

F-Series

Brushless Servo Motor Manual

Rockwell Automation

Bringing Together Leading Brands in Industrial Automation

Use of Motors

Servo motors are intended to drive machinery. As such, they must be part of a controlled system that includes a transistorized electronic amplifier. They are not intended for direct connection to the power supply or for use with thyristor drives. Instructions in the amplifier and control system manuals must be observed; this document does not replace those instructions.

Unless specified otherwise, servo motors are intended for use in a normal industrial environment without exposure to excessive or corrosive moisture or abnormal ambient temperatures. The exact operating conditions may be established by referring to the data for the motor. The mating of motors to machinery is a skilled operation; disassembly or repair must not be attempted. In the event that a motor fails to operate correctly, contact the place of purchase for return instructions.

Safety Notes

There are some possible hazards associated with the use of motors. The following precautions should be observed. Specific Warnings and Cautions are listed inside the back cover.

Installation and Maintenance: Installation and maintenance or replacement must be carried out by suitably qualified service personnel, paying particular attention to possible electrical and mechanical hazards.

Weight: Large motors are generally heavy, and the center of gravity may be offset. When handling, take appropriate precautions and use suitable lifting equipment. Beware of sharp edges; use protective gloves when handling such assemblies.

Flying leads: Ensure that flying or loose leads are suitably restrained, to prevent snagging or entanglement, before carrying motors with such leads.

Generation: If the motor is driven mechanically, it may generate hazardous voltages at its power input terminals. The power connector must be suitably guarded to prevent a possible shock hazard.

Loose motors: When running an unmounted motor, ensure that the rotating shaft is adequately guarded and the motor is physically restrained to prevent it from moving. Remove the key which otherwise could fly out when the motor is running.

Damaged cables: Damage to cables or connectors may cause an electrical hazard. Ensure there is no damage before energizing the system.

Supply: Servo motors must not be directly connected to a power supply; they require an electronic drive system. Consult the instructions for the drive system before energizing or using the motor.

Brakes: The brakes that are included on motors are holding brakes only and are not to be used as a mechanical restraining device for safety purposes.

Safety requirements: The safe incorporation of this product into a machine system is the responsibility of the machine designer, who should comply with the local safety requirements at the place where the machine is to be used. In Europe this is likely to be the Machinery Directive.

Mechanical connection: Motors must be connected to the machine with a torsionally rigid coupler or a reinforced timing belt. Couplers which are not rigid will cause difficulty in achieving an acceptable response from the control system. Couplings and pulleys must be tight as the high dynamic performance of a servo motor can easily cause couplings to slip, and thereby damage the shaft and cause instability. Care must be taken in aligning couplings and tightening belts so that the motor is not subjected to significant bearing loads, or premature bearing wear will occur. Once connected to a load, tuning will be affected. A system tuned without a load will probably require retuning once a load is applied.

Connectors: Motor power connectors are for assembly purposes only. They should not be connected or disconnected while power is applied.

