|--|-----|---|--|-----|--|--|-----|--|--|-----|--|--|----|--|--|----|--|--|----|-----------------|-----------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|----|----------------------|------------|----|------------|--------------------|----|---------|--|----|----------------------|--|
| 0h0300 | Inverter model | - | - | iS7: 000Bh | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0h0301 | Inverter capacity | - | - | 0.75kW: 3200h 1.5kW: 4015h, 2.2kW: 4022h, 3.7kW: 4037h, 5.5kW: 4055h, 7.5kW: 4075h, 11kW: 40B0h 15kW: 40F0h, 18.5kW: 4125h, 22kW: 4160h, 30kW: 41E0h, 37kW: 4250h, 45kW: 42D0h 55kW: 4370h, 75kW: 44B0h, 90kW: 45A0h 110kW: 46E0h, 132kW: 4840h, 160kW: 4A00h 185kW: 4B90h | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0h0302 | Inverter input voltage / power supply type (single phase, 3 phase) / cooling method | - | - | 200V single phase open air cooling: 0220h 200V 3 phase open air cooling: 0230h 200V single phase forced cooling: 0221h 200V 3 phase forced cooling: 0231h 400V single open air cooling: 0420h 400V 3 phase open air cooling: 0430h 400V single phase forced cooling: 0421h 400V 3 phase forced cooling: 0431h | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0h0303 | Inverter SW version | - | - | (example) 0x0100: Version 1.00 0x0101: Version 1.01 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0h0304 | Reserved | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0h0305 | Inverter operating status | - | - | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>B15</td> <td colspan="2">0: normal status</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B14</td> <td colspan="2">4: Warning status</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B13</td> <td colspan="2">8: Fault status (operates according to set value of PRT-30 Trip Out Mode)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B12</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>B11</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>B10</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>B9</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>B8</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>B7</td> <td>1: speed search</td> <td>2: accelerating</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B6</td> <td>3: steady speed</td> <td>4: decelerating</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B5</td> <td>5: decelerating stop</td> <td>6: H/W OCS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B4</td> <td>7: S/W OCS</td> <td>8: dwell operating</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B3</td> <td colspan="2">0: stop</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B2</td> <td colspan="2">1: forward operating</td> </tr> </table> | B15 | 0: normal status | | B14 | 4: Warning status | | B13 | 8: Fault status (operates according to set value of PRT-30 Trip Out Mode) | | B12 | | | B11 | | | B10 | | | B9 | | | B8 | | | B7 | 1: speed search | 2: accelerating | B6 | 3: steady speed | 4: decelerating | B5 | 5: decelerating stop | 6: H/W OCS | B4 | 7: S/W OCS | 8: dwell operating | B3 | 0: stop | | B2 | 1: forward operating | |
| B15 | 0: normal status | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B14 | 4: Warning status | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B13 | 8: Fault status (operates according to set value of PRT-30 Trip Out Mode) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B7 | 1: speed search | 2: accelerating | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B6 | 3: steady speed | 4: decelerating | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B5 | 5: decelerating stop | 6: H/W OCS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B4 | 7: S/W OCS | 8: dwell operating | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B3 | 0: stop | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B2 | 1: forward operating | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|------|---|
| | | | | B1 2: reverse operating B0 3: DC operating (0 speed control) |
| 0h0306 | Inverter run frequency command source | - | - | B15 |
| | | | | B14 |
| | | | | B13 |
| | | | | B12 |
| | | | | B11 |
| | | | | B10 |
| | | | | B9 |
| | | | | B8 |
| | | | | B7 |
| | | | | B6 |
| | | | | B5 |
| | | | | B4 |
| | | | | B3 |
| | | | | B2 |
| B1 | | | | |
| B0 | | | | |
| | | | | Run command source |
| | | | | 0: Keypad 1: Communication option 2: App/PLC 3: Built-in 485 4: Terminal Block 5: reserved 6: Auto 1 7: Auto 2 |
| | | | | Frequency command source |
| | | | | 0: Keypad speed 1: Keypad torque 2~4: Up/Down run speed 5: V1 6: I1 7: V2 8: I2 9: Pulse 10: Built-in485 11: Communication option 12: App(PLC) 13: Jog 14: PID 15~22: Auto Step 25~39: Multi-step speed frequency |
| 0h0307 | Keypad SW version | - | - | (E.g) 0x0100: Version 1.00 |
| 0h0308 | Keypad Title version | - | - | 0x0101: Version 1.01 |
| 0h0309 ~0h30F | reserved | - | - | - |
| 0h0310 | Output current | 0.1 | A | - |
| 0h0311 | Output frequency | 0.01 | Hz | - |
| 0h0312 | Output RPM | 0 | RPM | - |
| 0h0313 | Motor feedback speed | 0 | RPM | -32768rpm ~ 32767rpm (Having a polarity.) |
| 0h0314 | Output voltage | 1 | V | - |
| 0h0315 | DC Link voltage | 1 | V | - |
| 0h0316 | Output power | 0.1 | kW | - |
| 0h0317 | Output Torque | 0.1 | % | - |
| 0h0318 | PID reference | 0.1 | % | - |
| 0h0319 | PID feedback | 0.1 | % | - |
| 0h031A | Number of No.1 motor display | - | - | Number of No.1 motor display |
| 0h031B | Number of No.2 motor display | - | - | Number of No.2 motor display |
| 0h031C | Number of selected motor display | - | - | Number of selected motor display |
| 0h031D | Selection among Hz/rpm | - | - | 0: Hz unit |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | 1: rpm unit | |
| 0h031E ~0h031F | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h0320 | Digital input information | - | - | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | B10 | P11 (Extended I/O) |
| | | | | B9 | P10 (Extended I/O) |
| | | | | B8 | P9 (Extended I/O) |
| | | | | B7 | P8 (Basic I/O) |
| | | | | B6 | P7 (Basic I/O) |
| | | | | B5 | P6 (Basic I/O) |
| | | | | B4 | P5 (Basic I/O) |
| | | | | B3 | P4 (Basic I/O) |
| | | | | B2 | P3 (Basic I/O) |
| | | | | B1 | P2 (Basic I/O) |
| | | | | 0h0321 | Digital output information |
| B14 | Reserved | | | | |
| B13 | Reserved | | | | |
| B12 | Reserved | | | | |
| B11 | Reserved | | | | |
| B10 | Reserved | | | | |
| B9 | Reserved | | | | |
| B8 | Reserved | | | | |
| B7 | Reserved | | | | |
| B6 | Reserved | | | | |
| B5 | Relay 5 (Extended I/O) | | | | |
| B4 | Relay 4 (Extended I/O) | | | | |
| B3 | Relay 3 (Extended I/O) | | | | |
| B2 | Q1 (Basic I/O) | | | | |
| B1 | Relay 2 (Basic I/O) | | | | |
| B0 | Relay 1 (Basic I/O) | | | | |
| 0h0322 | Virtual digital input information | - | - | B15 | Virtual DI 16 (COM85) |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------|------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | B14 | Virtual DI 15 (COM84) |
| | | | | B13 | Virtual DI 14 (COM83) |
| | | | | B12 | Virtual DI 13 (COM82) |
| | | | | B11 | Virtual DI 12 (COM81) |
| | | | | B10 | Virtual DI 11 (COM80) |
| | | | | B9 | Virtual DI 10 (COM79) |
| | | | | B8 | Virtual DI 9 (COM78) |
| | | | | B7 | Virtual DI 8 (COM77) |
| | | | | B6 | Virtual DI 7 (COM76) |
| | | | | B5 | Virtual DI 6 (COM75) |
| | | | | B4 | Virtual DI 5 (COM74) |
| | | | | B3 | Virtual DI 4 (COM73) |
| | | | | B2 | Virtual DI 3 (COM72) |
| | | | | B1 | Virtual DI 2 (COM71) |
| | | | | B0 | Virtual DI 1 (COM70) |
| 0h0323 | Selected motor display | - | - | 0: No.1 motor / 1: No.2 motor | |
| 0h0324 | AI1 | 0.01 | % | Analog input1 (Basic I/O) | |
| 0h0325 | AI2 | 0.01 | % | Analog input2 (Basic I/O) | |
| 0h0326 | AI3 | 0.01 | % | Analog input3 (Extended I/O) | |
| 0h0327 | AI4 | 0.01 | % | Analog input4 (Extended I/O) | |
| 0h0328 | AO1 | 0.01 | % | Analog output1 (Basic I/O) | |
| 0h0329 | AO2 | 0.01 | % | Analog output2 (Basic I/O) | |
| 0h032A | AO3 | 0.01 | % | Analog output3 (Extended I/O) | |
| 0h032B | AO4 | 0.01 | % | Analog output4 (Extended I/O) | |
| 0h032C | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h032D | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h032E | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h032F | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h0330 | Latch type trip information-1 | - | - | B15 | Fuse Open Trip |
| | | | | B14 | Overheat Trip |
| | | | | B13 | Arm Short |
| | | | | B12 | External Trip |
| | | | | B11 | Overvoltage Trip |
| | | | | B10 | Overcurrent Trip |
| | | | | B9 | NTC Trip |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | |
|---------|-------------------------------|-------|------|--------------------|---|
| | | | | B8 | Overspeed Deviation |
| | | | | B7 | Overspeed |
| | | | | B6 | Input open-phase trip |
| | | | | B5 | Output open-phase trip |
| | | | | B4 | Ground Fault Trip |
| | | | | B3 | E-Thermal Trip |
| | | | | B2 | Inverter Overload Trip |
| | | | | B1 | Underload Trip |
| | | | | B0 | Overload Trip |
| 0h0331 | Latch type trip information-2 | - | - | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | B13 | Inverter output cutoff by terminal block input on Safety Option (applied to above 90kW) |
| | | | | B12 | Slot3 option board contact defectiveness |
| | | | | B11 | Slot2 option board contact defectiveness |
| | | | | B10 | Slot1 option board contact defectiveness |
| | | | | B9 | No Motor Trip |
| | | | | B8 | External Brake Trip |
| | | | | B7 | Basic IO board contact defectiveness |
| | | | | B6 | Pre PID Fail |
| | | | | B5 | Error on Parameter Write |
| | | | | B4 | Reserved |
| | | | | B3 | FAN Trip |
| | | | | B2 | PTC (Thermal sensor) Trip |
| | | | | B1 | Encoder Error Trip |
| | | | | B0 | MC Fail Trip |
| 0h0332 | Level type trip information | - | - | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | B10 | Reserved |
| | | | | B9 | Reserved |
| | | | | B8 | Reserved |
| | | | | B7 | Reserved |
| B6 | Reserved | | | | |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | |
|---------|--------------------------------|-------|------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | B5 | Reserved |
| | | | | B4 | Reserved |
| | | | | B3 | Keypad Lost Command |
| | | | | B2 | Lost Command |
| | | | | B1 | LV |
| | | | | B0 | BX |
| 0h0333 | H/W Diagnosis Trip information | - | - | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | B10 | Reserved |
| | | | | B9 | Reserved |
| | | | | B8 | Reserved |
| | | | | B7 | Reserved |
| | | | | B6 | Reserved |
| | | | | B5 | Reserved |
| | | | | B4 | Gate Drive Power Loss |
| | | | | B3 | Watchdog-2 error |
| | | | | B2 | Watchdog-1 error |
| B1 | EEPROM error | | | | |
| B0 | ADC error | | | | |
| 0h0334 | Warning information | - | - | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | B10 | Reserved |
| | | | | B9 | Auto Tuning fail |
| | | | | B8 | Keypad Lost |
| | | | | B7 | Encoder miss-wiring |
| | | | | B6 | Encoder miss-installation |
| | | | | B5 | DB |
| | | | | B4 | FAN operation |
| | | | | B3 | Lost command |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------|------|--|--|
| | | | | B2 | Inverter Overload |
| | | | | B1 | Underload |
| | | | | B0 | Overload |
| 0h0335~ 0h033F | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h0340 | On Time date | 0 | Day | Total number date of inverter power On | |
| 0h0341 | On Time minute | 0 | Min | Total minute except for total date of inverter On Time | |
| 0h0342 | Run Time date | 0 | Day | Total number day of inverter run | |
| 0h0343 | Run Time minute | 0 | Min | Total minute except for total day of Run Time | |
| 0h0344 | Fan Time date | 0 | Day | Total day of cooling fan run | |
| 0h0345 | Fan Time minute | 0 | Min | Total minute except for total day of Fan time | |
| 0h0346 | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h0347 | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h0348 | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h0349 | Reserved | - | - | - | |
| 0h034A | Option 1 | - | - | 0: None 2: Reserved 4: Reserved | 1: Reserved 3: Profibus, 5: Reserved |
| 0h034B | Option 2 | - | - | 6: Reserved 8: Reserved | 7: RNet, 9: Reserved |
| 0h034C | Option 3 | - | - | 10: PLC 23: Encoder | 20: External IO-1 |

2) Inverter Control Area Parameter (Reading and Writing Available)

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | |
|---|--------------------|-------|------|---------------------------|--|
| 0h0380 <small>note1)</small> | Frequency command | 0.01 | Hz | command frequency setting | |
| 0h0381 | RPM command | 1 | rpm | command RPM setting | |
| 0h0382 | Operating command | - | - | B7 | Reserved |
| | | | | B6 | Reserved |
| | | | | B5 | Reserved |
| | | | | B4 | Reserved |
| | | | | B3 | 0→1: free run stop |
| | | | | B2 | 0→1: trip reset |
| | | | | B1 | 0:reverse command 1:forward command |
| | | | | B0 | 0:stop command 1:run command |
| Ex) forward operating command: 0003h, reverse operating command: 0001h | | | | | |
| 0h0383 | Accelerating time | 0.1 | sec | accelerating time setting | |
| 0h0384 | Decelerating timed | 0.1 | sec | decelerating time setting | |

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits | |
|-------------------|---|-------|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 0h0385 | Virtual digital input control (0:Off, 1:On) | - | - | B15 | Virtual DI 16 (COM85) |
| | | | | B14 | Virtual DI 15 (COM84) |
| | | | | B13 | Virtual DI 14 (COM83) |
| | | | | B12 | Virtual DI 13 (COM82) |
| | | | | B11 | Virtual DI 12 (COM81) |
| | | | | B10 | Virtual DI 11 (COM80) |
| | | | | B9 | Virtual DI 10 (COM79) |
| | | | | B8 | Virtual DI 9 (COM78) |
| | | | | B7 | Virtual DI 8 (COM77) |
| | | | | B6 | Virtual DI 7 (COM76) |
| | | | | B5 | Virtual DI 6 (COM75) |
| | | | | B4 | Virtual DI 5 (COM74) |
| | | | | B3 | Virtual DI 4 (COM73) |
| | | | | B2 | Virtual DI 3 (COM72) |
| | | | | B1 | Virtual DI 2 (COM71) |
| | | | | B0 | Virtual DI 1 (COM70) |
| 0h0386 | Digital output control (0:Off, 1:On) | - | - | B15 | Reserved |
| | | | | B14 | Reserved |
| | | | | B13 | Reserved |
| | | | | B12 | Reserved |
| | | | | B11 | Reserved |
| | | | | B10 | Reserved |
| | | | | B9 | Reserved |
| | | | | B8 | Reserved |
| | | | | B7 | Reserved |
| | | | | B6 | Reserved |
| | | | | B5 | Q4 (extended I/O, OUT36:None) |
| | | | | B4 | Q3 (extended I/O, OUT35:None) |
| | | | | B3 | Q2 (extended I/O, OUT34:None) |
| | | | | B2 | Q1 (basic I/O, OUT33:None) |
| | | | | B1 | Relay2 (basic I/O, OUT32:None) |
| | | | | B0 | Relay1 (basic I/O, OUT31:None) |
| 0h0387 | Reserved | - | - | Reserved | |
| 0h0388 | PID reference | 0.1 | % | PID reference command released | |
| 0h0389 | PID feedback value | 0.1 | % | PID feedback value | |
| 0h038A ~0h038F | Reserved | - | - | - | |

Chapter 11 Communication Function

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Allotment for Bits |
|------------------|----------------------|-------|------|---------------------------------------|
| 0h0390 | Torque Ref | 0.1 | % | torque command |
| 0h0391 | Fwd Pos Torque Limit | 0.1 | % | forward motor ring torque limit |
| 0h0392 | Fwd Neg Torque Limit | 0.1 | % | forward regenerative torque limit |
| 0h0393 | Rev Pos Torque Limit | 0.1 | % | reverse motor ring torque limit |
| 0h0394 | Rev Neg Torque Limit | 0.1 | % | reverse regenerative torque limit |
| 0h0395 | Torque Bias | 0.1 | % | torque Bias |
| 0h0395 ~0h399 | Reserved | - | - | - |
| 0h039A | Anytime Para | - | - | CNF-20 value setting (see page 13-40) |
| 0h039B | Monitor Line-1 | - | - | CNF-21 value setting (see page 13-40) |
| 0h039C | Monitor Line-2 | - | - | CNF-22 value setting (see page 13-40) |
| 0h039D | Monitor Line-3 | - | - | CNF-23 value setting (see page 13-40) |

note1) Parameter Save function does not work to the frequency that is set by (0h0380, 0h0005) communication in iS7 frequency address of common area. If the frequency which is set by communication keeps the operation after turning Off and On, set as below procedure.

- Freq Ref Src (DRV-07, 0h1107): Set to Keypad-1.
- Cmd Frequency (DRV-01, 0h1101): Set the frequency in frequency address of iS7 Keypad area 0h1101 by communication.
- Parameter Save (0h03E0): Set to '1' before power turns off.
- The frequency set by communication will be displayed after power turning Off and On.

