## Ordering information

Example: 55 series plug-in relay, $4 \mathrm{CO}, 12 \mathrm{~V}$ DC coil, lockable test button and mechanical indicator.


| Type | Coil version | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | AC - DC | $0-5$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | AC | $\mathbf{0 - 5}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $2-3-\mathbf{4 - 5}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | AC | $0-5$ | 0 | 54 | $/$ |
|  | DC | $\mathbf{0 - 5}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $2-\mathbf{4 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | DC | $0-5$ | 0 | $74-94$ | $/$ |
| 55.33 | AC - DC | $\mathbf{0 - 5}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
|  | AC | $0-5$ | 0 | $1-3-5$ | 0 |
|  | DC | $0-5$ | 0 | $1-6-7-8-9$ | 0 |
|  | AC - DC | $\mathbf{0 - 5}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}-1$ |

$8^{*}=$ LED + diode (DC, polarity positive to pin A1/13)
$9^{*}=$ Lockable test button + LED + diode (DC, polarity positive to pin A1/13)
94* $=$ Lockable test button + LED + diode (DC, polarity positive to pin A1/13) + mechanical indicator

* Options not available for 220 V DC versions.

Descriptions: options and special versions


C: Option 3, 5, 54
LED (AC)

C: Option 6, 7, 74
Double LED
(DC non-polarized)

C: Option 8, 9, 94
LED + diode (DC, polarity
positive to pin A1/13)


Lockable test button and mechanical flag indicator (0010, 0040, 0050, 0054, 0070, 0074, 0090, 0094)

The dual-purpose Finder test button can be used in two ways:
Case 1) The plastic pip (located directly above the test button) remains intact. In this case, when the test button is pushed, the contacts operate. When the test button is released the contacts return to their former state.
Case 2) The plastic pip is broken-off (using an appropriate cutting tool). In this case, (in addition to the above function), when the test button is pushed and rotated, the contacts are latched in the operating state, and remain so until the test button is rotated back to its former position. In both cases ensure that the test button actuation is swift and decisive.

## Technical data



## Contact specification

F 55 - Electrical life (AC) v contact current
2 and 3 pole relays


H 55 - Maximum DC1 breaking capacity


F 55 - Electrical life (AC) v contact current
4 pole relays


- When switching a resistive load (DC1) having voltage and current values under the curve, an electrical life of $\geq 100 \cdot 10^{3}$ can be expected.
- In the case of DC13 loads, the connection of a diode in parallel with the load will permit a similar electrical life as for a DC1 load.
Note: the release time of the load will be increased.