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Motor Data

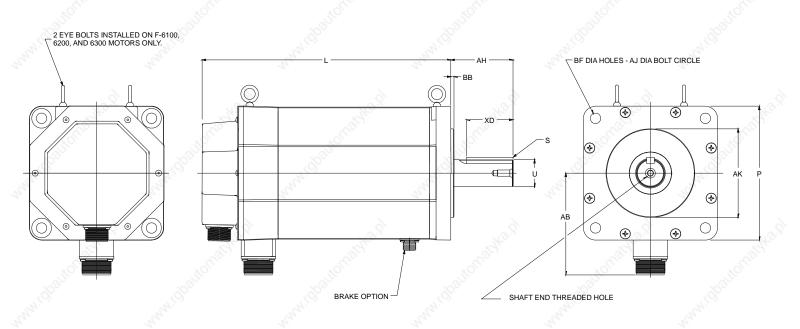
		E 1000	E 1050	E 4075	E 0400	F 0000	F 0000
MOTOR MODEL		F-4030	F-4050	F-4075	F-6100	F-6200	F-6300
Rotor Moment of Inertia		.0010	.0021	ANICAL DAT	IA (1) .0064	.0107	.0162
Rotor Moment of menta	kg-m ²			100-			
	lb-in-s ²	.009	.019	.029	.057	.095	.144
Rotor Moment of Inertia	kg-m ²	.0011	.0022	.0033	.007	.011	.017
Brake Motors	lb-in-s ²	.010	.020	.030	.061	.098	.147
Motor Shipping Weight	kg	10.4	15.8	21.4	25.1	27.5	45.8
	lb	23	34.8	47.2	55.4	73.8	101
Motor Shipping Weight	kg	12.5	17.8	23.9	29.9	38.3	51.3
Brake Motors	lb	27.6	39.2	52.6	66	84.4	113
Damping	Nm/krpm	.06	.10	.15	.16	.24	.37
12	lb-in/krpm	.5	.94	1.3	5 1.4	2.1	3.3
Friction Torque	Nm	.063	.11	.17 🔍	.17	.24	.46
×0`	lb-in	.56	.94	1.5	1.5	2.1	4.1
Max. Operating Speed	rpm	4000	4000	3000	3000	3000	3000
1.20°			WINI	DING DATA	. (1)	1	Q.
Poles	- SE	8	8	8	8	8	8
Sine Wave K _T	Nm/A	.54	.54	.73	.71	.70	.73
Torque Constant (2)	Ib-in/A	4.8	4.8	6.5	6.3	6.2	6.5
Square Wave K _T	Nm/A	.60	.60	.80	.78	.80	.81
Torque Constant (3)	lb-in/A	5.3	5.3	7.1	6.9	6.8	7.1
KE Voltage Constant (4)	V/krpm	66	66	89	86	85	89
Winding Resistance	Ohms	2.24	.89	.98	.51	.26	.16
Phase to Phase at 25±5°C	±15%	20			20		-5
Winding Inductance Phase to Phase	mH	6.8	3.3	3.4	3.3	1.7	1.1
Thermal Resistance	°C/Watt	.63	.48	.40	.45	.37	.30
Dielectric Rating	30.	Power	Leads (R, S, T) to	o Ground: 150	00 VACrms 50	/60 Hz for 1 r	ninute.

Ambient Temperature	STORAGE AND OPERAT Operating: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F) Storage: -30 to 70°C (-25 to 158°F)			, S
Relative Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing	and the	Š	3
- 80°	Specifications			

Thermostat Specifications

Rated Voltage	0 - 250 Volts DC or 50/60 Hz AC*	
Rated Current	2.5 Amps @ Power Factor of 1.0	
	1.6 Amps @ Power Factor of 0.6	
Maximum Switching Current	5 Amps	
Contact Resistance	<0.10 Ohms maximum	S.
Contacts	Normally closed	- S
Insulation Dielectric	Mylar Nomex capable of withstanding 1500 VAC RMS 50/60 Hz for 1 minute	10315
Opening Temperature (±5°C)	140°C	3
* The thermostat is normally used as a switch for	or a 15VDC logic signal.	

Dimensional Data



SHAFT END PLAY UNDER LOAD						
Maximum End	Play (All Motors)	Load Applied	to Shaft			
Direction	mm/in	Motor Series	Kg/Lb			
\rightarrow A	0.025/0.001	F-4000	9.07/20.0			
←в	0.254/0.010	F-6000	22.68/50.0			
NOTE: End play and mate convers	load are measured in inc ions from inches and pou	hes and pounds. Metric meas nds.	urements are approxi-			

	- A		
Motor Series	Thread	Thread/Depth	
F-4000	M6 x 1.0mm	15mm/.59in	
F-6000	M8 x 1.25mm	20mm//.79	