3) Inverter Memory Control Area Parameter(Reading and Writing Available)

In this area, if the parameter is set, it is not only reflected in the inverter but saved. Parameters of other areas, if set by communication, are reflected in the inverter but not saved. If you turn off the inverter and turn it on again, the values set by communication are all deleted and the pre-setting values are saved. Therefore you should save the parameter before turning off the inverter after setting through communication. However, in this area, set parameter values are directly saved in the inverter without the need to save the parameter values.

| Address | Parameter | Scale | unit | Shift during operation | Function | Page |
|---------------------------|--|-------|------|------------------------|---|------|
| 0h03E0 ^{note1)} | Parameter saving | - | - | X | 0: No 1: Yes | 8-44 |
| 0h03E1 ^{note1)} | Monitor mode initialization | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | 8-45 |
| 0h03E2 ^{note1)} | Parameter initialization | - | - | X | 0: No 1: All Grp 2: Drv Grp 3: BAS Grp 4: ADV Grp 5: CON Grp 6: IN Grp 7: OUT Grp 8: COM Grp 9: APP Grp 10: AUT Grp 11: APO Grp 12: PRT Grp 13: M2 Grp *no setting during trip | 8-45 |
| 0h03E3 | Changed parameter displayed | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | 8-46 |
| 0h03E4 | Macro function item | - | - | X | 0: None 1: Draw App 2: Traverse | 8-48 |
| 0h03E5 ^{note1)} | All history of failure deleted | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | |
| 0h03E6 ^{note1)} | User registration code deleted | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | 8-48 |
| 0h03E7 ^{note 2)} | Parameter mode hidden | 0 | Hex | O | writing: 0 ~ 9999 reading: 0: Unlock 1: Lock | 8-47 |
| 0h03E8 ^{note 2)} | Parameter editing locked | 0 | Hex | O | writing: 0 ~ 9999 reading: 0: Unlock 1: Lock | 8-47 |
| 0h03E9 | Initial parameter easy setting | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | 8-48 |
| 0h03EA ^{note1)} | Consumed power initialization | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | 9-19 |
| 0h03EB ^{note1)} | Cumulative inverter operating time initialization | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | 9-19 |
| 0h03EC ^{note1)} | Cumulative cooling fan operating time initialization | - | - | O | 0: No 1: Yes | 8-49 |

note1) Be careful in setting parameters. Set parameters at 0 through communication and then set them at other values. If you input a value other than 0 while it is set at a value other than 0, an error message will respond. If you read this parameter through communication, you will know the previously set values.

****The time required might be longer because the data is saved in the inverter, thus possibly interrupting the communication. Be careful when setting.**

note 2) The parameters that input password. If you input password, the Lock status becomes Unlock status and the Unlock status becomes Lock status. If you consecutively input the same password, only the first parameter is implemented and the following values are not reflected. Therefore if you want to input the same value for another time, change it to another value and input the previous value again.

E.g.) Follow the order below if you want to input 244 twice.

244 -> 0 -> 244

12.1 Checking and Troubleshooting

12.1.1 Protective functions

1) Protection from output current and input voltage

| Type | Category | Details | Remark |
|----------------|----------|---|--------|
| Over Load | Latch | A failure occurs when you select the motor overload failure and the load exceeds the set degree. Operation can resume after PRT-20 is set at values other than 0. | - |
| Under Load | Latch | A failure occurs when you select the underload protection function and the motor load is within the set underload level. Operation can resume after PRT-27 is set at values other than 0. | - |
| Over Current1 | Latch | A failure occurs when the inverter output exceeds 200% of the rated current. | - |
| Over Voltage | Latch | A failure occurs when the DC circuit voltage exceeds the prescribed amount. | - |
| Low Voltage | Level | A failure occurs when the DC circuit voltage goes down below the prescribed degree. | - |
| Ground Trip | Latch | A failure occurs when current above the prescribed amount flows due to earth in the inverter output part. The earth causing current varies according to the capacity of the inverter. | - |
| E-Thermal | Latch | A failure occurs in order to prevent overheat during overload operation according to the inverse time thermal characteristic. Operation resumes if you set PRT-40 at values other than 0. | - |
| Out Phase Open | Latch | A failure occurs when one of the three phases output of the inverter is phase open. Operation resumes if you set PRT-05 bit 1 at 1. | - |
| In Phase Open | Latch | A failure occurs when one of the three phases input of the inverter is phase open. Operation resumes if you set PRT-05 bit 2 at 1. | - |
| Inverter OLT | Latch | This is the inverse time thermal characteristic protection against heat between 150% 1 minute to 200% 0.5 second on the basis of the inverter rated current. 200% 0.5 second might differ according to the inverter capacity. | - |

2) Protection by internal circuit abnormality or external signals

| Type | Category | Details | Remark |
|---------------|----------|--|--------|
| Fuse Open | Latch | A failure occurs when the inverter DC fuse responds to over current only above 30kW. | - |
| Over Heat | Latch | A failure occurs when the temperature of the inverter cooling fan rises over the prescribed degree. | - |
| Over Current2 | Latch | A failure occurs when the DC part in the inverter detects short circuit current. | - |
| External Trip | Latch | This is an external failure signal by function selection of the multi-function terminal. Of the IN65~75 functions, No.3 External Trip is selected. | - |
| BX | Level | The inverter output is blocked by function selection of the multi-function terminal. Of the IN65~75 functions, No.4 BX is selected. | - |

Chapter 12 Checking and Troubleshooting

| Type | Category | Details | Remark |
|-----------------|----------|---|------------------------------|
| H/W-Diag | Fatal | Trouble with the memory device within the inverter(EPP Rom), analog-digital switch output(ADC Off Set) or CPU malfunction(Watch Dog-1, Watch Dog-2). | - |
| NTC Open | Latch | A failure occurs when abnormality is detected with the temperature detecting sensor of the power switch(IGBT). | - |
| Fan Trip | Latch | A failure occurs when abnormality is detected with the cooling fan. Operation resumes if PRT-79 is set at 0. | Only applied to below 22 kW |
| IP54 FAN Trip | Latch | Detected when IP54 product has a fault of internal circulation at FAN. | Only applied to IP54 product |
| toPTC Trip | Latch | A failure occurs when resistance goes beyond the prescribed value after the external temperature sensor is connected to the terminal block. Operation resumes if PRT-34 is set at values other than 0. | - |
| ParaWrite Trip | Latch | Trouble during parameter writing with the inverter's main body from the keypad. | - |
| Over Speed Trip | Latch | A failure occurs when the motor speed goes up above the overspeed detection level. The detection level is set in PRT-70. | - |
| Dev Speed Trip | Latch | A failure occurs when the speed that got feedback from the encoder goes up above the set variation value. Operation resumes if PRT-73 is set at 1. | - |
| Encoder Trip | Latch | A failure occurs when PRT-77 Enc Wire Check is set at 1 and abnormality is detected for the set period of time. | - |
| Pre-PID Fail | Latch | A failure occurs when the control amount(PID feedback) is continuously input below the set value during Pre-PID operation by the function setting between APP-34 ~36, which is regarded as an abnormal state of the system. | - |

3) Protection by KEYPAD and option

| Type | Category | Details | Remark |
|---------------|----------|---|--------|
| Lost Keypad | Level | A failure occurs when operating commands come from the keypad or there is any problem with the communication between the keypad and inverter's main body in the Keypad JOG Mode. Operation resumes if PRT-11 is set at values other than 0. (occurs 2 seconds after the communication is interrupted) | - |
| Lost Command | Level | When there is a problem with the command if frequency or operating commands are given by the terminal block or communication command other than the keypad. Operation resumes if PRT-12 is set at values other than 0. | - |
| Option Trip-1 | Level | When the option gets out of the option slot No. 1 after it was inserted during power supply or when communication is not available with the inverter | - |
| Option Trip-2 | Level | When the option gets out of the option slot No. 2 after it was inserted during power supply or when communication is not available with the inverter | - |
| Option Trip-3 | Level | When the option gets out of the option slot No. 3 after it was inserted during power supply or when communication is not available with the inverter | - |

Note) Level : automatically terminates when the failure is solved. This is not saved in the failure history.

Latch : terminates when the reset signals are input after the failure is solved.

Fatal : The failure state terminates when you cut the power supply to the inverter and then supply power again with the internal charging lamp is turned off after the failure is solved.

12.1.2 Alarm functions

| Type | Description |
|----------------|---|
| Over Load | An alarm signal is released in case of overload to the motor. Operation resumes if you set PRT-17 at 1. If signals are necessary for the output contact point, No. 4 overload is selected among the functions of OUT31~33. |
| Under Load | Set PRT-25 at 1 if an alarm is necessary for an underload situation. As the output signal, No. 6 Under Load is selected among the functions of OUT31~33. |
| Inv Over Load | An alarm is released if time equal to 60% of the level at which the inverter IOLT functions is accumulated. As the output signal, No. 5 IOL is selected among the functions of OUT31~33. |
| Lost Command | An alarm signal can be released as well when PRT-12 Lost Cmd Mode is 0. The alarm is released in a certain condition between PRT13~15. As the output signal, No. 12 Lost Command is selected among the functions of OUT31~33. |
| Fan Warning | An alarm is released if a problem is detected with the cooling fan with PRT-79 FAN Trip Mode set at 1. As the output signal, No.8 Fan Warning is selected among the functions of OUT31~33. |
| DB Warn %ED | An alarm is released if the DB resistance consumption rate is above the prescribed degree. The detection level is set at PRT-66. |
| Enc Conn Check | An alarm is signified if No. 3 Enc Test is selected from BAS-20 Auto Tuning and no signal is input during the encoder test. Signals are released if ENC Tune is set among the functions of OUT31~33. |
| Enc Dir Check | An alarm is signified if No. 3 Enc Test is selected from BAS-20 Auto Tuning and the setting is wrongly changed between encoder phase A and B during the encoder test or the rotation direction is reverse. Signals are released if ENC Dir is set among the functions of OUT31~33. |
| Lost Keypad | An alarm is signified if the operating command is keypad or any problem is detected with the communication between the keypad and the main body of the inverter in Keypad JOG Mode with PRT-11 Lost KPD Mode set 0. As the output signal, No. 29 Lost Keypad is selected among the functions of OUT31~33. |

12.1.3 Troubleshooting

| Type | Cause of Trouble | Solution |
|---------------|--|--|
| Over Load | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The load is higher than the rated load of the motor. ■ The load set at the overload failure level (PRT-21) is small. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Raise the capacity of the motor and inverter. ☞ Increase the set value. |
| Under Load | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ There is a problem with the connection between the motor and load. ■ The underload level(PRT-29,30) is lower than the minimum system load. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Raise the capacity of the motor and inverter. ☞ Increase the set value. |
| Over Current1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Acc/Dec time is too short compared with the inertia of the load(GD2). ■ The load of the inverter is bigger than its rated load. ■ Inverter output is ON during idling of the motor. ■ The braking of the motor is too fast. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Raise the Acc/Dec time. ☞ Replace the inverter for one with bigger capacity. ☞ Operate the inverter after the motor stops or use speed search(CON-60). ☞ Check the machine brake. |
| Over Voltage | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Decelerating time is too short compared with the inertia of the load(GD2). ■ Regenerative load is located at the inverter output. ■ The supply voltage is too high. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Set the decelerating time higher. ☞ Use a braking resistance device. ☞ Check whether the supply voltage is above the prescribed degree. |
| Low Voltage | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The supply voltage is too low. ■ Load larger than the power supply capacity is connected(a welder or motor direct on line) ■ Nonconformity of the electronic contactor, etc. on the power supply side. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Check whether the supply voltage is below the prescribed degree. ☞ Raise the power supply capacity. ☞ Replace the electronic contactor. |
| Ground Trip | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Earth of the outlet cord of the inverter ■ Deterioration of the insulation of the motor | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Check the output terminal distribution of the inverter. ☞ Replace the motor. |

Chapter 12 Checking and Troubleshooting

| Type | Cause of Trouble | Solution |
|----------------|--|--|
| E-Thermal | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The motor is overheated. ■ The load of the inverter is bigger than its rated load. ■ The electronic thermal level is set too low. ■ The inverter has operated for a long time at a low speed. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Reduce the load or frequency. ☞ Raise the capacity of the inverter. ☞ Set the electronic thermal level properly. ☞ Replace the motor for one that can separately supply power to the cooling fan. |
| Out Phase Open | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Contact trouble of the electronic contactor of the output side. ■ Bad distribution of output | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Check the electronic contactor of the output side of the inverter. ☞ Check the output distribution. |
| In Phase Open | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Contact trouble of the electronic contactor of the input side ■ Bad distribution of input ■ The DC condenser of the inverter needs replacing. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Check the electronic contactor of the input side of the inverter. ☞ Check the input distribution. ☞ You should replace the DC condenser of the inverter. Get customer service from an agency. |
| Inverter OLT | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The load of the inverter is bigger than it's the inverter rating. ■ Torque boost is too high. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Raise the capacity of the inverter and motor. ☞ Reduce the torque boost amount. |
| Over Heat | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ There is a problem with the cooling system. ■ The inverter has been used longer than the replacement cycle of the cooling fan. ■ The surrounding temperature is too high. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Check whether there is any foreign substance in the vent, air duct or outlet. ☞ Replace the inverter cooling fan. ☞ Keep the temperature around the inverter below 50°C. |
| Over Current2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Earth of the output cord of the inverter ■ There is a problem with the inverter power switch(IGBT). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Check the output terminal distribution of the inverter. ☞ Inverter operation is impossible. Contact a near service provider. |
| NTC Open | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The surrounding temperature is out of the prescribed range. ■ There is a problem with the internal temperature sensor of the inverter. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Keep the temperature around the inverter below the prescribed degree. ☞ Contact a near service provider. |
| FAN Trip | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ There is foreign substance in the inverter vent where the fan is. ■ The cooling fan of the inverter needs replacing. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Check the vent or air outlet. ☞ Replace the cooling fan of the inverter. |
| IP54 FAN Trip | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Internal fan connector is not connected. ■ Internal fan PCB board's power connector is not connected. ■ Inverter cooling fan become to change period time. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ Connect internal Fan connector. ☞ Internal fan PCB board's power connector is connected. ☞ Inverter cooling fan have to changed. |

12.1.4 Replacement of cooling fan

1) Replacement steps of the product below 7.5kW

Push the bracket on the bottom to the arrow direction and pull it forward. Disconnect the connector of the fan, then you can replace the fan.



2) Replacement steps of product of 11~15kW 200V/400V, 18.5~22 kW 400V

Release the volts under the In-Out put terminals and disconnect the connector of the fan, then you can replace the fan.



Chapter 12 Checking and Troubleshooting

3) Replacement steps of product of 18.5~22 kW 200V, 30~75kW 400V (Check capacity.)

Release the volts upper of the product and disconnect the connector of the fan, then you can replace the fan.



12.1.5 Daily and regular checkup list

| Checkup Part | Checkup items | Check up | Checkup cycle | | | Way of Checkup | Criterion decision | Counter-plan |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------|----------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| | | | daily | Regular (Year) | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | 2 | | | |
| Total | environment | Check: temperature,umidity, dust, ETC. | O | | | See warning | No freezing under temperature of -10~+40. No dew under humidity of 50% | thermometer, hygrometer, recorder |
| | Entire devices | Is there any abnormal vibration or sound? | O | | | By seeing or hearing | If no matter | |
| | Power Source Voltage | Normal or not of the Voltage of main circuit? | O | | | Voltage check among the terminal R, S, T phase of the inverter | | Digital multimeter/ tester |
| Main circuit | Total | 1) Megger check (between main circuit terminals and connecting terminals) 2) Are all of the fixed parts on the position? 3) Is there any evidences of overheating on each parts? 4) cleaning | | O | O | 1) Disconnect the inverter and short terminals R,S,T, U,V,W, and then measure these terminals and connecting terminals with Cycle megger 2) Screw up 3) Check by seeing. | 1) over 5MΩ 2),3) no matter | DC 500V Megger |
| | Connected conductors /Wires | 1)Is there any corrosion on the conductor 2) Is there any damage on coverings of the wire? | | O | | Check by seeing. | If no matter | |
| | Terminals | Is there any damaged? | | O | | Check by seeing. | If no matter | |
| | Intermediate Condenser | 1) Is liquid leaking inside? 2) Is the safety apparatus on the position? Is there any protuberance? 3) Check the power failure capacity | O | | | 1), 2) Check by seeing. 3) Check with Capacity meter | 1),2) If no matter 3) 85% Over than Rated capacity | Capacity meter |
| | Relay | 1) Is there any chattering sound under operation 2) Is there any damage on contact point? | | O | | 1)check by hearing 2)check by seeing | If no matter | |
| | Resistor | 1) Is there any damage on isolating method of Resistor? 2) Check disconnection | | O | | 1) check by seeing 2) Disconnect one side and check with the tester | 1) If no matter 2) within ±10% variation of indicated resistance value | Digital multimeter/a nalogue tester |

Chapter 12 Checking and Troubleshooting

| Checkup Part | Checkup items | Checkup | Checkup cycle | | Way of Checkup | Criterion decision | Counter plan | |
|---|----------------------|--|---------------|----------------|----------------|---|---|--|
| | | | daily | Regular (Year) | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | | | 2 |
| Control circuit Protective circuit | Operation checking | 1) Check the imbalance of each output voltage during the operation. | | O | | 1) Voltage within phases: For balance 200V (400V) - within 4V(8V) | Digital multimeter/rectification voltmeter | |
| | | 2) No abnormalities on the display circuit after executing sequence protection test | | O | | 2) short or open the Inverter protection circuit by force. | | 2) Abnormal circuit is on the operation according to the sequence. |
| Cooling system | Cooling fan | 1) Is there any abnormal vibration or sound? 2) Is there any laxness on the connecting parts? | O | | O | 1) Turn it with hands under condition of power off 2) Fasten it Again. | 1) It turns smoothly 2) No Abnormality should be founded | |
| Display | Meter | Is the displayed value normal? | O | O | | Check the displayed value on the surface of panel | Check the regulational and administrative value voltagemeter /ampere-meter | |
| Motor | Total | 1) Is there any abnormal vibration or sound? 2) Is there any abnormal smell? | O | | | 1)Check by ears, eyes and hands 2)Check the abnormality such as overheating, damage etc. | No Abnormality should be founded | |
| | Isolation resistance | Megger check (Between the output terminal and conneting terminal) | | | O | Disconnect the connection of U,V,W and connect the moter wires. | Over 5MΩ 500V class Megger | |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

13.1 Table of Functions

13.1.1 Parameter mode – DRV group (→DRV)

DRV Group (PAR → DRV)

| No. | Communi- -cation No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Opera- tion | Page | Note1) Control Mode | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|------|---------------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 9 | O | | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 01 | 0h1101 | Cmd Frequency | target frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 0.0 | O | 7-1 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 02 | 0h1102 | Cmd Torque | torque command | -180~180[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-31 | X | X | X | O | O | |
| 03 | 0h1103 | Acc Time | accelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW | 20.0 | O | 7-20 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | | Above 90kW | 60.0 | | | | | | | |
| 04 | 0h1104 | Dec Time | decelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW | 30.0 | O | 7-20 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | | Above 90kW | 90.0 | | | | | | | |
| 06 | 0h1106 | Cmd Source | operating command method | 0 | Keypad | 1:Fx/Rx-1 | X | 7-11 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Fx/Rx-1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Fx/Rx-2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Field Bus | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | PLC | | | | | | | | |
| 07 | 0h1107 | Freq Ref Src | frequency setting method | 0 | Keypad-1 | 0:Keypad-1 | X | 7-1 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Keypad-2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| 08 | 0h1108 | Trq Ref Src | torque command method | 3 | I1 | 0:Keypad-1 | X | 8-32 | X | X | X | O | O |
| | | | | 4 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Encoder | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | Fied Bus | | | | | | | | |
| 09 Note1) | 0h1109 | Control Mode | control mode | 0 | V/F | 0:V/F | X | 7-20 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | V/F PG | | | 8-20 | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Slip Compen | | | 8-11 | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Sensorless-1 | | | 8-21 | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Sensorless-2 | | | 8-23 | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Vector | | | 8-27 | | | | | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 1) Effectiveness of each code according to the Control Mode setting

V/F: V/Fmode (PG included), SL: Sensorless-1, 2 mode, VC: Vector mode, SLT: Sensorless-1, 2 Torque mode,

VCT: Vector Torque mode

Refer to Option manual for options.

