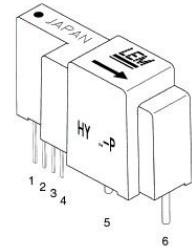


Current Transducers HY 5..25-P

For the electronic measurement of currents : DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

$$I_{PN} = 5 \dots 25 \text{ A}$$



Electrical data

Primary nominal current rms I_{PN} (A)	Primary current, measuring range I_{PM} (A)	Primary conductor (mm)	Type	RoHS since date code
5	± 15	Ø 0.7	HY 5-P	45260
10	± 30	Ø 1.1	HY 10-P	45286
12.5	± 37.5	Ø 1.4	HY 12-P	45264
15	± 45	Ø 1.4	HY 15-P	45276
20	± 60	2 x Ø 1.2 ¹⁾	HY 20-P	46097
25	± 75	2 x Ø 1.4 ¹⁾	HY 25-P	45269

V_C	Supply voltage (± 5 %) ⁶⁾	± 12 .. 15	V
I_C	Current consumption	± 10	mA
\hat{I}_P	Overload capability (1 ms)	50 x I_{PN}	
V_d	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	2.5	kV
V_b	Rated isolation voltage rms	500 ²⁾	V
R_{IS}	Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC	> 1000	MΩ
V_{OUT}	Output voltage (Analog) @ + I_{PN} , $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	± 4	V
R_{OUT}	Output internal resistance	100	Ω
R_L	Load resistance	> 1	kΩ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (excluding offset)	< ± 1	%
e_L	Linearity error ³⁾ (0 .. ± I_{PN})	< ± 1	% of I_{PN}
V_{OE}	Electrical offset voltage @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	< ± 40	mV
V_{OH}	Hysteresis offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$; after an excursion of 1 x I_{PN}	< ± 15	mV
TCV_{OE}	Temperature coefficient of V_{OE}	typ. ± 1.5 max. ± 3	mV/K mV/K
TCV_{OUT}	Temperature coefficient of V_{OUT} (% of reading)	< ± 0.1	%/K
t_r	Response time to 90% of I_{PN} step	< 3	μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 50	A/μs
BW	Frequency bandwidth ⁴⁾ (- 3 dB)	DC .. 50	kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	- 10 .. + 80	°C
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 .. + 85	°C
m	Mass	< 14	g
	Standards ⁵⁾	EN 50178: 1997	

- Notes :**
- Conductor terminals are soldered together.
 - Pollution class 2, overvoltage category III.
 - Linearity data exclude the electrical offset.
 - Please refer to derating curves in the technical file to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency.
 - Please consult characterisation report for more technical details and application advice.
 - Operating at $\pm 12\text{V} \leq V_C < \pm 15\text{V}$ will reduce measuring range.

Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit
- Isolation voltage 2500 V~
- Compact design for PCB mounting
- Low power consumption
- Extended measuring range (3 x I_{PN})
- Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

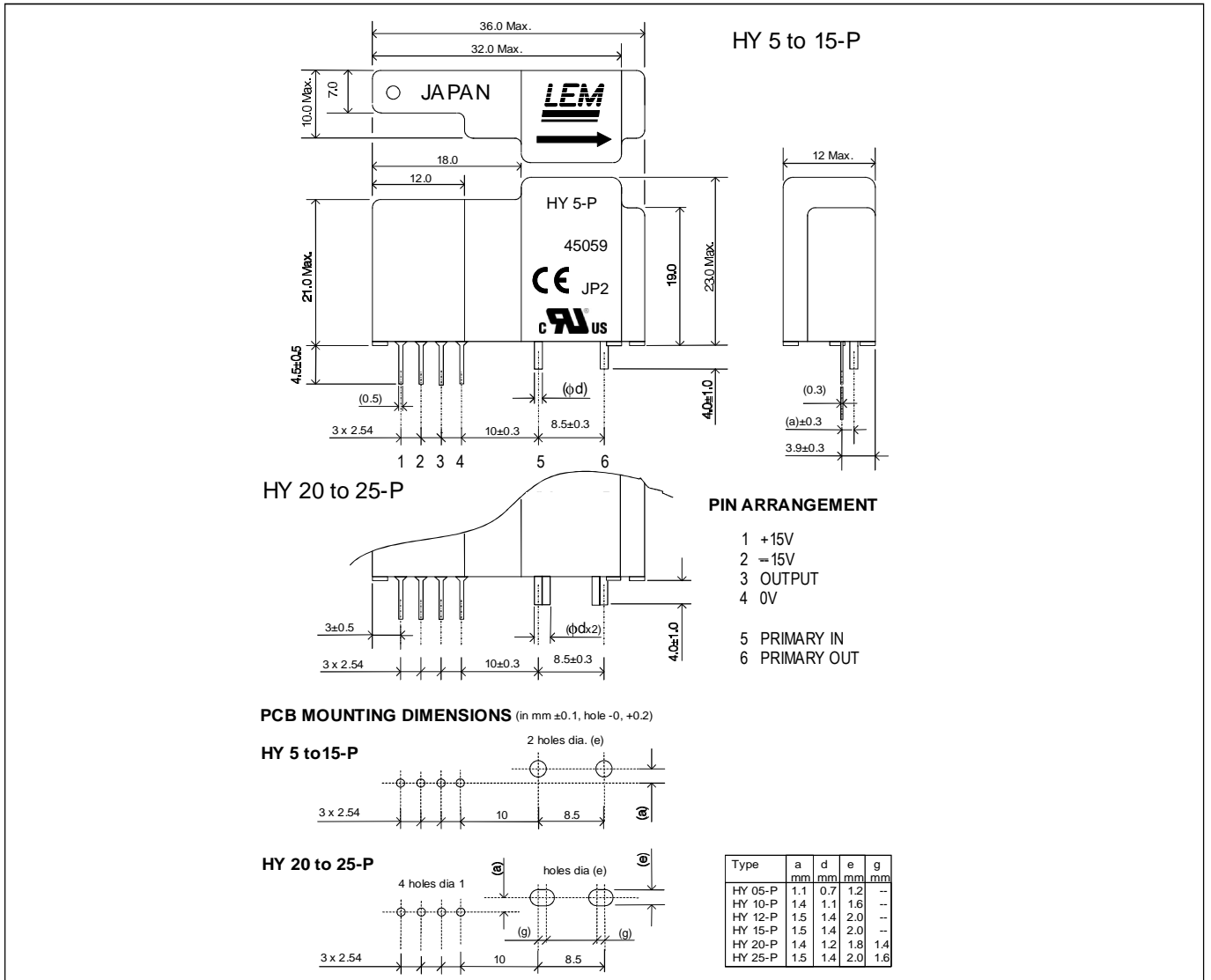
- Easy mounting
- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS).
- AC variable speed drives
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Battery supplied applications
- General purpose inverters

Application domain

- Industrial

Dimensions HY 5..25-P (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)

Safety


This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the following manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.