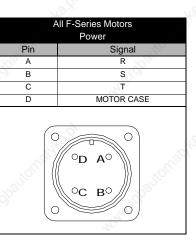
Motor Dimensions

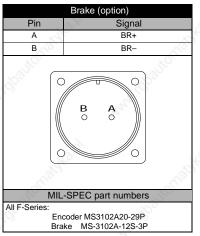
							MOTOR DIME	ENSIONS								
Motor	AB	AH	AJ	AK	BB	BF	EP	L	L with Brake	Р	S	S U	XD	То	erances	
Model	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in		m incl	hes
F-4030	102/4.02	50/1.97 (1)	145/5.71	110/4.33 (2)	3/.12 (3)	10/.39 (4)	22.2/.875 (6)	194/7.64	257/10.12	127/5.00	6x6/.24x.24	19/.75 (8)	38/1.49			0196
F-4050		-1						272/10.71	335/13.19		24					0013
F-4075								350/13.78	413/16.26					4 -0	.016 -0.0	0006
F-6100	131/5.16	80/3.15 (1)	200/7.87	114.3/4.50 (2)	4/.16 (3)	13.5/53 (5)	36.5/1.438 (7)	255/10.04	326/12.83	173/6.81	10x8/.39x.32	35/1.38 (9)	60/2.36			0013
F-6200) · · ·		No.			NO	320/12.60	390/15.35			X	2.1	7 -0	.050 -0.0	0019
F-6300				20			3	420/16.53	490/19.29			20				0005

CONNECTOR	F-4030	BRAKE	F-4050	BRAKE	F-4075	BRAKE	F-6100	BRAKE	F-6200	BRAKE	F-6300	BRAKE
BRAKE (mm/in)	\$	56/22.0	- 8	56/22.0	_	56/22.0	_	59/23.2	_	59/23.2	_	59/23.2
ENCODER (mm/in)	126/49.6	189/74.4	204/80.3	267/105.1	282/111.0	345/135.8	183/72.0	254100.0	248/97.6	318/125.2	348/137.0	418/164.0
POWER (mm/in)	172/67.7	235/92.5	250/98.4	313/123.2	228/89.8	301/118.5	233/91.7	304/119.7	298/117.3	368/144.9	398/156.7	468/184.:
(mm/in)	172/07.7	233/92.3	230/98.4	313/123.2	220/09.0	301/116.5	233/91.7	304/119.7	290/117.3	306/144.9	390/130.7	400/10

Connector Data

	All F-Series Motors Encoder
Pin	Signal
A	A+
💛 в	A-
С	B+
D	И В-
E	l+
F	×
G	ENCODER CASE
н	ABS
1 K.	+5VDC
К	+5VDC
NOL -	COM
о́м	COM
Ν	HALL B
Р	HALL C
R	TS+
S	TS-
Т	HALL A
automaty	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O





Options: Connectors and Shaft Seals

MIL-SPEC part numbers

Power MS3102A-20-4P

Power MS3102A-24-22P

F-4000

F-6000

Туре	MS Part Number	lb-in	Nm	
Brake	MS3102A-12S-3P	34 - 40	3.8 - 4.5	
Power	MS3102A-18-4P	70 - 75	7.9 - 8.5	
21 ¹¹	MS3102A-20-4P	80 - 85	9.0 - 9.6	
Encoder	MS3102A-20-29	100 - 110	11.3 - 12.4	
dr.	MS3102A-24-22P	and in	and it	
	MS3102A-32-17P	150 - 160	16.9 - 18.1	

The F-Series motor has an IP65 rating, when coupled with environmentally sealed Military Specification (MS) cable assemblies and when an optional shaft seal is installed. Equipment rated as IP65 provides protection against the ingress of dust and water projected by a nozzle (jet) from any direction. An IP65 rating is roughly equivalent to a NEMA 12 enclosure type rating. The IP65 rating applies for any orientation of motor mounting, but it is recommended to mount the motor so the connectors project down. If cable assemblies are used that are not environmentally sealed, the motor is rated IP40, with or without the optional shaft seal. With environmentally sealed cable assemblies and no optional shaft seal the motor rating is as follows: Motor mounted horizontally; IP51. Motor mounted shaft up; IP50. Motor mounted shaft down; IP53.

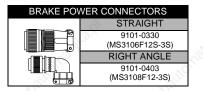
Shaft Seal Kits

Shaft seals protect the motor and its bearings against dust or water entering through the shaft opening.