DRV Group (PAR → DRV)

| No. | Communi- cation No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | | Initial Value | | Shift in Opera- tion | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 10 | 0h110A | Torque Control | torque control | 0 1 | No Yes | 0: No | | X | 8-31 | X | X | X | O | O |
| 11 | 0h110B | Jog Frequency | jog frequency | 0.5~maximum frequency[Hz] | | 10.00 | | O | 8-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 12 | 0h110C | Jog Acc Time | jog operation Acc time | 0~600[sec] | | 20.0 | | O | 8-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 13 | 0h110D | Jog Dec Time | jog operation Dec time | 0~600[sec] | | 30.0 | | O | 8-4 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 14 | 0h110E | Motor Capacity | motor capacity | 0:0.2kW, 1:0.4kW 2:0.75kW, 3:1.5kW 4:2.2kW, 5:3.7kW 6:5.5kW, 7:7.5kW 8:11kW, 9:15kW 10:18.5kW, 11:22kW 12:30kW, 13:37kW 14:45kW, 15:55kW 16:75kW, 17:90kW 18:110kW, 19:132kW 20:160kW, 21:185kW | | depends on inverter capacity | | X | 8-11 8-17 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 15 | 0h110F | Torque Boost | torque boost method | 0 1 | Manual Auto | 0:Manual | | X | 7-22 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 16 <small>Note2)</small> | 0h1110 | Fwd Boost | forward torque boost | 0~15[%] | | Below 75kW Above 90kW | 2.0 1.0 | X | 7-22 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 17 | 0h1111 | Rev Boost | reverse torque boost | 0~15[%] | | Below 75kW Above 90kW | 2.0 1.0 | X | 7-22 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 18 | 0h1112 | Base Freq | base frequency | 30~400[Hz] | | 60.00 | | X | 7-20 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 19 | 0h1113 | Start Freq | starting frequency | 0.01~10[Hz] | | 0.50 | | X | 7-20 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 20 | 0h1114 | Max Freq | maximum frequency | 40~400 | | 60.00 | | X | 7-26 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 21 | 0h1115 | Hz/Rpm Sel | speed unit selection | 0 1 | Hz Display Rpm Display | 0:Hz | | O | 9-4 | O | O | O | O | O |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 2) DRV-16~17 code is displayed only when DRV-15 (Torque Boost) code value is "Manual".

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

13.1.2 Parameter mode – Basic function group (→BAS)

BAS Group(PAR → BAS)

| No. | Communi- -cation No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Opera- tion | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 20 | O | | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 01 | 0h1201 | Aux Ref Src | auxiliary command setting method | 0 | None | 0:None | X | 8-1 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| 02 <small>Note3)</small> | 0h1202 | Aux Calc Type | auxiliary command movement selection | 0 | M+(G*A) | 0: M+(G*A) | X | 8-1 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | M*(G*A) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | M/(G*A) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | M+(M*(G*A)) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | M+G*2(A-50%) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | M*(G*2(A-50%)) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | M/(G*2(A-50%)) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | M+M*G*2(A-50%) | | | | | | | | |
| 03 | 0h1203 | Aux Ref Gain | auxiliary command gain | -200.0 ~ 200.0[%] | 100.0 | O | 8-2 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 04 | 0h1204 | Cmd 2nd Src | 2nd operation command method | 0 | Keypad | 1: Fx/Rx-1 | X | 7-28 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Fx/Rx-1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Fx/Rx-2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | FieldBus | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | PLC | | | | | | | | |
| 05 | 0h1205 | Freq 2nd Src | 2nd frequency Setting method | 0 Keypad-1 | 0:Keypad-1 | O | 7-28 | O | O | O | X | X | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 3) BAS-02 code is displayed only when BAS-01 (Aux Ref Src) code has a value other than "NONE".

BAS Group (PAR → BAS)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 06 | 0h1206 | Trq 2nd Src | 2 nd torque command method | 1 | Keypad-2 | 0: Keypad-1 | O | 7-28 | X | X | X | O | O |
| | | | | 2 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Encoder | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | FieldBus | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | PLC | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Synchro | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 11 | Binary Type | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 | Keypad-2 | | | | | | | | |
| 07 | 0h1207 | V/F Pattern | V/F pattern | 0 | Linear | 0:Linear | X | 7-21 | O | O | X | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Square | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | User V/F | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Square2 | | | | | | | | |
| 08 | 0h1208 | Ramp T Mode | Acc/Dec standard frequency | 0 | Max Freq | 0:Max Freq | X | 7-15 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Delta Freq | | | | | | | | |
| 09 | 0h1209 | Time Scale | time unit setting | 0 | 0.01 sec | 1:0.1 sec | X | 7-16 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | 0.1 sec | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | 1 sec | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 0h120A | 60/50 Hz Sel | input power frequency | 0 | 60Hz | 0:60Hz | X | 8-43 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | 50Hz | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 0h120B | Pole Number | motor pole | 2~48 | | It depends on inverter capacity | X | 8-11 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 12 | 0h120C | Rated Slip | rated sleep speed | 0~3000[rpm] | | | X | | O | O | O | O | O |
| 13 | 0h120D | Rated Curr | motor rated current | 1~200[A] | | It depends on inverter capacity | X | 8-11 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 14 | 0h120E | Noload Curr | motor no load current | 0.5~200[A] | | | X | | O | O | O | O | O |
| 15 | 0h120F | Rated Volt | motor rated voltage | 180~480[V] | | It depends on inverter capacity | X | 8-11 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 16 | 0h1210 | Efficiency | motor efficiency | 70~100[%] | | | X | | O | O | O | O | O |
| 17 | 0h1211 | Inertia Rate | load inertial ratio | 0~8 | | It depends on inverter capacity | X | 8-11 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 18 | 0h1212 | Trim Power % | Power display adjustment | 70~130[%] | | | O | | 9-3 | O | O | O | O |
| 19 | 0h1213 | AC Input Volt | input power voltage | 170~230[V] | | 220V 220 440V 380 | O | 8-43 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 380~480[V] | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | - | Auto Tuning | auto tuning | 0 | None | 0:None | X | 8-17 | X | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | All | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | ALL(Stdstl) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Rs+Lsigma | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Enc Test | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Tr | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Tr(Stdstl) | | | | | | | | |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

BAS Group (PAR → BAS)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 21 | - | Rs | stator resistance | It depends on motor | - | X | 8-19 | X | O | O | O | O |
| 22 | - | Lsigma | leak inductance | It depends on motor | - | X | 8-19 | X | O | O | O | O |
| 23 | - | Ls | stator inductance | It depends on motor | - | X | 8-19 | X | O | O | O | O |
| 24 <small>Note4)</small> | - | Tr | rotor time constant | 25~5000[msec] | - | X | 8-19 | X | O | O | O | O |
| 41 <small>Note5)</small> | 0h1229 | User Freq 1 | user frequency 1 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 15.00 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 42 | 0h122A | User Volt 1 | user voltage 1 | 0~100[%] | 25 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 43 | 0h122B | User Freq 2 | user frequency 2 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 30.00 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 44 | 0h122C | User Volt 2 | user voltage 2 | 0~100[%] | 50 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 45 | 0h122D | User Freq 3 | user frequency 3 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 45.00 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 46 | 0h122E | User Volt 3 | user voltage 3 | 0~100[%] | 75 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 47 | 0h122F | User Freq 4 | user frequency 4 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 48 | 0h1230 | User Volt 4 | user voltage 4 | 0~100[%] | 100 | X | 7-21 | O | X | X | X | X |
| 50 <small>Note6)</small> | 0h1232 | Step Freq-1 | multi-step speed frequency 1 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 10.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 51 | 0h1233 | Step Freq-2 | multi-step speed frequency 2 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 20.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 52 | 0h1234 | Step Freq-3 | multi-step speed frequency 3 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 30.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 53 | 0h1235 | Step Freq-4 | multi-step speed frequency 4 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 40.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 54 | 0h1236 | Step Freq-5 | multi-step speed frequency 5 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 50.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 55 | 0h1237 | Step Freq-6 | multi-step speed frequency 6 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 56 | 0h1238 | Step Freq-7 | multi-step speed frequency 7 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 57 | 0h1239 | Step Freq-8 | multi-step speed frequency 8 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 55.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 58 | 0h123A | Step Freq-9 | multi-step speed frequency 9 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 50.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 59 | 0h123B | Step Freq-10 | multi-step speed frequency 10 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 45.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 60 | 0h123C | Step Freq-11 | multi-step speed frequency 11 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 40.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 61 | 0h123D | Step Freq-12 | multi-step speed frequency 12 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 35.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 62 | 0h123E | Step Freq-13 | multi-step speed frequency 13 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 25.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 63 | 0h123F | Step Freq-14 | multi-step speed frequency 14 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 15.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 64 | 0h1240 | Step Freq-15 | multi-step speed frequency 15 | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 5.00 | O | 7-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 70 | 0h1246 | Acc Time-1 | multi-step | 0~600[sec] | 20.0 | O | 7-17 | O | O | O | X | X |

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|--|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| | | | accelerating time 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | 0h1247 | Dec Time-1 | multi-step decelerating time 1 | 0~600[sec] | 20.0 | O | 7-17 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 72 <small>Note 7)</small> | 0h1248 | Acc Time-2 | multi-step accelerating time 2 | 0~600[sec] | 30.0 | O | 7-17 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 73 | 0h1249 | Dec Time-2 | multi-step decelerating time 2 | 0~600[sec] | 30.0 | O | 7-17 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 74 | 0h124A | Acc Time-3 | multi-step accelerating time 3 | 0~600[sec] | 40.0 | O | 7-17 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 75 | 0h124B | Dec Time-3 | multi-step decelerating time 3 | 0~600[sec] | 40.0 | O | 7-17 | O | O | O | X | X | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 4) BAS-24 is shown only when DRV-09 Control Mode is "Sensorless-2" or "Vector".

Note 5) BAS-41~48 is displayed only when it is set as "User V/F" even if there is only one BAS-07 or M2-V/F Patt (M2-25).

Note 6) IN-50~64 is displayed only when it is set as "multi-step speed"(Speed -L.M.H,X) even if there is only one among multi-function input IN-65~72.

Note 7) displayed only when it is set as "multi-step Acc/Dec"(Xcel-L,M,H) even if there is only one among IN-72~75 multi-function input

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

13.1.3 Parameter mode – Extended function group (PAR→ADV)

Extended Function Group (PAR → ADV)

| No. | Communi- cation No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Oper- ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|---|------------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 24 | O | - | O | O | O | O | O |
| 01 | 0h1301 | Acc Pattern | accelerating pattern | 0 Linear | 0:Linear | X | 7-18 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 02 | 0h1302 | Dec Pattern | decelerating pattern | 1 S-curve | | X | 7-18 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 03 | 0h1303 | Acc S Start | S accelerating starting slope | 1~100[%] | 40 | X | 7-18 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 04 | 0h1304 | Acc S End | S accelerating end slope | 1~100[%] | 40 | X | 7-18 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 05 | 0h1305 | Dec S Start | S decelerating starting slope | 1~100[%] | 40 | X | 7-18 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 06 | 0h1306 | Dec S End | S decelerating end slope | 1~100[%] | 40 | X | 7-18 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 07 | 0h1307 | Start Mode | starting method | 0 Acc | 0:Acc | X | 7-24 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 Dc-Start | | | | | | | | |
| 08 | 0h1308 | Stop Mode | stop method | 0 Dec | 0:Dec | X | 7-25 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 Dc-Brake | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 Free-Run | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 Flux Braking | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 Powr Braking | | | | | | | | |
| 09 | 0h1309 | Run Prevent | rotation preventing direction selection | 0 None | 0:Non e | X | 7-14 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 Forward Prev | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 Reverse Prev | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 0h130A | Power-on Run | power input starting | 0 No | 0:No | O | 7-14 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 12 <small>Note 8)</small> | 0h130C | Dc-Start Time | starting DC braking time | 0~60[sec] | 0.00 | X | 7-24 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 13 | 0h130D | Dc Inj Level | DC supply | 0~200[%] | 50 | X | 7-24 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 14 <small>Note 9)</small> | 0h130E | Dc-Block Time | Pre-DC braking output block time | 0~60[sec] | 0.10 | X | 7-25 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 15 | 0h130F | Dc-Brake Time | DC braking time | 0~60[sec] | 1.00 | X | 7-25 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 16 | 0h1310 | Dc-Brake Level | DC braking | 0~200[%] | 50 | X | 7-25 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 17 | 0h1311 | Dc-Brake Freq | DC braking frequency | starting frequency~ 60[Hz] | 5.00 | X | 7-25 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 20 | 0h1314 | Acc Dwell Freq | Accelerating dwell frequency | Starting frequency ~maximum frequency[Hz] | 5.00 | X | 8-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 21 | 0h1315 | Acc Dwell Time | Accelerating dwell operation time | 0~60.0[sec] | 0.00 | X | 8-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 22 | 0h1316 | Dec Dwell Freq | Decelerating dwell frequency | Starting frequency ~maximum frequency[Hz] | 5.00 | X | 8-9 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 23 | 0h1317 | Dec Dwell Time | Decelerating dwell operation time | 0~60.0[sec] | 0.00 | X | 8-9 | O | O | O | X | X |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 8) ADV-12 is displayed only when ADV-07 "Stop Mode" is set as "Dc-Start".

Note 9) ADV-14~17 is displayed only when ADV-08 "Stop Mode" is set as "DC-Brake".

Extended Function Group (PAR → ADV)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 24 | 0h1318 | Freq Limit | frequency limit | 0 No 1 Yes | 0:No | X | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 25 <small>Note 10)</small> | 0h1319 | Freq Limit Lo | frequency lower limit | 0~upper limit[Hz] | 0.50 | O | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 26 | 0h131A | Freq Limit Hi | frequency upper limit | 0.5~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | X | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 27 | 0h131B | Jump Freq | frequency jump | 0 No 1 Yes | 0:No | X | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 28 <small>Note 11)</small> | 0h131C | Jump Lo 1 | jump frequency lower limit 1 | 0~jumpfrequencyupper limit1[Hz] | 10.00 | O | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 29 | 0h131D | Jump Hi 1 | jump frequency upper limit 1 | Jump frequency lower limit1 ~maximum frequency[Hz] | 15.00 | O | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 30 | 0h131E | Jump Lo 2 | jump frequency lower limit 2 | 0~jumpfrequency upper limit2[Hz] | 20.00 | O | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 31 | 0h131F | Jump Hi 2 | jump frequency upper limit 2 | Jump frequency lower limit2 ~maximum frequency[Hz] | 25.00 | O | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 32 | 0h1320 | Jump Lo 3 | jump frequency lower limit 3 | 0~jumpfrequency upper limit3[Hz] | 30.00 | O | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 33 | 0h1321 | Jump Hi 3 | jump frequency upper limit 3 | Jump frequency lower limit3 ~maximum frequency[Hz] | 35.00 | O | 7-27 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 41 <small>Note 12)</small> | 0h1329 | BR Rls Curr | brake open current | 0~180.0[%] | 50.0 | O | 8-52 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 42 | 0h132A | BR Rls Dly | brake open delay time | 0~10.00[sec] | 1.00 | X | 8-52 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 44 | 0h132C | BR Rls Fwd Fr | brake open forward frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 1.00 | X | 8-52 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 45 | 0h132D | BR Rls Rev Fr | brake open reverse frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 1.00 | X | 8-52 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 46 | 0h132E | BR Eng Dly | brake close delay time | 0~10[sec] | 1.00 | X | 8-52 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 47 | 0h132F | BR Eng Fr | brake close frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 2.00 | X | 8-52 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 50 | 0h1332 | E-Save Mode | energy saving operation | 0 None 1 Manual 2 Auto | 0:None | X | 8-34 | O | O | X | X | X |
| 51 <small>Note 13)</small> | 0h1333 | Energy Save | energy saving amount | 0~30[%] | 0 | O | 8-34 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 60 | 0h133C | Xcel Change Fr | Acc/Dec time exchange frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 0.00 | X | 7-17 | O | O | O | X | X |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 10) ADV-25~26 is displayed only when ADV-24 (Freq Limit) is set as "Freq Limit".

Note 11) ADV-28~33 is displayed only when ADV-27 (Jump Freq) set as "Yes".

Note 12) ADV-41~47 is displayed only when a code of OUT-31~33 is set as "BR Control".

Note 13) ADV-51 is displayed only when ADV-50 (E-Save Mode) is set as values other than "None".

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Extended function Group (PAR → ADV)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 61 | - | Load Spd Gain | revolution display gain | 1~6000.0[%] | 100.0 | O | 9-3 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 62 | - | Load Scale Spd | revolution display scale | 0 | x 1 | 0:x 1 | O | 9-3 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | x 0.1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | x 0.01 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | x 0.001 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | x 0.0001 | | | | | | | | |
| 63 | 0h133F | Load Spd Unit | revolution display unit | 0 | rpm | 0:rpm | O | 9-3 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | mpm | | | | | | | | |
| 64 | 0h1340 | FAN Control | cooling control fan | 0 | During Run | 0:During Run | O | 8-42 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Always ON | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Temp Control | | | | | | | | |
| 65 | 0h1341 | U/D Save Mode | up/down Operation frequency saving | 0 | No | 0:No | O | 8-6 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | 0h1342 | On/Off Ctrl Src | | 0 | None | 0:None | X | 8-55 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| 67 | 0h1343 | On-C Level | Output contact point ON level | 10~100[%] | 90.00 | X | 8-56 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 68 | 0h1344 | Off-C Level | Output contact point OFF level | -100.00~output contact point ON level[%] | 10.00 | X | 8-56 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 70 | 0h1346 | Run En Mode | safety operation selection | 0 | Always Enable | 0:Always Enable | X | 8-98 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | DI Dependent | | | | | | | | |
| 71 Note14) | 0h1347 | Run Dis Stop | safety operation stop method | 0 | Free-Run | 0:Free-Run | X | 8-8 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Q-Stop | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Q-Stop Resume | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | 0h1348 | Q-Stop Time | safety operation decelerating time | 0~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-8 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 74 | 0h134A | RegenAvd Sel | Selection of avoidance of regeneration function for press | 0 | No | No | X | 8-60 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 75 | 0h134B | RegenAvd Level | Operational Voltage level of avoidance of regeneration for press | 200V: 300~400 | 350V | X | 8-60 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| | | | | 400V: 600~800 | 700V | | | | | | | | |

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|----------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 76 <small>Note15)</small> | 0h134C | CompFreq Limit | Restriction of compensational frequency of avoidance of regeneration for press | 0~ 10.00Hz | 1.00[Hz] | X | 8-60 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 77 | 0h134D | RegenAvd Pgain | P-gain of avoidance of regeneration for press | 0 ~ 100.0% | 50.0[%] | O | 8-60 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 78 | 0h134E | RegenAvd Igain | I-gain of avoidance of regeneration for press | 20~30000[msec] | 500[msec] | O | 8-60 | O | O | O | X | X |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 14) ADV-71~72 is displayed only when ADV-70 (Run En Mode) is set as "DI Dependent".

Note15) ADV-76~78 is displayed only when ADV-75 (RegenAvd Sel) is set as "Yes".

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

13.1.4 Parameter mode – Control function group (→CON)

Control Function Group (PAR → CON)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 51 | O | | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 04 | 0h1404 | Carrier Freq | carrier frequency | Below 22kW | 0.7~15[kHz] | 5.0 | O | 8-38 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 30~45kW | 0.7~10[kHz] | 5.0 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 55~75kW | 0.7~7[kHz] | 5.0 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 90~110kW | 0.7~6[kHz] | 3.0 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 132~160kW | 0.7~5[kHz] | 3.0 | | | | | | | |
| 05 | 0h1405 | PWM Mode | switching mode | 0 | Normal PWM | 0:Normal PWM | X | 8-38 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Lowleakage PWM | | | | | | | | |
| 09 | 0h1409 | PreExTime | Initial excitation time | 0~60[sec] | 1.00 | X | 8-27 | X | X | O | O | O | |
| 10 | 0h140A | Flux Force | Initial excitation power supply | 100~500[%] | 100.0 | X | 8-27 | X | X | O | O | O | |
| 11 | 0h140B | Hold Time | permanent operation sustaining time | 0~60[sec] | 1.00 | X | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 12 | 0h140C | ASR P Gain 1 | speed control period proportional gain1 | 10~500[%] | 50.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 13 | 0h140D | ASR I Gain 1 | speed control period integral calculus gain1 | 10~9999[msec] | 300 | O | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 15 | 0h140F | ASR P Gain 2 | speed control period proportional gain2 | 10~500[%] | 50.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 16 | 0h1410 | ASR I Gain 2 | speed control period integral calculus gain2 | 10~9999[msec] | 300 | O | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 18 | 0h1412 | Gain SW Freq | gain exchange frequency | 0~120[Hz] | 0.00 | X | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 19 | 0h1413 | Gain Sw Delay | gain exchange time | 0~100[sec] | 0.10 | X | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 20 | 0h1414 | SL2 G View Sel | sensorless2 2 nd gain display setting | 0 | No | 0:No | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | 0h1415 | ASR-SL P Gain1 | sensorless1,2 speed control period proportional gain1 | 0~5000[%] | Depends on motor capacity | O | 8-23 | X | O | X | X | X | |
| 22 | 0h1416 | ASR-SL I Gain1 | sensorless1,2 speed control | 10~9999[msec] | Depends on motor | O | 8-23 | X | O | X | X | X | |

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | | |
| | | | period integral calculus gain1 | | capacity | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 Note 16) | 0h1417 | ASR-SL P Gain2 | sensorless2 speed control period proportional gain2 | 1~1000[%] | Depends on motor capacity | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 24 | 0h1418 | ASR-SL I Gain2 | sensorless2 speed control period integral calculus gain2 | 1~1000[%] | Depends on motor capacity | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 26 | 0h141A | Observer Gain1 | sensorless2 measurer gain1 | 0~30000 | 10500 | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 27 | 0h141B | Observer Gain2 | sensorless2 measurer gain2 | 1~1000[%] | 100.0 | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 28 | 0h141C | Observer Gain3 | sensorless2 measurer gain3 | 0~30000 | 13000 | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 29 | 0h141D | S-Est P Gain1 | sensorless2 speed estimator proportional gain1 | 0~30000 | Depends on motor capacity | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| 30 | 0h141E | S-Est I Gain1 | sensorless2 speed estimator integral calculus gain1 | 0~30000 | Depends on motor capacity | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 16) CON-23~28, 31~32 are displayed only when DRV-09 (Control Mode) is "Sensorless2" and CON-20 (SL2 G View Sel) is set as "YES".

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Control Function Group (PAR → CON)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 31 | 0h141F | S-Est P Gain2 | Sensorless2 speed estimator proportional gain2 | 1~1000[%] | Depends on motor capacity | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | |
| 32 | 0h1420 | S-Est I Gain2 | Sensorless2 speed estimator integral calculus gain2 | 1~1000[%] | Depends on motor capacity | O | 8-23 | X | X | X | X | X | |
| 34 | 0h1422 | SL2 OVM Perc | Sensorless2 overvoltage modulation range adjustment | 100~180[%] | 120 | X | 8-25 | X | O | X | X | X | |
| 45 <small>Note17)</small> | 0h142D | PG P Gain | PG operation proportional gain | 0~9999 | 3000 | O | 8-20 | O | X | X | X | X | |
| 46 | 0h142E | PG I Gain | PG operation integral calculus gain | 0~9999 | 50 | O | 8-20 | O | X | X | X | X | |
| 47 | 0h142F | PG Slip Max% | PG operation maximum sleep | 0~200 | 100 | X | 8-20 | O | X | X | X | X | |
| 48 | - | ACR P Gain | Current control period P gain | 0~10000 | 1200 | O | 8-21 | X | O | O | O | O | |
| 49 | - | ACR I Gain | Current control period I gain | 0~10000 | 120 | O | 8-21 | X | O | O | O | O | |
| 51 | 0h1433 | ASR Ref LPF | speed control period reference filter | 0~20000[msec] | 0 | X | 8-21 | X | O | O | X | X | |
| 52 | 0h1434 | Torque Out LPF | Torque control period Output filter | 0~2000[msec] | 0 | X | 8-27 | X | X | X | O | O | |
| 53 | 0h1435 | Torque Lmt Src | Torque limit Setting method | 0 | Keypad-1 | 0:Keypad-1 | X | 8-27 | X | X | X | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Keypad-2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Encoder | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | FiedBus | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | PLC | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Synchro | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Binary Type | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 54 <small>Note18)</small> | 0h1436 | FWD +Trq Lmt | forward offsetting Torque limit | 0~200[%] | 180.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | X | O | O | |
| 55 | 0h1437 | FWD -Trq Lmt | forward regenerative torque limit | 0~200[%] | 180.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | X | O | O | |
| 56 | 0h1438 | REV +Trq Lmt | reverse offsetting torque limit | 0~200[%] | 180.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | X | O | O | |
| 57 | 0h1439 | REV -Trq Lmt | reverse regenerative torque limit | 0~200[%] | 180.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | X | O | O | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 17) CON-45~47 are displayed when Encoder Board is inserted and Control mode is V/F PG.

Note 18) CON-54~57 are displayed only when DRV-09(Control Mode) is set as "Sensorless-1, 2" or "Vector". In addition, initial value of torque limit is changed to 150% when ADV-74 RegenAvd Level function sets.

Control Function Group (PAR → CON)

| No. | Communi- cation No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | 1)Control Mode | | | | | |
|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|------|----------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 58 | 0h143A | Trq Bias Src | torque bias setting method | 0 | Keypad-1 | 0:Keypad-1 | X | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Keypad-2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | FiedBus | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | PLC | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 59 | 0h143B | Torque Bias | torque bias | -120~120[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 60 | 0h143C | Torque Bias FF | torque bias compensation | 0~100[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-27 | X | X | O | X | X | |
| 62 | 0h143D | Speed Lmt Src | Speed limit setting method | 0 | Keypad-1 | 0:Keypad-1 | O | 8-31 | X | X | X | X | O |
| | | | | 1 | Keypad-2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | FiedBus | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | PLC | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 63 | 0h143F | FWD Speed Lmt | forward speed limit | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 8-31 | X | X | X | X | O | |
| 64 | 0h1440 | REV Speed Lmt | reverse speed limit | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 8-31 | X | X | X | X | O | |
| 65 | 0h1441 | Speed Lmt Gain | Speed limit operation gain | 100~5000[%] | 500 | O | 8-32 | X | X | X | X | O | |
| 66 | 0h1442 | Droop Perc | droop operation amount | 0~100[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-33 | X | X | X | X | O | |
| 67 Note19) | 0h1443 | Droop St Trq | droop start torque | 0~100[%] | 100.0 | O | 8-33 | X | X | X | X | O | |
| 68 | 0h1444 | SPD/TRQAcc T | torque mode →speed mode exchange accelerating time | 0~600[sec] | 20.0 | O | 8-33 | X | X | X | X | O | |
| 69 | 0h1445 | SPD/TRQAcc T | torque mode →speed mode exchange decelerating time | 0~600[sec] | 30.0 | O | 8-33 | X | X | X | X | O | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 19) CON-67 is displayed only when Encoder option board is mounted.

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Control Function Group (PAR → CON)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | 1) Control Mode | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---|--------------------|------|-----------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 70 | 0h1446 | SS Mode | Selection of Speed search mode | 0 | Flying Start - 1 | 0 | X | - | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Flying Start - 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | 0h1447 | Speed Search | Speed search operation selection | Bit | 0000~1111 | 0000 | X | 8-35 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | accelerating speed search selection | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Reset start after trip | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Re-start after instantaneous interruption | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Start immediately after power ON | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | 0h1448 | SS Sup-Current | speed search standard current | 80~200[%] | Below 75kW 150 Above 90kW 100 | O | 8-35 | O | O | X | X | X | |
| 73 | 0h1449 | SS P-Gain | speed search proportional gain | 0~9999 | 100 | O | 8-35 | O | O | X | X | X | |
| 74 | 0h144A | SS I-Gain | speed search integral calculus gain | 0~9999 | 200 | O | 8-35 | O | O | X | X | X | |
| 75 | 0h144B | SS Block Time | Pre-speed search output block time | 0~60[sec] | 1.0 | X | 8-35 | O | O | X | X | X | |
| 77 | 0h144D | KEB Select | energy buffering selection | 0 No 1 Yes | 0:No | X | 8-34 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 78 <small>Note 20)</small> | 0h144E | KEB Start Lev | energy buffering start amount | 110~140[%] | 125.0 | X | 8-34 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 79 | 0h144F | KEB Stop Lev | energy buffering stop amount | 130~145[%] | 130.0 | X | 8-34 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 80 | 0h1450 | KEB Gain | energy buffering gain | 1~2000 | 1000 | O | 8-34 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 82 <small>Note 21)</small> | 0h1452 | ZSD Frequency | permanent detection frequency | 0~10[Hz] | 2.00 | O | 9-12 | X | X | O | X | O | |
| 83 | 0h1453 | ZSD Band | permanent detection frequency band | 0~2[Hz] | 1.00 | O | 9-12 | X | X | O | X | O | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 20) CON-78~80 are displayed only when CON-77 (KEB Select) is set as "Yes".

Note 21) CON-82~83 are displayed only when DRV-09 (Control Mode) is set as "Vector".

13.1.5 Parameter mode – Input terminal block function group (→IN)

Input Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → IN)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 65 | O | - | O | O | O | O | O |
| 01 | 0h1501 | Freq at 100% | Analog maximum input frequency | Starting frequency~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 02 | 0h1502 | Torque at 100% | Analog maximum input torque | 0~200[%] | 100.0 | O | 7-2 | X | X | O | O | O |
| 05 | 0h1505 | V1 Monitor[V] | V1 input amount display | 0~10[V] | 0.00 | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 06 | 0h1506 | V1 Polarity | V1 input polar selection | 0 Unipolar 1 Bipolar | 0: Unipolar | X | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 07 | 0h1507 | V1 Filter | V1 input filter time constant | 0 ~10000[msec] | 10 | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 08 | 0h1508 | V1 Volt x1 | V1 input minimum voltage | 0~10[V] | 0.00 | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 09 | 0h1509 | V1 Perc y1 | V1 minimum voltage output % | 0~100[%] | 0.00 | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 10 | 0h150A | V1 Volt x2 | V1 input maximum voltage | 0~10[V] | 10.00 | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 11 | 0h150B | V1 Perc y2 | V1 maximum voltage output % | 0~100[%] | 100.00 | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 12 Note 22) | 0h150C | V1 (-)Volt x1' | V1(-)input minimum voltage | -10~0[V] | 0.00 | O | 7-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 13 | 0h150D | V1(-)Perc y1' | V1(-)minimum voltage output % | -100~0[%] | 0.00 | O | 7-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 14 | 0h150E | V1(-)Volt x2' | V1(-)input maximum voltage | -10~0[V] | -10.00 | O | 7-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 15 | 0h150F | V1(-)Perc y2' | V1(-)maximum voltage output % | -100~0[%] | -100.00 | O | 7-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 16 | 0h1510 | V1 Inverting | rotation direction change | 0 No 1 Yes | 0: No | O | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 17 | 0h1511 | V1 Quantizing | V1 quantization level | 0.04~10[%] | 0.04 | X | 7-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 20 | 0h1514 | I1 Monitor[mA] | I1 input amount display | 0~20[mA] | 0.00 | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 22 | 0h1516 | I1 Filter | I1 input filter time constant | 0 ~10000[msec] | 10 | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 23 | 0h1517 | I1 Curr x1 | I1 input minimum current | 0~20[mA] | 4.00 | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 24 | 0h1518 | I1 Perc y1 | Output at I1 minimum current % | 0~100[%] | 0.00 | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 25 | 0h1519 | I1 Curr x2 | I1 input maximum current | 4~20[mA] | 20.00 | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 26 | 0h151A | I1 Perc y2 | Output at I1 maximum current | 0~100[%] | 100.00 | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 31 | 0h151F | I1 Inverting | rotation direction change | 0 No 1 Yes | 0: No | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 32 | 0h1520 | I1 Quantizing | I1 quantization level | 0.04~10[%] | 0.04 | O | 7-6 | O | O | O | O | O |

Note 22) IN-12~15 codes are displayed only when IN-06 (V1 Polarity) is set as "Bipolar".

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Input Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → IN)

| No. | Communi- cation No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Oper- ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 35 <small>Note 23)</small> | 0h1523 | V2 Monitor[V] | V2 input amount display | 0~10[V] | 0.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 36 | 0h1524 | V2 Polarity | V1 input polarity selection | 0 Unipolar | 1: Bipolar | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | | | | 1 Bipolar | | | | | | | | |
| 37 | 0h1525 | V2 Filter | V2 input filter time constant | 0~10000 [msec] | 10 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 38 | 0h1526 | V2 Volt x1 | V2 input minimum voltage | 0~10[V] | 0.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 39 | 0h1527 | V2 Perc y1 | output% at V2 minimum voltage | 0~100[%] | 0.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 40 | 0h1528 | V2 Volt x2 | V2 input maximum voltage | 0~10[V] | 10.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 41 | 0h1529 | V2 Perc y2 | output% at V2 maximum voltage | 0~100[%] | 100.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 42 | 0h152A | V2 –Volt x1' | V2 –input minimum voltage | -10~0[V] | 0.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 43 | 0h152B | V2 –Perc y1' | output% at V2– minimum voltage | -100~0[%] | 0.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 44 | 0h152C | V2 –Volt x2' | V2 –input maximum voltage | -10~0[V] | -10.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 45 | 0h152F | V2 –Perc y2' | output% at V2– maximum voltage | -100~0[%] | -100.00 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 46 | 0h1530 | V2 Inverting | rotation direction change | 0 No | 0:No | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | | | | 1 Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 47 | 0h1532 | V2 Quantizing | V2 quantization level | 0.04~10[%] | 0.04 | ○ | 7-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 50 | 0h1534 | I2 Monitor[mA] | I2 input amount display | 0~20[mA] | 0.00 | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 52 | 0h1535 | I2 Filter | I2 input filter time constant | 0~10000 [msec] | 15 | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 53 | 0h1536 | I2 Curr x1 | I2 input minimum current | 0~20[mA] | 4.00 | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 54 | 0h1537 | I2 Perc y1 | output% at I2 minimum current | 0~100[%] | 0.00 | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 55 | 0h1538 | I2 Curr x2 | I2 input maximum current | 0~20[mA] | 20.00 | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 56 | 0h153D | I2 Perc y2 | output% at I2 maximum current | 0~100[%] | 100.00 | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 61 | 0h153E | I2 Inverting | rotation direction change | 0 No | 0:No | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | | | | 1 Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 62 | 0h153F | I2 Quantizing | I2 quantization level | 0.04~10[%] | 0.04 | ○ | 7-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 23) IN-35~62 codes are displayed only when the extended IO board is mounted.

Input Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → IN)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|-------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 65 | 0h1541 | P1 Define | P1 terminal function setting | 0 | NONE | 1:FX | X | 7-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | FX | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | 0h1542 | P2 Define | P2 terminal function setting | 2 | RX | 2:RX | X | 7-12 | X | X | O | O | O |
| 67 | 0h1543 | P3 Define | P3 terminal function setting | 3 | RST | 5:BX | X | 10-13 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 68 | 0h1544 | P4 Define | P4 terminal function setting | 4 | External Trip | 4:Ex.t | X | 10-7 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 69 | 0h1545 | P5 Define | P5 terminal function setting | 5 | BX | 7:Sp-L | X | 10-13 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 70 | 0h1546 | P6 Define | P6 terminal function setting | 6 | JOG | 8:Sp-M | X | 8-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 71 | 0h1547 | P7 Define | P7 terminal function setting | 7 | Speed-L | 9:Sp-H | X | 7-9 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 72 | 0h1548 | P8 Define | P8 terminal function setting | 8 | Speed-M | 6:JOG | X | 7-9 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 73 <small>Note24)</small> | 0h1549 | P9 Define | P9 terminal function setting | 9 | Speed-H | 0: NONE | X | 7-9 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 74 | 0h154A | P10 Define | P10 terminal function setting | 10 | Speed-X | 0: NONE | X | 7-9 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 75 | 0h154B | P11 Define | P11 terminal function setting | 11 | XCEL-L | 0: NONE | X | 7-17 | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 | XCEL-M | | | 7-17 | | | | | |
| | | | | 13 | RUN Enable | | | 8-8 | | | | | |
| | | | | 14 | 3-Wire | | | 8-7 | | | | | |
| | | | | 15 | 2nd Source | | | 7-28 | | | | | |
| | | | | 16 | Exchange | | | 8-41 | | | | | |
| | | | | 17 | Up | | | 8-6 | | | | | |
| | | | | 18 | Down | | | 8-6 | | | | | |
| | | | | 19 | -reserved- | | | - | | | | | |
| | | | | 20 | U/D Clear | | | 8-6 | | | | | |
| | | | | 21 | Analog Hold | | | 7-8 | | | | | |
| | | | | 22 | I-Term Clear | | | 8-12 | | | | | |
| | | | | 23 | PID Openloop | | | 8-12 | | | | | |
| | | | | 24 | P Gain2 | | | 8-12 | | | | | |
| | | | | 25 | XCEL Stop | | | 7-19 | | | | | |
| | | | | 26 | 2nd Motor | | | 8-41 | | | | | |
| | | | | 27 | Trv Offset Lo | | | 8-51 | | | | | |
| | | | | 28 | Trv Offset Hi | | | 8-51 | | | | | |
| | | | | 29 | Interlock 1 | | | 8-59 | | | | | |
| | | | | 30 | Interlock 2 | | | 8-59 | | | | | |
| | | | | 31 | Interlock 3 | | | 8-59 | | | | | |
| | | | | 32 | Interlock 4 | | | 8-59 | | | | | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 24) IN73~75 codes are displayed only when the extended IO board is mounted.