MOTOR SEAL KITS					
MOTOR SERIES	PART NUMBER	SIZE (O Dia x I Dia x Width)			
F-4000	0041-5060	1.437" x 0.875" x 0.25" (36mm x 22mm x 6mm)			
F-6000	0041-5061	2.125" x 1.438" x 0.31" (54mm x 37mm x 8mm)			
NOTE: Shaft seals are manufa lubricant to reduce we		eter dimensions are conversions from inches. Shaft seals require a			

MS Connector Kits

MS Conne	ector Kits			
	MOT	FOR POWER CONNECTO	ORS	
	STRAIGHT	MOTOR SERIES	RIGHT ANGLE	
	9101-0326 (MS3106F20-4S)	F-4000	9101-0399 (MS3108F20-4S)	
	9101-0327 (MS3106F24-22S)	F-6000	9101-0400 (MS3108F24-22S)	



ENCODER FEEDBACK	CONNECTORS
STRAIGHT	
9101-0329 (MS3106F20-29S)	
RIGHT ANGLE	
9101-0402 (MS3108F20-29S)	

Wire and Contact Sizing Recommendations

The following connector contact sizes and minimum wiring gages are recommended for cabling to a motor.

	POWER CONNECTOR	2	ENCO	DER CONNECTOR
MOTOR	CONTACT AWG(mm ²)	WIRE AWG(mm ²)	CONTACT AWG(mm ²)	WIRE AWG(mm ²)
F-4030	12 (3.0)	16 (1.5)	All F-Series	24 (0.25) with ULTRA Plus
F-4050		14 (2.5)	16 (1.5)	22 (0.34) with ULTRA 100-200 Drives
F-4075	200		Str.	14 Mar 19 Mar
F-6100	8 (8.6)	12 (4)	2	44
F-6200		8 (10)	BRA	KE CONNECTOR
F-6300	<		CONTACT	WIRE
Sizes are recommended minimum values for 4 conductors (R, S, T and GND). Wiring should be twisted. Local regulations should always be observed.		AWG(mm ²)	AWG(mm ²)	
		16 (1.5)	18 (0.75)	
be observed.		-Car	Recommended minimum mechanical size	

Factory manufactured power cables and encoder cables are available in standard cable lengths of 10, 25, 50 and 75 feet (3, 7.6, 15 and 23 meters).

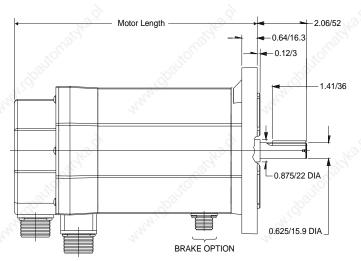
F-4000 Series NEMA 56C Motors

Without Brake	With Brake
in/mm	in/mm
7.64/194	10.12/257
10.71/272	13.19/335
13.79/350	16.26/413
	in/mm 7.64/194 10.71/272

Note:

NEMA 56C motors are manufactured to inch dimensions. Millimeter dimensions are approximate conversions from inches.

SUPPLEMENTAL MOTOR DIMENSIONS Length, from motor faceplate to center of connectors						
Motors	(in/mm)	(in/mm)	(in/mm)			
F-4030	÷	4.97/12.6	6.77/17.2			
F-4030 BRAKE	2.21/5.6	7.45/18.9	9.25/23.5			
F-4050	0 -	8.04/20.4	9.84/25.0			
F-4050 BRAKE	2.21/5.6	10.52/26.7	12.32/31.3			
F-4075	- 42	11.12/28.2	12.92/32.8			
F-4075 BRAKE	2.21/5.6	13.59/34.5	15.39/39.1			



MOTOR WILL ACCEPT 1.437 INCH X 0.875 INCH 0.25 INCH SHAFT SEAL (OPTIONAL, NOT INCLUDED, RELIANCE P/N 0041-5060) _____KEY SUPPLIED

> 4.500/114.3 DIA _____ 3/8-16 THRU (4) EQ SP. 90° APART ON A 5.875/149 DIA BC

\$ B

3

6

0.1875/4.8 SQUARE X 1.375/35 LONG

&` `@

8

6.50/165 DIA

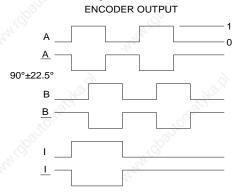
Encoder Data

Encoders are factory aligned and must not be adjusted outside the factory.