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Input Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → IN)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | | |
| | | | | 33 | -Reserved- | | - | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 34 | Pre Excite | | 8-30 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 35 | Speed/Torque | | 8-31 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 36 | ASR Gain 2 | | 8-27 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 37 | ASR P/PI | | 8-27 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 38 | Timer In | | 9-12 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 39 | Thermal In | | 10-5 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 40 | Dis Aux Ref | | 8-1 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 41 | SEQ-1 | | 8-49 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 42 | SEQ-2 | | 8-49 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 43 | Manual | | 8-49 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 44 | Go Step | | 8-49 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 45 | Hold Step | | 8-49 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 46 | FWD JOG | | 8-5 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 47 | REV JOG | | 8-5 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 48 | Trq Bias | | 8-30 | | | | | | | |
| 85 | 0h1555 | DI On Delay | multi-function input terminal ON filter | 0~10000[msec] | 10 | O | 7-29 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 86 | 0h1556 | DI Off Delay | multi-function input terminal OFF filter | 0~10000[msec] | 3 | O | 7-29 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 87 | 0h1557 | DINC/NO Sel | multi-function input contact selection | P8 – P1 | | X | 7-29 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 0 | A contact point (NO) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | B contact point (NC) | | | | | | | | | |
| 88 | 0h1558 | RunOn Delay | operating command delay time | 0~100[sec] | 0.00 | X | 7-11 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 89 | 0h1559 | InCheck Time | sequential command delay time | 1~5000[msec] | 1 | X | 7-10 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 90 | 0h155A | DI Status | multi-function input terminal status | P8 – P1 | | O | 7-29 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 0 | Open (Off) Connection | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | (On) | | | | | | | | | |

13.1.6 Parameter mode – Output terminal block function group (→OUT)

Output Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → OUT)

| No. | Commu- nication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Opera- tion | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | JumpCode | jump code | 0~99 | 30 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 01 | 0h1601 | AO1 Mode | analog output1 item | 0 | Frequency | 0: Frequency | 0 | 9-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | Current | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | DC Link Volt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Torque | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Watt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Idss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Iqss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | Target Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | Ramp Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Speed Fdb | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 11 | Speed Dev | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 | PIDRef Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 13 | PIDFdb Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 14 | PID Output | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Constant | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 02 | 0h1602 | AO1 Gain | analog output1 gain | -1000~1000[%] | 100.0 | 0 | 9-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 03 | 0h1603 | AO1 Bias | analog output 1 bias | -100~100[%] | 0.0 | 0 | 9-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 04 | 0h1604 | AO1 Filter | analog output1 filter | 0~10000[msec] | 5 | 0 | 9-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 05 | 0h1605 | AO1 Const % | analog constant output 1 | 0~1000[%] | 0.0 | 0 | 9-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 06 | 0h1606 | AO1 Monitor | analog output 1 monitor | 0~1000[%] | 0.0 | - | 9-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 07 | 0h1607 | AO2 Mode | analog output 2 item | 0 | Frequency | 0: Frequency | 0 | 9-7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | Current | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | DC Link Volt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Torque | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Watt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Idss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Iqss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | Target Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | Ramp Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Speed Fdb | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 11 | Speed Dev | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 | PIDRef Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 13 | PIDFbk Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 14 | PID Output | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Constant | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Output Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → OUT)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 08 | 0h1608 | AO2 Gain | analog output 2 gain | -1000~1000[%] | 100.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 09 | 0h1609 | AO2 Bias | analog output 2bias | -100~100[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 10 | 0h160A | AO2 Filter | analog output 2 filter | 0~10000[msec] | 5 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 11 | 0h160B | AO2Const % | analog constant output 2 | 0~100[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 12 | 0h160C | AO2 Monitor | analog output 2 monitor | 0~1000[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 14 <small>Note25)</small> | 0h160E | AO3 Mode | analog output3 item | 0 | Frequency | 0: Frequency | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | | | | 1 | Current | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | DC Link Volt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Torque | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Watt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Idss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Iqss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | Target Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | Ramp Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Speed Fdb | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 11 | Speed Dev | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 | PID Ref Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 13 | PID Fbk Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 14 | PID Output | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 15 | Constant | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 0h160F | AO3 Gain | analog output 3 gain | -1000~1000[%] | 100.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 16 | 0h1610 | AO3 Bias | analog output 3bias | -100~100[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 17 | 0h1611 | AO3 Filter | analog output 3 filter | 0~10000[msec] | 5 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 18 | - | AO3 Const % | analog constant output 3 | 0~100[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 19 | 0h1613 | AO3 Monitor | analog output 3 monitor | -1000~1000[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-7 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 20 | 0h1614 | AO4 Mode | analog output4 item | 0 | Frequency | 0: Frequency | ○ | 9-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | | | | 1 | Current | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | DC Link Volt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Torque | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Watt | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Idss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Iqss | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | Target Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | Ramp Freq | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Speed Fdb | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 11 | Speed Dev | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 | PID Ref Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 13 | PID Fbk Value | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 14 | PID Output | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 15 | Constant | | | | | | | | |

Output Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → OUT)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 21 | 0h1615 | AO4 Gain | analog output 2 gain | -1000~1000[%] | 100.0 | - | 9-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 22 | 0h1616 | AO4 Bias | analog output 2 bias | -100~100[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 23 | 0h1617 | AO4 Filter | analog output 2 filter | 0~10000[msec] | 5 | ○ | 9-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 24 | - | AO4 Const % | analog constant output 4 | 0~100[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 25 | 0h1619 | AO4 Monitor | analog output 2 monitor | 0~1000[%] | 0.0 | ○ | 9-8 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| 30 | 0h161E | Trip Out Mode | failure output item | Bit | 000 ~ 111 | 010 | ○ | 9-10 9-16 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | | | | 1 | low voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Failure other than low voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Final failure of automatic re-start | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | 0h161F | Relay 1 | multi-function relay 1 item | 0 | NONE | 29:Trip | ○ | 9-10 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 32 | 0h1620 | Relay 2 | multi-function relay 2 item | 1 | FDT-1 | 14:Run | ○ | 9-10 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 33 | 0h1621 | Q1 Define | multi-function output 1 item | 2 | FDT-2 | 1:FDT-1 | ○ | 9-10 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 34 <small>Note 26)</small> | 0h1622 | Relay 3 | multi-function relay 3 item | 3 | FDT-3 | 2:FDT-2 | ○ | 9-10 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 35 | 0h1623 | Relay 4 | multi-function relay 4 item | 4 | FDT-4 | 3:FDT-3 | ○ | 9-10 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 36 | 0h1624 | Relay 5 | multi-function relay 5 item | 5 | Over Load | 4:FDT-4 | ○ | 9-10 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | | | | 6 | IOL | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | Under Load | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | Fan Warning | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | Stall | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Over Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 11 | Low Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 | Over Heat | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 13 | Lost Command | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 14 | Run | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 15 | Stop | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 16 | Steady | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 17 | Inverter Line | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 18 | Comm Line | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 19 | Speed Search | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 20 | Step Pulse | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 21 | Seq Pulse | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 22 | Ready | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 23 | Trv Acc | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 24 | Trv Dec | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 25 | MMC | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 26 | Zspd Dect | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 27 | Torque Dect | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 28 | Timer Out | | | | | | | | |

Note 25) OUT 14~25 codes are displayed only when the extended IO board is mounted.

Note 26) OUT 34~36 codes are displayed only when the extended IO board is mounted.

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Output Terminal Block Function Group (PAR → OUT)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | | |
| | | | | 29 | Trip | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 30 | Lost Keypad | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 31 | DB Warn %ED | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 32 | ENC Tune | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 33 | ENC Dir | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 34 | On/Off Control | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 35 | BR Control | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 | 0h1629 | DO Status | multi-function output monitoring | - | 000 | X | 9-8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 50 | 0h1632 | DO On Delay | multi-function output ON delay | 0~100[sec] | 0.00 | O | 9-13 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 51 | 0h1633 | DO Off Delay | multi-function output OFF delay | 0~100[sec] | 0.00 | O | 9-13 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 52 | 0h1634 | DO NC/NO Sel | multi-function output contact point selection | Q1,Relay2,Relay1 | | 000 | X | 9-14 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 0 | A contact point (NO) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | B contact point (NC) | | | | | | | | | |
| 53 | 0h1635 | TripOut OnDly | failure output ON delay | 0~100[sec] | 0.00 | O | 9-13 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 54 | 0h1636 | TripOut OffDly | failure output OFF delay | 0~100.00[sec] | 0.00 | O | 9-13 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 55 | 0h1637 | TimerOn Delay | timer ON delay | 0~100.00[sec] | 0.00 | O | 9-12 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 56 | 0h1638 | TimerOff Delay | timer OFF delay | 0~100.00[sec] | 100.0 | O | 9-12 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 57 | 0h1639 | FDT Frequency | detection frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 30.00 | O | 9-10 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 58 | 0h163A | FDT Band | detection frequency width | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 10.00 | O | 9-10 | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 59 | 0h163B | TD Level | detection torque amount | 0~150[%] | 100 | O | 9-12 | X | X | O | X | X | O | O |
| 60 | 0h163C | TD Band | detection torque width | 0~10[%] | 5.0 | O | 9-12 | X | X | O | X | X | O | O |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

13.1.7 Parameter mode – Communication function group (→COM)

Communication Function Group (PAR → COM)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Oper- ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 20 | O | - | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 01 | 0h1701 | Int485 St ID | built-in communication inverter ID | 0~250 | 1 | O | 11-3 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 02 | 0h1702 | Int485 Proto | built-in communication protocol | 0 | ModBus RTU | 0: ModBus RTU | O | 11-3 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | –Reserved – | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Serial Debug | | | | | | | | |
| 03 | 0h1703 | Int485 BaudR | built-in communication speed | 0 | 1200 bps | 3: 9600 bps | O | 11-3 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | 2400 bps | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | 4800 bps | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | 9600 bps | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | 19200 bps | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | 38400 bps | | | | | | | | |
| 04 | 0h1704 | Int485 Mode | built-in communication frame setting | 0 | D8/PN/S1 | 0: D8/PN/S1 | - | 11-3 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | D8/PN/S2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | D8/PE/S1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | D8/PO/S1 | | | | | | | | |
| 05 | 0h1705 | Resp Delay | Transmission delay after reception | 0~1000[ms] | 5ms | O | 11-3 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 06 <small>Note27-1)</small> | 0h1706 | FBus SW Ver | communication option SW version | - | 0.00 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 07 | 0h1707 | FBus ID | communication option inverter ID | 0~255 | 1 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 08 | 0h1708 | FBUS BaudRate | FBus communication speed | - | 12Mbps | | Option | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 09 | 0h1709 | FieldBus LED | communication option LED status | - | - | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 30 | 0h171E | ParaStatus Num | | 0~8 | 3 | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 31 | 0h171F | Para Stauts-1 | output address 1 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 000A | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 32 | 0h1720 | Para Stauts-2 | output address 2 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 000E | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 33 | 0h1721 | Para Stauts-3 | output address 3 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 000F | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 34 | 0h1722 | Para Stauts-4 | output address 4 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 35 | 0h1723 | Para Stauts-5 | output address 5 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 36 | 0h1724 | Para Stauts-6 | output address 6 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 37 | 0h1725 | Para Stauts-7 | output address 7 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 38 | 0h1726 | Para Stauts-8 | output address 8 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | O |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 27-1) COM 06~17 codes are displayed only when the communication option card is mounted.

Refer to Option manual for Option.

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

Communication Function Group (PAR → COM)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V/F | S/L | V/C | S/L/T | V/C/T | |
| 50 | 0h1732 | Para Ctrl Num | - | 0~8 | 2 | O | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 51 | 0h1733 | Para Control-1 | input address 1 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0005 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 52 | 0h1734 | Para Control-2 | input address 2 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0006 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 53 | 0h1735 | Para Control-3 | input address 3 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 54 | 0h1736 | Para Control-4 | input address 4 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 55 | 0h1737 | Para Control-5 | input address 5 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 56 | 0h1738 | Para Control-6 | input address 6 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 57 | 0h1739 | Para Control-7 | input address 7 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 58 | 0h173A | Para Control-8 | input address 8 | 0000~FFFF Hex | 0000 | X | 11-7 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 70 | 0h1746 | Virtual DI 1 | communication multi-function input 1 | 0 | None | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 71 | 0h1747 | Virtual DI 2 | communication multi-function input 2 | 1 | FX | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 72 | 0h1748 | Virtual DI 3 | communication multi-function input 3 | 2 | RX | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 73 | 0h1749 | Virtual DI 4 | communication multi-function input 4 | 3 | RST | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 74 | 0h174A | Virtual DI 5 | communication multi-function input 5 | 4 | External Trip | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 75 | 0h174B | Virtual DI 6 | communication multi-function input 6 | 5 | BX | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 76 | 0h174C | Virtual DI 7 | communication multi-function input 7 | 6 | JOG | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 77 | 0h174D | Virtual DI 8 | communication multi-function input 8 | 7 | Speed-L | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 78 | 0h174E | Virtual DI 9 | communication multi-function input 9 | 8 | Speed-M | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 79 | 0h174F | Virtual DI 10 | communication multi-function input 10 | 9 | Speed-H | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 80 | 0h1750 | Virtual DI 11 | communication multi-function input 11 | 10 | Speed-X | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 81 | 0h1751 | Virtual DI 12 | communication multi-function input 12 | 11 | XCEL-L | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 82 | 0h1752 | Virtual DI 13 | communication multi-function input 13 | 12 | XCEL-M | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 83 | 0h1753 | Virtual DI 14 | communication multi-function input 14 | 13 | RUN Enable | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 84 | 0h1754 | Virtual DI 15 | communication multi-function input 15 | 14 | 3-Wire | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 85 | 0h1755 | Virtual DI 16 | communication multi-function input 16 | 15 | 2nd Source | 0:None | O | 11-4 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 16 | Exchange | 0:None | O | - | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 17/18 | Up/Down | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 19 | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 20 | U/D Clear | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 21 | Analog Hold | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 22 | I-Term Clear | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 23 | PID Openloop | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 24 | P Gain2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 25 | XCEL Stop | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|----------------|---------------------------------------|----|---------------|---------------|---|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | 26 | 2nd Motor | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 27 | Trv Offset Lo | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 28 | Trv Offset Hi | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 29 | Interlock 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 30 | Interlock 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 31 | Interlock 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 32 | Interlock 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 33 | Reserved | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 34 | Pre Excite | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 35 | Speed/Torque | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 36 | ASR Gain 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 37 | ASR P/PI | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 38 | Timer In | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 39 | Thermal In | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 40 | Dis Aux Ref | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 41 | SEQ-1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 42 | SEQ-2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 43 | Manual | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 44 | Go Step | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 45 | Hold Step | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 46 | FWD JOG | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 47 | REV JOG | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 48 | Trq Bias | | | | | | | | | | |
| 86 | 0h1756 | Virt DI Status | Comm. Multi-function input monitoring | - | - | 0 | X | 11-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 90 | 0h175A | Comm Mon Sel | monitor type selection | 0 | Int 485 | 0: Int 485 | 0 | 11-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | Keypad | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Field Bus | | | | | | | | | | |
| 91 | 0h175B | RcvFrame Num | Number of reception frames | - | - | 0 | - | 11-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 92 | 0h175C | Err Frame Num | Number of error frames | - | - | 0 | - | 11-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 93 | 0h175D | Nak Frame Num | Number of writing error frames | - | - | 0 | - | 11-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 94 <small>note 27-2)</small> | | Comm Update | | 0 | No | 0 | - | 11-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | | | |

note27-2) COM 94 is displayed when communication option board is inserted.

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

3.1.8 Parameter mode – Applied function group (→APP)

Applied Function Group (PAR → APP)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 20 | O | - | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 01 | 0h1801 | App Mode | applied function selection | 0 | None | 0: None | X | - | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Traverse | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Proc PID | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Auto Sequence | | | | | | | | |
| 08 <small>Note 28)</small> | 0h1808 | Trv Apmlit % | traverse operating range | 0~20[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 09 | 0h1809 | Trv Scramb % | traverse scramble magnitude | 0~50[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 10 | 0h180A | Trv Acc Time | traverse accelerating time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 2.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 11 | 0h180B | Trv Dec Time | traverse decelerating time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 3.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 12 | 0h180C | Trv Offset Hi | traverse offset upper limit | 0~20.0[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 13 | 0h180D | Trv Offset lo | traverse offset lower limit | 0~20.0[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 16 <small>Note 29)</small> | 0h1810 | PID Output | PID output monitor | [%] | 0.00 | - | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 17 | 0h1811 | PID Ref Value | PID reference monitor | [%] | 50.00 | - | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 18 | 0h1812 | PID Fdb Value | PID feedback monitor | [%] | 0.00 | - | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 19 | 0h1813 | PID Ref Set | PID reference setting | -100~100[%] | 50% | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 20 | 0h1814 | PID Ref Source | PID reference selection | 0 | Keypad | 0:Keypad | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | V1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | Encoder | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | FieldBus | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | PLC | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | Synchro | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | Binary Type | | | | | | | | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 28) APP 08~13 codes are displayed only when APP-01 (App Mode) is set as "Traverse".

Note 29) APP 16~45 codes are displayed only when APP-01 (App Mode) is set as "Proc PID" or APP-01(App Mode) is set as "MMC" and Reql Bypass(APO-34) is set as "No".