ENC	ODER SPECIFICATIONS				
2000 (1)	25	22			
5 VDC	. X				
250 mA max.	de la companya	de la companya de la comp			
26LS31	.8	and the second s			
TTL	4.	1.			
F-2000 and F-3000 Series when key faces 180°±10 away from the connectors					
F-4000, F-6000 and F-8000 Series when key faces the connectors (0 ^o ±10)					
	2000 (1) 5 VDC 250 mA max. 26LS31 TTL F-2000 and F-3000 Series when k	5 VDC 250 mA max. 26LS31 TTL F-2000 and F-3000 Series when key faces 180°±10 away from the connectors			

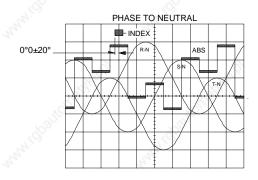
(1) Standard line count before quadrature

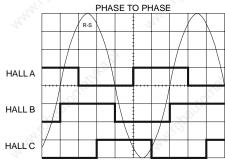
Encoder Outputs



WAVEFORMS RESULT FROM CW SHAFT ROTATION (CLOCKWISE AS VIEWED FACING THE SHAFT EXTENSION)

Encoder Phase-to-Neutral and Phase-to-Phase Waveforms





NOTE: Hall and ABS signals are in electrical degrees. For 4 pole commutation, 360° mechanical = 720° electrical. For 6 pole commutation, 360° mechanical = 1080° electrical. For 8 pole commutation, 360° mechanical = 1440° electrical

Motor Radial Load Force Ratings

Motors are capable of carrying an axial load in most applications. The following table provides guidelines for 20,000 hour bearing life with a specified radial load applied to the center of the shaft. Please consult with Rockwell Automation regarding loads, operating speeds and bearing life in your particular application to ensure the proper selection of motors.

MOTOR F-4030 F-4050 F-4075 F-6100 F-6200	500 rpm 1b (kg) 76 (34) 88 (40) 92 (42) 159 (72) 172 (78)	1000 rpm Ib (kg) 60 (27) 69 (31) 73 (33) 126 (57) 426 (57)	2000 rpm lb (kg) 47 (21) 55 (25) 58 (26) 100 (45)	3000 rpm lb (kg) 41 (19) 48 (22) 51 (23) 87 (39)	4000 rpm lb (kg) 38 (17) 44 (20) 46 (21)
F-4050 F-4075 F-6100 F-6200	88 (40) 92 (42) 159 (72) 172 (78)	69 (31) 73 (33) 126 (57)	55 (25) 58 (26)	48 (22) 51 (23)	44 (20)
-4075 -6100 -6200	92 (42) 159 (72) 172 (78)	73 (33) 126 (57)	58 (26)	51 (23)	()
F-6100 F-6200	159 (72) 172 (78)	126 (57)	()		46 (21)
-6200	172 (78)		100 (45)	87 (30)	
	()	100 (00)		07 (39)	
F-6300		136 (62)	108 (49)	94 (43)	
	183 (83)	145 (66)	115 (52)	101 (46)	
		11 ★	orce applied at c	enter of shaft ext	ension

Brake Motor Application Guidelines

The brakes offered as options on these servo motors are holding brakes. They are designed to hold the motor shaft at 0 rpm for up to the rated brake holding torque. The brakes are spring-set type, and release when voltage is applied to the brake coil.

The brakes are *not* designed for stopping rotation of the motor shaft. Servo drive inputs should be used to stop motor shaft rotation. The recommended method of stopping motor shaft rotation is to command the servo drive to decelerate the motor to 0 rpm, and engage the brake after the servo drive has decelerated the motor to 0 rpm.

If system main power fails, the brakes can withstand use as stopping brakes. However, use of the brakes as stopping brakes creates rotational mechanical backlash that is potentially damaging to the system, increases brake pad wear and reduces brake life. The brakes are *not* designed nor are they intended to be used as a safety device.

A separate power source is required to disengage the brake. This power source may be controlled by the servo motor controls, in addition to manual operator controls.