Applied Function Group (PAR → APP)

| No. | Communi- cation No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Oper- ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------|---|--|------------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 21 | 0h1815 | PID F/B Source | PID Feedback selection | 0 | V1 | 0:V1 | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | I1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | V2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | I2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Int 485 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Encoder | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | FieldBus | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | PLC | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | Synchro | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Binary Type | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 0h1816 | PID P-Gain | PID proportional gain | 0~1000[%] | 50.0 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 23 | 0h1817 | PID I-Time | PID integral calculus time | 0~200.0[sec] | 10.0 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 24 | 0h1818 | PID D-Time | PID differential time | 0~1000[msec] | 0 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 25 | 0h1819 | PID F-Gain | PID Feed forward gain | 0~1000.0[%] | 0.0 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 26 | 0h181A | P Gain Scale | Proportional gain scale | 0~100.0[%] | 100.0 | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 27 | 0h181B | PID Out LPF | PID output filter | 0~10000[ms] | 0 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 29 | 0h181D | PID Limit Hi | PID upper limit frequency | PID lower limit frequency[Hz] ~300[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 30 | 0h181E | PID Limit Lo | PID lower limit frequency | -300 ~ PID upper limit frequency[Hz] | -60.00 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 31 | 0h181F | PID Out Inv | PID output reversal | 0 | No | 0:No | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 32 | 0h1820 | PID Out Scale | PID output scale | 0.1~1000[%] | 100.0 | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 34 | 0h1822 | Pre-PID Freq | PID control period movement frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 0.00 | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 35 | 0h1823 | Pre-PID Exit | PID control period movement level | 0~100[%] | 0.0 | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 36 | 0h1824 | Pre-PID Delay | PID control period movement delay time | 0~9999[sec] | 600 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 37 | 0h1825 | PID Sleep DT | PID sleep mode delay time | 0~999.9[sec] | 60.0 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 38 | 0h1826 | PID Sleep Freq | PID Sleep mode frequency | 0~maximum frequency[Hz] | 0.00 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 39 | 0h1827 | PID WakeUp Lev | PID Wake up level | 0~100[%] | 35 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 40 | 0h1828 | PID WakeUp Mod | PID Wake up mode setting | 0 | Below Level | 0:Below Level | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Above Level | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Beyond Level | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | 0h182A | PID Unit Sel | PID control period unit selection | 0 | % | 0:% | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Bar | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | mBar | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Pa | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | KPa | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | Hz | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 6 | rpm | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | V | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8 | I | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | kW | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

| No. | Commu- nication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Oper- ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| | | | | 10 HP | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 11 °C | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 12 °F | | | | | | | | | |
| 43 | 0h182B | PID Unit Gain | PID unit gain | 0~300[%] | 100.00 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 44 | 0h182C | PID Unit Scale | PID unit scale | 0 X 0.01 | 2:x 1 | O | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| | | | | 1 X 0.1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 X 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 X 0.1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 X 0.01 | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 0h182D | PID P2-Gain | PID 2 nd proportional gain | 0~1000[%] | 100.0 | X | 8-12 | O | O | O | X | X | |

^{Note 29)} APP 16~45 codes are displayed only when APP-01 (App Mode) is set as "Proc PID" or APP-01(App Mode) is set as "MMC" and Reql Bypass(APO-34) is set as "No".

13.1.9 Parameter mode – Auto sequence operation group (→AUT)

Auto sequence operation Group (PAR → AUT)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 10 | O | - | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 01 | 0h1901 | Auto Mode | auto operation type | 0 | Auto-A | 0:Auto-A | X | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Auto-B | | | | | | | | |
| ⁰² Note30) | 0h1902 | Auto Check | Auto operation terminal delay time | 0.02~2.00[sec] | 0.10 | X | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 03 | 0h1903 | Seq Select | sequence type selection | 1~2 | 1 | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| ⁰⁴ Note31) | 0h1904 | Step Number 1 | Number of sequence 1 steps | 1~8 | 2 | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| ⁰⁵ Note32) | 0h1905 | Step Number 2 | Number of sequence 2 steps | 1~8 | 2 | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| ¹⁰ Note33) | 0h190A | Seq 1/1 Freq | 1/1 step frequency | 0.01 ~maximum frequency[Hz] | 11.00 | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 11 | 0h190B | Seq 1/1 XcelT | 1/1 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 12 | 0h190C | Seq 1/1 SteadT | 1/1 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 13 | 0h190D | Seq 1/1 Dir | 1/1 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 0h190E | Seq 1/2 Freq | 1/2 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 21.00 | O | 8-50 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 15 | 0h190F | Seq 1/2 XcelT | 1/2 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 16 | 0h1910 | Seq 1/2 SteadT | 1/2 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 17 | 0h1911 | Seq 1/2 Dir | 1/2 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 0h190E | Seq 1/3 Freq | 1/3 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 31.00 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 19 | 0h190F | Seq 1/3 XcelT | 1/3 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 20 | 0h1910 | Seq 1/3 SteadT | 1/3 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 21 | 0h1915 | Seq 1/3 Dir | 1/3 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | 0h1906 | Seq 1/4 Freq | 1/4 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 41.00 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 23 | 0h1907 | Seq 1/4 XcelT | 1/4 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 24 | 0h1918 | Seq 1/4 SteadT | 1/4 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 25 | 0h1919 | Seq 1/4 Dir | 1/4 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | 0h191A | Seq 1/5 Freq | 1/5 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 51.00 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 27 | 0h191B | Seq 1/5 XcelT | 1/5 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 28 | 0h191C | Seq 1/5 SteadT | 1/5 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 29 | 0h191D | Seq 1/5 Dir | 1/5 operation direction | 1 | Forward | 1:Forward | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Auto-B | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 0h191E | Seq 1/6 Freq | 1/6 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 31 | 0h191F | Seq 1/6 XcelT | 1/6 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-51 | O | O | O | X | X | |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

| No. | Commu nication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Oper ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 32 | 0h1920 | Seq 1/6 SteadT | 1/6 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 33 | 0h1921 | Seq 1/6 Dir | 1/6 operation direction | 1 | Forward | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Auto-B | | | | | | | | |
| 34 | 0h1922 | Seq 1/7 Freq | 1/7 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 51.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 35 | 0h1923 | Seq 1/7 XcelT | 1/7 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 36 | 0h1924 | Seq 1/7 SteadT | 1/7 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 37 | 0h1925 | Seq 1/7 Dir | 1/7 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| 38 | 0h1926 | Seq 1/8 Freq | 1/8 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 21.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 39 | 0h1927 | Seq 1/8 XcelT | 1/8 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 40 | 0h1928 | Seq 1/8 SteadT | 1/8 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 41 | 0h1929 | Seq 1/8 Dir | 1/8 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| ⁴³ Note34) | 0h192B | Seq 2/1 Freq | 2/1 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 12.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 44 | 0h192C | Seq 2/1 XcelT | 2/1 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 45 | 0h192D | Seq 2/1 SteadT | 2/1 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 46 | 0h192E | Seq 2/1 Dir | 2/1 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| 47 | 0h192F | Seq 2/2 Freq | 2/2 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 22.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 48 | 0h1930 | Seq 2/2 XcelT | 2/2 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 49 | 0h1931 | Seq 2/2 SteadT | 2/2 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 50 | 0h1932 | Seq 2/2 Dir | 2/2 operation direction | 0 | Reverse | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Forward | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | 0h1933 | Seq 2/3 Freq | 2/3 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 32.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 52 | 0h1934 | Seq 2/3 XcelT | 2/3 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 53 | 0h1935 | Seq 2/3 SteadT | 2/3 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 54 | 0h1936 | Seq 2/3 Dir | 2/3 operation direction | 1 | Forward | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Auto-B | | | | | | | | |
| 52 | 0h1937 | Seq 2/4 Freq | 2/4 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 42.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 56 | 0h1938 | Seq 2/4 XcelT | 2/4 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 57 | 0h1939 | Seq 2/4 SteadT | 2/4 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 58 | 0h193A | Seq 2/4 Dir | 2/4 operation direction | 1 | Forward | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Auto-B | | | | | | | | |
| 59 | 0h193B | Seq 2/5 Freq | 2/5 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 52.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 60 | 0h193C | Seq 2/5 XcelT | 2/5 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 61 | 0h193D | Seq 2/5 SteadT | 2/5 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |

| No. | Commu nication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | | Initial Value | Shift in Oper ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------------------|------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 62 | 0h193E | Seq 2/5 Dir | 2/5 operation direction | 0 Reverse 1 Forward | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 63 | 0h193F | Seq 2/6 Freq | 2/6 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 60.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 64 | 0h1940 | Seq 2/6 XcelT | 2/6 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 65 | 0h1941 | Seq 2/6 SteadT | 2/6 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 66 | 0h1942 | Seq 2/6 Dir | 2/6 operation direction | 0 Reverse 1 Forward | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 67 | 0h1943 | Seq 2/7 Freq | 2/7 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 52.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 68 | 0h1944 | Seq 2/7 XcelT | 2/7 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 69 | 0h1945 | Seq 2/7 SteadT | 2/7 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 70 | 0h1946 | Seq 2/7 Dir | 2/8 operation direction | 0 Reverse 1 Forward | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 71 | 0h1947 | Seq 2/8 Freq | 2/8 step frequency | 0.01~maximum frequency[Hz] | 22.00 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 72 | 0h1948 | Seq 2/8 XcelT | 2/8 Acc/Dec time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 73 | 0h1949 | Seq 2/8 SteadT | 2/8 steady speed operation time | 0.1~600.0[sec] | 5.0 | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |
| 74 | 0h194A | Seq 2/8 Dir | 2/8 operation direction | 0 Reverse 1 Forward | 1:Forward | ○ | 8-51 | ○ | ○ | ○ | X | X | |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 30) AUT group is displayed only when APP-0 1(App Mode) is set as "Auto Sequence".

Note 31) AUT-04 codes are displayed only when AUT-03 (Seq Select) is set as "1".

Note 32) AUT-05 codes are displayed only when AUT-03 (Seq Select) is set as "2".

Note 33) AUT-10~41 codes are displayed only when AUT-03 (Seq Select) is set as "1".

Note 34) AUT-43~74 codes are displayed only when AUT-03 (Seq Select) is set as "2".

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

13.1.10 Parameter mode – Option card function group (→APO)

Option Card Function Group (PAR → APO)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|------------------|---------------|--------------------|------------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 20 | O | | O | O | O | O | O |
| 01 <small>Note35)</small> | 0h1A01 | Enc Opt Mode | encoder function item | 0 None | 0:None | O | 8-17 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 Feed-Back | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 Reference | | | | | | | | |
| 04 | 0h1A04 | Enc Type Sel | encoder type selection | 0 Line Driver | 0:Line Driver | X | 8-19 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 Totem or Com | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 Open Collector | | | | | | | | |
| 05 | 0h1A05 | Enc Pulse Sel | encoder pulse direction | 0 (A+B) | 0: (A+B) | X | 8-19 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 -(A+B) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 A | | | | | | | | |
| 06 | 0h1A06 | Enc Pulse Num | Number of encoder pulses | 10~4096 | 1024 | X | 8-19 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 08 | 0h1A08 | Enc Monitor | Feed Back monitor | - | - | O | 8-19 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 09 | 0h1A09 | Pulse Monitor | Reference monitor | - | - | O | 7-7 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 10 | 0h1A0A | Enc Filter | encoder input filter | 0~10000[msec] | 3 | O | 7-7 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 11 | 0h1A0B | Enc Pulse x1 | Enc input minimum pulse | 0~100[kHz] | 0.0 | O | 7-7 | O | X | O | X | O |
| 12 | 0h1A0C | Enc Perc y1 | output% at Enc minimum pulse | 0~100[%] | 0.00 | O | 7-7 | O | X | O | X | O |
| 13 | 0h1A0D | Enc Pulse x2 | Enc input maximum pulse | 0~200[kHz] | 100 | O | 7-7 | O | X | O | X | O |
| 14 | 0h1A0E | Enc Perc y2 | Enc maximum pulse [^] output% | 0~100[%] | 100 | O | 7-7 | O | X | O | X | O |
| 20 <small>Note36)</small> | 0h1A14 | Aux Motor Run | display of number of auxiliary motor movement | 0~4 | 0 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 21 | 0h1A15 | Starting Aux | starting auxiliary motor selection | 1~4 | 1 | X | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 22 | 0h1A16 | AutoOp Time | auto change operation time | X:XX[Min] | 0:00 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 23 | 0h1A17 | Start Freq 1 | 1st auxiliary motor starting frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 49.99 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 24 | 0h1A18 | Start Freq 2 | 2nd auxiliary motor starting frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 49.99 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 25 | 0h1A19 | Start Freq 3 | 3rd auxiliary motor starting frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 49.99 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 26 | 0h1A1A | Start Freq 4 | 4th auxiliary motor starting frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 49.99 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 27 | 0h1A1B | Stop Freq 1 | 1st auxiliary motor stop frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 15.00 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 28 | 0h1A1C | Stop Freq 2 | 2nd auxiliary motor stop frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 15.00 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 29 | 0h1A1D | Stop Freq 3 | 3rd auxiliary motor stop frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 15.00 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |
| 30 | 0h1A1E | Stop Freq 4 | 4th auxiliary motor stop frequency | 0~60[Hz] | 15.00 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X |

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 31 | 0h1A1F | Aux Start DT | auxiliary motor starting delay time | 0~3600.0[sec] | 60.0 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 32 | 0h1A20 | Aux Stop DT | auxiliary motor stop delay time | 0~3600.0[sec] | 60.0 | O | 8-55 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 33 | 0h1A21 | Num of Aux | auxiliary motor number selection | 0~4 | 4 | X | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 34 | 0h1A22 | Regul Bypass | bypass selection | 0 | No | 0:No | X | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 0h1A23 | Auto Ch Mode | auto change mode selection | 0 | None | 1: Aux | X | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Aux | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Main | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 0h1A24 | Auto Ch Time | auto change time | 0~99:00[min] | 72:00 | O | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 38 | 0h1A26 | Interlock | interlock selection | 0 | No | 0:No | O | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | 0h1A27 | Interlock DT | interlock movement delay time | 0.1~360.0 [sec] | 5.0 | O | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 40 | 0h1A28 | Actual Pr Diff | auxiliary motor movement pressure difference | 0~100[%] | 2 | O | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 41 | 0h1A29 | Aux Acc Time | main motor accelerating time when number of pumps decreases | 0~600.0[sec] | 2.0 | O | 8-61 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 42 | 0h1A2A | Aux Dec Time | main motor decelerating time when number of pumps increases | 0~600.0[sec] | 2.0 | O | 8-57 | O | O | O | X | X | |
| 58 Note37) | 0h1A3A | PLC LED Status | PLC option LED status | - | - | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 59 | 0h1A3B | PLC S/W Ver | PLC option card S/W version | - | 1.X | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 60 | 0h1A3C | PLC Wr Data 1 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 61 | 0h1A3D | PLC Wr Data 2 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 62 | 0h1A3E | PLC Wr Data 3 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 63 | 0h1A3F | PLC Wr Data 4 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 64 | 0h1A40 | PLC Wr Data 5 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 65 | 0h1A41 | PLC Wr Data 6 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 66 | 0h1A42 | PLC Wr Data 7 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 67 | 0h1A43 | PLC Wr Data 8 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 76 | 0h1A4C | PLC Rd Data 1 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 77 | 0h1A4D | PLC Rd Data 2 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 78 | 0h1A4E | PLC Rd Data 3 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 79 | 0h1A4F | PLC Rd Data 4 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | O | Option | O | O | O | O | O | |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

| No. | Commu nication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Oper ation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|---------------------|------|---------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 80 | 0h1A50 | PLC Rd Data 5 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | ○ | Option | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 81 | 0h1A51 | PLC Rd Data 6 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | ○ | Option | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 82 | 0h1A52 | PLC Rd Data 7 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | ○ | Option | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 83 | 0h1A53 | PLC Rd Data 8 | - | 0~FFFF[Hex] | 0000 | ○ | Option | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |

* The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 35) APO-01~14 codes are displayed only when the encoder board is mounted.

Note 36) APO-20~42 codes are displayed only when APP-01 (App Mode) is set as "MMC".

Note 37) APO-58~83 codes are displayed only when PLC option board is mounted.

13.1.11 Parameter mode – Protective function group (→PRT)

Protective Function Group (PAR → PRT)

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|---|-------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 40 | O | | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 04 | 0h1B04 | Load Duty | Load amount setting | 0 | Normal Duty | 1:Heavy Duty | X | 10-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Heavy Duty | | | | | | | | |
| 05 | 0h1B05 | Phase Loss Chk | input/output phase open protection | Bit | 00~11 | 00 | X | 10-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Output phase open | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Input phase open | | | | | | | | |
| 06 | 0h1B06 | IPO V Band | input phase open voltage band | 1~100[V] | 40 | X | 10-6 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 07 | 0h1B07 | Trip Dec Time | decelerating time in case of failure | 0~600[sec] | 3.0 | O | 10-9 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 08 | 0h1B08 | RST Restart | starting selection in case of failure reset | 0 | No | 0:No | O | 8-37 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 09 | 0h1B09 | Retry Number | Number of auto restarts | 0~10 | 0 | O | 8-37 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 10 <small>Note38)</small> | 0h1B0A | Retry Delay | Auto restart delay time | 0~60.0[sec] | 1.0 | O | 8-37 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 11 | 0h1B0B | Lost KPD Mode | movement in case of Keypad command loss | 0 | None | 0:None | O | 10-8 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Warning | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Free-Run | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Dec | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 0h1B0C | Lost Cmd Mode | movement in case of speed command loss | 0 | None | 0:None | O | 10-9 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Free-Run | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Dec | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Hold Input | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | Hold Output | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Lost Preset | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 <small>Note39)</small> | 0h1B0D | Lost Cmd Time | Speed command loss judgment time | 0.1~120[sec] | 1.0 | O | 10-9 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 14 | 0h1B0E | Lost Preset F | operation frequency in case of speed command loss | starting frequency ~maximum frequency[Hz] | 0.00 | O | 10-9 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 15 | 0h1B0F | AI Lost Level | Analog input loss judgment level | 0 | Half of x1 | 0:Half of x1 | O | 10-9 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Below x1 | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | 0h1B11 | OL Warn Select | overload alarm selection | 0 | No | 0:No | O | 10-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Yes | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 0h1B12 | OL Warn Level | overload alarm level | 30~180[%] | 150 | O | 10-2 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 19 | 0h1B13 | OL Warn Time | overload alarm time | 0~30.0[sec] | 10.0 | O | 10-2 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 20 | 0h1B14 | OL Trip Select | movement in case of overload failure | 0 | None | 1:Free-Run | O | 10-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | Free-Run | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Dec | | | | | | | | |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|---|---------------|--------------------|-------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 21 | 0h1B15 | OL Trip Level | Overload trip level | 30~200[%] | 180 | O | 10-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 22 | 0h1B16 | OL Trip Time | overload failure time | 0~60[sec] | 60.0 | O | 10-2 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 25 | 0h1B19 | UL Warn Sel | light load alarm selection | 0 No 1 Yes | 0:No | O | 10-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 26 | 0h1B1A | UL Warn Time | light load alarm time | 0~600.0[sec] | 10.0 | O | 10-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 27 | 0h1B1B | UL Trip Sel | light load failure selection | 0 None 1 Free-Run 2 Dec | 0:None | O | 10-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 28 | 0h1B1C | UL Trip Time | light load failure time | 0~600[sec] | 30.0 | O | 10-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 29 | 0h1B1D | UL LF Level | light load lower limit level | 10~30[%] | 30 | O | 10-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 30 | 0h1B1E | UL BF Level | light load upper limit level | 10~100[%] | 30 | O | 10-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 31 | 0h1B1F | No Motor Trip | movement in case of no motor detection | 0 None 1 Free-Run | 0: None | O | 10-16 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 32 <small>Note40)</small> | 0h1B20 | No Motor Level | no motor detection current level | 1~100[%] | 5 | O | 10-16 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 33 | 0h1B21 | No Motor Time | no motor detection delay | 0.1~10.0[sec] | 3.0 | O | 10-16 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 34 | 0h1B22 | Thermal-T Sel | movement selection after motor overheat detection sensor detection | 0 None 1 Free-Run 2 Dec | 0:None | O | 10-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 35 | 0h1B23 | Thermal In Src | motor overheat detection sensor input selection | 0 None 1 V1 2 I1 3 V2 4 I2 | 0:None | X | 10-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 36 | 0h1B24 | Thermal-T Lev | motor overheat detection sensor failure level | 0~100[%] | 50.0 | O | 10-6 | | | | | |
| 37 | 0h1B25 | Thermal-T Area | motor overheat detection sensor failure area | 0 Low 1 High | 0:Low | O | 10-6 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 40 | 0h1B28 | ETH Trip Sel | electric thermal failure selection | 0 None 1 Free-Run 2 Dec | 0:None | O | 10-1 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 41 | 0h1B29 | Motor Cooling | motor cooling fan type | 0 Self-cool 1 Forced-cool | 0:Self-cool | O | 10-1 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 42 | 0h1B2A | ETH 1min | electric thermal 1 minute rating | 120~200[%] | 150 | O | 10-1 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 43 | 0h1B2B | ETH Cont | electric thermal consecutive rating | 50~200[%] | 120 | O | 10-1 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 50 | 0h1B32 | Stall Prevent | stall preventing movement | Bit 0000~1111 1 Accelerating 2 Steady speed 3 Decelerating | 0000 | X | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |

| No. | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|---|---|---------------|--------------------|-------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T |
| 51 | 0h1B33 | Stall Freq 1 | stall frequency 1 | starting frequency ~stall frequency 1[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 10-3 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 52 | 0h1B34 | Stall Level 1 | stall level 1 | 30~250[%] | 180 | X | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |
| 53 | 0h1B35 | Stall Freq 2 | stall frequency 2 | stall frequency 1 ~stall frequency 2[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |
| 54 | 0h1B36 | Stall Level 2 | stall level 2 | 30~250[%] | 180 | X | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |
| 55 | 0h1B37 | Stall Freq 3 | stall frequency 3 | stall frequency 2 ~stall frequency 4[Hz] | 60.00 | O | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |
| 56 | 0h1B38 | Stall Level 3 | stall level 3 | 30~250[%] | 180 | X | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |
| 57 | 0h1B39 | Stall Freq 4 | stall frequency 4 | stall frequency 3 ~maximum frequency [Hz] | 60.00 | O | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |
| 58 | 0h1B3A | Stall Level 4 | stall level 4 | 30~250[%] | 180 | X | 10-3 | O | O | X | O | X |
| 66 | 0h1B42 | DB Warn %ED | DB resistance warning level | 0~30[%] | 0 | O | 10-10 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 70 | 0h1B46 | Over SPD Freq | overspeed judgment frequency | 20~130[%] | 120.0 | O | 10-12 | X | X | O | X | O |
| 72 | 0h1B48 | Over SPD Time | overspeed judgment time | 0.01~10.00[sec] | 0.01 | O | 10-12 | X | X | O | X | O |
| 73 | 0h1B49 | Speed Dev Trip | speed error failure | 0 No 1 Yes | 0:No | O | 10-12 | X | X | O | X | X |
| 74 | 0h1B4A | Speed Dev Band | speed error width | 2~maximum frequency[Hz] | 20.00 | O | 10-12 | X | X | O | X | X |
| 75 | 0h1B4B | Speed Dev Time | speed error judgment time | 0.1~1000.0[sec] | 1.0 | O | 10-12 | X | X | O | X | X |
| 77 | 0h1B4D | Enc Wire Check | Encoder option connection check | 0 No 1 Yes | 0:No | O | 10-12 | X | X | O | X | O |
| 78 | 0h1B4E | Enc Check Time | Encoder connection check time | 0.1~1000.0[sec] | 1.0 | O | 10-12 | X | X | O | X | O |
| 79 | 0h1B4F | FAN Trip Mode | cooling fan failure selection | 0 Trip 1 Warning | 0:Trip | O | 10-12 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 80 | 0h1B50 | Opt Trip Mode | movement selection in case of option trip | 0 None 1 Free-Run 2 Dec | 1:Free-Run | O | 10-13 | O | O | O | O | O |
| 81 | 0h1B51 | LVT Delay | low voltage failure judgment delay time | 0~60.0[sec] | 0.0 | X | 10-13 | O | O | O | O | O |

*  The grey code refers to hidden code, emerging only in case of setting of the code.

Note 38) PRT-10 codes are displayed only when PRT-09(Retry Number) is set above "0".

Note 39) PRT-13~15 codes are displayed only when PRT-12(Lost Cmd Mode) is not "NONE".

Note 40) PRT-32~33 codes are displayed only when PRT-31(No Motor Trip) is set as "Free-Run".

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

3.1.12 Parameter mode – 2nd motor function Group (→M2)

2nd motor function Group (PAR → M2)

| No | Communication No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Shift in Operation | Page | Control Mode | | | | | |
|----|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | | | | | | V / F | S L | V C | S L T | V C T | |
| 00 | - | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 14 | O | - | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 04 | 0h1C04 | M2-Acc Time | accelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW: 20.0 Above 90kW: 60.0 | O | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 05 | 0h1C05 | M2-Dec Time | decelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW: 30.0 Above 90kW: 90.0 | O | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 06 | 0h1C06 | M2-Capacity | motor capacity | 0~ 0.2kW 21 185kW | - | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 07 | 0h1C07 | M2-Base Freq | base frequency | 30~400[Hz] | 60.00 | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 08 | 0h1C08 | M2-Ctrl Mode | control mode | 0 | V/F | 0:V/F | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X |
| | | | | 1 | V/F PG | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | Slip Compen | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | Sensorless-1 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Sensorless-2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 0h1C0A | M2-Pole Num | motor pole | 2~48 | Depends on motor capacity | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 11 | 0h1C0B | M2-Rated Slip | rated sleep speed | 0~3000[rpm] | | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 12 | 0h1C0C | M2-Rated Curr | motor rated current | 1~200[A] | | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 13 | 0h1C0D | M2-No-load Curr | motor no load current | 0.5~200[A] | | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 14 | 0h1C0E | M2-Rated Volt | motor rated voltage | 180~220[V] | | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 15 | 0h1C0F | M2-Efficiency | motor efficiency | 70~100[%] | | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 16 | 0h1C10 | M2-Inertia Rt | load inertia ratio | 0~8 | | X | 8-40 | | | | | | |
| 17 | - | M2-Rs | stator resistance | 0~9.999[Ω] | | X | 8-40 | | | | | | |
| 18 | - | M2-Lsigma | leak inductance | 0~99.99[mH] | | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 19 | - | M2-Ls | stator inductance | 0~999.9[mH] | | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 20 | - | M2-Tr | rotor time constant | 25~5000[msec] | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X | | |
| 25 | 0h1C19 | M2-V/F Patt | V/F pattern | 0 | Linear | 0:Linear | X | 8-40 | O | O | X | O | X |
| | | | | 1 | Square | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | User V/F | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | 0h1C1A | M2-Fwd Boost | forward torque boost | 0~15[%] | Below 75kW: 2.0 | X | 8-41 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 27 | 0h1C1B | M2-Rev Boost | reverse torque boost | 0~15[%] | Above 90kW: 1.0 | X | 8-41 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 28 | 0h1C1C | M2-Stall Lev | stall preventing level | 30~150[%] | 150 | X | 8-41 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 29 | 0h1C1D | M2-ETH 1min | electric thermal 1 minute rating | 100~200[%] | 150 | X | 8-41 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 30 | 0h1C1E | M2-ETH Cont | electric thermal consecutive rated | 50~150[%] | 100 | X | 8-41 | O | O | X | O | X | |
| 40 | 0h1C28 | M2-LoadSpdGain | revolution display gain | 0.1~6000.0% | 100.0 | O | 8-41 | O | O | O | O | O | |
| 41 | 0h1C29 | M2-LoadSpdScal | revolution scale display | 0 | x 1 | 0:x 1 | O | 8-41 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | x 0.1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 | x 0.01 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 3 | x 0.001 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | x 0.0001 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | 0h1C2A | M2-LoadSpdUnit | revolution display unit | 0 | rpm | 0:rpm | O | 8-41 | O | O | O | O | O |
| | | | | 1 | mpm | | | | | | | | |

13.1.13 Trip mode (TRP current (or Last-x))

Trip Mode (TRP Last-x)

| No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Page | |
|-----|------------------|--|---------------|---------------|------|-----|
| 00 | Trip Name (x) | failure type display | - | - | 9-4 | |
| 01 | Output Freq | operation frequency in case of failure | - | - | 9-4 | |
| 02 | Output Current | output current in case of failure | - | - | 9-4 | |
| 03 | Inverter State | Acc/Dec status in case of failure | - | - | 9-4 | |
| 04 | DCLink Voltage | DC voltage | - | - | 9-4 | |
| 05 | Temperature | NTC temperature | - | - | 9-4 | |
| 06 | DI State | status of Input terminals | - | 0000 0000 | 9-4 | |
| 07 | DO State | status of output terminals | - | 000 | 9-4 | |
| 08 | Trip On Time | failure time since power on | - | 0/00/00 00:00 | 9-4 | |
| 09 | Trip Run Time | failure time since start to run | - | 0/00/00 00:00 | 9-4 | |
| 10 | Trip Delete | deletion of failure history | 0 | No | 0:No | 9-4 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |

13.1.14 Config Mode (CNF)

Config Mode (CNF)

| No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Page | |
|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|------|
| 00 | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 1 | - | |
| 01 | Language Sel | keypad language selection | 0. | English | 0. English | 9-15 |
| | | | 1. | Russian | | |
| | | | 2. | Spanish | | |
| | | | 3. | Italian | | |
| 4. | Turkish | | | | | |
| 02 | LCD Contrast | LCD brightness adjustment | - | - | 8-48 | |
| 10 | Inv S/W Ver | body S/W version | - | 1.XX | 8-48 | |
| 11 | KeypadS/W Ver | keypad S/W version | - | 1.XX | 8-48 | |
| 12 | KPD Title Ver | keypad S/W version | - | 1.XX | 8-48 | |
| 20 <small>Note35)</small> | Anytime Para | status display item | 0 | Frequency | 0: Frequency | 9-3 |
| 21 | Monitor Line-1 | monitor mode display item1 | 1 | Speed | 0: Frequency | 9-1 |
| 22 | Monitor Line-2 | monitor mode display item2 | 2 | Output Current | 2:Output Current | 9-1 |
| 23 | Monitor Line-3 | Monitor mode display item3 | 3 | Output Voltage | 3:Output Voltage | 9-1 |
| | | | 4 | Output Power | | |

RFI FILTERS

THE LS RANGE OF POWER LINE FILTERS **FF (Footprint) - FE (Standard)** SERIES, HAVE BEEN SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED WITH HIGH FREQUENCY **LG INVERTERS**. THE USE OF LS FILTERS, WITH THE INSTALLATION ADVICE OVERLEAF HELP TO ENSURE TROUBLE FREE USE ALONG SIDE SENSITIVE DEVICES AND COMPLIANCE TO CONDUCTED EMISSION AND IMMUNITY STANDARDS TO EN 50081.

CAUTION

IN CASE OF A LEAKAGE CURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES IS USED ON POWER SUPPLY, IT MAY BE FAULT AT POWER-ON OR OFF.
IN AVOID THIS CASE, THE SENSE CURRENT OF PROTECTIVE DEVICE SHOULD BE LARGER THAN VALUE OF LAKAGE CURRENT AT WORST CASE IN THE BELOW TABLE.

RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

To conform to the **EMC** directive, it is necessary that these instructions be followed as closely as possible. Follow the usual safety procedures when working with electrical equipment. All electrical connections to the filter, inverter and motor must be made by a qualified electrical technician.

- 1-) Check the filter rating label to ensure that the current, voltage rating and part number are correct.
- 2-) For best results the filter should be fitted as closely as possible to the incoming mains supply of the wiring enclosure, usually directly after the enclosures circuit breaker or supply switch.
- 3-) The back panel of the wiring cabinet of board should be prepared for the mounting dimensions of the filter. Care should be taken to remove any paint etc... from the mounting holes and face area of the panel to ensure the best possible earthing of the filter.
- 4-) Mount the filter securely.
- 5-) Connect the mains supply to the filter terminals marked **LINE**, connect any earth cables to the earth stud provided. Connect the filter terminals marked **LOAD** to the mains input of the inverter using short lengths of appropriate gauge cable.
- 6-) Connect the motor and fit the ferrite core (output chokes) as close to the inverter as possible. Armoured or screened cable should be used with the 3 phase conductors only threaded twice through the center of the ferrite core. The earth conductor should be securely earthed at both inverter and motor ends. The screen should be connected to the enclosure body via and earthed cable gland.
- 7-) Connect any control cables as instructed in the inverter instructions manual.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ALL LEAD LENGHTS ARE KEPT AS SHORT AS POSSIBLE AND THAT INCOMING MAINS AND OUTGOING MOTOR CABLES ARE KEPT WELL SEPARATED.

FE SERIES (Standard)



TECHNICAL STANDARDS APPLIED

The standards applied in order to comply with the essential requirements of the Directives 2006/95/CE "Electrical material intended to be used with certain limits of voltage" and 2004/108/CE "Electromagnetic Compatibility" are the following ones:

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| • EN 50178 (1997) | “Electronic equipment for use in power installations”. |
| • EN 61800-3 (2004) | “Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Part 3: EMC product standard including specific methods” |
| • EN 55011/A2 (2003) | “Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment. Radio disturbances characteristics. Limits and methods of measurement” |
| • EN61000-4-2/A2 (2001) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 2: Electrostatic discharge immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-3/A2 (2004) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 3: Radiated, radiofrequency, electromagnetic field immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-4/A2 (2002) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 4: Electrical fast transients / burst immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-5/A1 (2001) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 5: Surge immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-6/A1 (2001) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 6: Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields. |
| • CEI/TR 61000-2-1 (1990) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 2: Environment. Environment description for low-frequency conducted disturbances and signalling in public low voltages supply systems” |
| • EN 61000-2-2 (2003) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 2: Environment. Compatibility level for low-frequency conducted disturbances and signalling in public low voltages supply systems” |
| • EN 61000-2-4 (1997) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 2: Environment. Compatibility level in industrial plants for low-frequency conducted disturbances” |
| • EN60146-1-1/A1 (1998) | “Semiconductor convertors. General requirements and line commutated convertors. Part 1-1: Specifications of basic requirements” |

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We, the undersigned,

Representative: **LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.**
Address: **LS Tower, Hogue-dong, Dongan-gu,
Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do 1026-6,
Korea**

Manufacturer: **LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.**
Address: **181, Samsung-ri, Mokchon-Eup,
Chonan, Chungnam, 330-845,
Korea**

Certify and declare under our sole responsibility that the following apparatus:

Type of Equipment: **Inverter (Power Conversion Equipment)**

Model Name: **STARVERT-iS7 series**

Trade Mark: **LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.**

conforms with the essential requirements of the directives:

2006/95/EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonisation of the laws of Member States relating to Electrical Equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits

2004/108/EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility

based on the following specifications applied:

**EN 61800-3:2004
EN 50178:1997**

and therefore complies with the essential requirements and provisions of the 2006/95/CE and 2004/108/CE Directives.