Brake Specifications

BRAKE DATA						
MOTOR	MAX. BACKLASH	HOLDING TORQUE		COIL CURRENT		
SERIES	(Brake Engaged)	(lb/in)	(Nm)	at 24 VDC	at 90 VDC	
F-4000	44 minutes	90	10.2	0.69 ADC	0.20 ADC	
F-6000	29 minutes	275	31.1	1.30 ADC	0.48 ADC	

Motor Installation

Observe the following installation guidelines and those in the Product Notice:



ATTENTION: Motors and linkages must be securely mounted for a system to be operational. Disassembled equipment should be appropriately identified (tagged-out) and access to electrical power restricted (locked-out).

Failure to observe these safety procedures could result in personal injury and damage to equipment.

- 1. Do not run motors that are not properly mounted. Attach all power and data cables after the motor is mounted.
- 2. Mount motors with connectors pointing downward and use a drip loop in the cable to keep liquids flowing away from the connectors.
- 3. Consider motor case temperature if necessary to safeguard operator and maintenance staff. Maximum case temperature is approximately 100°C (212°F) for a motor used at continuous rating in a 40°C ambient temperature.
- 4. The installer must comply with all local regulations and should use equipment and installation practices that promote electromagnetic compatibility and safety.

Preventing Electrical Noise

ElectroMagnetic Interference (EMI), commonly called "noise", may adversely impact motor performance by inducing stray signals. Effective techniques to counter EMI include filtering the AC power, shielding and separating signal carrying lines, and practicing good grounding techniques. Effective AC power filtering can be achieved through the use of isolated AC power transformers or properly installed AC line filters. Physically separate signal lines from motor cabling and power wiring; do *not* parallel signal wires with motor or power wires or route signal wires over the vent openings of servo drives. Ground all equipment using a single-point parallel ground system that employs ground bus bars or straps. If necessary, use electrical noise remediation techniques to mitigate EMI in "noisy" environments.

Knowledgable cable routing and careful cable construction improves system electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). General cable build and installation guidelines include:

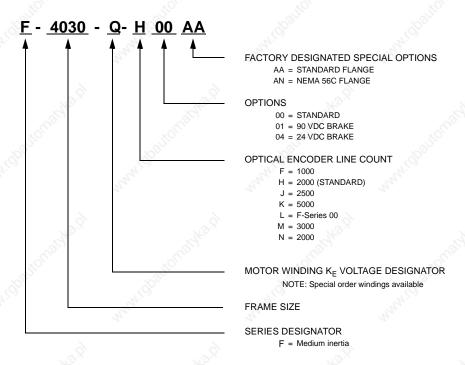
- 1. Keep wire lengths as short as physically possible.
- 2. Route signal cables (encoder, serial, analog) away from motor and power wiring.
- 3. Separate cables by 1 foot minimum for every 30 feet of parallel run.
- 4. Ground both ends of the encoder cable and twist the signal wire pairs.
- 5. Use shielded motor cables when necessary to prevent electromagnetic interference (EMI) with other equipment.

Couplings and Pulleys

Mechanical connections to the motor shaft, such as couplings and pulleys, require a rigid coupling or a reinforced timing belt. The high dynamic performance of servo motors can cause couplings, pulleys or belts to loosen or slip over time. A loose or slipping connection will cause system instability and may damage the motor shaft and keyway. All connections between the system and the servo motor shaft must be rigid to achieve acceptable response from the system. Connections should be periodically inspected to verify the rigidity.

When mounting couplings or pulleys to the motor shaft, ensure that the connections are properly aligned and that axial and radial loads are within the specifications of the motor. The section "Load Force Ratings" provides guidelines to achieve 20,000 hours of bearing life. Additional information about load force ratings, including graphical depiction of varied load ratings and bearing life, is available for any motor from the Technical Support groups listed on the back cover.

Product Information Motor Part Number Identification



Disposal or Warranty Return of Motors

Motors may contain environmentally regulated materials, such as lead solder and circuit boards. When disposing of a motor, please recycle motors per regulations at your location. You may choose to return a motor for disposal by contacting your supplier.

Please contact the source that supplied the motor for warranty, non-warranty, or disposal. work. All returned products require a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number for efficient processing and tracking.

For more information refer to our web site: www.ab.com/motion

www.rockwellautomation.com

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