Place: **Chonan, Chungnam,
Korea**

 06/02/2009

(Signature /Date)

Mr. Dok Ko Yong Chul/Factory Manager
(Full name / Position)

| iS7 series / Standard Filters | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------|------------|-----|-----|----------|-----|---------|-------|------|---------------|
| INVERTER | POWER | CODE | CURRENT | VOLTAGE | LEAKAGE CURRENT | | DIMENSIONS | | | MOUNTING | | WEIGHT | MOUNT | FIG. | OUTPUT CHOKES |
| THREE PHASE | | | | | NOM. MAX. | | L | W | H | Y | X | | | | |
| SV0300iS7-4 | 30kW | FE-T070-(x) | 70A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 350 | 180 | 90 | 338 | 146 | 7.5 Kg | -- | A | FS-3 |
| SV0370iS7-4 | 37kW | FE-T100-(x) | 100A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 425 | 200 | 130 | 408 | 166 | 13.8 Kg | -- | A | FS-3 |
| SV0450iS7-4 | 45kW | FE-T120-(x) | 120A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 425 | 200 | 130 | 408 | 166 | 13.8 Kg | -- | A | FS-3 |
| SV0550iS7-4 | 55kW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV0750iS7-4 | 75kW | FE-T170-(x) | 170A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 480 | 200 | 160 | 468 | 166 | 16 Kg | -- | A | FS-3 |
| SV0900iS7-4 | 90kW | FE-T230-(x) | 230A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 580 | 250 | 205 | 560 | 170 | 23.5 Kg | -- | A | FS-4 |
| SV1100iS7-4 | 110kW | FE-T400-(x) | 400A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 392 | 260 | 116 | 240 | 235 | 10.3 Kg | -- | B | FS-4 |
| SV1320iS7-4 | 132kW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV1600iS7-4 | 160kW | FE-T600-(x) | 600A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 392 | 260 | 116 | 240 | 235 | 10.3 Kg | -- | B | FS-4 |

(x) (1) Industrial environment EN50081-2 (A class)
(2) Domestic and industrial environment EN50081-1 (B class)

FE SERIES (Standard)

FIG.A



FIG.B



Vector Motor Control Ibérica S.L.
C/ Mar del Carib, 10
Pol. Ind. La Torre del Rector
08130 Santa Perpètua de Mogoda
(BARCELONA) ESPAÑA
Tel. (+34) 935 748 206
Fax (+34) 935 748 248
info@vmc.es
www.vmc.es



FS SERIES (output chokes)

| CODE | D | W | H | X | Ø |
|------|----|-----|-----|----------|---|
| FS-3 | 48 | 150 | 110 | 125 x 30 | 5 |
| FS-4 | 58 | 200 | 170 | 180 x 45 | 5 |

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

| | | | | | |
|----|----------------|-----------------------------|----|----------------|------------|
| | | | | | |
| | | | 5 | WHour Counter | |
| | | | 6 | DCLink Voltage | |
| | | | 7 | DI State | |
| | | | 8 | DO State | |
| | | | 9 | V1 Monitor[V] | |
| | | | 10 | V1 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 11 | I1 Monitor[mA] | |
| | | | 12 | I1 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 13 | V2 Monitor[V] | |
| | | | 14 | V2 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 15 | I2 Monitor[mA] | |
| | | | 16 | I2 Monitor[%] | |
| | | | 17 | PID Output | |
| | | | 18 | PID ref Value | |
| | | | 19 | PID Fdb Value | |
| | | | 20 | Torque | |
| | | | 21 | Torque Limit | |
| | | | 22 | Trq Bias Ref | |
| | | | 23 | Speed Limit | |
| | | | 24 | Load Speed | |
| 24 | Mon Mode Init | monitor mode initialization | 0 | No | 0:No |
| | | | 1 | Yes | |
| 30 | Option-1 Type | option slot 1 type display | 0 | None | 0:None |
| 31 | Option-2 Type | option slot 2 type display | 1 | PLC | 0:None |
| 32 | Option-3 Type | option slot 3 type display | 2 | Profi | 0:None |
| | | | 3 | Ext. I/O | |
| | | | 4 | Encoder | |
| 40 | Parameter Init | parameter initialization | 0 | No | - |
| | | | 1 | All Grp | |
| | | | 2 | DRV Grp | |
| | | | 3 | BAS Grp | |
| | | | 4 | ADV Grp | |
| | | | 5 | CON Grp | |
| | | | 6 | IN Grp | |
| | | | 7 | OUT Grp | |
| | | | 8 | COM Grp | |
| | | | 9 | APP Grp | |
| | | | 10 | AUT Grp | |
| | | | 11 | APO Grp | |
| | | | 12 | PRT Grp | |
| | | | 13 | M2 Grp | |
| 41 | Changed Para | changed parameter display | 0 | View All | 0:View All |
| | | | 1 | View Changed | |

| | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------|--|----------------|----------------|-----------|------|
| 42 | Multi Key Sel | multi-function key item | 0 | None | 0:None | 8-45 |
| | | | 1 | JOG Key | | |
| | | | 2 | Local/Remote | | |
| | | | 3 | UserGrp SelKey | | |
| 43 | Macro Select | macro function item | 0 | None | 0:No | 8-47 |
| | | | 1 | Draw App | | |
| | | | 2 | Traverse | | |
| 44 | Erase All Trip | deletion of failure history | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-48 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 45 | UserGrp AllDel | deletion user registration code | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-45 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 46 | Parameter Read | parameter reading | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-43 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 47 | Parameter Write | parameter writing | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-43 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 48 | Parameter Save | communication parameter saving | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-43 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 50 | View Lock Set | parameter mode hiding | 0~9999 | | Un-locked | 8-44 |
| 51 | View Lock Pw | parameter mode hiding password | 0~9999 | | Password | 8-44 |
| 52 | Key Lock Set | parameter editing lock | 0~9999 | | Un-locked | 8-44 |
| 53 | Key Lock Pw | parameter editing lock | 0~9999 | | Password | 8-44 |
| 60 | Add Title Del | Keypad title version up | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-48 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 61 | Easy Start On | Easy parameter setting | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-47 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 62 | WHCount Reset | consumed power amount initialization | 0 | No | 0:No | 8-48 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 70 | On-time | inverter movement cumulative time | mm/dd/yy hh:mm | | - | 9-14 |
| 71 | Run-time | inverter operation cumulative time | mm/dd/yy hh:mm | | - | 9-14 |
| 72 | Time Reset | inverter operation cumulative time initialization | 0 | No | 0:No | 9-14 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |
| 74 | Fan Time | cooling fan operation cumulative time | mm/dd/yy hh:mm | | - | 9-14 |
| 75 | Fan Time Rst | cooling fan operation cumulative time initialization | 0 | No | - | 9-14 |
| | | | 1 | Yes | | |

Note 35) Item 7 and 8 are not exist in Anytime Para item

Chapter 13 Table of Functions

13.1.15 User/Macro Mode – Draw operation function group→MC1

U&M → MC1

| No. | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Page | |
|-----|------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------|------|
| 00 | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 1 | - | |
| 01 | Acc Time | accelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW | 20 | 7-15 |
| | | | | Above 90kW | 60 | |
| 02 | Dec Time | decelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW | 30 | 7-15 |
| | | | | Above 90kW | 90 | |
| 03 | Cmd Source | operating command method | 0~5 | 1:Fx/Rx-1 | 7-11 | |
| 04 | Freq Ref Src | frequency setting method | 0~9 | 2:V1 | 7-1 | |
| 05 | Control Mode | control mode | 0~5 | 0:V/F | 7-20 | |
| 06 | Aux Ref Src | auxiliary command setting method | 0~4 | 2:I1 | 8-1 | |
| 07 | Aux Calc Type | auxiliary command movement selection | 0~7 | 0 | 8-1 | |
| 08 | Aux Ref Gain | auxiliary command gain | -200~200[%] | 100.0 | 8-1 | |
| 09 | V1 Polarity | V1 input polar selection | 0~1 | 0:Unipolar | 7-2 | |
| 10 | V1 Filter | V1 input filter time constant | 0~10000[msec] | 10 | 7-2 | |
| 11 | V1 Volt x1 | V1 input minimum voltage | 0~10[V] | 0.00 | 7-2 | |
| 12 | V1 Perc y1 | output% at V1 minimum voltage | 0~100[%] | 0.00 | 7-2 | |
| 13 | V1 Volt x2 | V1 input maximum voltage | 0~10[V] | 10.00 | 7-2 | |
| 14 | V1 Perc y2 | Output % at V1 maximum voltage | 0~100[%] | 100.00 | 7-2 | |
| 15 | V1 –Volt x1' | V1 –input minimum voltage | -10~0[V] | 0.00 | 7-2 | |
| 16 | V1 –Perc y1' | output% at V1 –minimum voltage | -100~0[%] | 0.00 | 7-2 | |
| 17 | V1 –Volt x2' | V1 –input maximum voltage | -10~0[V] | -10.00 | 7-2 | |
| 18 | V1 –Perc y2' | output% at V1 –maximum voltage | -100~0[%] | -100.00 | 7-2 | |
| 19 | V1 Inverting | rotation direction change | 0~1 | 0:No | 7-2 | |
| 20 | I1 Monitor[mA] | I1 input amount display | 0~20[mA] | 0.00 | 7-5 | |
| 21 | I1 Polarity | I1 polarity display | 0~1 | 0 | 7-5 | |
| 22 | I1 Filter | I1 input filter time constant | 0~10000[msec] | 10 | 7-5 | |
| 23 | I1 Curr x1 | I1 input minimum current | 0~20[mA] | 4.00 | 7-5 | |
| 24 | I1 Perc y1 | Output% at I1 minimum current | 0~100[%] | 0.00 | 7-5 | |
| 25 | I1 Curr x2 | I1 input maximum current | 4~20[mA] | 20.00 | 7-5 | |
| 26 | I1 Perc y2 | output% at I1 maximum current | 0~100[%] | 100.00 | 7-5 | |
| 27 | I1 Curr x1' | I1 – Input minimal current | -20~0[mA] | 0.00 | 7-5 | |
| 28 | I1 Perc y1' | Output %at I1 - minimal current | -100~0[%] | 0.00 | 7-5 | |
| 29 | I1 Curr x2' | I1 - Input maximum current | -20~0[mA] | -20.00 | 7-5 | |
| 30 | I1 Perc y2' | Output% at I1 maximum current | -100~0[%] | -100.00 | 7-5 | |
| 31 | I1 Inverting | rotation direction change | 0~1 | 0:No | 7-5 | |
| 32 | P1 Define | P1 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 0:FX | 7-11 | |
| 33 | P2 Define | P2 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 1:RX | 7-11 | |
| 34 | P3 Define | P3 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 5:BX | 10-13 | |

13.1.16 User/Macro mode – Traverse operation function group (→MC2)

Traverse operation function Group (U&M → MC2)

| No | Function Display | Name | Setting Range | Initial Value | Page | |
|----|------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|------|
| 00 | Jump Code | jump code | 0~99 | 1 | - | |
| 01 | Acc Time | accelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW | 20 | 8-51 |
| | | | | Above 90kW | 60 | |
| 02 | Dec Time | decelerating time | 0~600[sec] | Below 75kW | 30 | 8-51 |
| | | | | Above 90kW | 90 | |
| 03 | Cmd Source | operating command method | 0~5 | 1:Fx/Rx-1 | 8-51 | |
| 04 | Freq Ref Src | frequency setting method | 0~9 | 0:Keypad-1 | 8-51 | |
| 05 | Control Mode | control mode | 0~5 | 0:V/F | 8-51 | |
| 06 | App Mode | applied function selection | 0~4 | 1:Traverse | 8-51 | |
| 07 | Trv Apmlit % | traverse operating range | 0~20[%] | 0.0 | 8-51 | |
| 08 | Trv Scramb % | traverse scramble magnitude | 0~50[%] | 0.0 | 8-51 | |
| 09 | Trv Acc Time | traverse accelerating time | 0.1~600[sec] | 2.0 | 8-51 | |
| 10 | Trv Dec Time | traverse decelerating time | 0.1~600[sec] | 2.0 | 8-51 | |
| 11 | Trv Offset Hi | traverse offset upper limit | 0~20[%] | 0.0 | 8-51 | |
| 12 | Trv Offset lo | traverse offset lower limit | 0~20[%] | 0.0 | 8-51 | |
| 13 | P1 Define | P1 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 0:FX | 8-51 | |
| 14 | P2 Define | P2 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 1:RX | 8-51 | |
| 15 | P3 Define | P3 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 5:BX | 8-51 | |
| 16 | P4 Define | P4 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 27:Trv | 8-51 | |
| 17 | P5 Define | P5 terminal function setting | 0~48 | 28:Trv | 8-51 | |

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We, the undersigned,

Representative: **LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.**
Address: **LS Tower, Hogue-dong, Dongan-gu,
Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do 1026-6,
Korea**

Manufacturer: **LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.**
Address: **181, Samsung-ri, Mokchon-Eup,
Chonan, Chungnam, 330-845,
Korea**

Certify and declare under our sole responsibility that the following apparatus:

Type of Equipment: **Inverter (Power Conversion Equipment)**

Model Name: **STARVERT-iS7 series**

Trade Mark: **LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.**

conforms with the essential requirements of the directives:

2006/95/EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonisation of the laws of Member States relating to Electrical Equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits

2004/108/EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility

based on the following specifications applied:

**EN 61800-3:2004
EN 50178:1997**

and therefore complies with the essential requirements and provisions of the 2006/95/CE and 2004/108/CE Directives.

Place: **Chonan, Chungnam,
Korea**

 06/02/2009

(Signature /Date)

Mr. Dok Ko Yong Chul/Factory Manager
(Full name / Position)

TECHNICAL STANDARDS APPLIED

The standards applied in order to comply with the essential requirements of the Directives 2006/95/CE "Electrical material intended to be used with certain limits of voltage" and 2004/108/CE "Electromagnetic Compatibility" are the following ones:

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| • EN 50178 (1997) | “Electronic equipment for use in power installations”. |
| • EN 61800-3 (2004) | “Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Part 3: EMC product standard including specific methods” |
| • EN 55011/A2 (2003) | “Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment. Radio disturbances characteristics. Limits and methods of measurement” |
| • EN61000-4-2/A2 (2001) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 2: Electrostatic discharge immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-3/A2 (2004) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 3: Radiated, radiofrequency, electromagnetic field immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-4/A2 (2002) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 4: Electrical fast transients / burst immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-5/A1 (2001) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 5: Surge immunity test. |
| • EN61000-4-6/A1 (2001) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 6: Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields. |
| • CEI/TR 61000-2-1 (1990) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 2: Environment. Environment description for low-frequency conducted disturbances and signalling in public low voltages supply systems” |
| • EN 61000-2-2 (2003) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 2: Environment. Compatibility level for low-frequency conducted disturbances and signalling in public low voltages supply systems” |
| • EN 61000-2-4 (1997) | “Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 2: Environment. Compatibility level in industrial plants for low-frequency conducted disturbances” |
| • EN60146-1-1/A1 (1998) | “Semiconductor convertors. General requirements and line commutated convertors. Part 1-1: Specifications of basic requirements” |

RFI FILTERS

THE LS RANGE OF POWER LINE FILTERS **FF (Footprint) - FE (Standard)** SERIES, HAVE BEEN SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED WITH HIGH FREQUENCY **LG INVERTERS**. THE USE OF LS FILTERS, WITH THE INSTALLATION ADVICE OVERLEAF HELP TO ENSURE TROUBLE FREE USE ALONG SIDE SENSITIVE DEVICES AND COMPLIANCE TO CONDUCTED EMISSION AND IMMUNITY STANDARDS TO EN 50081.

CAUTION

IN CASE OF A LEAKAGE CURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES IS USED ON POWER SUPPLY, IT MAY BE FAULT AT POWER-ON OR OFF.
IN AVOID THIS CASE, THE SENSE CURRENT OF PROTECTIVE DEVICE SHOULD BE LARGER THAN VALUE OF LAKAGE CURRENT AT WORST CASE IN THE BELOW TABLE.

RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

To conform to the **EMC** directive, it is necessary that these instructions be followed as closely as possible. Follow the usual safety procedures when working with electrical equipment. All electrical connections to the filter, inverter and motor must be made by a qualified electrical technician.

- 1-) Check the filter rating label to ensure that the current, voltage rating and part number are correct.
- 2-) For best results the filter should be fitted as closely as possible to the incoming mains supply of the wiring enclosure, usually directly after the enclosures circuit breaker or supply switch.
- 3-) The back panel of the wiring cabinet of board should be prepared for the mounting dimensions of the filter. Care should be taken to remove any paint etc... from the mounting holes and face area of the panel to ensure the best possible earthing of the filter.
- 4-) Mount the filter securely.
- 5-) Connect the mains supply to the filter terminals marked **LINE**, connect any earth cables to the earth stud provided. Connect the filter terminals marked **LOAD** to the mains input of the inverter using short lengths of appropriate gauge cable.
- 6-) Connect the motor and fit the ferrite core (output chokes) as close to the inverter as possible. Armoured or screened cable should be used with the 3 phase conductors only threaded twice through the center of the ferrite core. The earth conductor should be securely earthed at both inverter and motor ends. The screen should be connected to the enclosure body via and earthed cable gland.
- 7-) Connect any control cables as instructed in the inverter instructions manual.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ALL LEAD LENGHTS ARE KEPT AS SHORT AS POSSIBLE AND THAT INCOMING MAINS AND OUTGOING MOTOR CABLES ARE KEPT WELL SEPARATED.

FE SERIES (Standard)



| iS7 series / Standard Filters | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------|---------------------|-------|-------|-----------------|-------|---------|-------|------|---------------|
| INVERTER | POWER | CODE | CURRENT | VOLTAGE | LEAKAGE CURRENT | | DIMENSIONS L W H | | | MOUNTING Y X | | WEIGHT | MOUNT | FIG. | OUTPUT CHOKES |
| THREE PHASE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NOM. MAX. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV0300iS7-4 | 30kW | FE-T100-2 | 100A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 420 | 200 | 130 | 408 | x 166 | 13.8 Kg | --- | A | FS-3 |
| SV0370iS7-4 | 37kW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV0450iS7-4 | 45kW | FEP-T150 | 150A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 332 | x 170 | x 120 | 115 | x 155 | 8 Kg | --- | B | FS-3 |
| SV0550iS7-4 | 55kW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV0750iS7-4 | 75kW | FEP-T180 | 180A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 332 | x 170 | x 120 | 115 | x 155 | 8.4 Kg | --- | B | FS-3 |
| SV0900iS7-4 | 90kW | FEP-T250 | 250A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 392 | x 190 | x 116 | 240 | x 165 | 9.1 Kg | --- | B | FS-4 |
| SV1100iS7-4 | 110kW | FEP-T400 | 400A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 392 | x 260 | x 116 | 240 | x 235 | 10.3 Kg | --- | B | FS-4 |
| SV1320iS7-4 | 132kW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SV1600iS7-4 | 160kW | FEP-T600 | 600A | 480VAC | 1.3mA | 150mA | 392 | x 260 | x 116 | 240 | x 235 | 11 Kg | --- | B | FS-4 |

SV0300~1600 iS7-4 EN 55011 CLASS A GROUP 2 IEC/EN 61800-3 C3

FE SERIES (Standard)

FIG.A



FIG.B



Vector Motor Control Ibérica S.L.
 C/ Mar del Carib, 10
 Pol. Ind. La Torre del Rector
 08130 Santa Perpètua de Mogoda
 (BARCELONA) ESPAÑA
 Tel. (+34) 935 748 206
 Fax (+34) 935 748 248
 info@vmc.es
 www.vmc.es



FS SERIES (output chokes)

| CODE | D | W | H | X | ∅ |
|------|----|-----|-----|----------|---|
| FS-3 | 48 | 150 | 110 | 125 x 30 | 5 |
| FS-4 | 58 | 200 | 170 | 180 x 45 | 5 |

Warranty

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Maker | LS Industrial Systems Co., Ltd. | | Installation (Start-up) Date | |
| Model No. | SV-iS7 | | Warranty Period | |
| Customer Information | Name | | | |
| | Address | | | |
| | Tel. | | | |
| Sales Office (Distributor) | Name | | | |
| | Address | | | |
| | Tel. | | | |

Warranty period is 12 months after installation or 18 months after manufactured when the installation date is unidentified. However, the guarantee term may vary on the sales term.

IN-WARRANTY service information

If the defective part has been identified under normal and proper use within the guarantee term, contact your local authorized LS distributor or LS Service center.

OUT-OF WARRANTY service information

The guarantee will not apply in the following cases, even if the guarantee term has not expired.

- ▶ Damage was caused by misuse, negligence or accident.
- ▶ Damage was caused by abnormal voltage and peripheral devices' malfunction (failure).
- ▶ Damage was caused by an earthquake, fire, flooding, lightning, or other natural calamities.
- ▶ When LS nameplate is not attached.
- ▶ When the warranty period has expired.

Revision History

| No | Date | Edition | Changes |
|----|---------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 2007.11 | First Edition | - |
| 2 | 2009.02 | 2nd Edition | IP54 contents added |
| 3 | 2010.05 | 3rd Edition | 200V contents added |
| 4 | 2010.11 | 4th Edition | Exterior and Dimension updated |
| 5 | 2010.12 | 5th Edition | EMI / RFI POWER LINE FILTERS changed |